

# Pressure Regulator Flow Curves

## Technical Bulletin

### Scope

Selecting a regulator for an application first requires review of its performance capabilities and their alignment with the application's requirements. The best starting point is the regulator's flow curve provided by the manufacturer, because it illustrates the regulator's range of capabilities at one glance. The curve represents the range of pressures that a regulator will maintain given certain flow rates in a system.

This technical bulletin provides an overview of how to read regulator flow curves for pressure-reducing regulators. It describes some of the complexities, including droop, seat-load drop or lockup, choked flow, hysteresis, and supply pressure effect (SPE), also known as dependency.

In addition, SPE values and flow curves for many Swagelok® series pressure-reducing regulators are provided for the full line of maximum inlet pressure ranges and flow coefficients available.

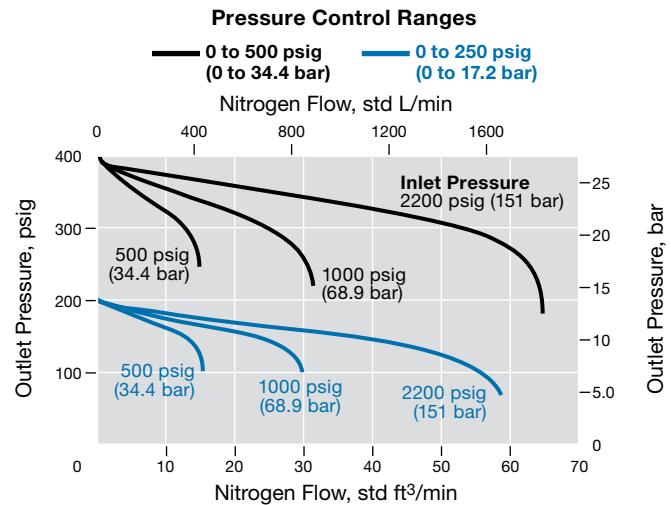
### The Basics

A regulator's main purpose is to maintain a constant pressure on one side of the regulator even though there is a different pressure or fluctuating pressure on the other side. In the case of a pressure-reducing regulator, pressure is controlled downstream of the regulator.

A flow curve illustrates a regulator's performance in terms of outlet pressure (Y axis) and flow rate (X axis). Flow is not controlled by the regulator. It is controlled downstream by a valve or flow meter. The curve shows how a regulator will respond as flow in the system changes.

Let us examine how to read a flow curve. Examine the top curve in Fig. 1. The curve starts at 400 psig (27.5 bar), but drops slightly as flow increases across most of the graph.

When reading a flow curve, identify the range of flows that are seen in the system. Then, mark them on the graph to see what the corresponding changes in outlet pressure will be. Is that range of pressures acceptable? If not, a different regulator is needed.

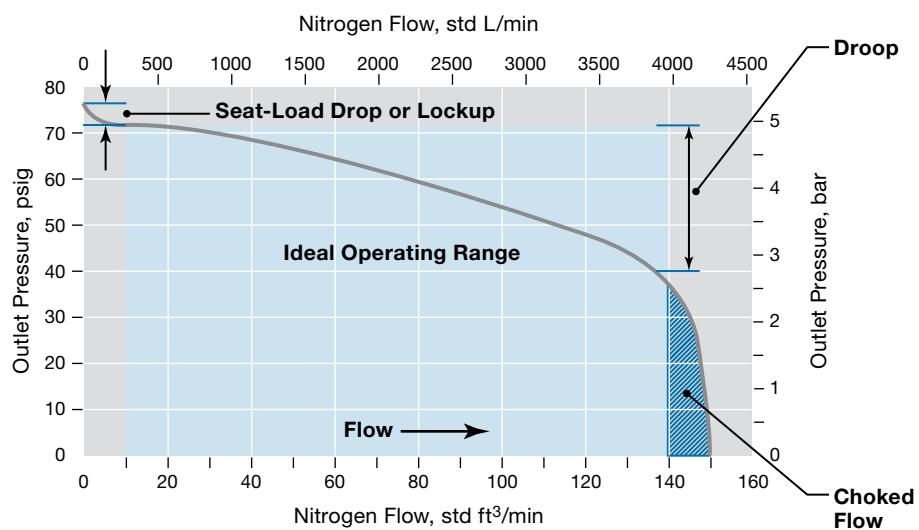


**Fig. 1.** Manufacturers often provide multiple flow curves for the same regulator at different inlet pressures to provide a range of the regulator's operating capabilities.

Ideally, a regulator operates best on the flattest part of the curve, and will maintain relatively constant pressures, even with significant changes in flow. At the extreme ends of the curve, however, there are steep drops where pressures change dramatically with even the slightest change in flow. The regulator will not operate at the highest level of efficiency at these locations.

For every set pressure, there is a different curve. In Fig. 1, there are two main sets of curves: one based on a set pressure of 400 psig (27.5 bar) with a control range of 0 to 500 psig (34.4 bar) and one on a set pressure of 200 psig (13.7 bar) with a control range of 0 to 250 psig (17.2 bar). The control ranges represent two separate regulators and the curves must be used separately. If the desired set pressure or inlet pressure is not shown on the graph, one can interpolate within a control range, but not between different control ranges.

There is one additional variable that affects the shape of a curve—the inlet pressure (i.e., pressure going into a pressure-reducing regulator on the upstream side). Note that for each of the two sets of curves in Fig. 1, there are three curves representing a range of inlet pressures.



**Fig. 2.** This typical flow curve for a pressure-reducing regulator illustrates several phenomena, including the ideal operating range, droop, choked flow, and seat-load drop or lockup.

## Droop, Seat-Load Drop, Choked Flow, Supply-Pressure Effect, and Hysteresis

As mentioned, it is best to operate a regulator along the flattest—or most horizontal—part of a flow curve. Indeed, an ideal flow curve would be a flat line. However, no regulator can produce a perfectly flat line over its full range of pressures because its internal components have limitations.

Typically, a flow curve consists of three parts (Fig. 2):

- The ideal operating range, a relatively flat part in the middle
- A steep drop on the far left, which shows seat-load drop or lockup
- A steep drop on the far right, which shows the choked-flow area.

### Droop

The flat part in the middle is not perfectly flat. It slopes downward, which is called droop. As flow increases, outlet pressure will drop some—or a lot, depending on the regulator design. While droop is relatively modest along the flat part of the curve, it is quite steep at the far ends of the curve.

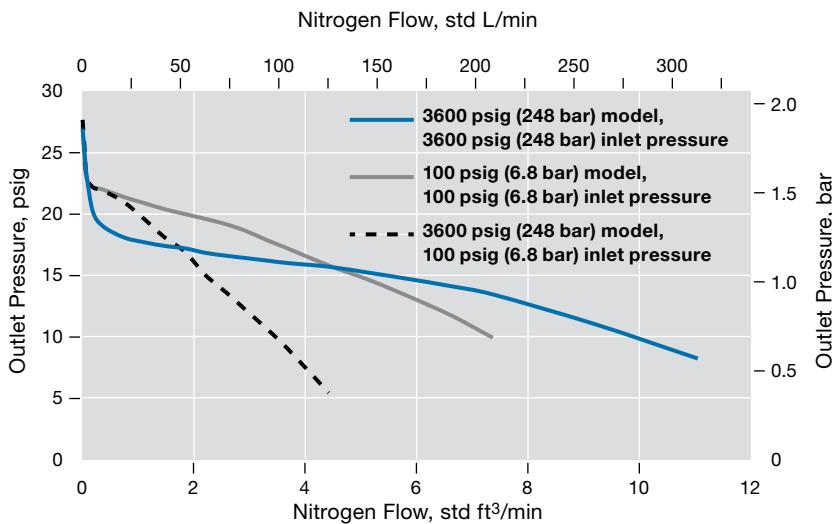
Supplying a regulator with pressures substantially lower than

the inlet pressure rating results in a flow curve with more droop than flow curves for regulators whose inlet pressure rating closely matches actual system pressure (Fig. 3). In addition, selecting a regulator that closely matches inlet pressure requirements provides the best handle resolution (smaller amount of pressure change per turn of the handle) and control, enabling a broader ideal operating range.

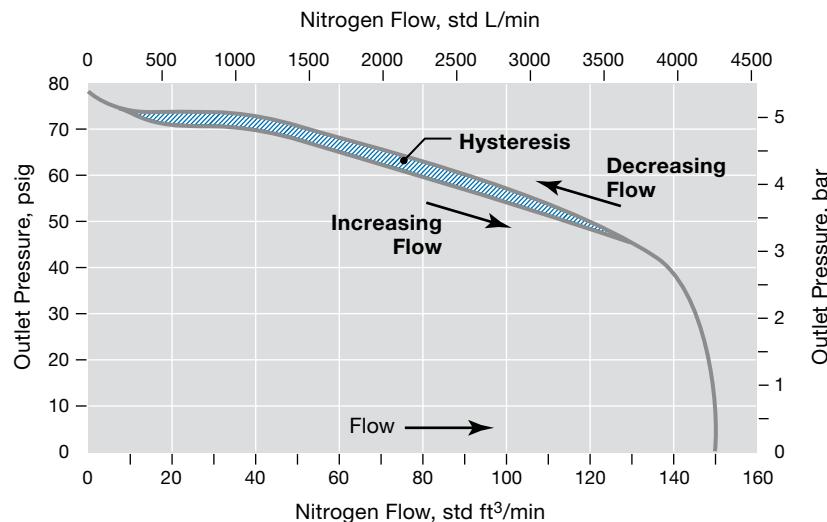
### Seat-Load Drop or Lockup

Seat-load drop occurs on the far left of the regulator curve (Fig. 2), where there is initially a steep drop in pressure. If reading the curve from left to right, imagine that the system is in a no-flow state. The regulator is set to a certain pressure, but there is no flow. Then, imagine that an operator slowly opens a downstream valve to initiate flow. Immediately, there is a sharp drop in pressure because it is difficult for a regulator to maintain pressure at this location. A regulator operating along this steep drop in the curve may emit chattering or pulsating sounds as it fluctuates between flow and no-flow conditions.

Now read the curve from right to left. Imagine that the system is operating along the flat part of the curve. Then, imagine that an operator slowly closes a downstream valve, reducing flow to near zero. We are moving up the curve. As the no-flow



**Fig. 3.** Flow curves for regulators whose inlet pressure rating closely matches actual system pressure show less droop and a broader ideal operating range than the curve for a regulator whose inlet pressure rating is much higher than the actual system pressure.



**Fig. 4.** The phenomenon of hysteresis reveals that at the same flow volume, outlet pressure is higher with decreasing flow than with increasing flow. Hysteresis is shown larger than normal for illustration purposes.

state nears, the regulator has difficulty maintaining the set pressure. Again, the regulator may emit a chattering sound. Eventually, the regulator snaps shut, stopping flow. This is called lockup. (Lockup may not be shown on all flow data. Typically, lockup pressures are less than 5% of control range.) The terms seat-load drop and lockup are essentially interchangeable. Sometimes, lockup is used to describe both conditions. It is not advisable to operate a regulator under these conditions. Some regulator flow data will not reflect lock-up, especially for higher flow models. Typically, lock-up pressures will be less than 5 % of the total control range for a given model.

### Choked Flow

Choked flow occurs on the far right of a curve. See the choked-flow area in Fig. 2, where pressure begins to drop sharply at 140 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (3960 std L/min). At this point, the flow demand has exceeded the pressure-controlling capabilities of the regulator. Here, the regulator is wide open and is no longer regulating pressure. Essentially, it has changed from a pressure-controlling device to an open orifice. Increasing downstream flow to this point or beyond renders the regulator ineffective. It is not advisable to operate a regulator in the choked-flow area due to the sharp pressure drop.

Note that  $C_v$  is measured at the regulator's fully open position, and that is why it cannot describe the overall performance of the regulator.

In fact, selecting a regulator based solely on its flow coefficient ( $C_v$ ) can result in unsatisfactory performance. If the system flow is within range of the regulator's  $C_v$ , one may believe that the regulator is the right "size." But that is not necessarily true. The  $C_v$  represents the regulator's maximum flow capacity. At maximum flow, a regulator can no longer control pressure.

### Hysteresis

See Fig. 4, above. When reading left to right, flow is increasing. And the reverse is true when reading right to left. Depending on whether flow is increasing or decreasing, the curve differs slightly. Outlet pressure does not follow the same "droop line" or end at the original set pressure. This phenomenon is called hysteresis.

Hysteresis results from dynamic friction forces within the regulator, but is usually not an issue when evaluating the performance of a regulator. However, it can be a point of confusion during system operation. Suppose an operator sets up a system to deliver an outlet pressure of 50 psig (3.4 bar) at 110 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (3115 std L/min). The next day, the pressure is now 50.5 psig (3.48 bar), but the flow is still 110 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (3115 std L/min). It is likely that something in the system temporarily created more flow demand downstream. Moving from left to right on the curve, the temporary flow increase slightly reduced the outlet pressure. Then, as the flow demand returned to 110 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (3115 std L/min), hysteresis caused the outlet pressure to return to a point slightly higher than the initial set point.

It is recommended to approach set pressure from a lower pressure. Another best practice is to employ pressure gauges in the system to help fine tune regulator settings to achieve desired operating pressures.

### Supply-Pressure Effect

Supply-pressure effect (SPE) or dependency is a ratio describing the change in outlet pressure per 100 psi (6.8 bar) change in inlet pressure. In other words, for every 100 psi (6.8 bar) drop in inlet pressure, the outlet pressure will increase by  $X$  psi.  $X$  is the SPE. For standard pressure-reducing regulators, the outlet pressure increases as supply pressure decreases. The opposite is true as supply pressure increases. This effect can also be realized on system startup or shutdown.

The regulator should be set to the "off" position before turning the supply pressure on or off to prevent overpressurization of regulator diaphragms, outlet pressure gauges, or other equipment downstream. When selecting an antitamper model, it is important to make sure that SPE will not cause excessive overpressurization on opening and closing of the supply pressure.

## Flow Considerations

Flow curves are dependent on the media flowing through the system. Depending on the fluid's specific gravity (density), viscosity, and physical phase (gas or liquid), the amount of droop and where choked flow occurs will change. Higher specific gravities will cause greater droop (steeper flow curves) than lower specific gravities because the regulator is forced to open wider to maintain an equivalent flow rate. Further, a regulator's maximum flow rate will be lower for a fluid with higher specific gravity, resulting in a lower flow rate for the choked-flow range.

For spring-loaded models, handles are factory set to avoid overcompressing the spring, thereby limiting maximum outlet pressure. This setting is made at the no-flow condition. Use the flow curve to interpolate what the no-flow outlet pressure will be to ensure the pressure control range selected can achieve the pressure/flow setting required. Relief valve settings downstream of the regulator must also be considered with regard to pressure rise as the flow is terminated.

## Gas Flow

Manufacturers usually create gas flow curves using air or nitrogen. If the system media is a different fluid, it may be necessary to adjust the flow scale to account for the difference between the specific gravity of the actual system fluid ( $G_{\text{actual}}$ ) and that of the fluid used to create the curve ( $G_{\text{ref}}$ ). The effect of specific gravity changes the flow rate by a factor ( $F_G$ ):

$$F_G = \sqrt{\frac{G_{\text{ref}}}{G_{\text{actual}}}}$$

Nitrogen has a specific gravity of 0.97, so the correction factor can be calculated by:

$$F_G = \sqrt{\frac{0.97}{G_{\text{actual}}}}$$

where  $G_{\text{actual}}$  is the specific gravity of your system fluid.

For convenience, below is a list of specific gravity correction factors calculated with this equation to adjust a flow scale from nitrogen to several other gases.

Gas	Specific Gravity Correction Factor ( $F_G$ from Nitrogen)
Air	0.98
Ammonia	1.28
Argon	0.84
Arsine	0.60
Carbon dioxide	0.80
Helium	2.65
Hydrogen	3.72
Hydrogen chloride	0.87
Oxygen	0.94
Silane	0.93

For example, the correction factor for carbon dioxide is 0.80. Therefore, the point on a flow curve showing a nitrogen flow volume of 100 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (2831 std L/min) indicates a comparable carbon dioxide flow of 80 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (2265 std L/min). The curve is the same, but the flow scale changes.

In a similar way, adjustments may be needed to account for an actual temperature different from the temperature used for the test. Below is a list of correction factors that can be used to account for differences from a test temperature of 70°F (20°C).

Temperature °F	Temperature °C	Temperature Correction Factor
-40	-40	1.12
-20	-28	1.10
0	-17	1.07
20	-6	1.05
70	20	1.00
100	37	0.97
150	65	0.93
212	100	0.89
250	121	0.86
300	148	0.84
350	176	0.81
400	204	0.78

For example, if the actual system temperature is 100°F (37°C), the point on a flow curve showing a flow volume of 100 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (2831 std L/min) would adjust to 97 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (2747 std L/min).

## Liquid Flow

The same regulator will produce flow curves with substantial differences between gas and liquid fluids—flow curves for liquid media will show steeper droop rates and lower maximum flow. Avoid using flow curves generated with gas flow when selecting a regulator for a liquid flow application, as the differences between the curve and the regulator's performance in a liquid system will be significant.

Also keep in mind that not all regulators are suitable for liquid service. The higher forces on the poppet from liquid flows can cause extreme chatter, resulting in damage within the regulator. Be sure the regulator model and pressure range have been tested for liquid applications to ensure a positive performance.

Another consideration is to understand fully the effects of pressure drop on the liquid, given the application parameters. In applications where the liquid is close to its bubble point, it is likely that the pressure drop within the regulator will create bubbles or even start to vaporize the liquid. A two-phase mixture can cause component failure, fluid sample distortion, or clogging of lines. Be sure that the pressure drop will consistently maintain a liquid phase throughout a wide temperature range, or install the regulator in a location that minimizes the risk of bubble creation.

Finally, as is the case with gases, you may need to adjust the flow scale based on the difference in specific gravity between the liquid used to generate the flow curve (typically hydraulic oil or water) and the liquid to be used in your system. The liquid flow curves in this document were generated from flow tests using hydraulic oil with a specific gravity of 0.86.

For convenience, below is a list of specific gravity correction factors calculated to adjust a flow scale from hydraulic oil to several other liquids.

Liquid	Specific Gravity Correction Factor ( $F_G$ from Hydraulic Oil)
Ethyl alcohol	1.04
Gasoline	1.07
Kerosene	1.02
Pentane	1.18
Water	0.93

For example, the correction factor for water is 0.93. Therefore, the point on a flow curve showing a hydraulic oil flow volume of 10 U.S. gal/min (37.8 L/min) indicates a comparable water flow of 9.3 U.S. gal/min (35.2 L/min).

A safety concern can arise when using a positive displacement pump in a liquid system. The pump can cause impulses through the regulator that can fatigue and eventually cause failure in a metal diaphragm. Also, without proper relief mechanisms, the pump may cause excessive pressure rises that rupture components within the fluid system, even with a properly operating regulator. Always ensure proper relief devices are installed to protect components from burst failure.

## Flow Curve Checklist

When selecting a regulator, consult the flow curve in addition to the  $C_v$  value.

- Identify the range of flows expected. Given that range, the curve will indicate what pressures the regulator can be expected to maintain.
- A regulator operates best along the relatively flat part of its curve. Make sure the control range selected can accommodate the droop to meet the pressure requirement at the desired flow rate.
- Avoid operating a regulator at the far ends of the curve where undesirable conditions like lockup and choked flow occur.
- Does it reflect the required pressure, set pressure, and inlet pressure range?
- For gas regulators, will supply-pressure effect be an issue when the system is shut down or restarted?
- Do you need to calculate any specific gravity or temperature adjustments?
- Finally, make sure all measurement units agree. Pressure readings are provided most commonly in psig or bar. Flow rate units of measure depend on the system media, so be sure to note whether the regulator is rated for liquid or gas service. Liquid flow is typically expressed as gallons per minute (U.S. gal/min) or liters per minute (L/min), while gas flow is conveyed as standard cubic feet per minute (std ft<sup>3</sup>/min) or standard liters per minute (std L/min).

Note: Flow curves for regulators greater than 1 1/2 inch may have been generated using either test flow data or mathematical modeling.

If a flow curve is not available or if you need additional help in selecting a regulator, contact your authorized Swagelok sales and service representative for guidance on properly sizing a regulator for an application.

## Flow Curves

### KPR Series

- Flow coefficients of 0.02, 0.06, 0.20, and 0.50
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar) through 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures from 100 to 6000 psig (6.8 to 413 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 9

**Liquid Flow** ..... 84

### KCY Series

- Flow coefficients of 0.06, 0.20, and 0.50
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar) through 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures from 3000 to 6000 psig (206 to 413 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 21

**Liquid Flow** ..... 93

### KLF Series

- Flow coefficients of 0.02, 0.06, 0.20, and 0.50
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 2.0 psig (0 to 0.13 bar) through 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures from 15 to 3600 psig (1.0 to 248 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 30

**Liquid Flow** ..... 101

### KHF Series

- Flow coefficient of 1.0
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 10 psig (0.68 bar) through 0 to 250 psig (17.2 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures from 100 to 3600 psig (6.8 to 248 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 46

### KCP Series

- Flow coefficients of 0.02, 0.06, 0.20, and 0.50
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 10 psig (0.68 bar) through 0 to 1500 psig (103 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures from 100 to 3600 psig (6.8 to 248 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 50

**Liquid Flow** ..... 108

### KPP Series

- Flow coefficients of 0.02 and 0.06
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 1000 psig (68.9 bar) through 0 to 3600 psig (248 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures from 2000 to 6000 psig (137 to 413 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 66

**Liquid Flow** ..... 119

### KPF Series

- Flow coefficient of 1.0
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 1000 psig (68.9 bar) through 0 to 4000 psig (275 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure of 6000 psig (413 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 73

**Liquid Flow** ..... 122

### KHP Series and KHR Series

- Flow coefficients of 0.06 and 0.25
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 500 psig (34.4 bar) through 100 to 10 000 psig (6.8 to 689 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure of 10 000 psig (689 bar)

**KHP Gas Flow** ..... 76

**KHR Liquid Flow** ..... 125

## Flow Curves

### RS(H)2 Series

- Flow coefficient of 0.05
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) through
  - RS2: 0 to 5075 psig (0 to 350 bar)
  - RSH2: 0 to 10 150 psig (0 to 700 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure: 5800 psig (400 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 133

### RS(H)4, RS(H)6, and RS(H)8 Series

- Flow coefficients of 1.84 and 1.95
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 2175 psig (0 to 150 bar) through 0 to 58000 psig (0 to 400 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure: 5800 psig (400 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 136

### RS(H)10, RS(H)15, and RS(H)20 Series

- Flow coefficients of 3.79, 7.30 and 13
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) through
  - RSH10 and RSH15: 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 350 bar)
  - RSH20: 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - RS10: 1015 psig (70.0 bar)
  - RSH10 and RS(H)15: 5800 psig (400 bar)
  - RS20: 1015 psig (70.0 bar)
  - RSH20: 3630 psig (250 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 142

### LRS(H)4 Series

- Flow coefficients of 0.73 and 0.10
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) through 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - LRS4: 507 psig (35.0 bar)
  - LRSH4: 5800 psig (400 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 147

### LPRS4, LPRS6, and LPRS8 Series

- Flow coefficients of 1.84, 1.95 and 2.07
- Pressure control ranges from 1.4 to 14.5 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar) through 4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure: 218 psig (15.0 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 150

### LPRS10, and LPRS15 Series

- Flow coefficients of 3.79 and 7.3
- Pressure control ranges from 1.4 to 14.5 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar) through 4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure: 232 psig (16.0 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 152

### RD2 Series

- Flow coefficient of 0.05
- Pressure control ranges: 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures: 5800 psig (400 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 154

### RD(H)6 and RD(H)8 Series

- Flow coefficients of 1.95 and 2.07
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) through
  - RDH6: 0 to 2539 psig (0 to 175 bar)
  - RDH8: 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - RDH6: 5800 psig (400 bar)
  - RDH8: 3990 psig (275 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 156

### RD6DP and RDH6DP Series

- Flow coefficient of 1.95
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar) through
  - RD6DP: 0 to 3335 psig (0 to 230 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - RD6DP: 1015 psig (70.0 bar)
  - RDH6DP: 3990 psig (275 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 160

### RD(H)10 and RD(H)15 Series

- Flow coefficients of 3.79 and 7.30
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) through
  - RD: 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
  - RDH: 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - RD: 1015 psig (70.0 bar)
  - RDH: 5800 psig (400 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 162

**RD(H)20 and RD(H)25 Series**

- Flow coefficients of 13 and 21
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) through
  - RD20 and RD25: 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
  - RDH20 and RDH25: 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - RD20 and RD25: 1015 psig (70.0 bar)
  - RDH20: 5800 psig (400 bar)
  - RDH25: 4060 psig (280 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 175**RD(H)30 and RD(H)40 Series**

- Flow coefficients of 36 and 73
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) through
  - RD30 and RD40: 1015 psig (70.0 bar)
  - RDH30 and RDH40: 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - RD30 and RD30: 1015 psig (70.0 bar)
  - RDH30 and RDH40: 4060 psig (280 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 188**RA4, RA6 and RA8 Series**

- Flow coefficient of 1.84
- Pressure ratios from 1:15 through 1:70
- Maximum inlet pressure: 5800 psig (400 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 201**BS(H)2 Series**

- Flow coefficient of 0.10
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) through
  - BS2: 0 to 5075 psig (0 to 350 bar)
  - BSH2: 0 to 10 150 psig (0 to 700 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - BS2: 5800 psig (400 bar)
  - BSH2: 10 150 psig (700 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 204**BS(H)2 Series**

- Flow coefficient of 0.10
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) through 5075 psig (0 to 350 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressures:
  - BS2: 5800 psig (400 bar)
  - BSH2: 10 150 psig (700 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 204**BS(H)4, BS(H)6, and BS(H)8 Series**

- Flow coefficient from 0.49 to 2.07
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 5220 psig (0 to 360 bar) through 0 to 5220 psig (0 to 360 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure: 5800 psig (400 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 207**BS(H)10 and BS(H)15 Series**

- Flow coefficient from 3.84 to 7.3
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 203 psig (0 to 14.0 bar) through 0 to 5220 psig (0 to 360 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure: 5800 psig (400 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 210**LBS4 Series**

- Flow coefficient of 1.3
- Pressure control ranges from 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) through 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- Maximum inlet pressure: 507 psig (35.0 bar)

**Gas Flow** ..... 214

## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

The KPR series is a compact regulator with excellent accuracy, sensitivity, and set-point pressure stability. For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, [MS-02-230](#).

### Supply-Pressure Effect

Flow Coefficient ( $C_v$ )	Pressure Control Range	
	Up to 100 psig (6.8 bar)	250 psig (17.2 bar) and Higher
	Supply Pressure Effect, %	
0.02	0.3	0.5
0.06	1.0	1.5
0.20	1.7	2.5
0.50	2.3	3.3

### Flow Curves

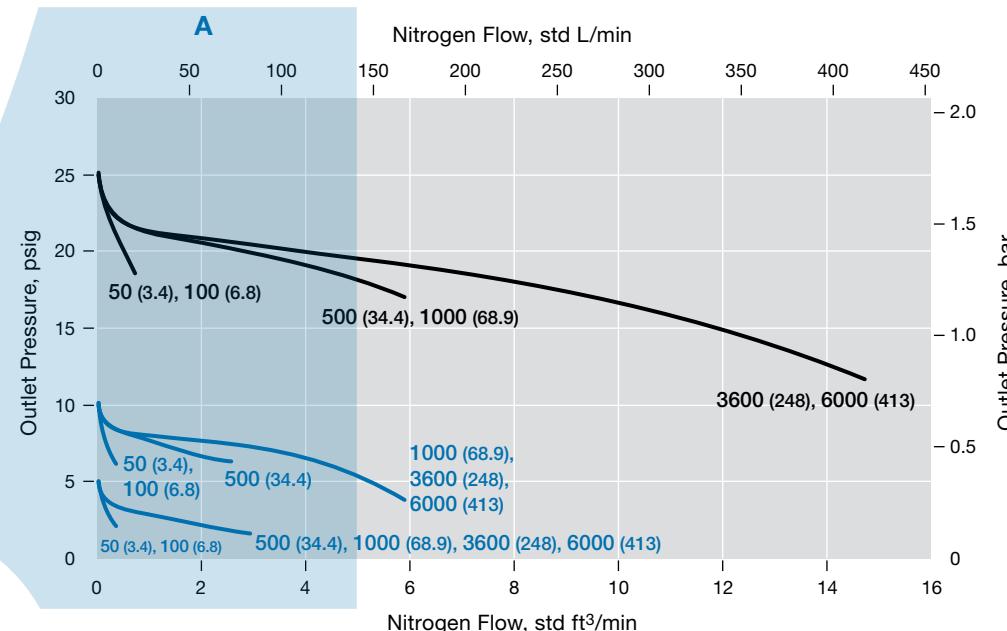
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

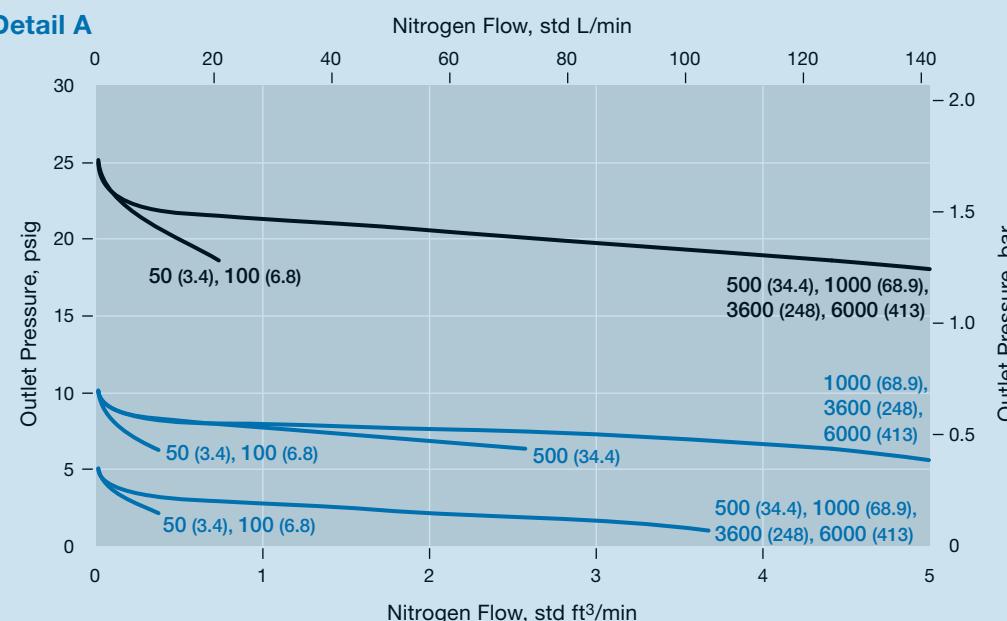
##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)



##### Detail A



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

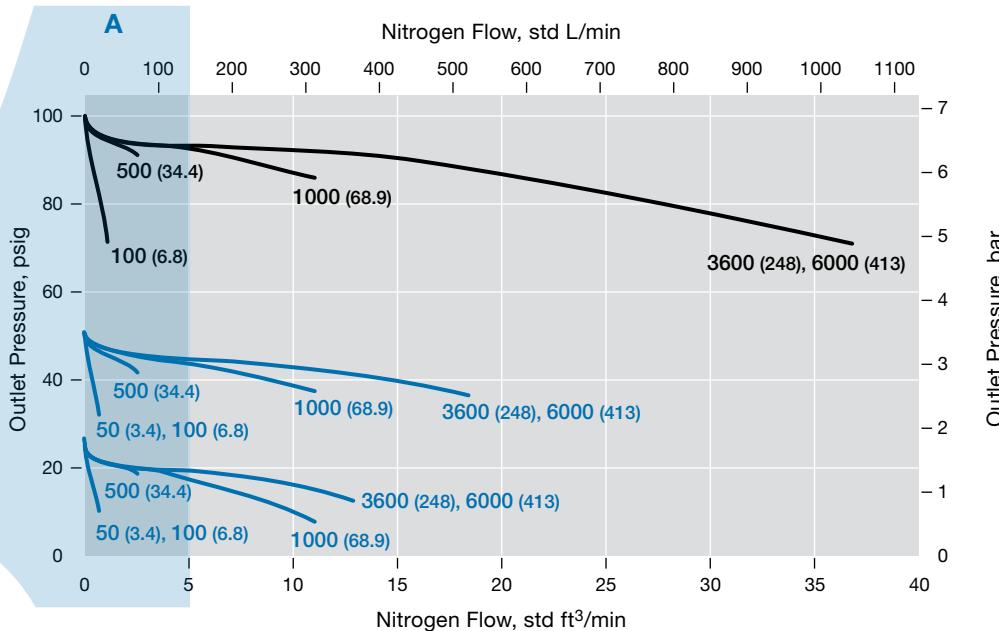
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

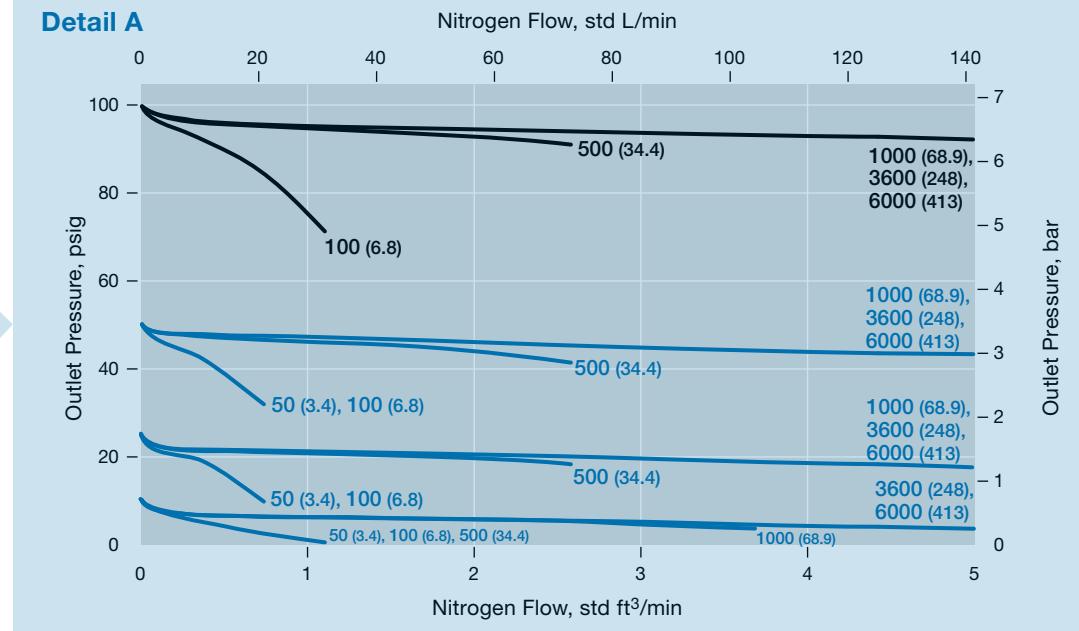
#### Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



##### Detail A



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

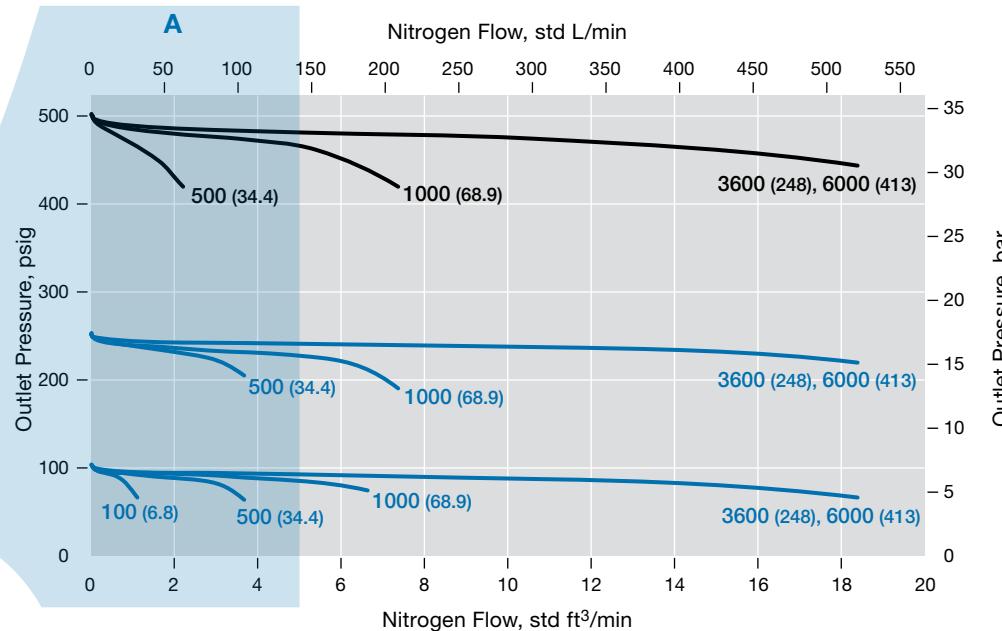
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

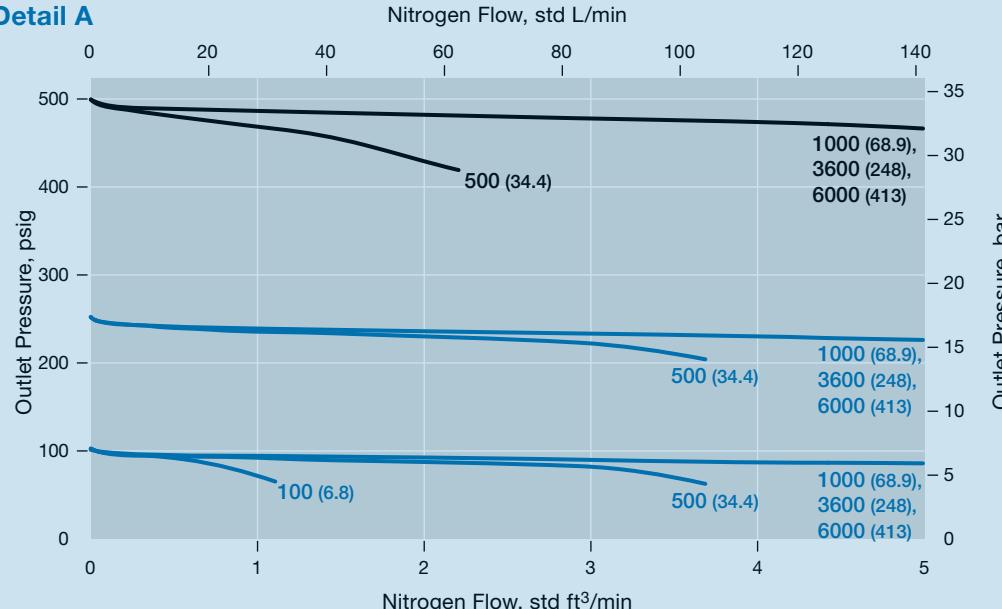
#### Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



##### Detail A



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

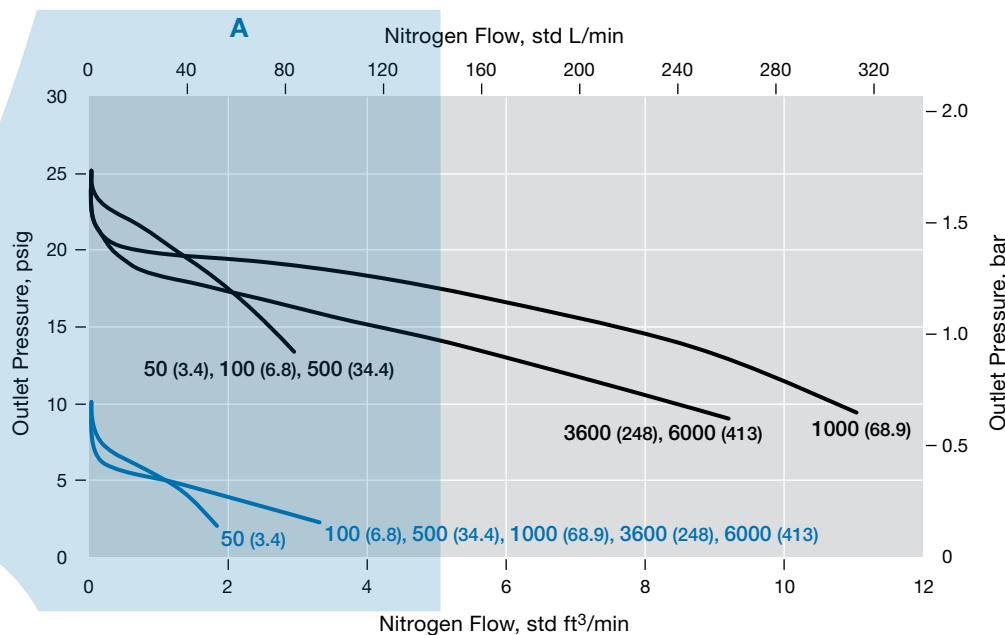
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

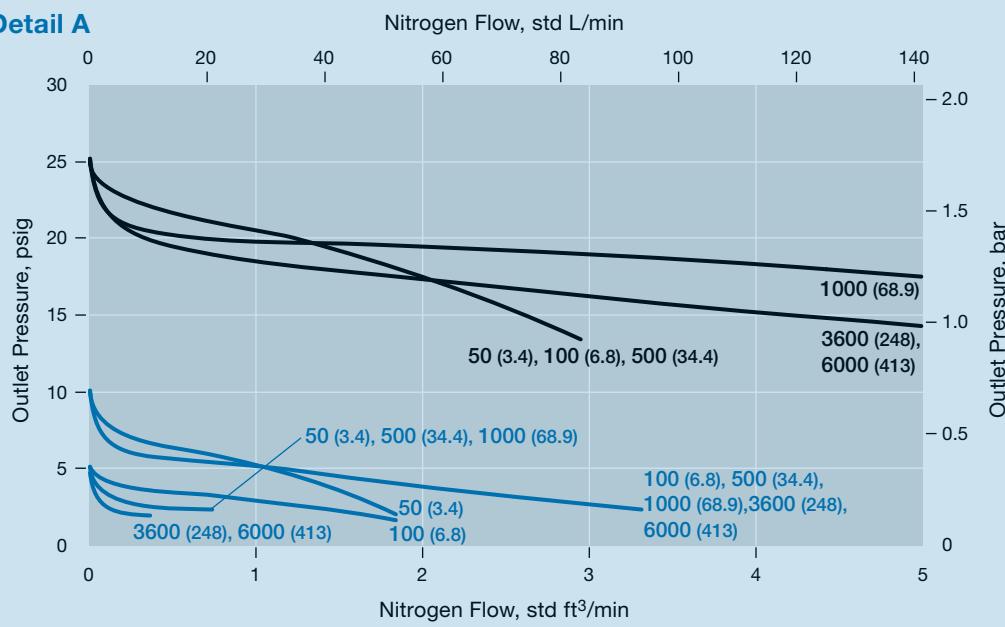
#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
- 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)



##### Detail A



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

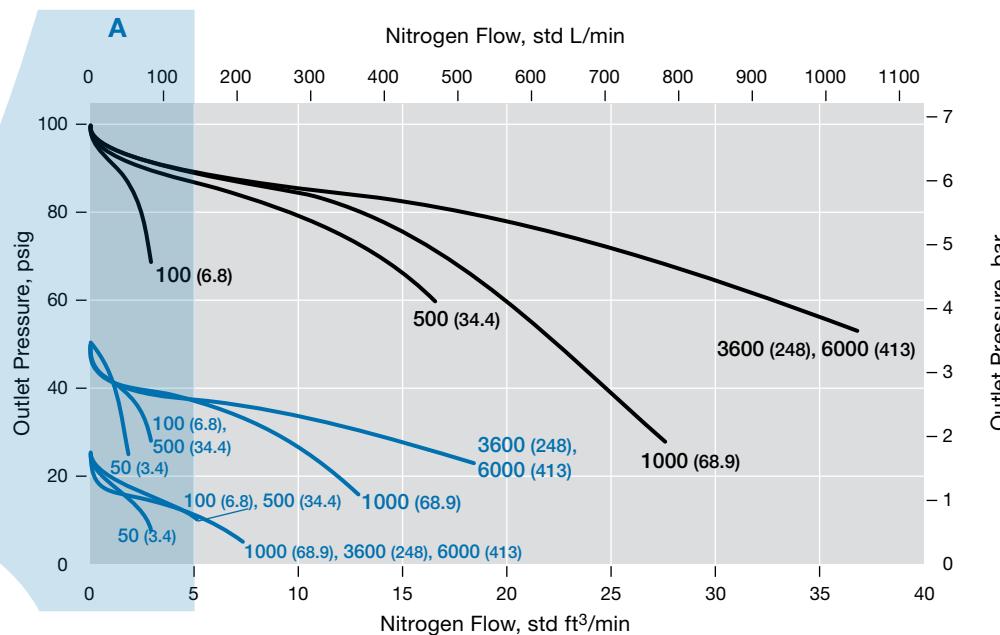
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

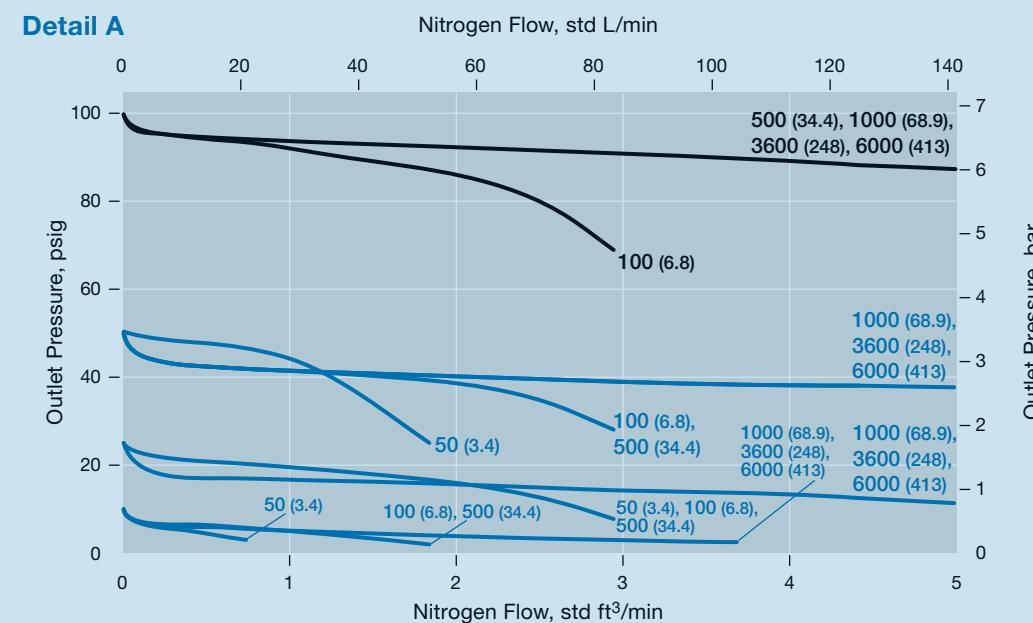
#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



##### Detail A



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

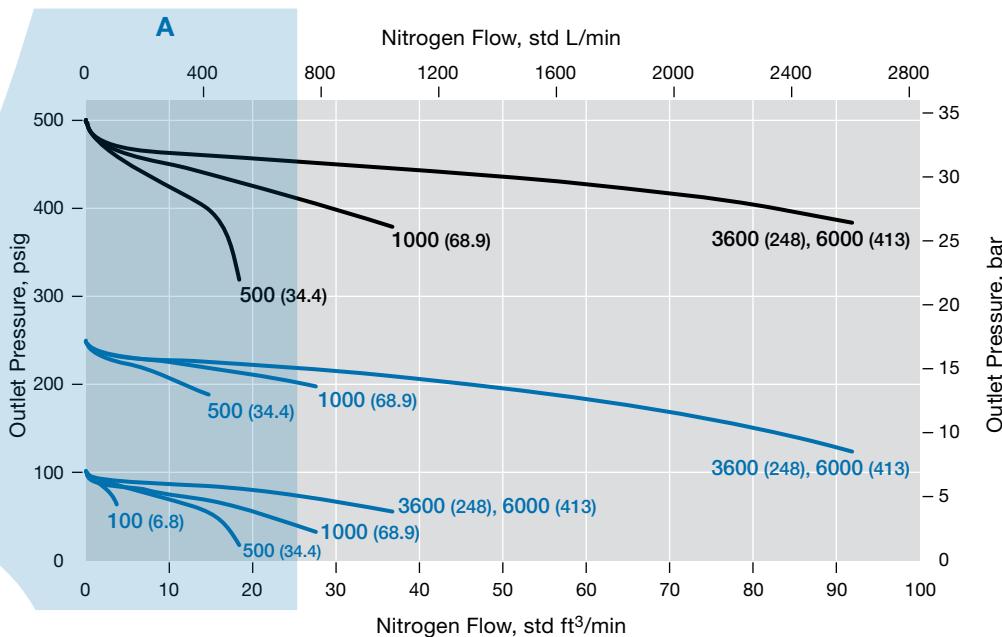
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

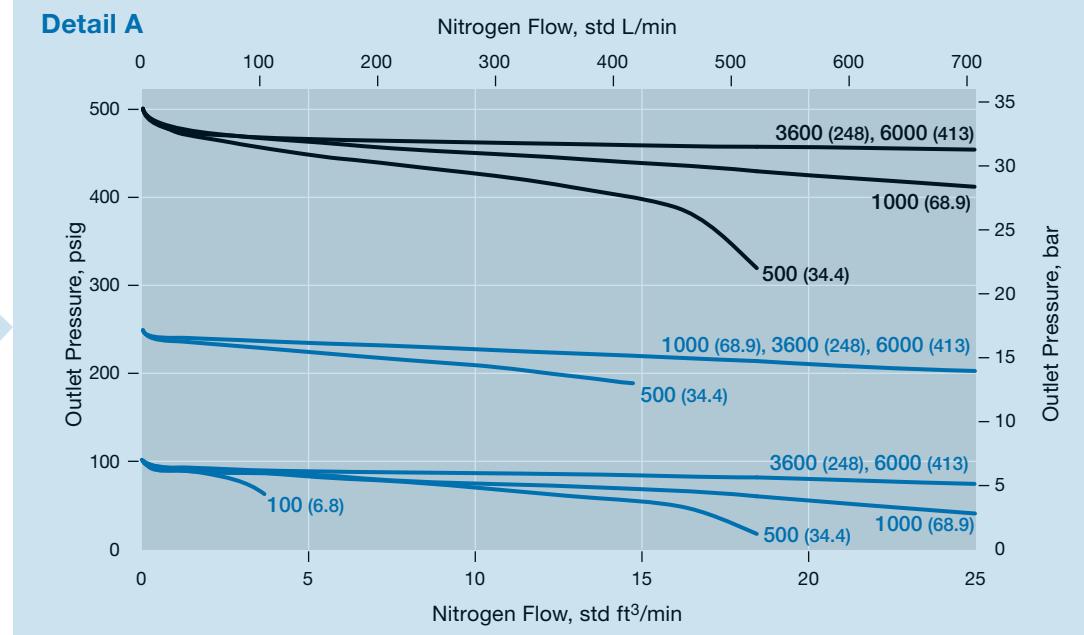
#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



**Detail A**



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

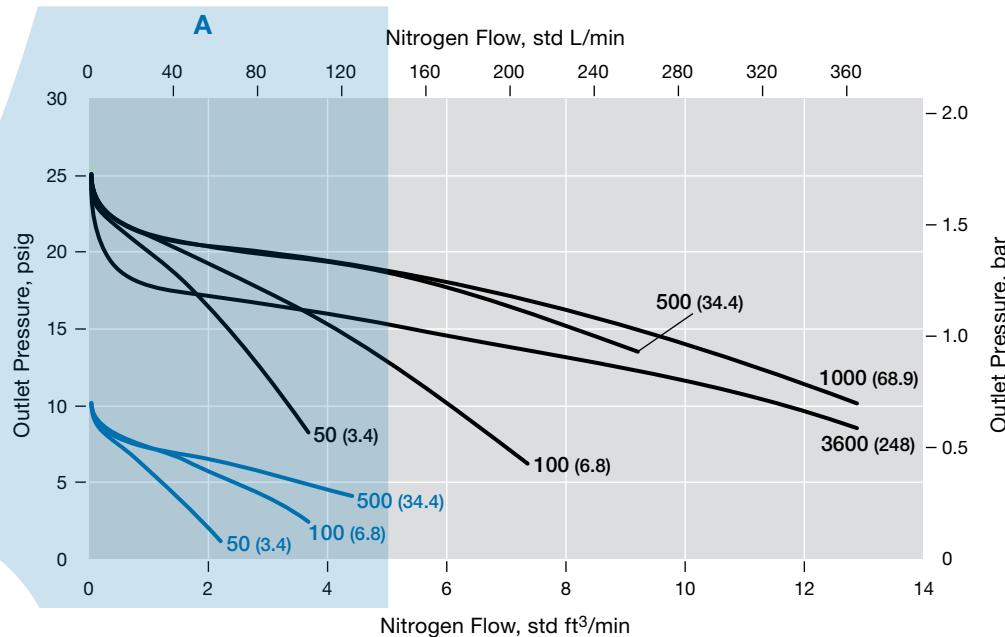
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

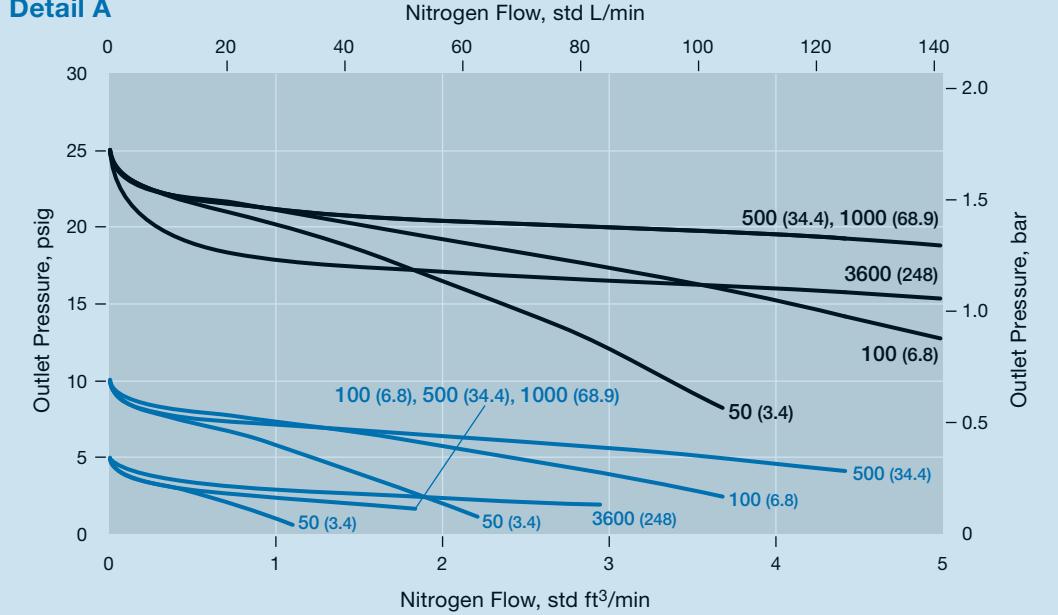
**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
- 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)



#### Detail A



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

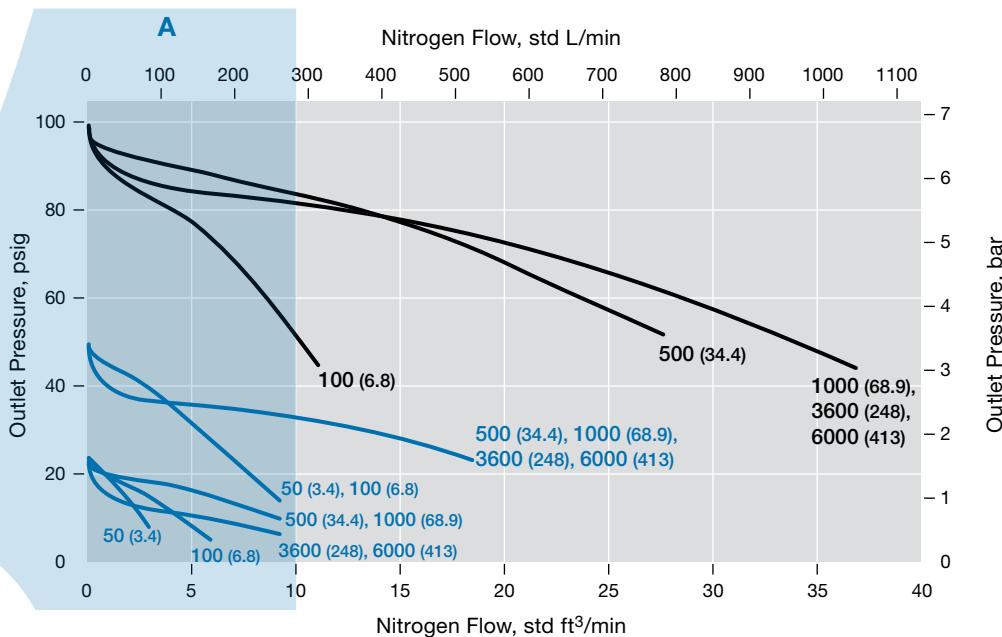
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

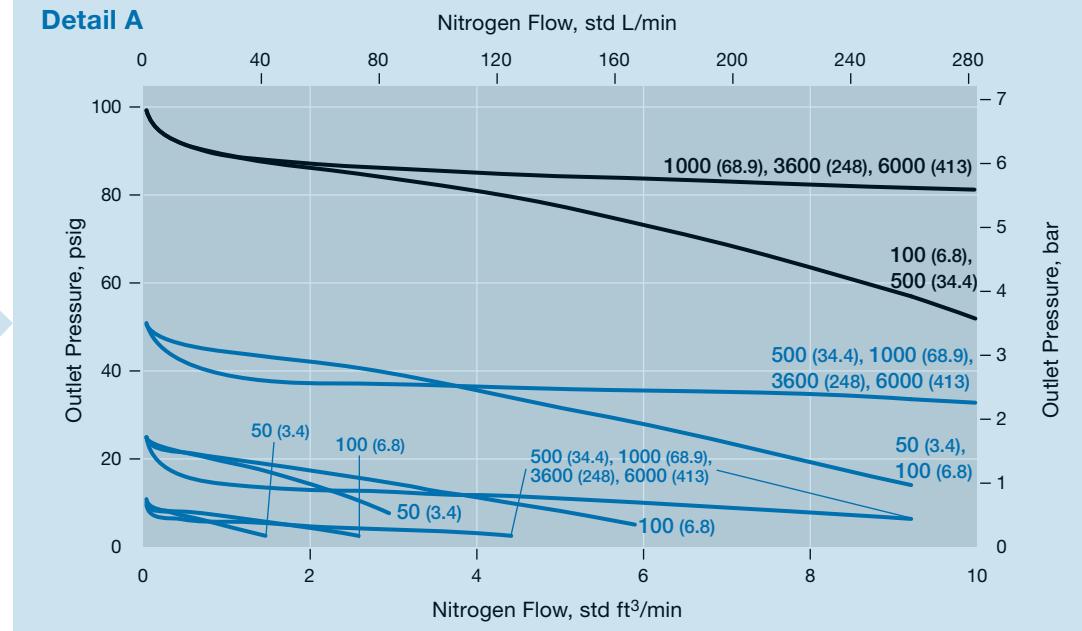
#### Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



##### Detail A



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

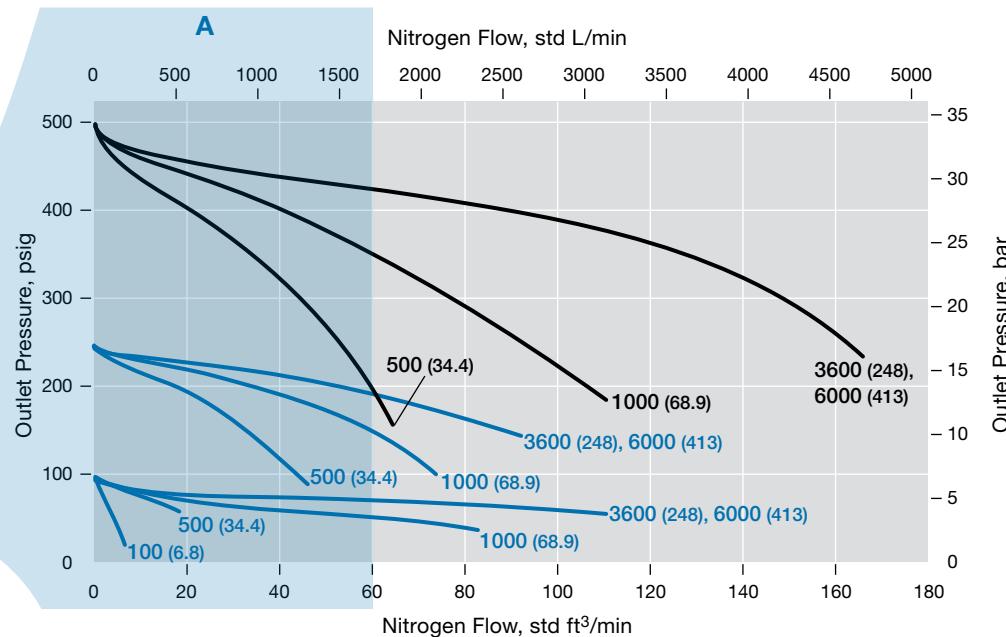
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

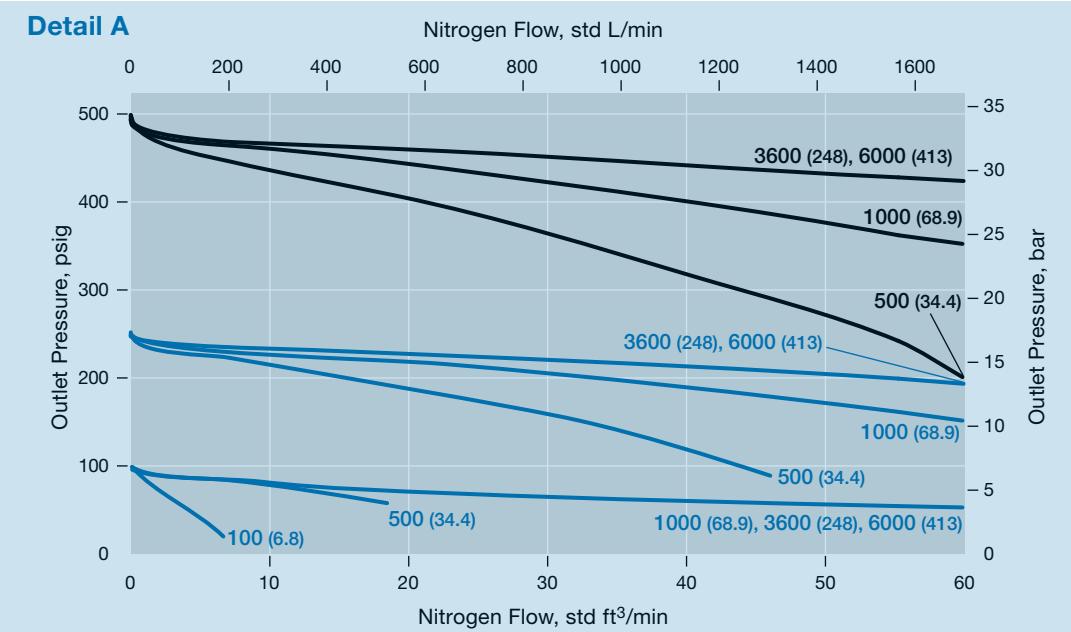
**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



**Detail A**



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

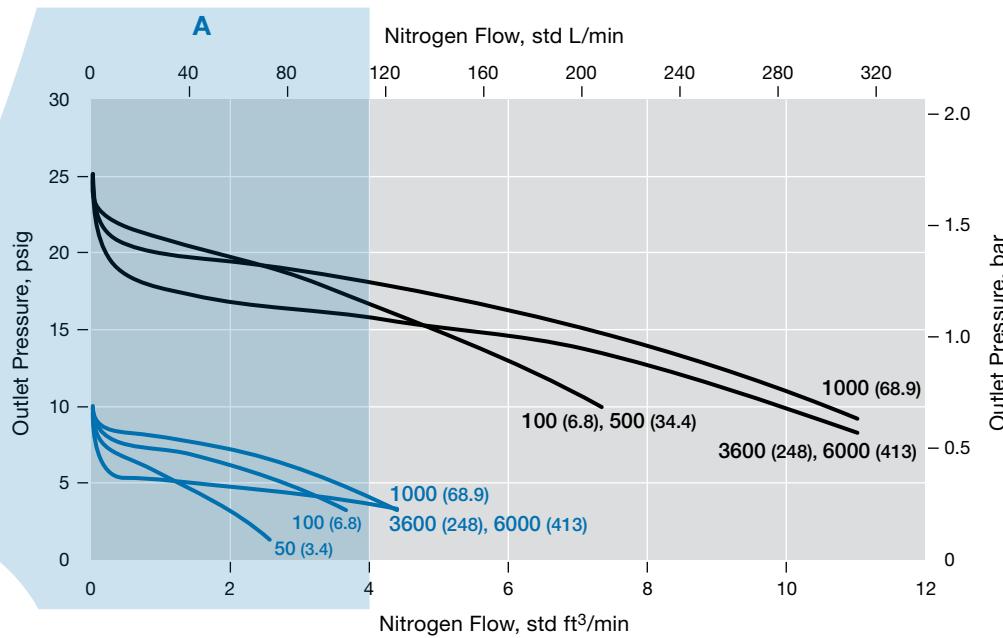
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

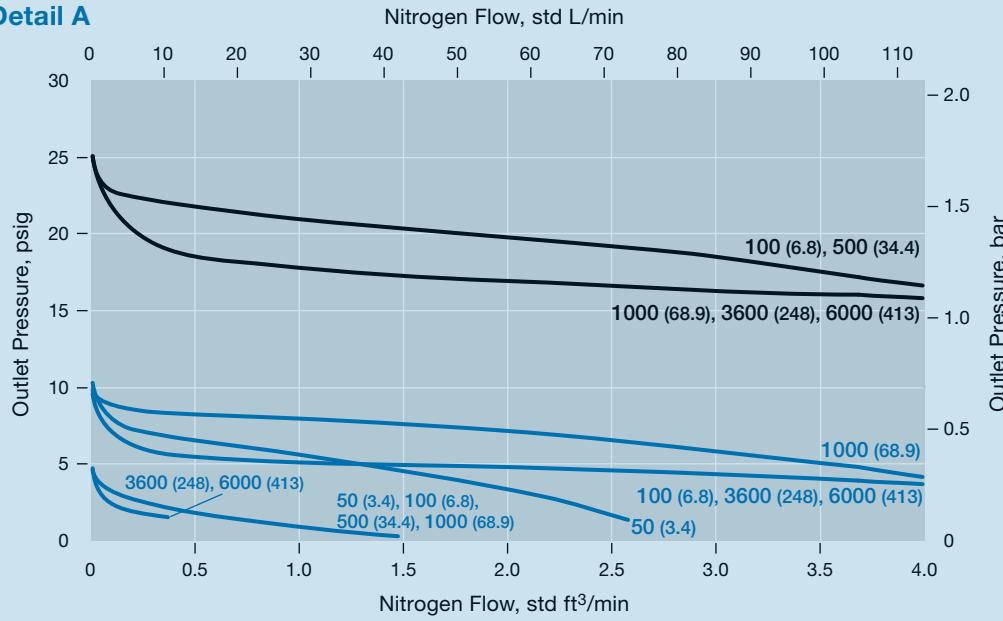
#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
- 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)



##### Detail A



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

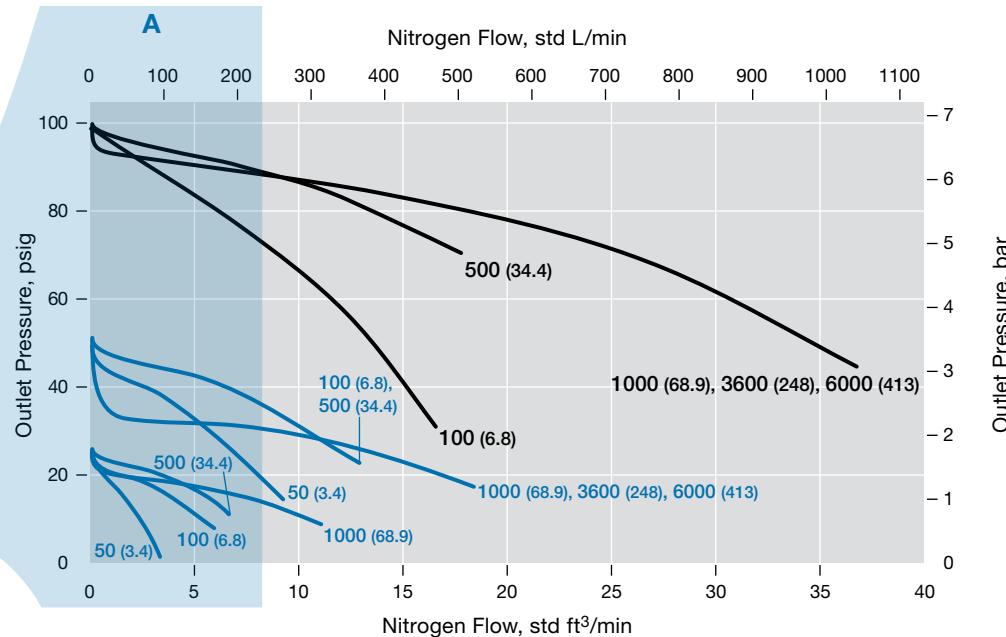
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

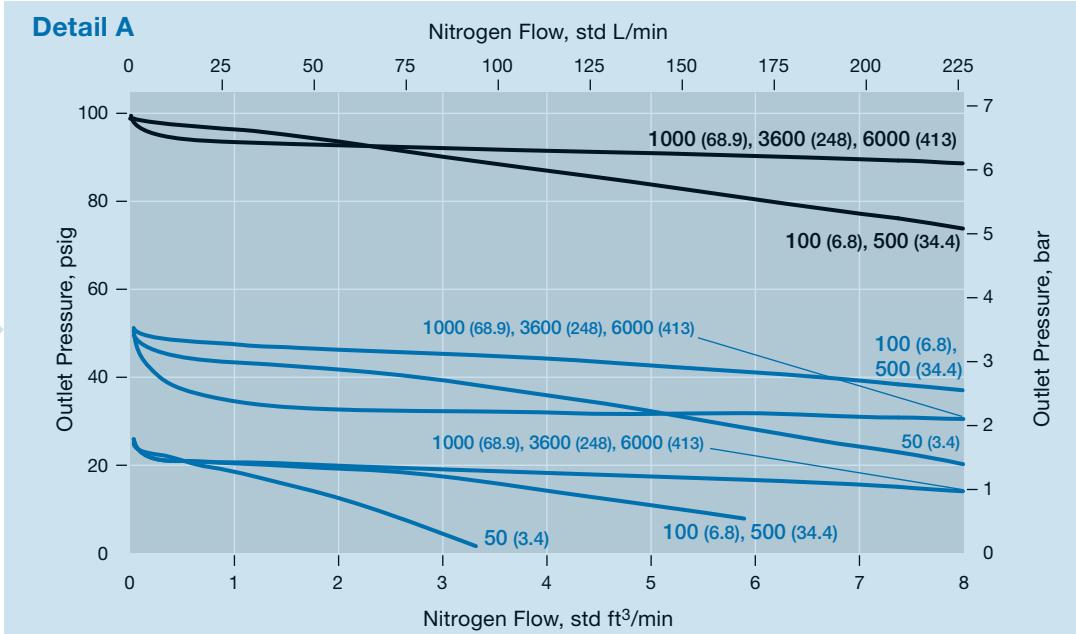
**Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)**

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



**Detail A**



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

### Flow Curves

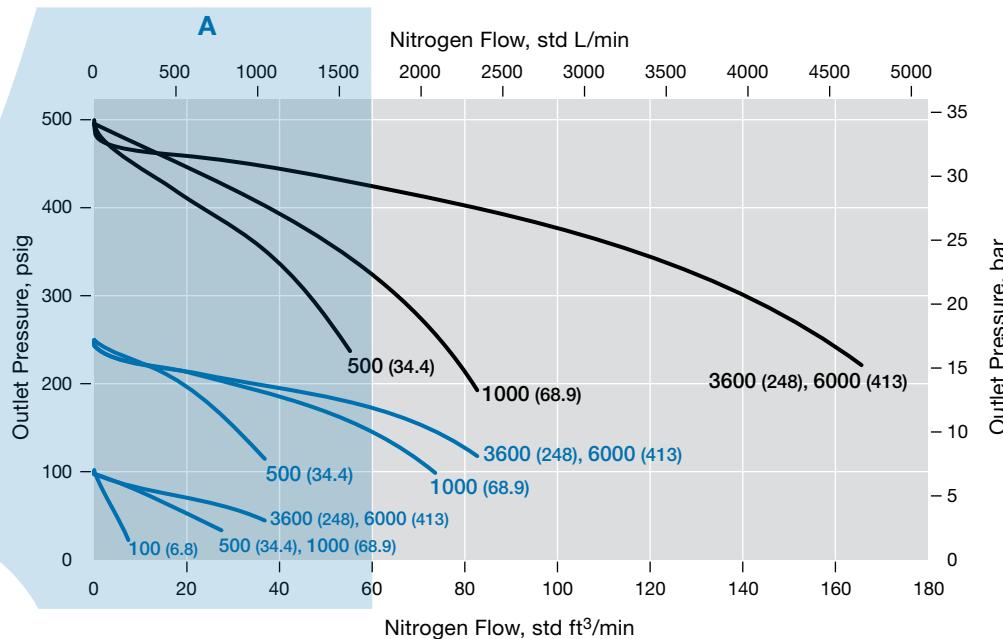
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

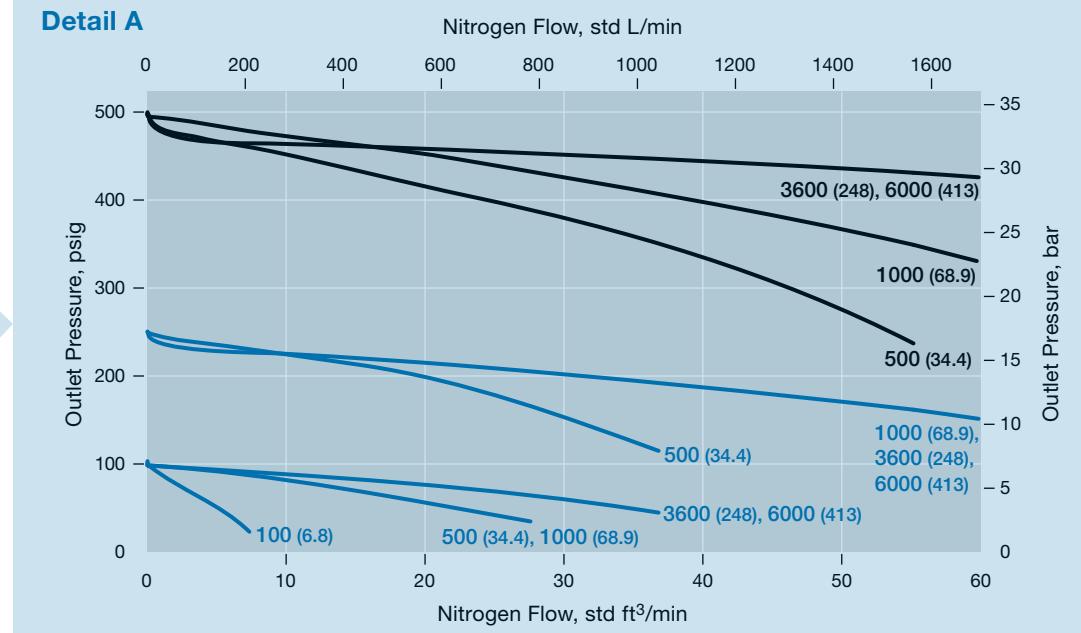
##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)

0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



**Detail A**



## KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

The KCY series is designed for use in applications requiring constant outlet pressure even with wide variations in inlet pressure. This two-stage regulator is comparable to two single-stage regulators connected in series. The first stage is factory set to reduce the inlet pressure to 500 psig (34.4 bar). The second stage can be adjusted with the handle to achieve the required outlet pressure.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, [MS-02-230](#).

### Supply-Pressure Effect

Flow Coefficient ( $C_v$ )	Pressure Control Range	
	Up to 100 psig (6.8 bar)	250 psig (17.2 bar) and Higher
0.06	0.01	0.02
0.20	0.02	0.06
0.50	0.05	0.13

### Flow Curves

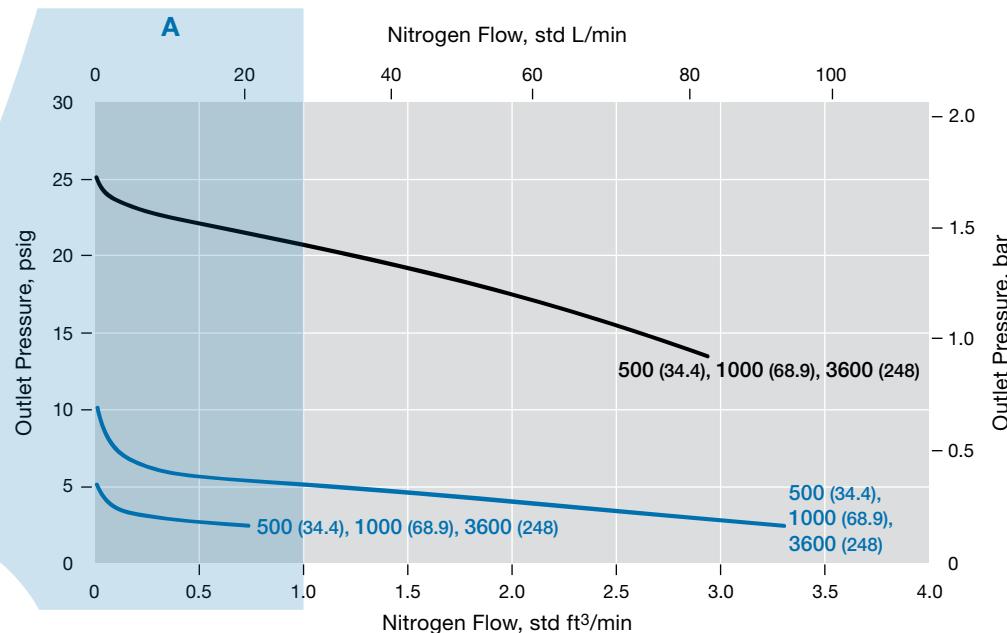
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

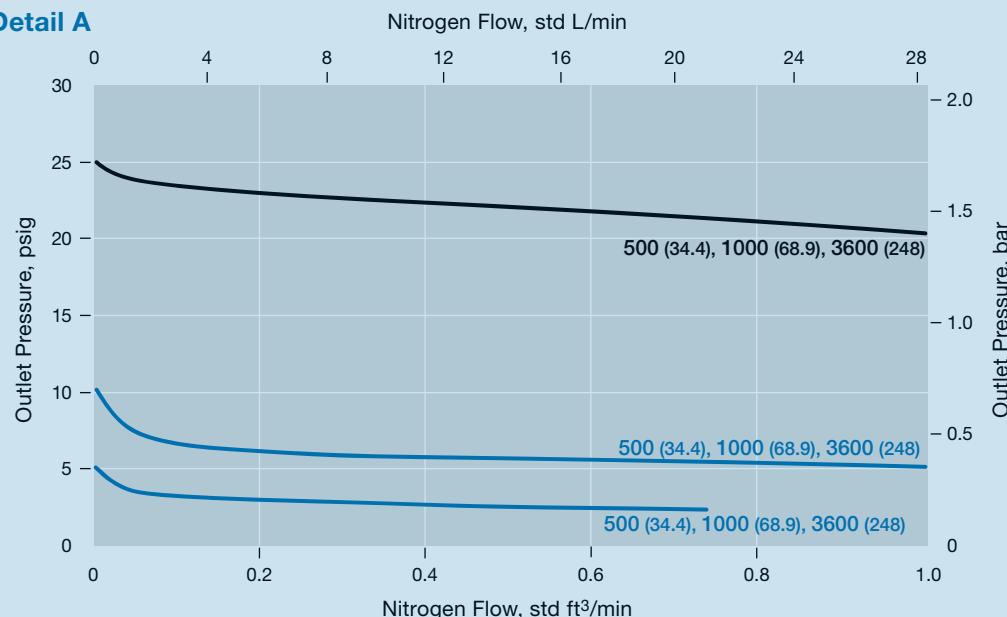
##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)



##### Detail A



## KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

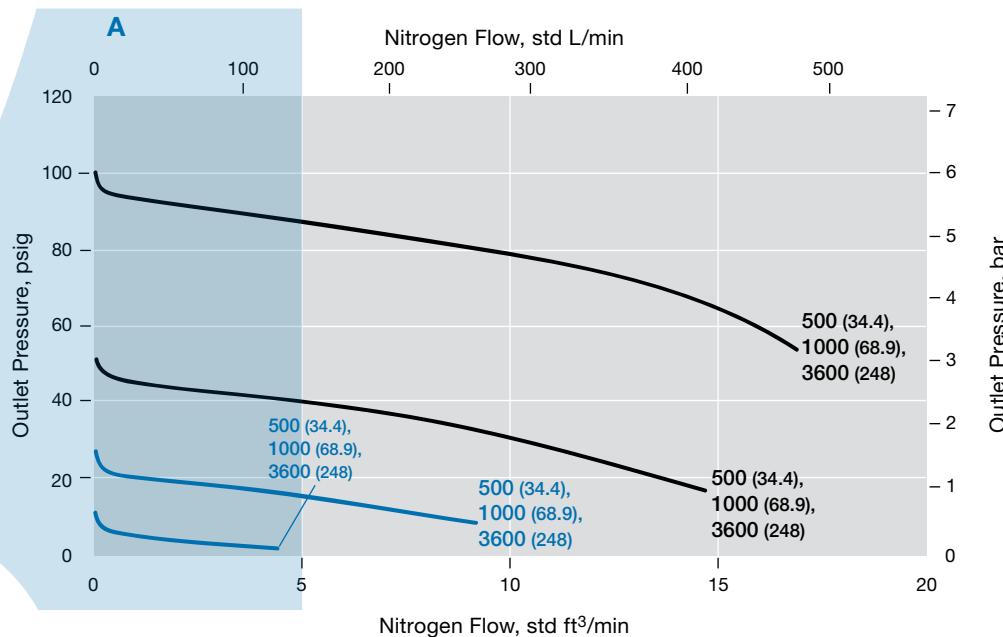
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

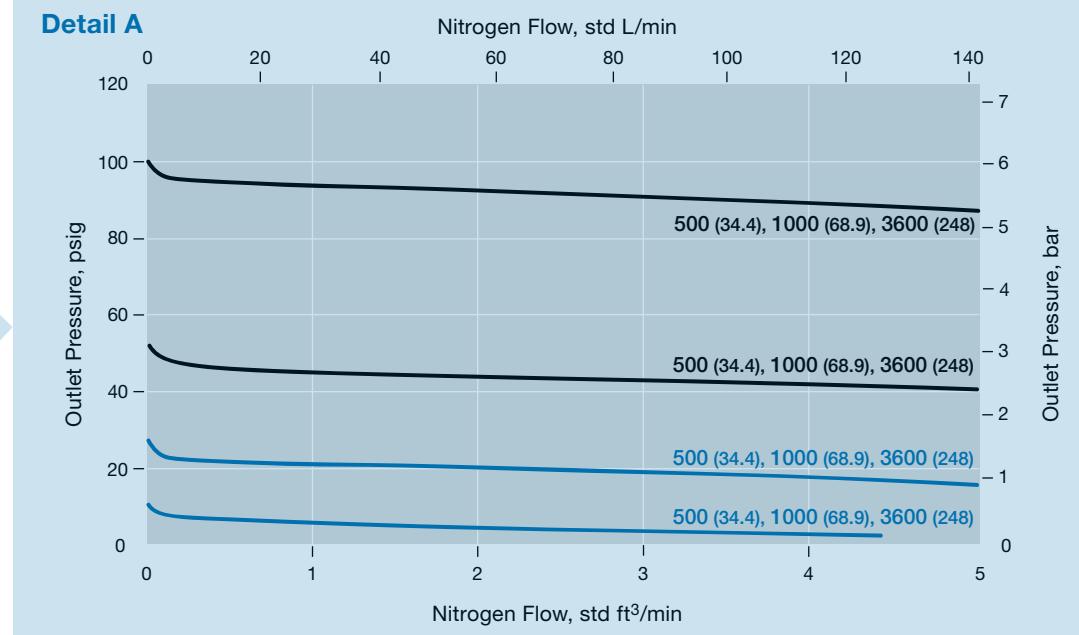
#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



##### Detail A



## KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

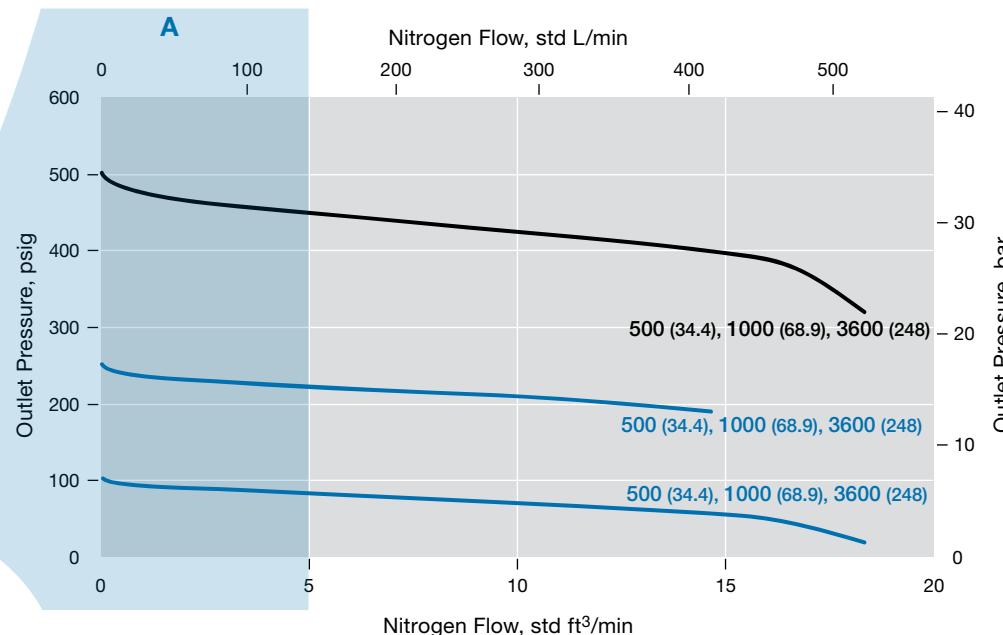
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

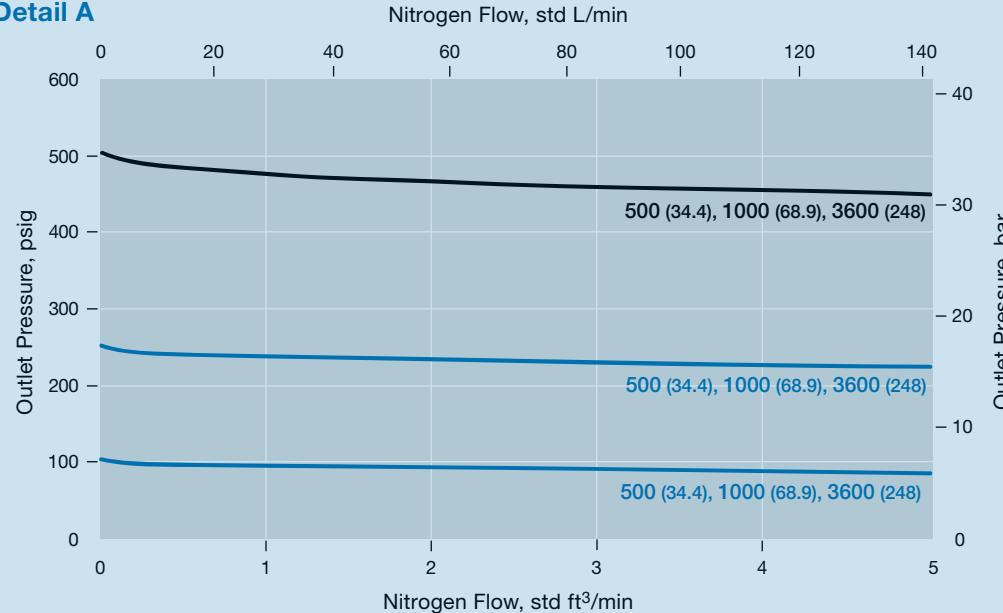
**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



#### Detail A

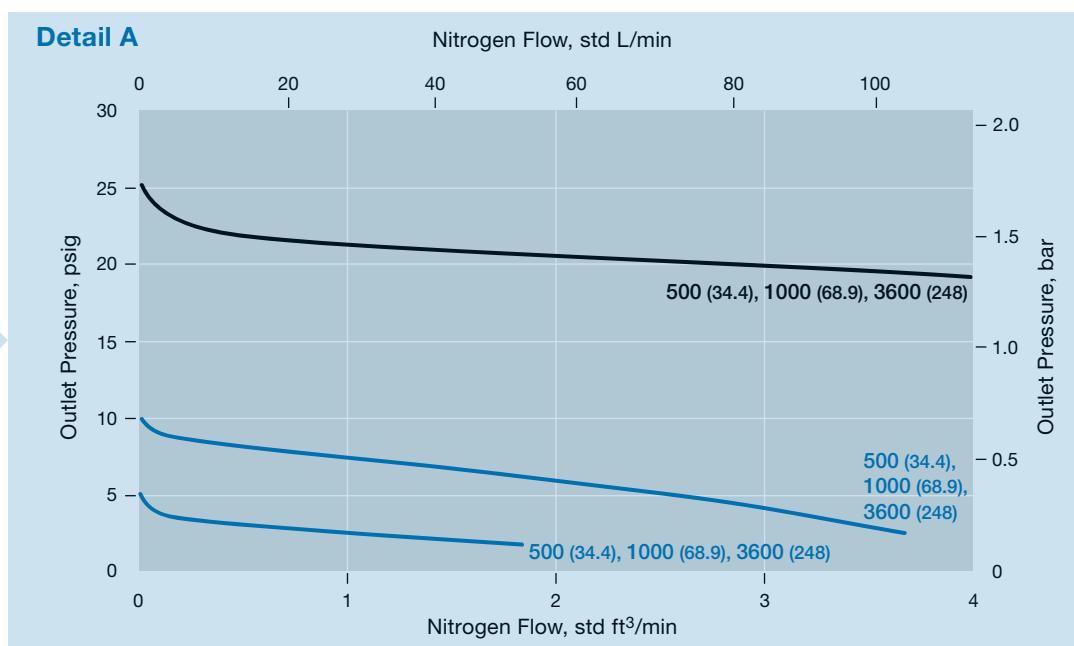
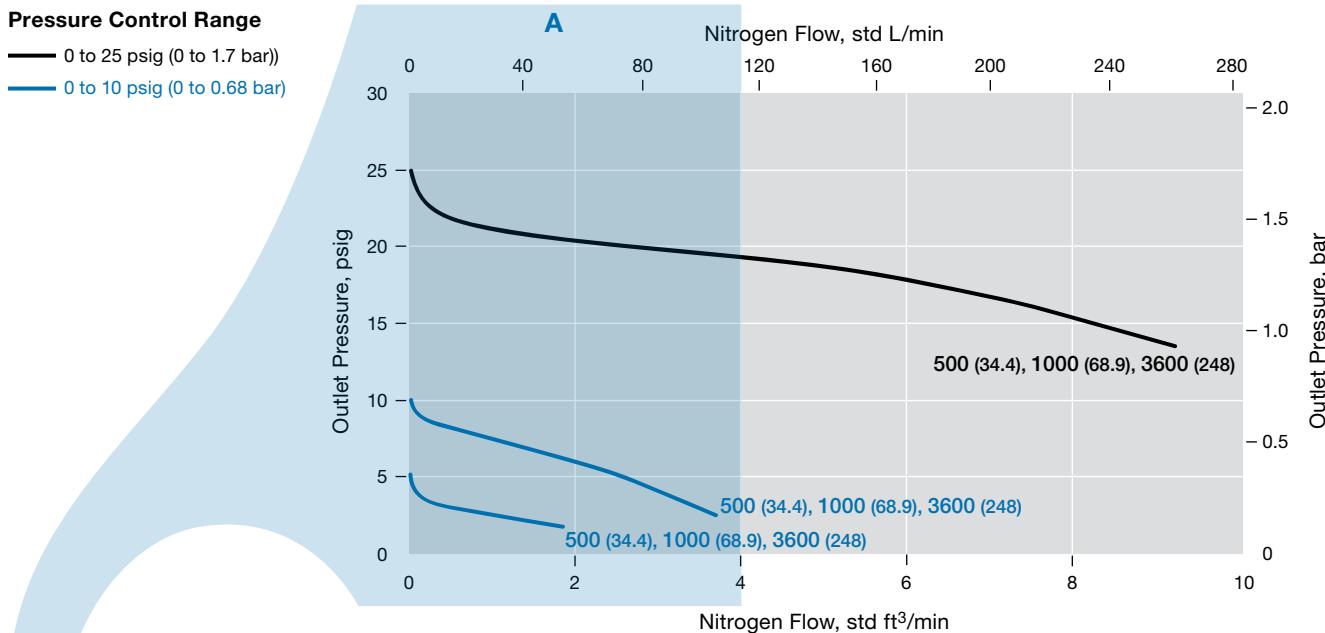


KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

## Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)**



## KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

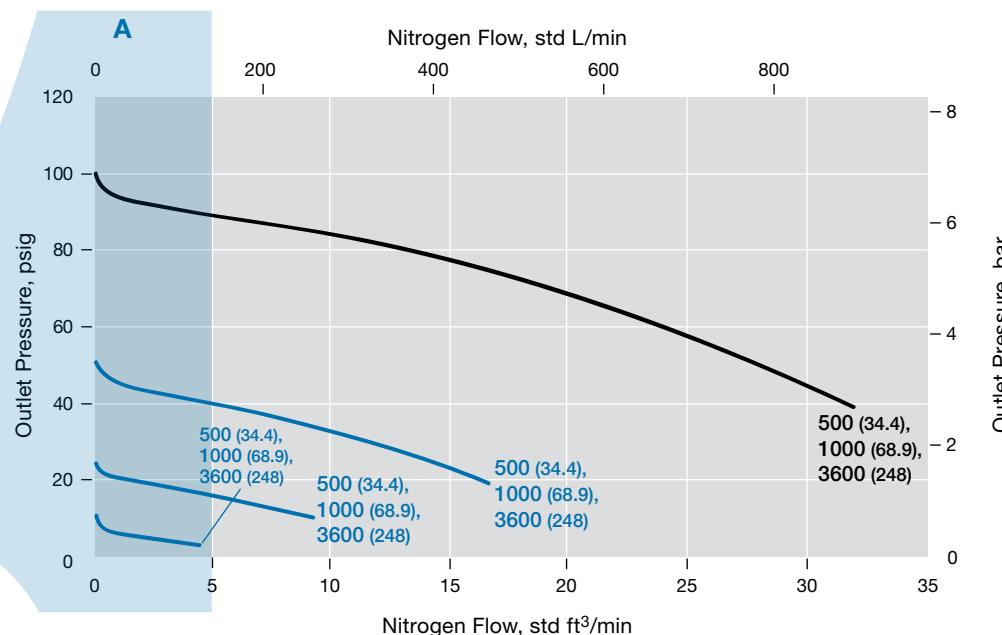
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

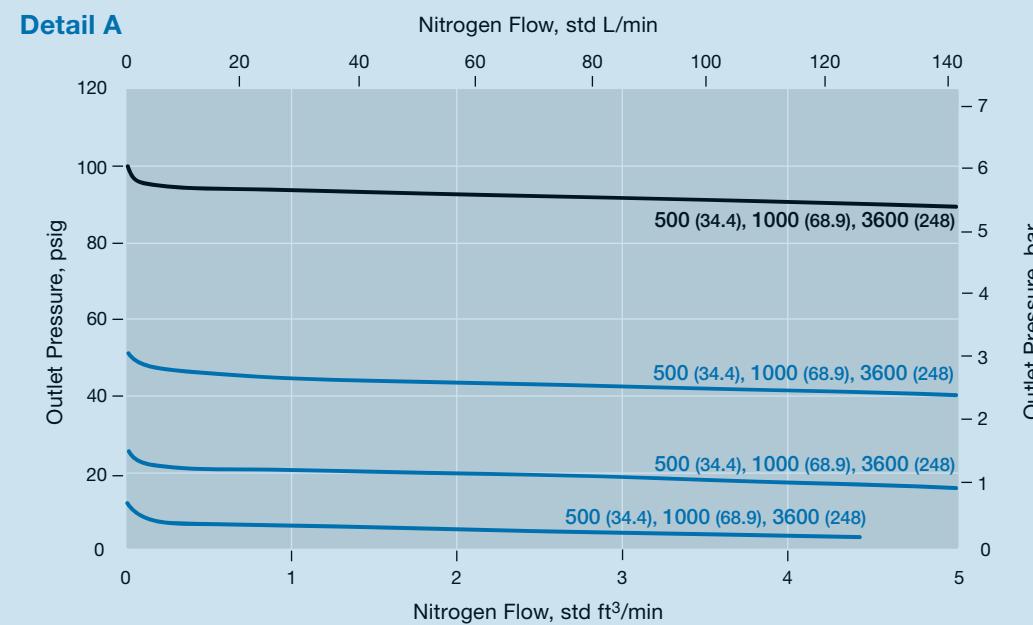
**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



#### Detail A



## KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

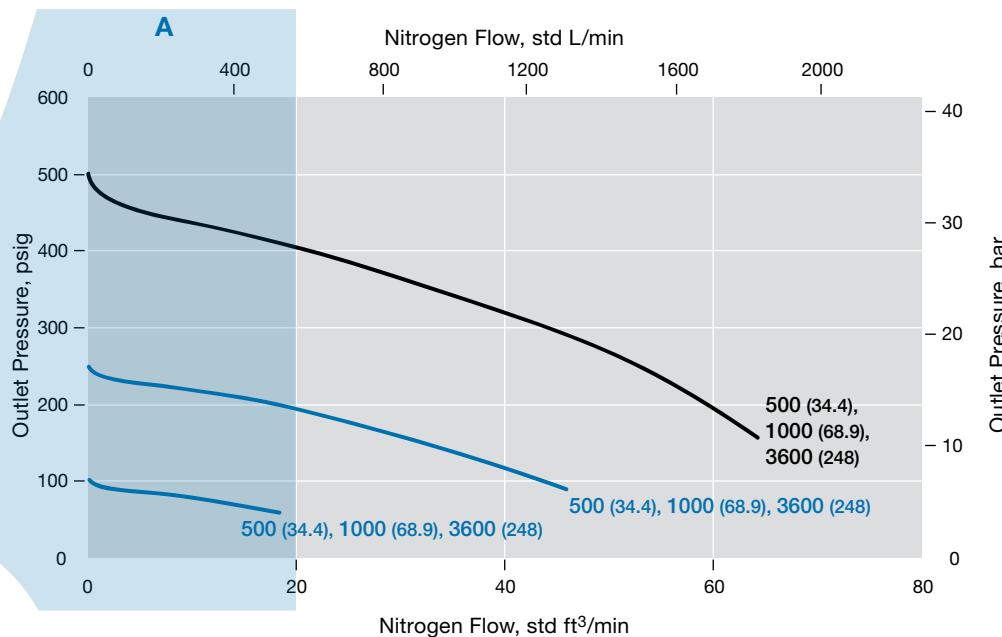
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

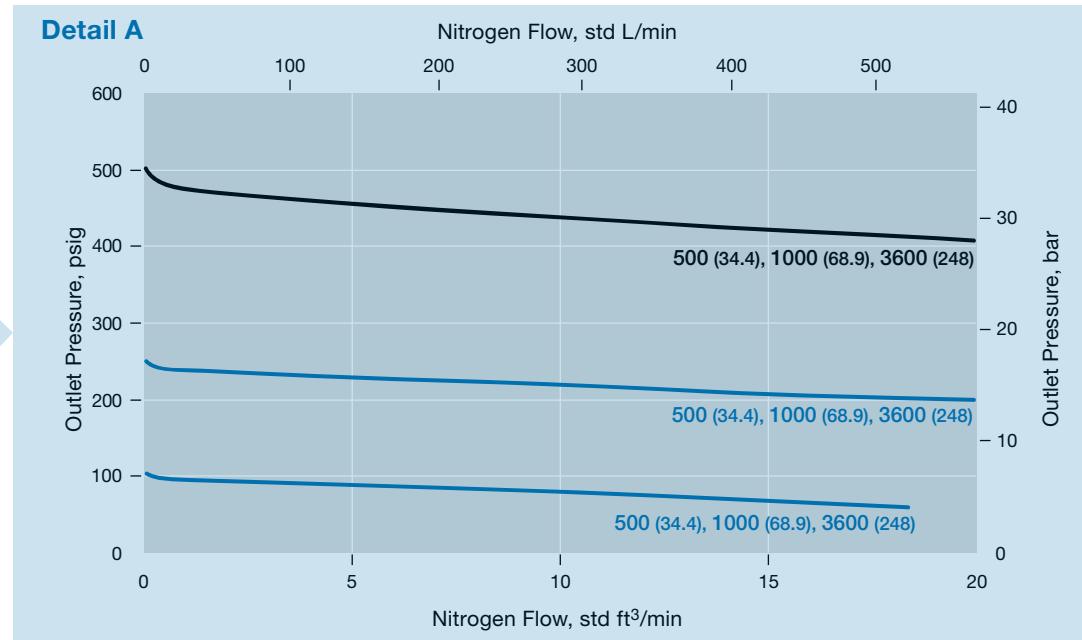
**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)**

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



**Detail A**



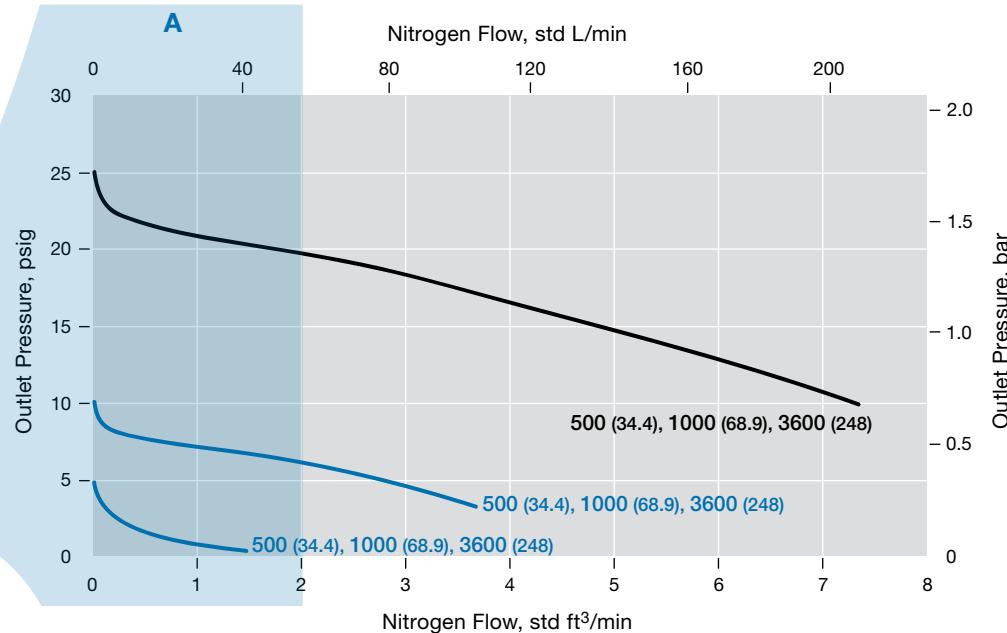
## KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

### Flow Curves

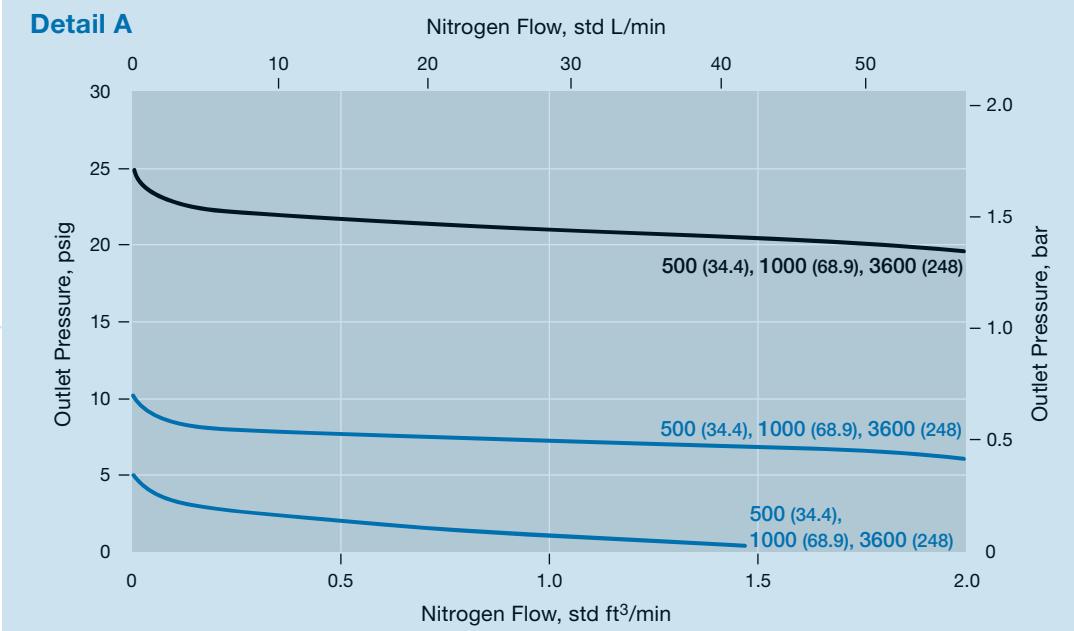
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)**

Pressure Control Range  
 — 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)  
 — 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)



**Detail A**



## KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

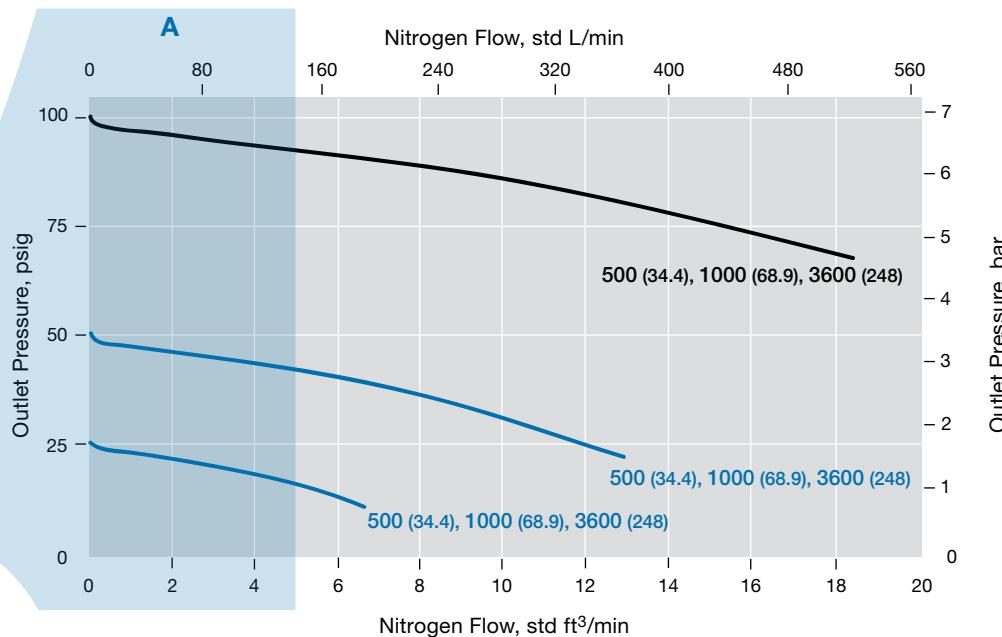
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

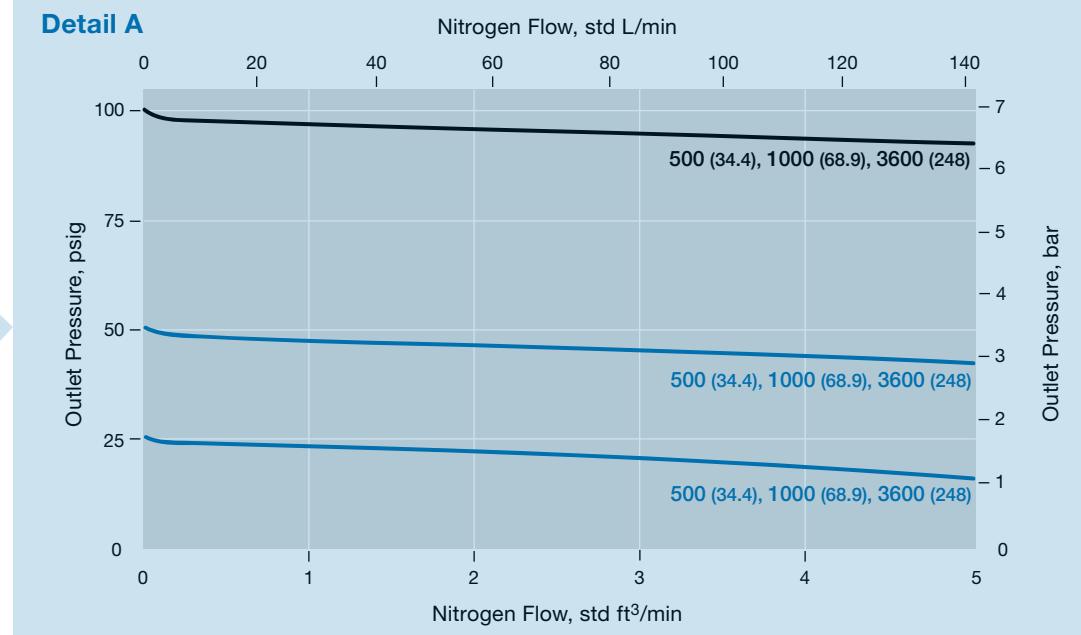
#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



##### Detail A



## KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

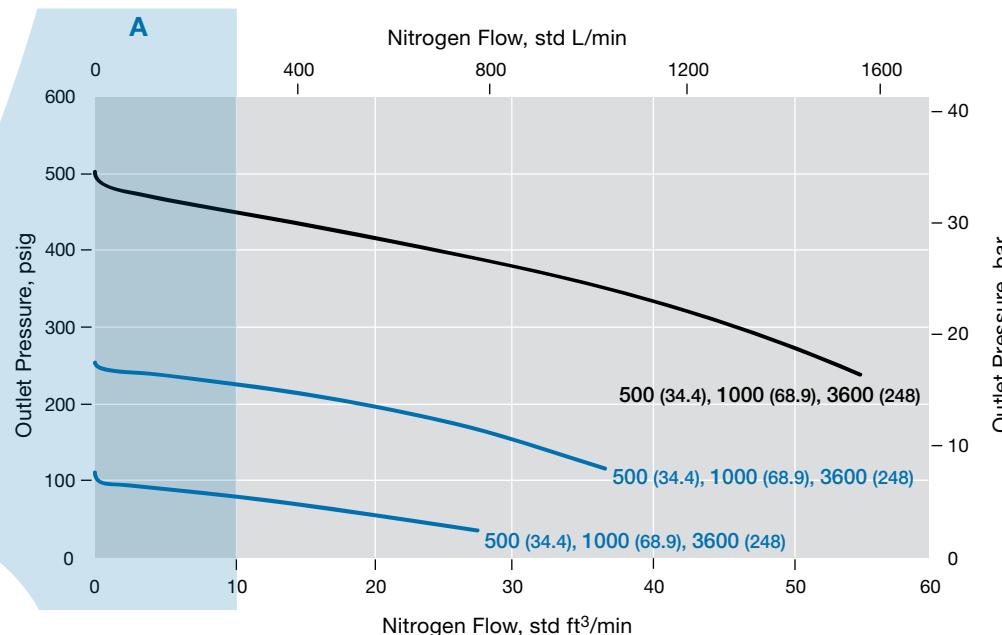
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

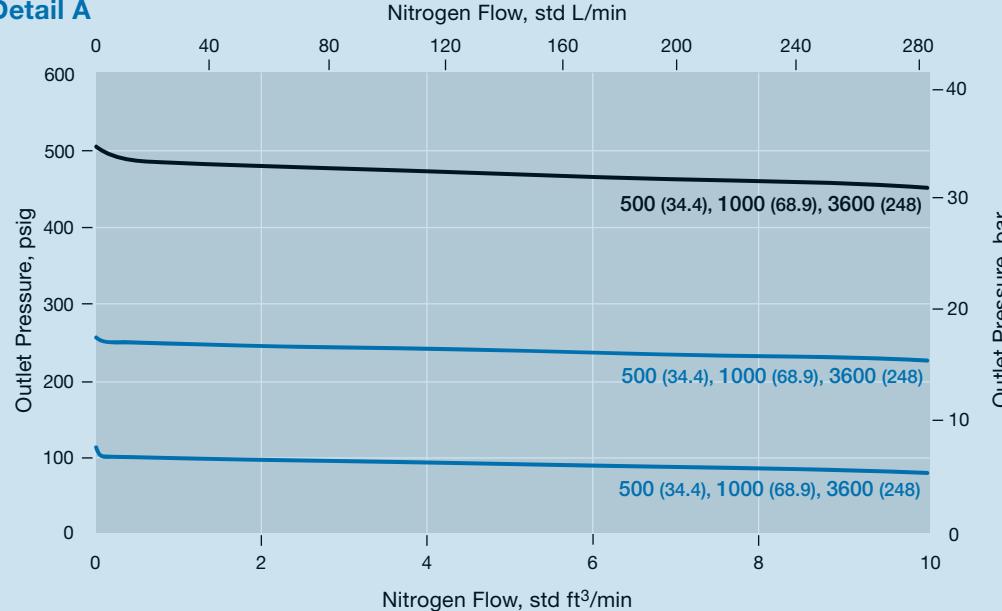
**Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



#### Detail A



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

The KLF series provides high-sensitivity pressure control of gases or liquids with minimum droop in both low-flow and low-pressure applications.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators* catalog, [MS-02-230](#).

### Supply-Pressure Effect

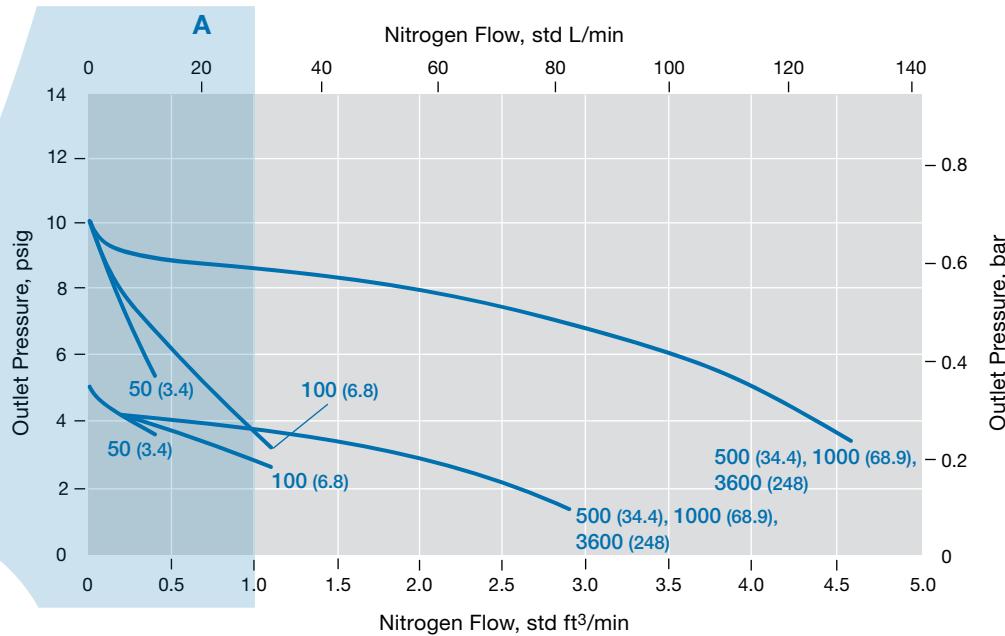
Flow Coefficient ( $C_v$ )	Pressure Control Range	
	Up to 10 psig (0.68 bar)	25 psig (1.7 bar) and Higher
	Supply Pressure Effect, %	
0.02	0.1	0.2
0.06	0.4	0.6
0.20	0.7	0.9
0.50	1.0	1.4

### Flow Curves

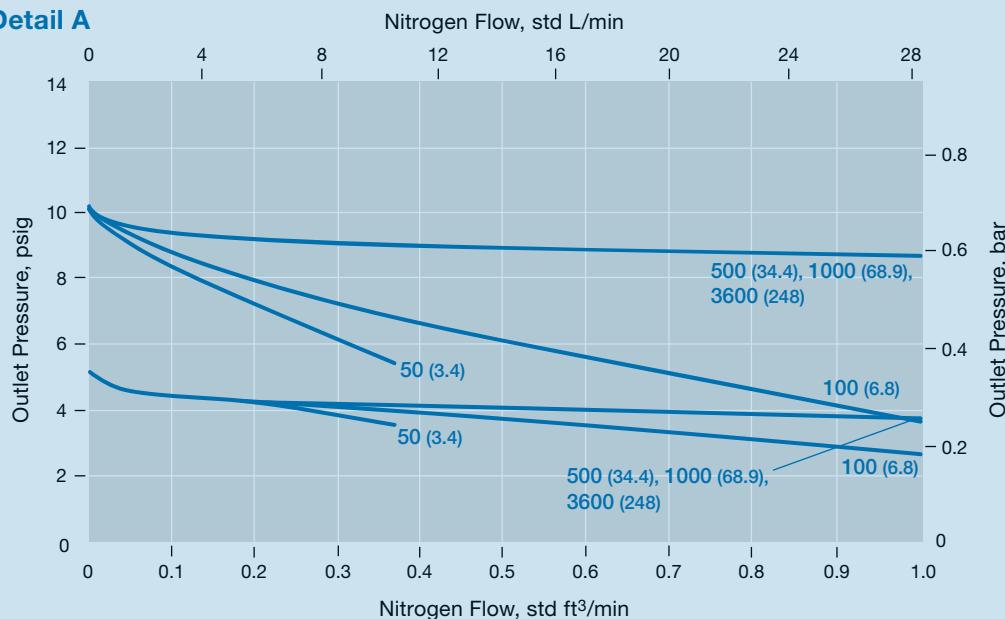
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Range 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

Pressure Control Range  
0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)



Detail A



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

### Flow Curves

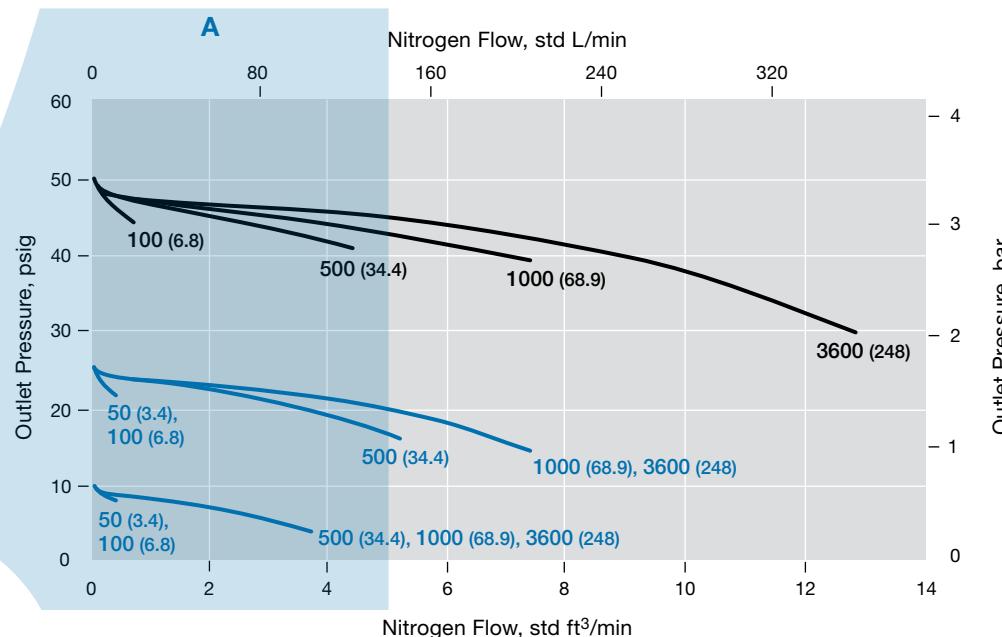
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Range 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar) and 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

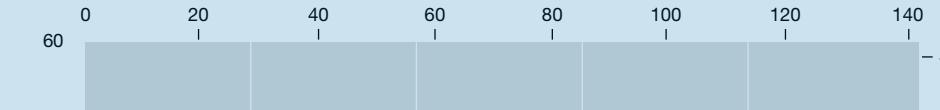
0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)



##### Detail A

##### Nitrogen Flow, std L/min



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

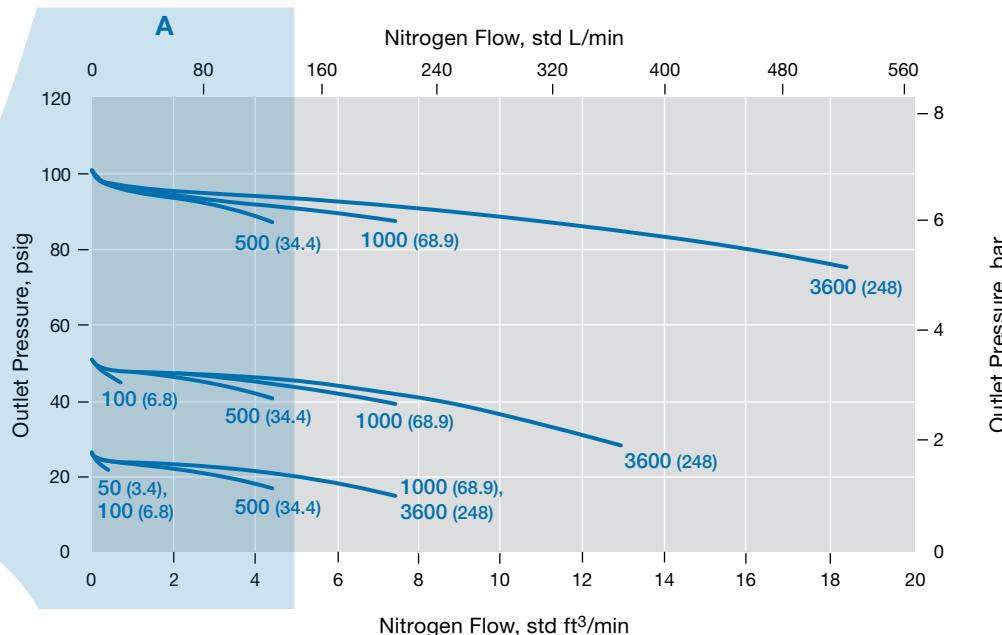
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

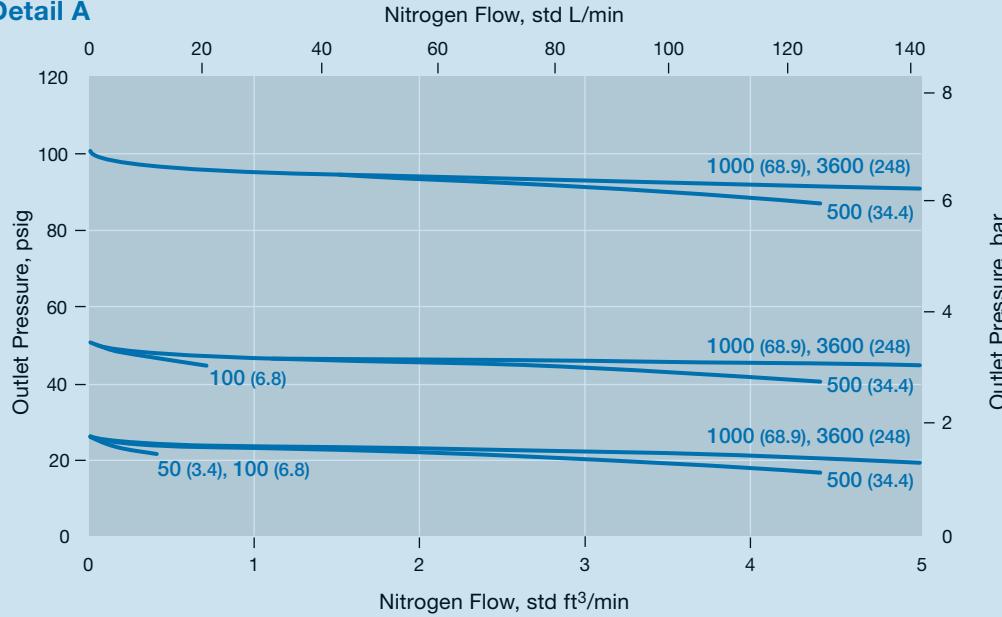
#### Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)



##### Detail A



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

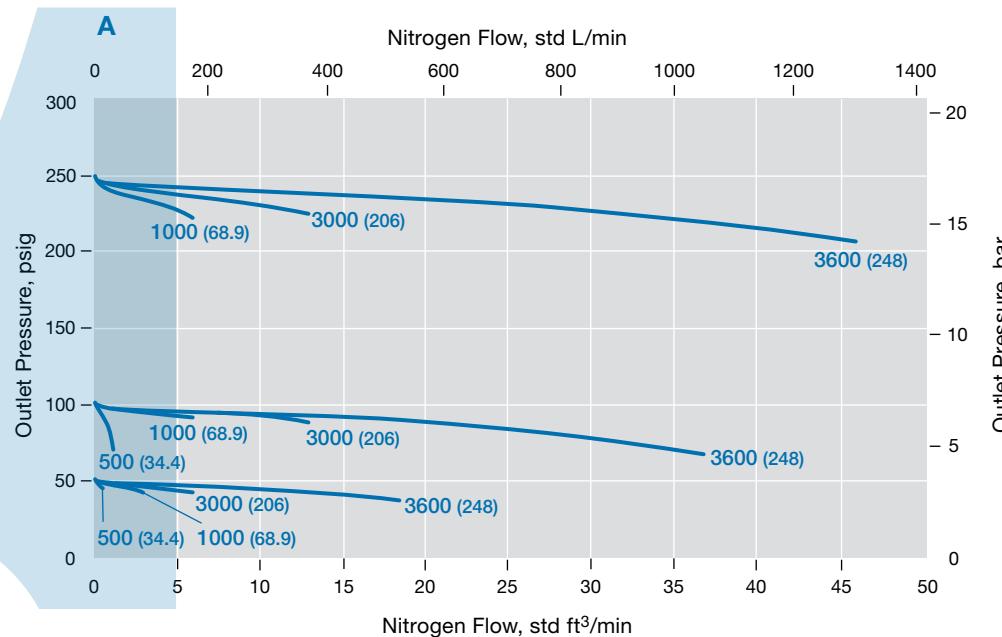
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

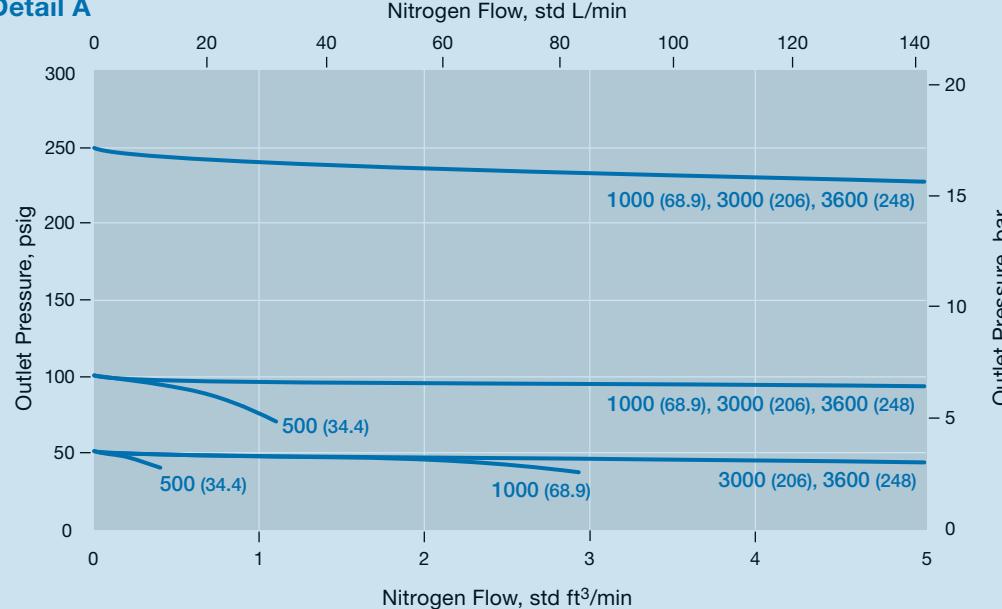
#### Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



##### Detail A



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

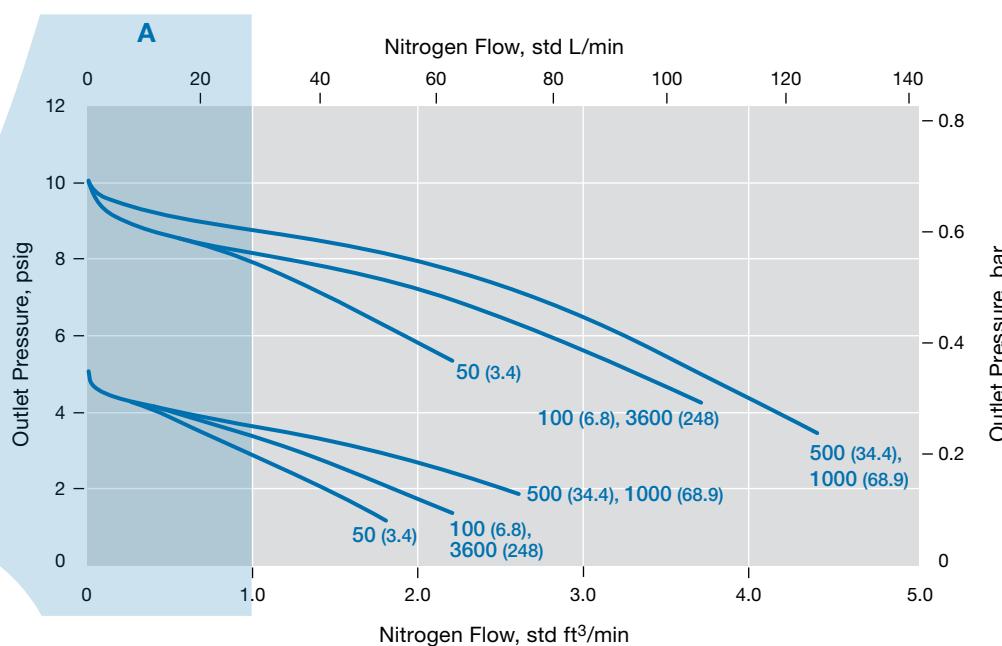
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

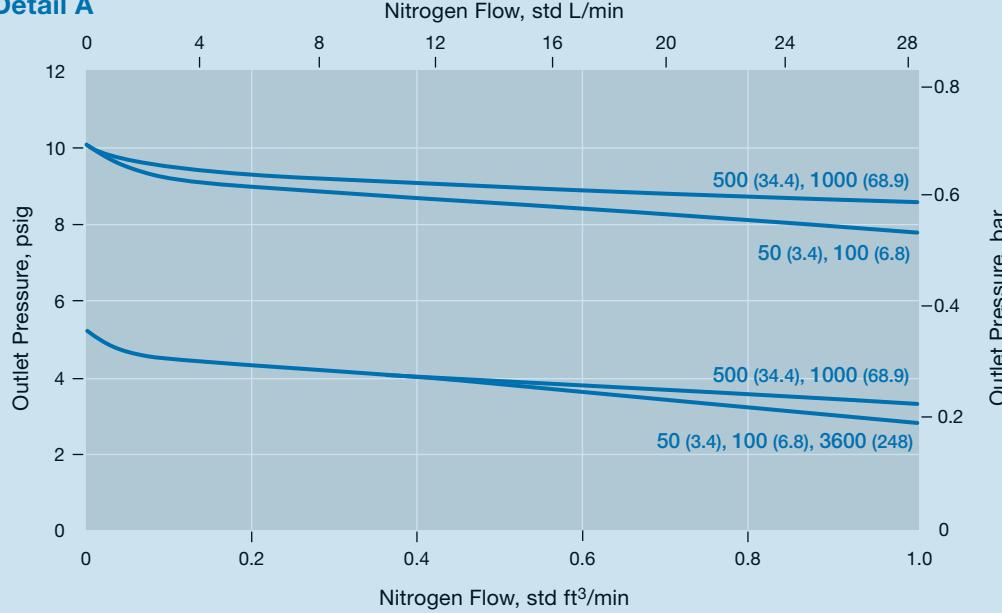
#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)



##### Detail A

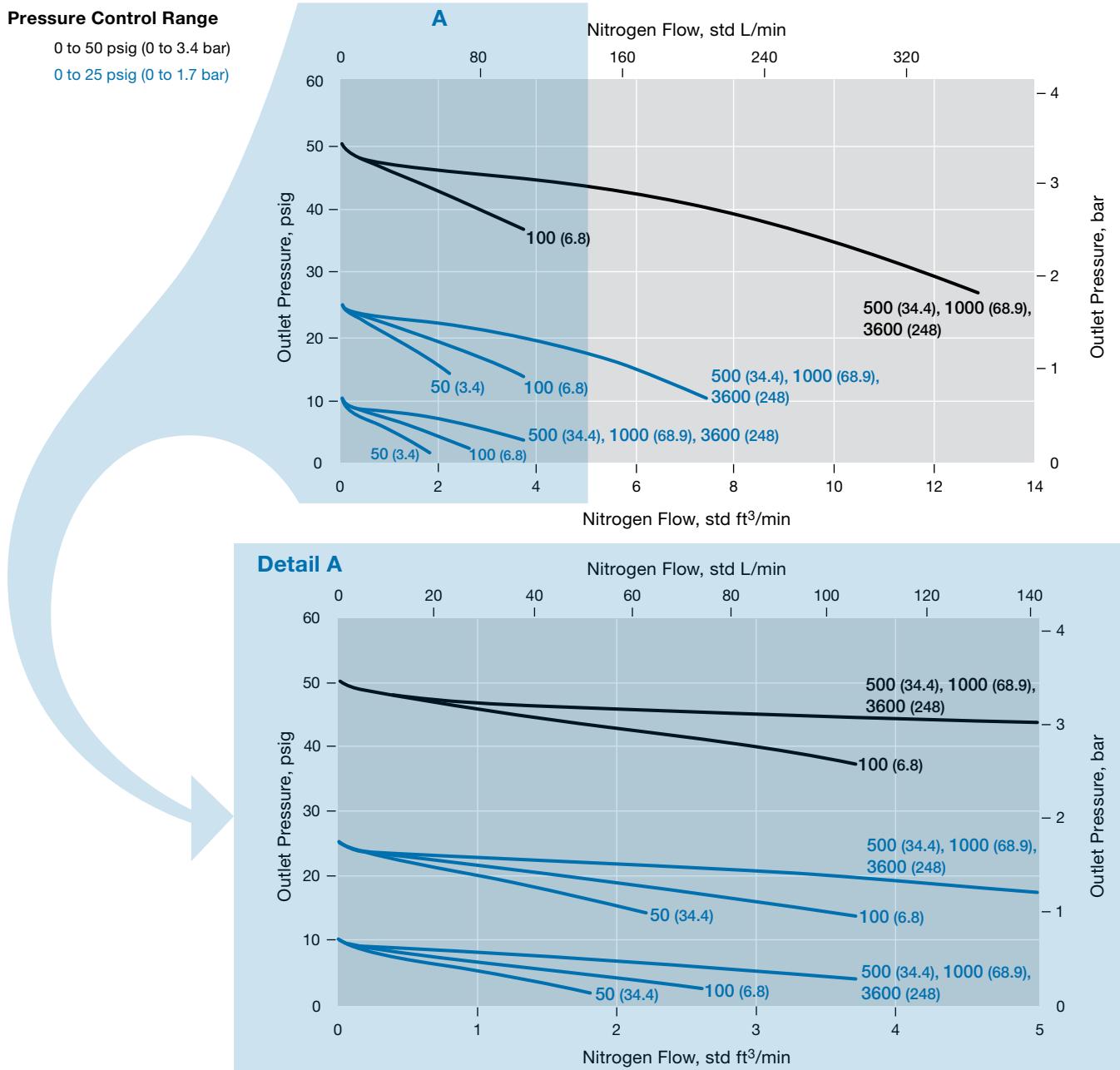


## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

## Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar) and 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)**



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

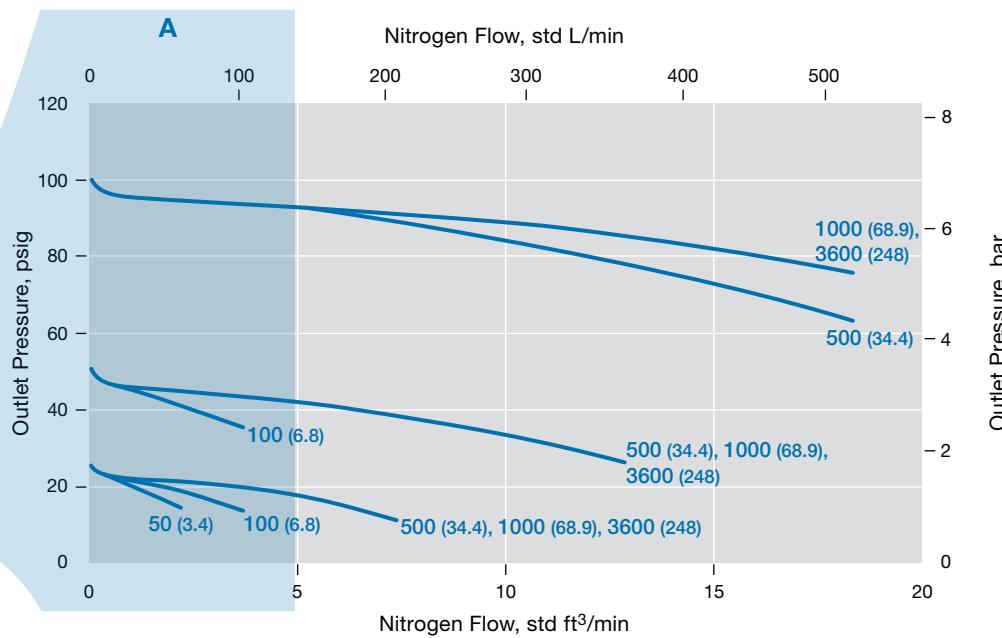
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

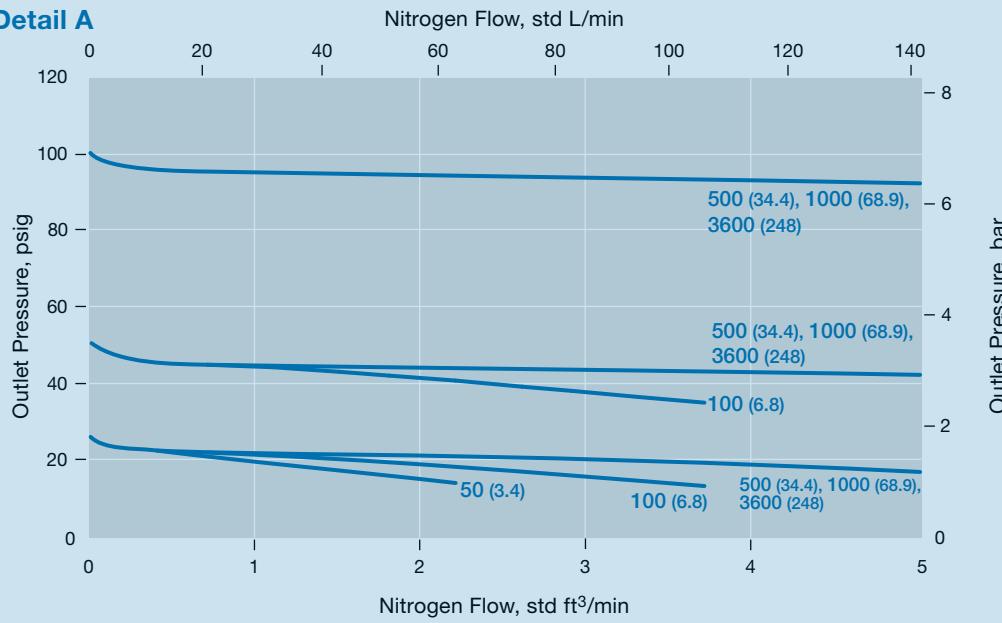
#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)



##### Detail A



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

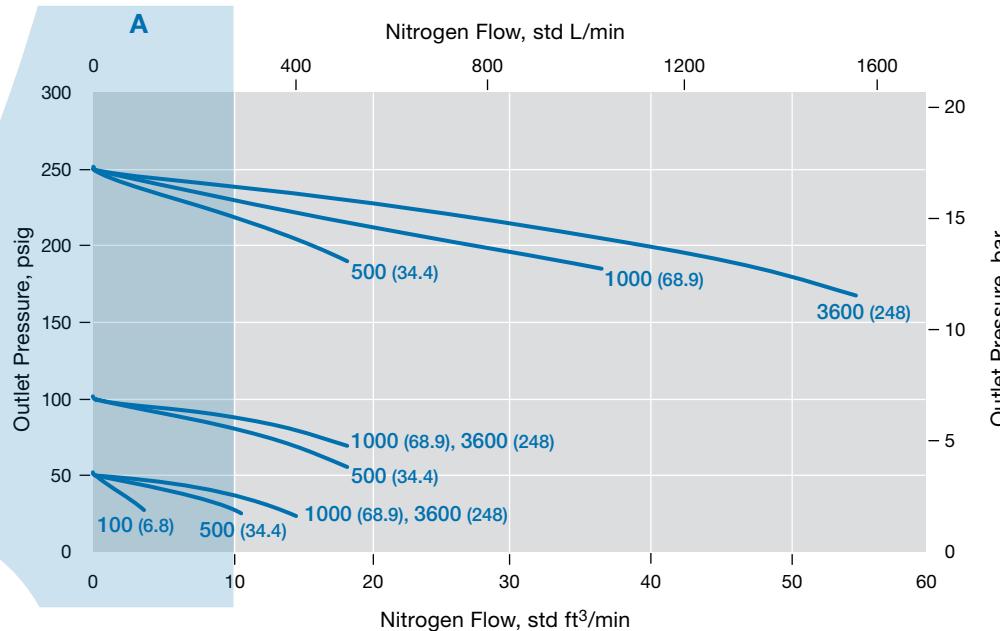
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

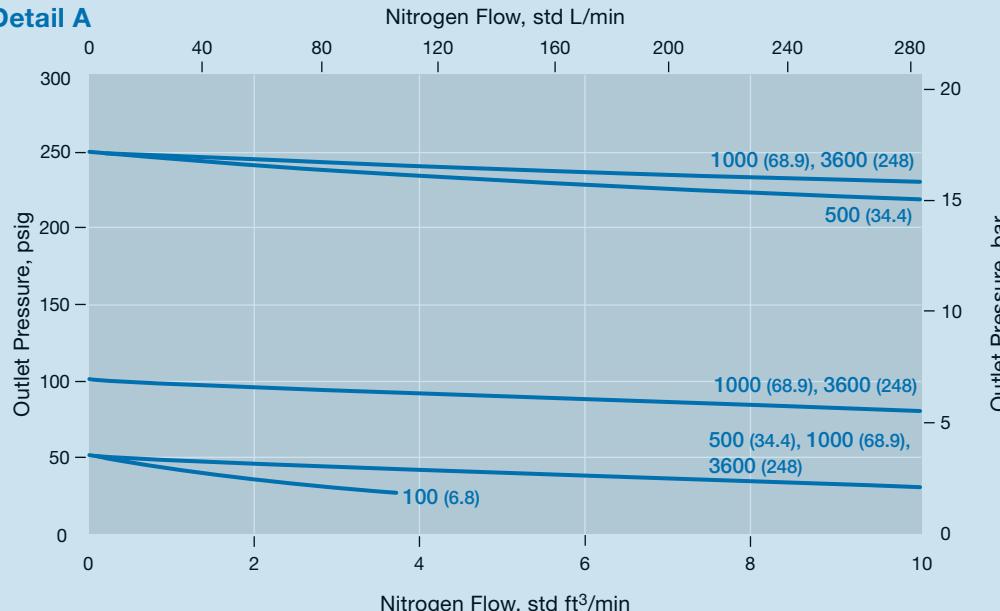
#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



##### Detail A



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

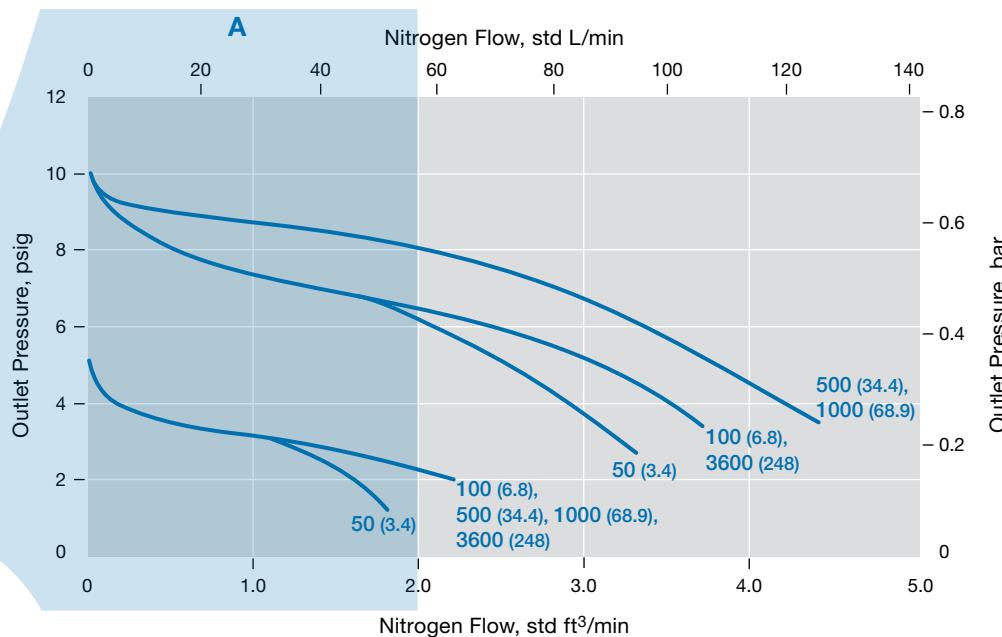
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

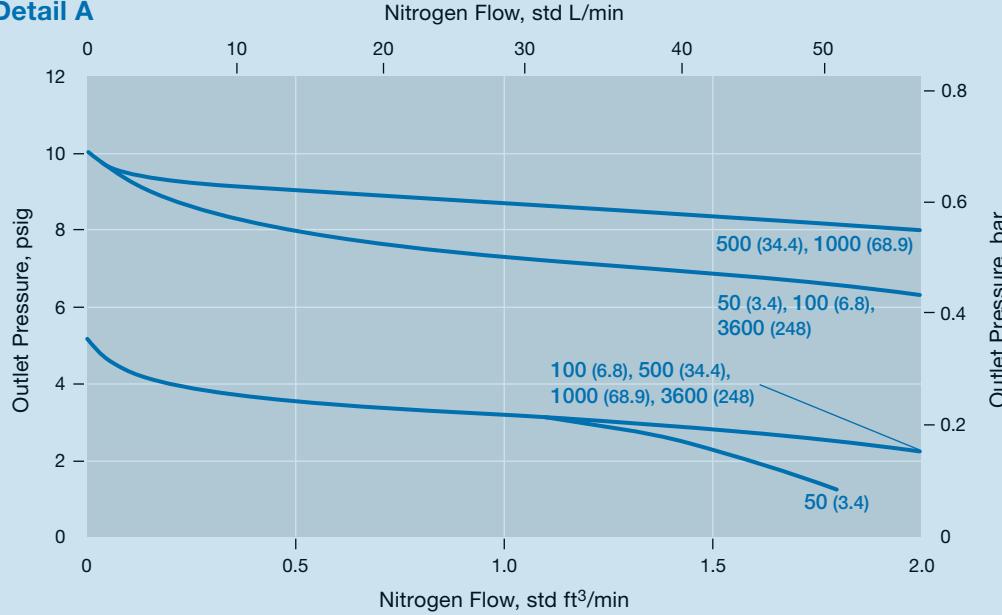
#### Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)



##### Detail A



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

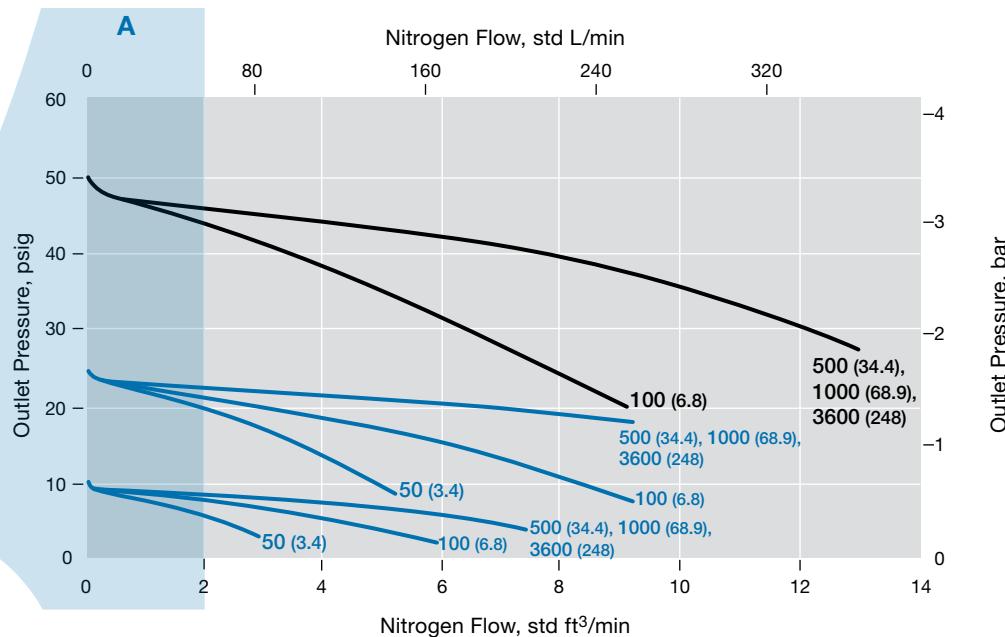
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

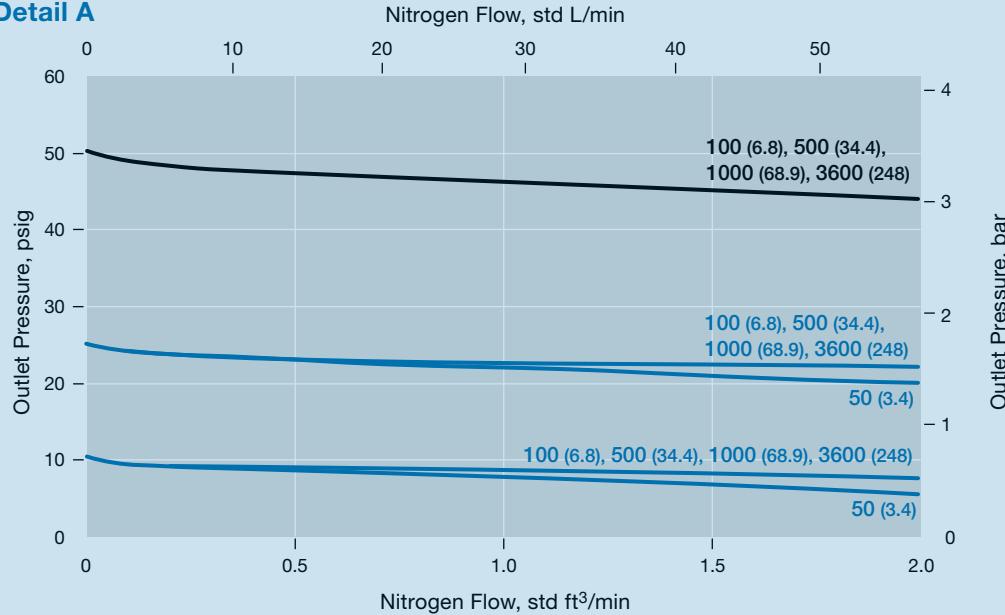
**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar) and 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)  
0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)



#### Detail A



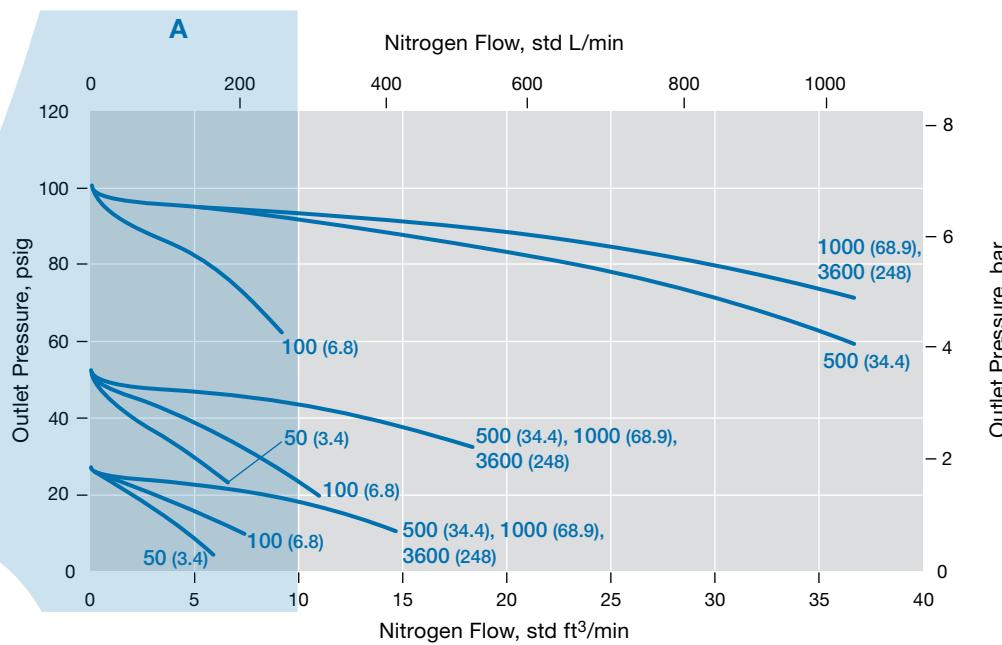
## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

### Flow Curves

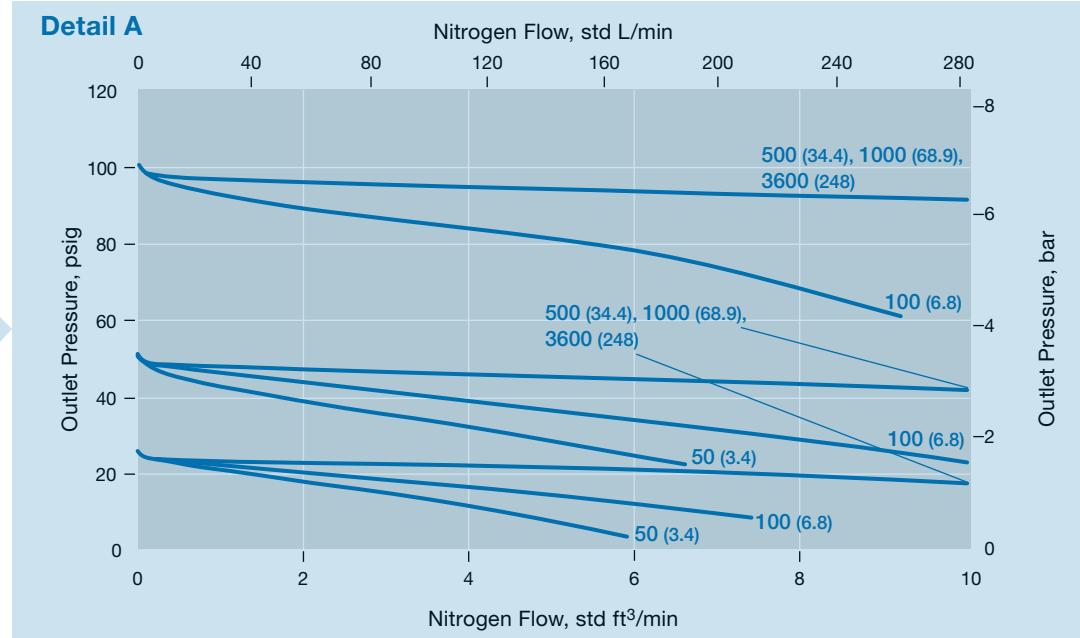
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)

Pressure Control Range  
— 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)



Detail A



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

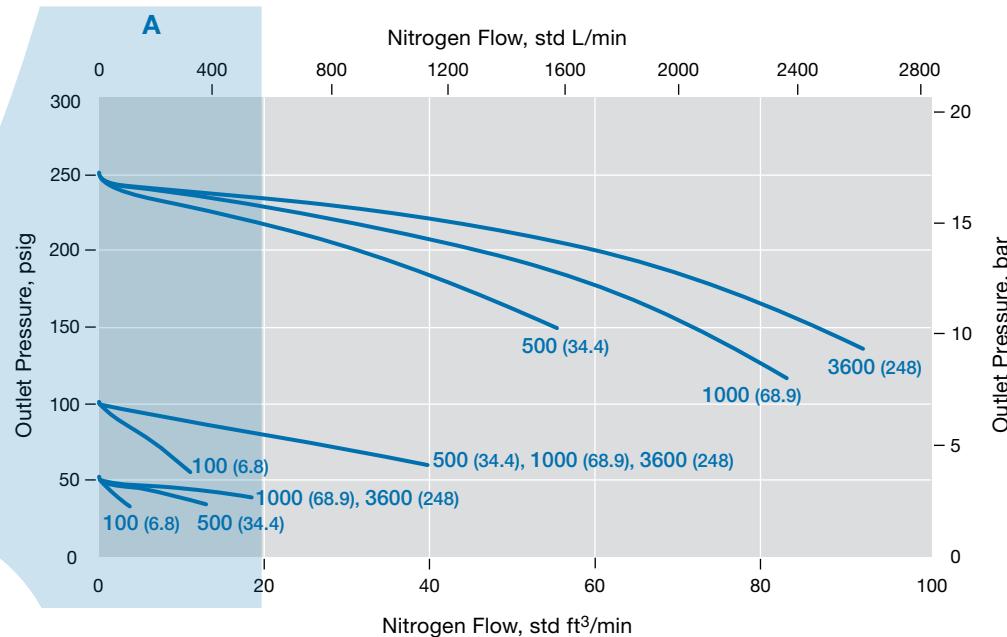
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

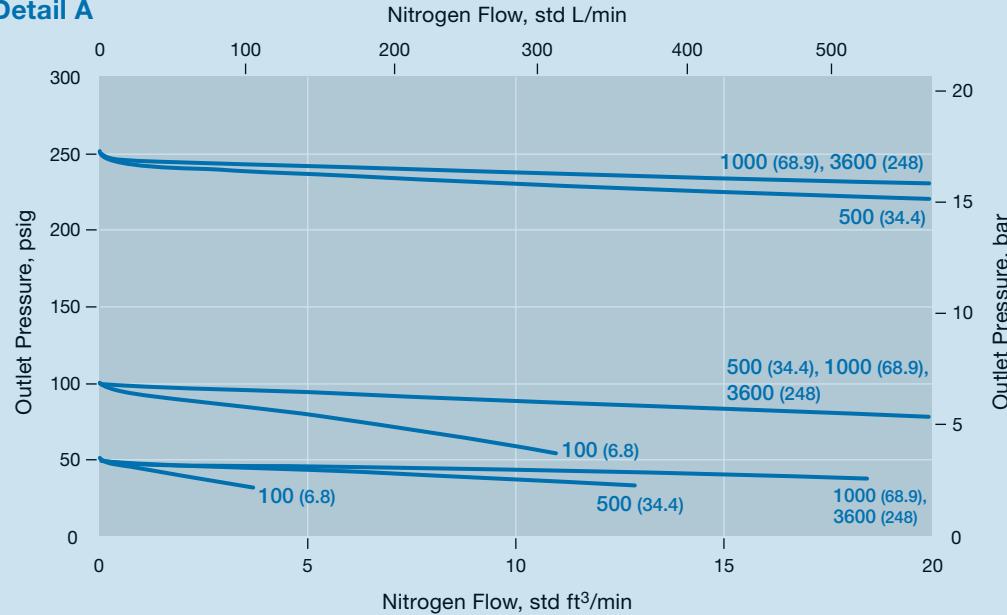
#### Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



##### Detail A



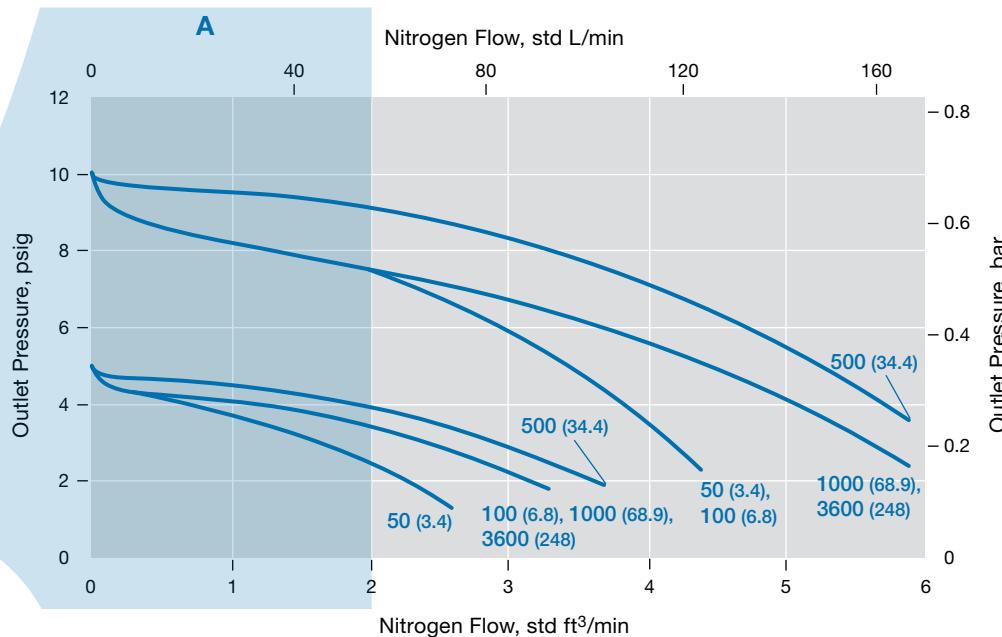
## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

### Flow Curves

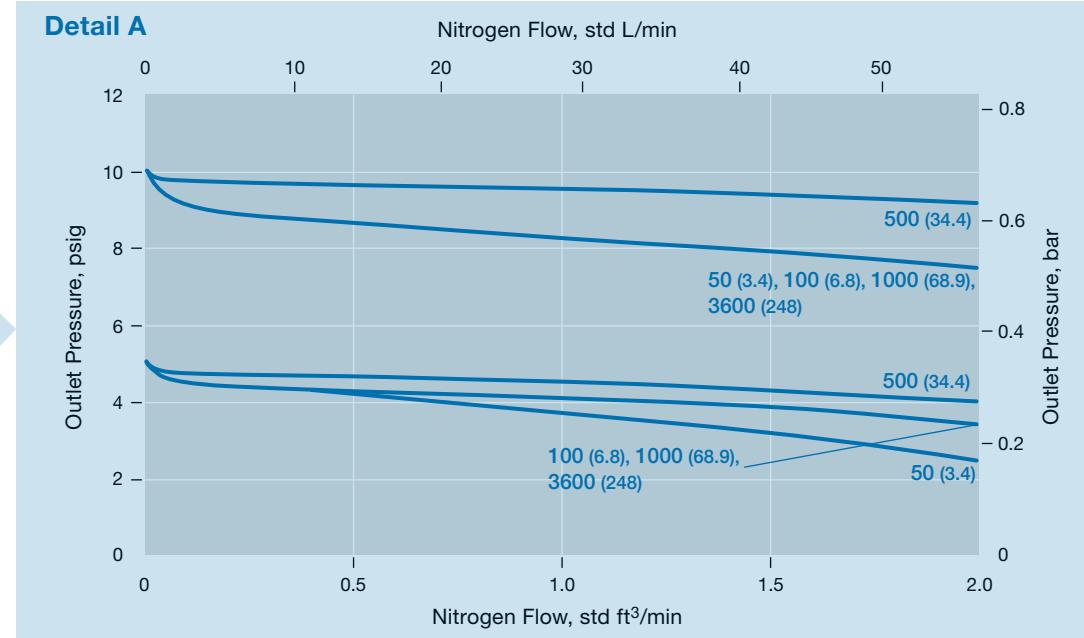
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

Pressure Control Range  
0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)



Detail A



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

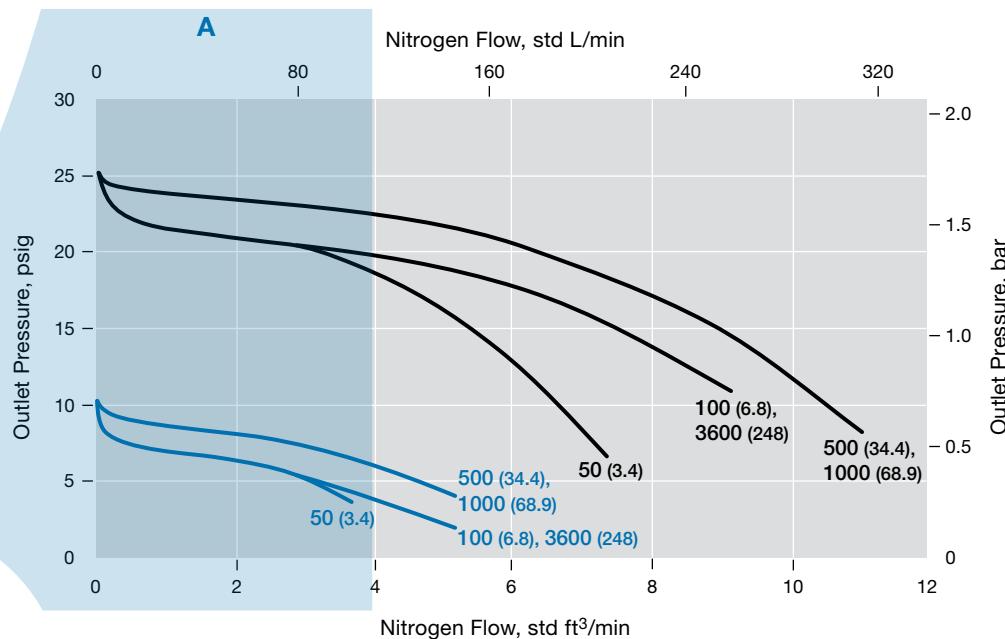
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

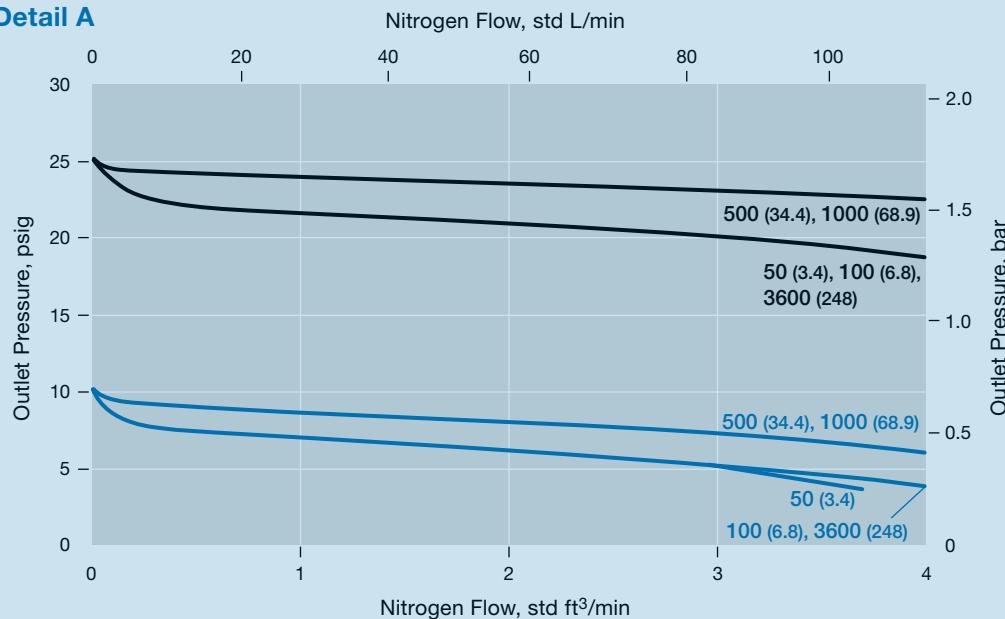
#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar) and 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
- 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)



##### Detail A



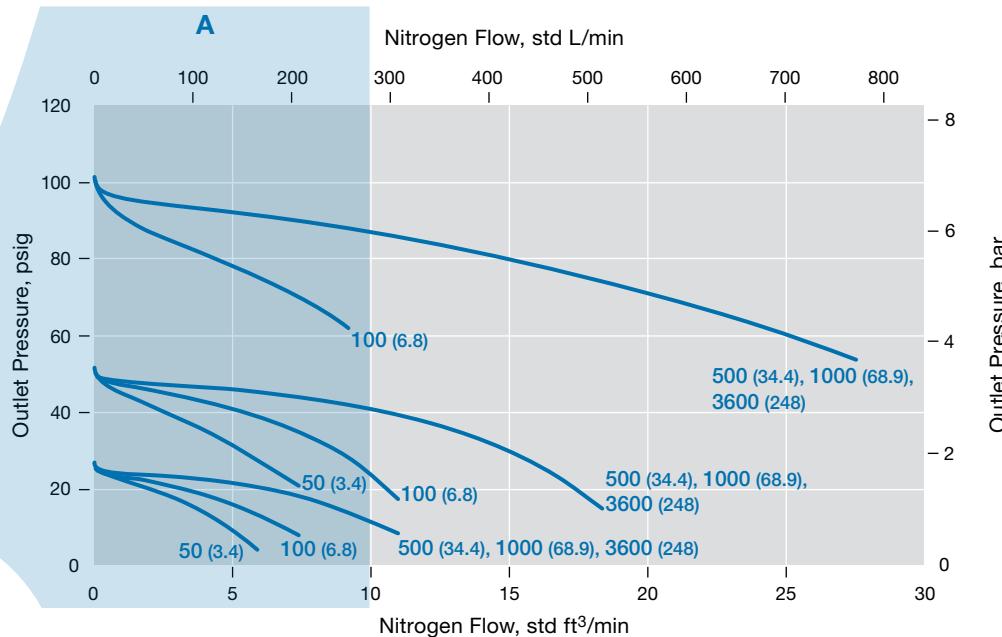
## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

### Flow Curves

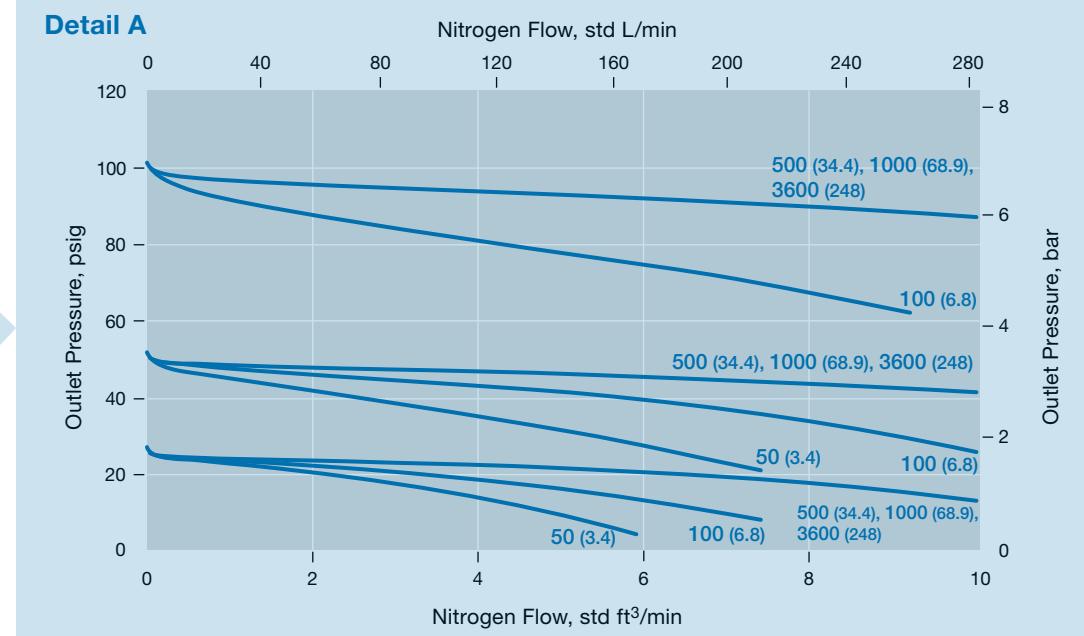
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)

**Pressure Control Range**  
0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)



**Detail A**



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

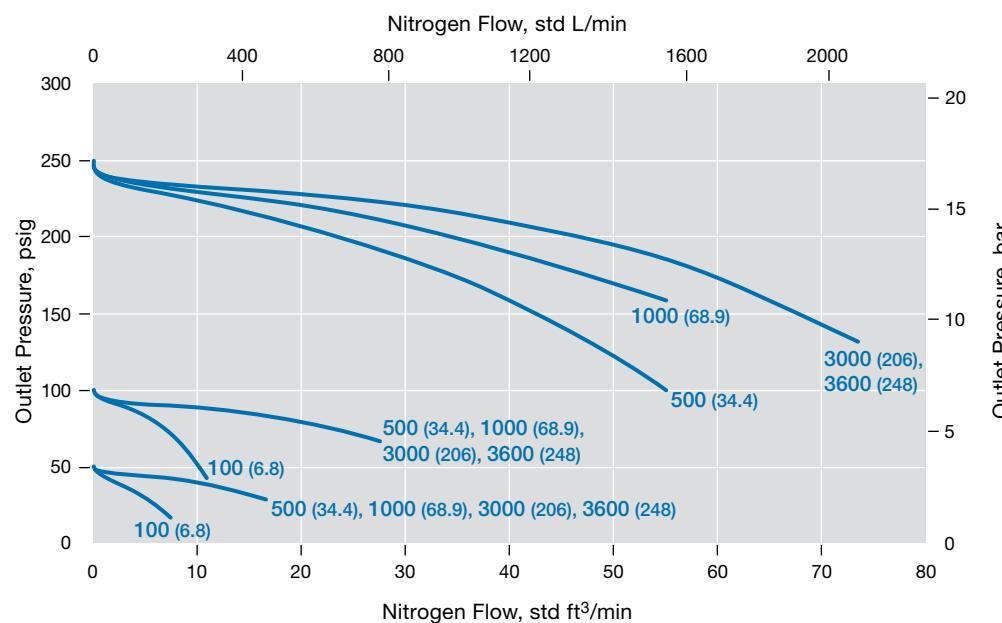
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### **Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)**

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



## KHF Series High-Flow, High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

The KHF series combines the high-flow capabilities— $1.0 C_v$ —of a bulk distribution regulator with the high sensitivity and accuracy of a point-of-use regulator.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators* catalog, [MS-02-230](#).

### Supply-Pressure Effect

Flow Coefficient ( $C_v$ )	Pressure Control Range	
	Up to 50 psig (3.4 bar)	100 psig (6.8 bar) and Higher
Supply Pressure Effect, %		
1.0	0.3	0.4

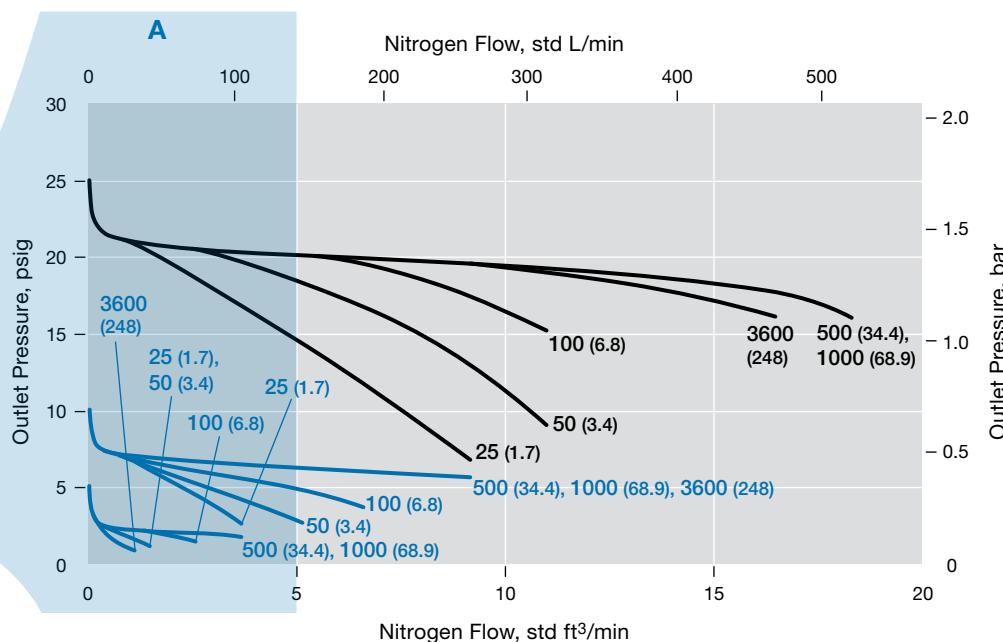
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

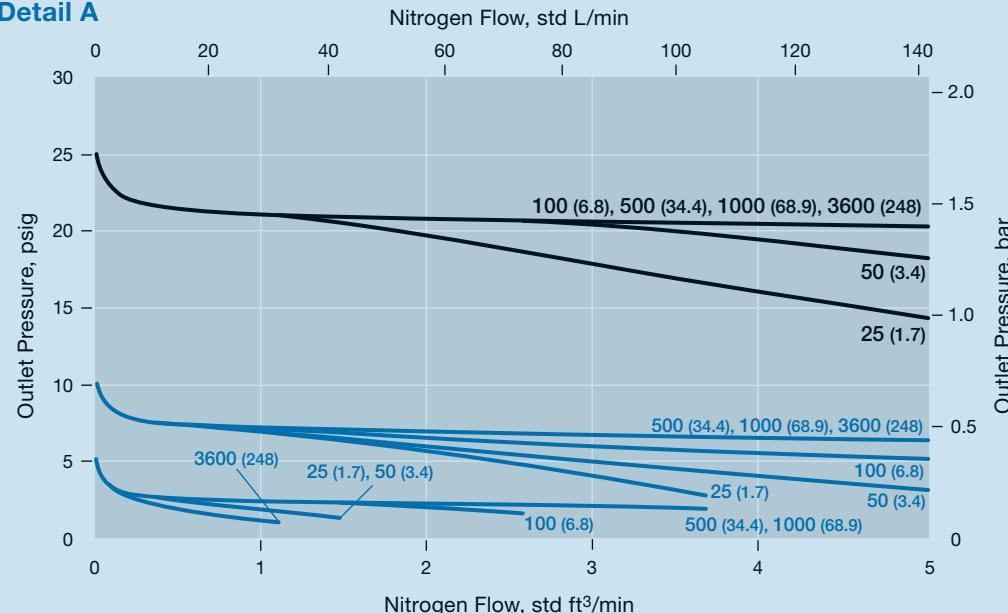
#### Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
- 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)



##### Detail A



## KHF Series High-Flow, High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

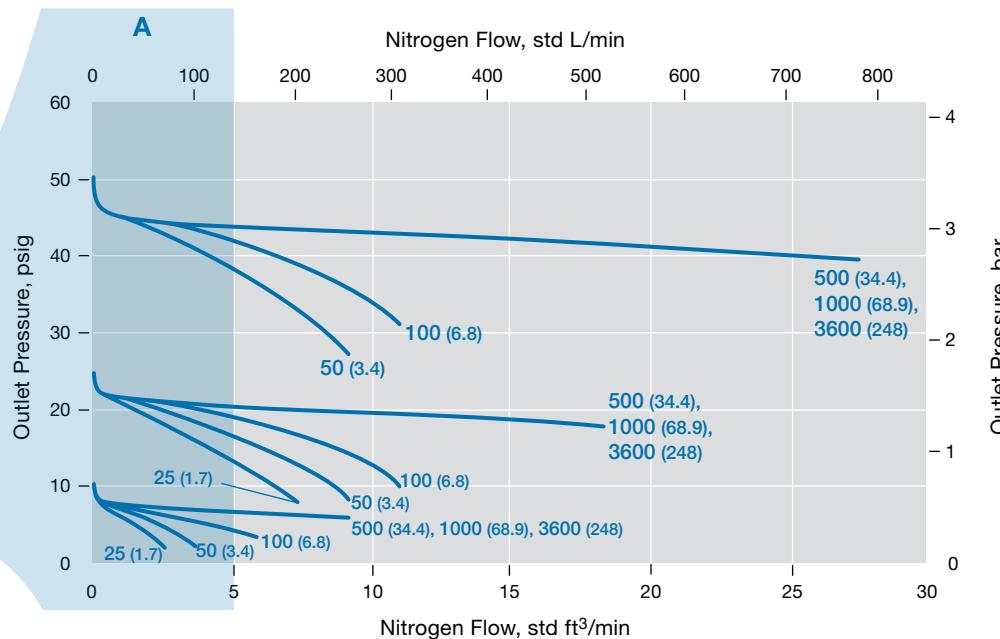
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

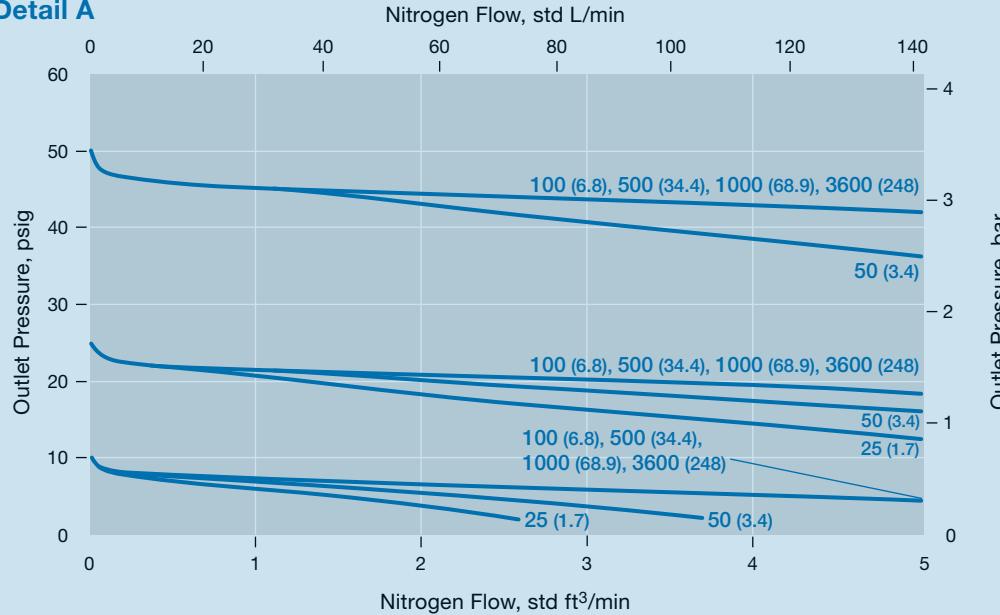
#### Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Range 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



##### Detail A



## KHF Series High-Flow, High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

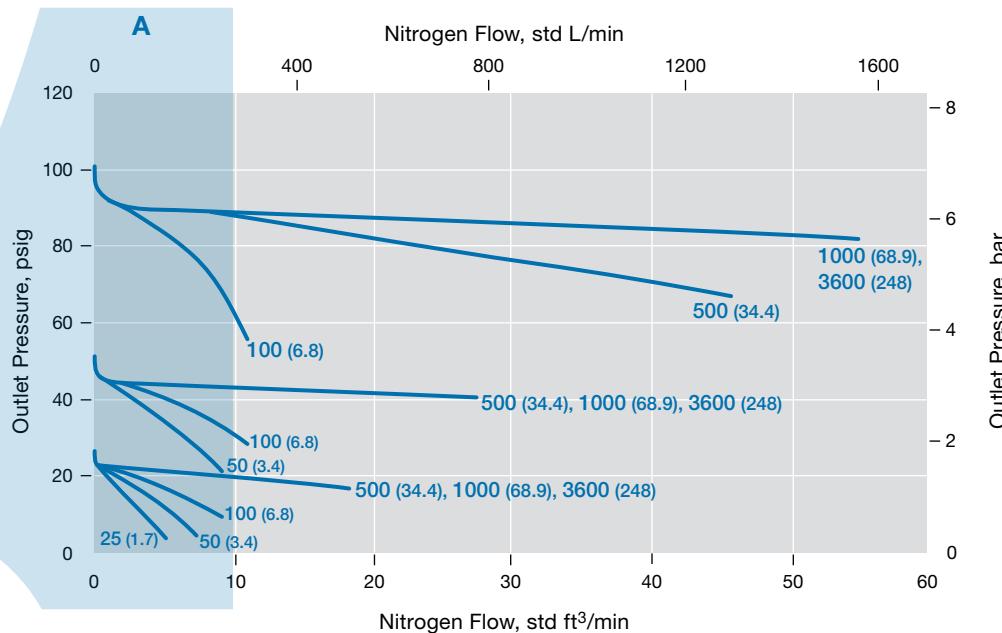
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

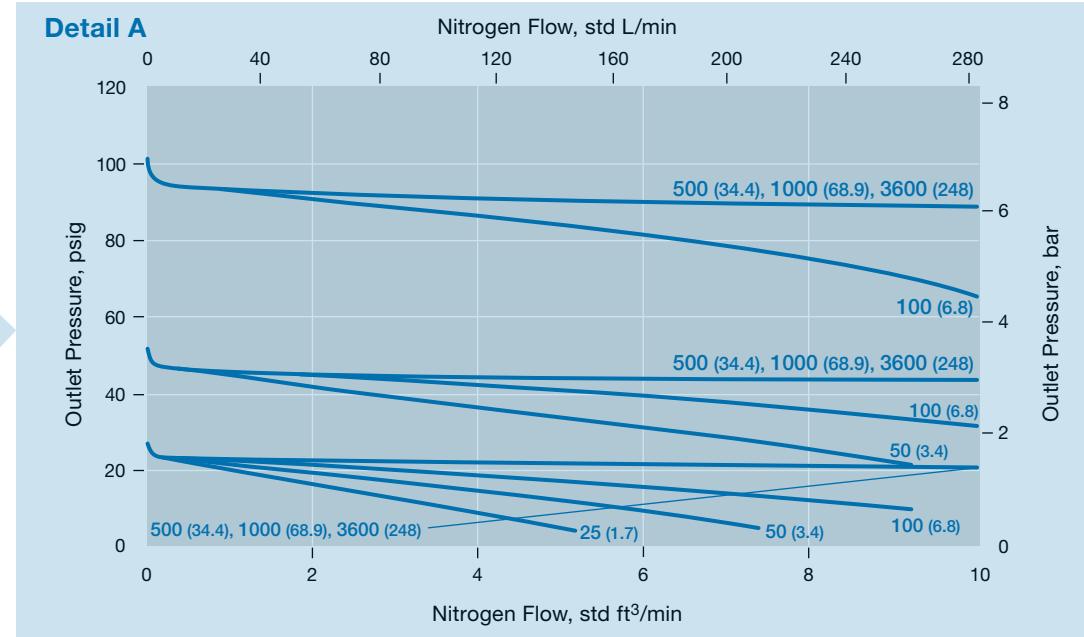
#### Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)



##### Detail A



## KHF Series High-Flow, High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

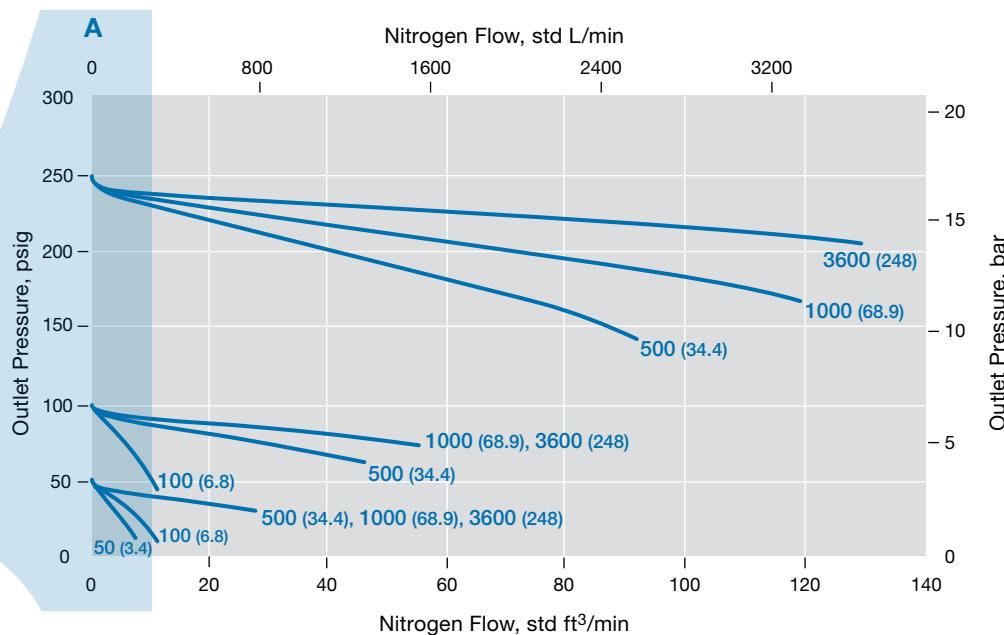
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

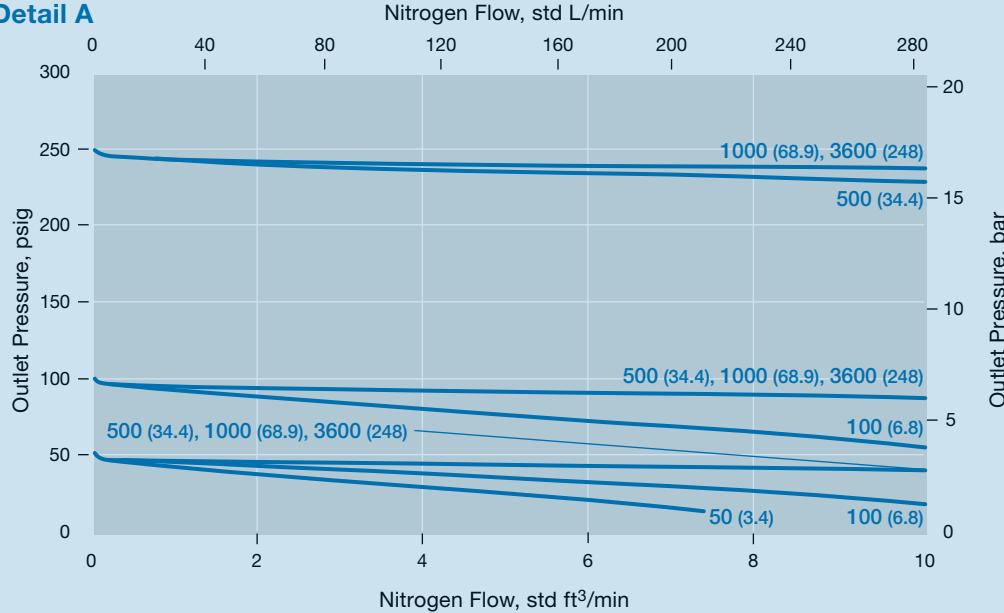
#### Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



##### Detail A



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

The KCP series is a compact, piston-sensing pressure regulator with a short stroke to minimize wear in high-cycling applications.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators* catalog, [MS-02-230](#).

### Supply-Pressure Effect

Flow Coefficient ( $C_v$ )	Pressure Control Range	
	Up to 250 psig (17.2 bar)	500 psig (34.4 bar) and Higher
Supply Pressure Effect, %		
0.02	0.4	2.6
0.06	1.3	8.6
0.20	2.1	14.5
0.50	3.0	22.6

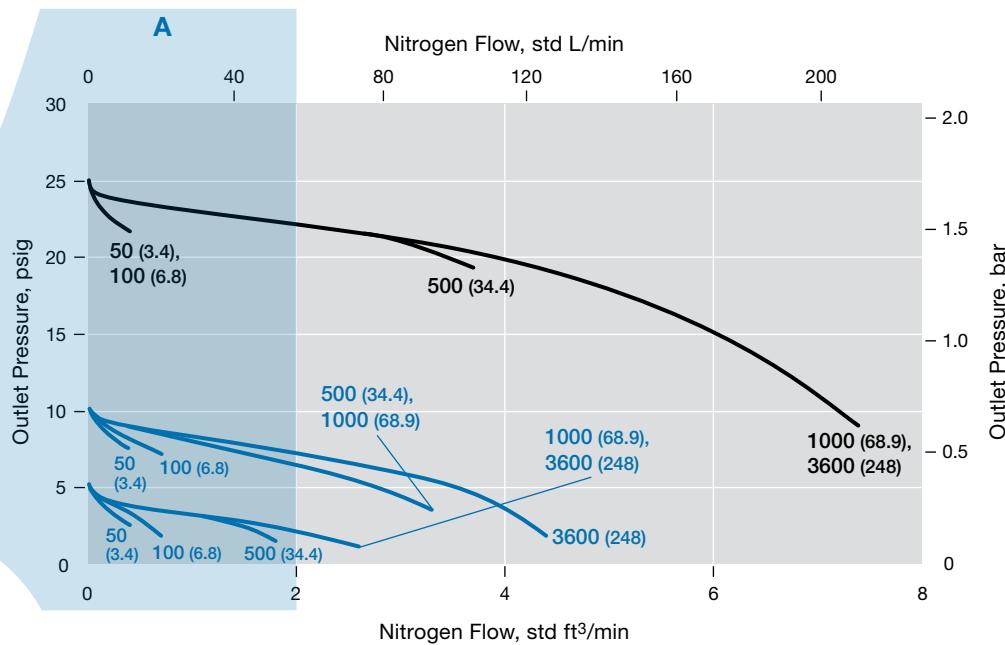
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

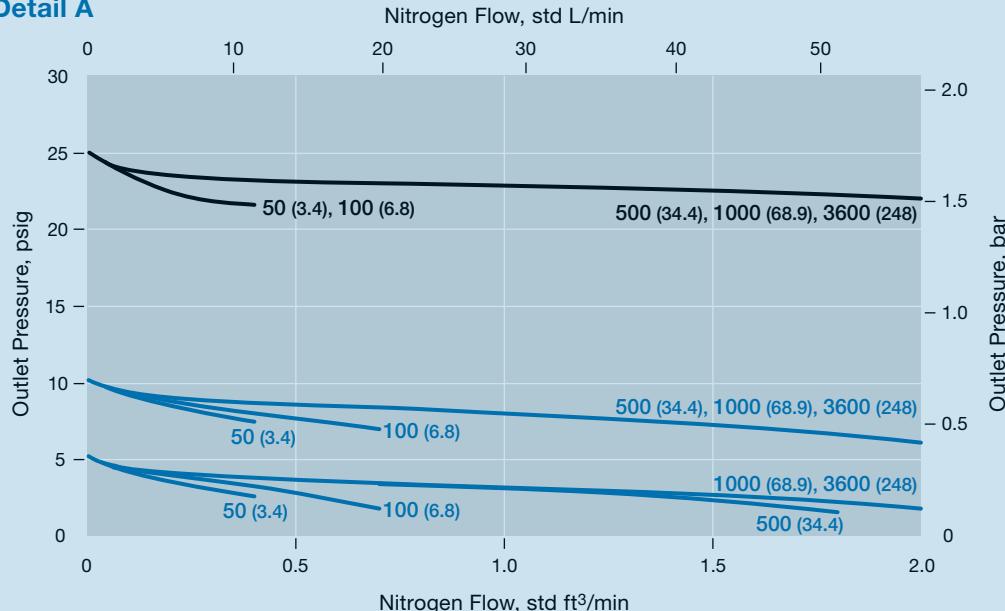
#### Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
- 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)



Detail A



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

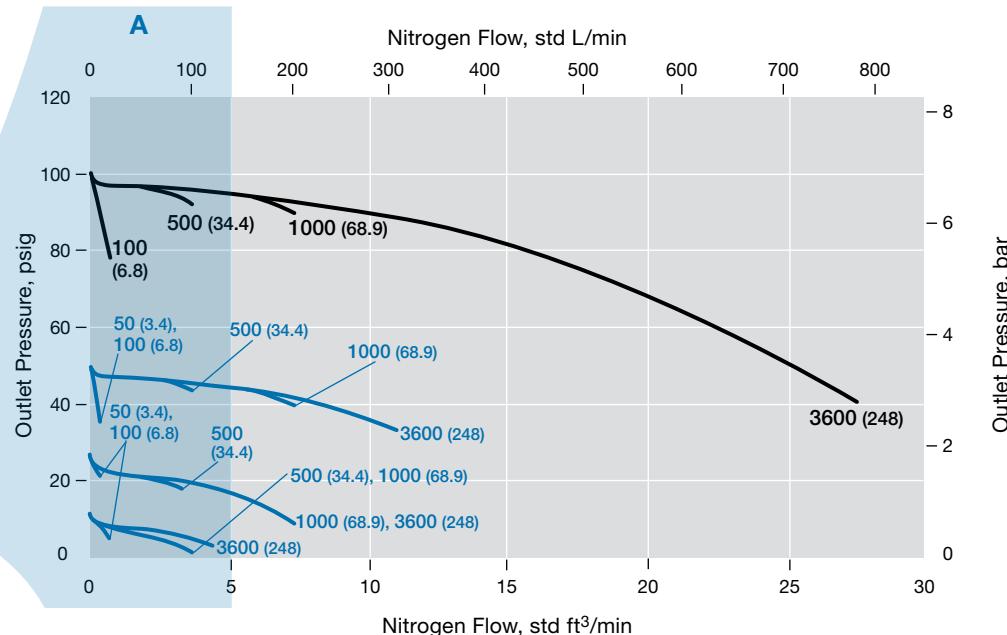
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

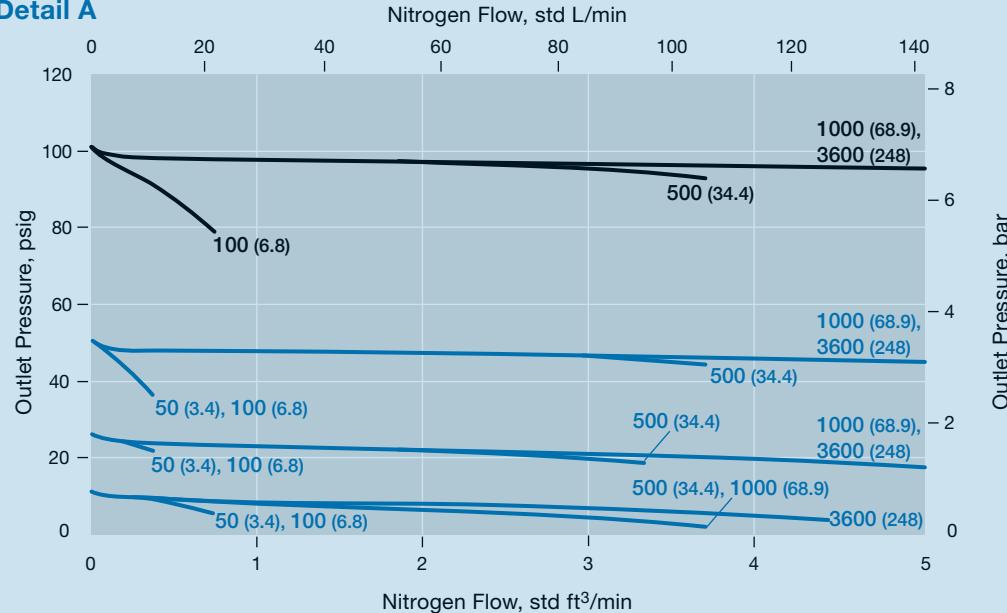
#### Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



##### Detail A



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

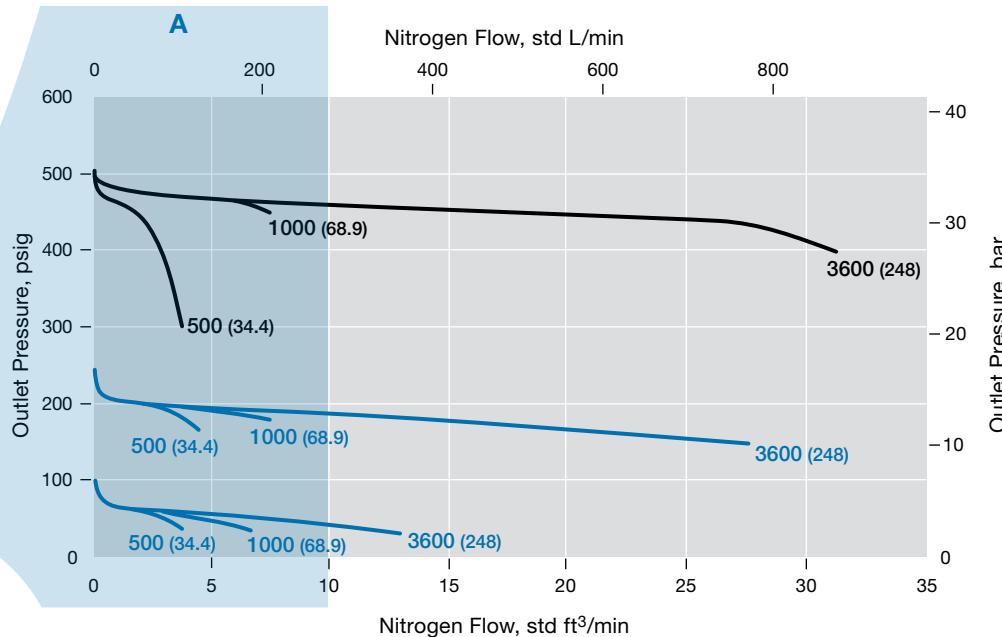
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

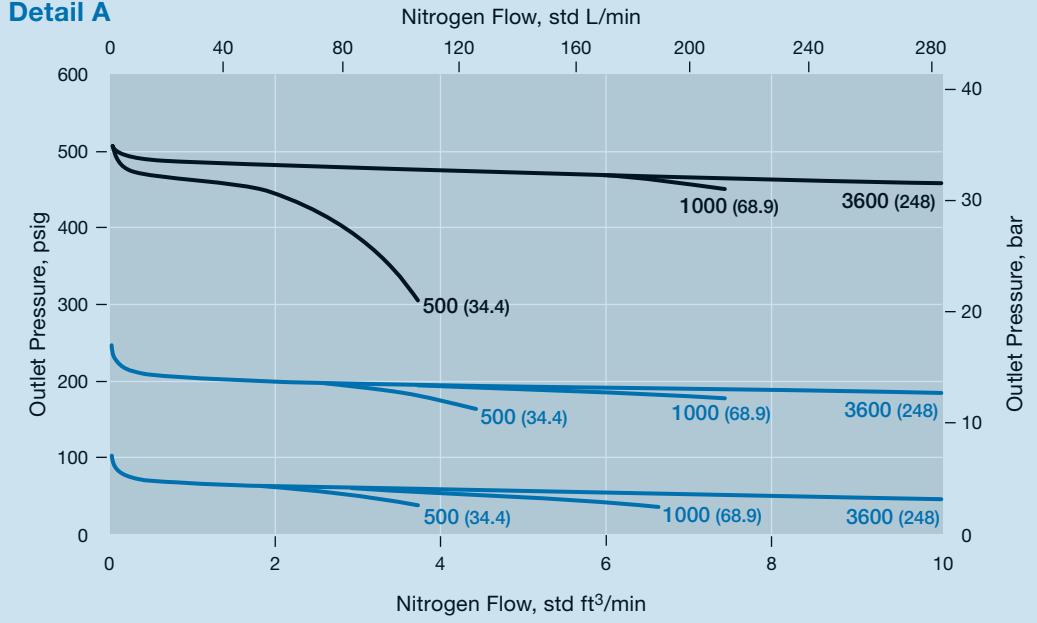
#### Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



**Detail A**



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

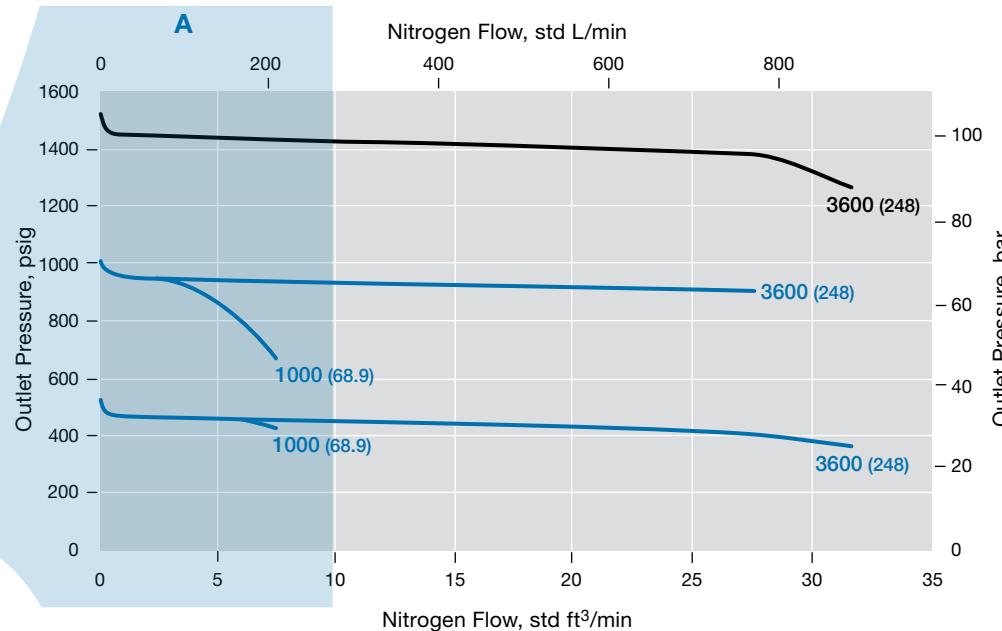
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

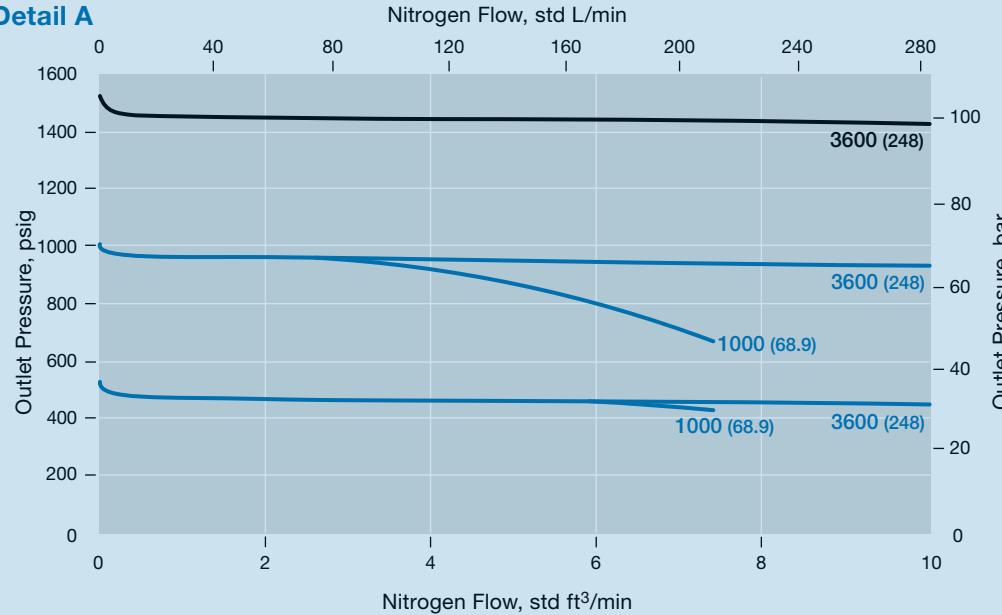
**Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar) and 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)
- 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)



**Detail A**



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

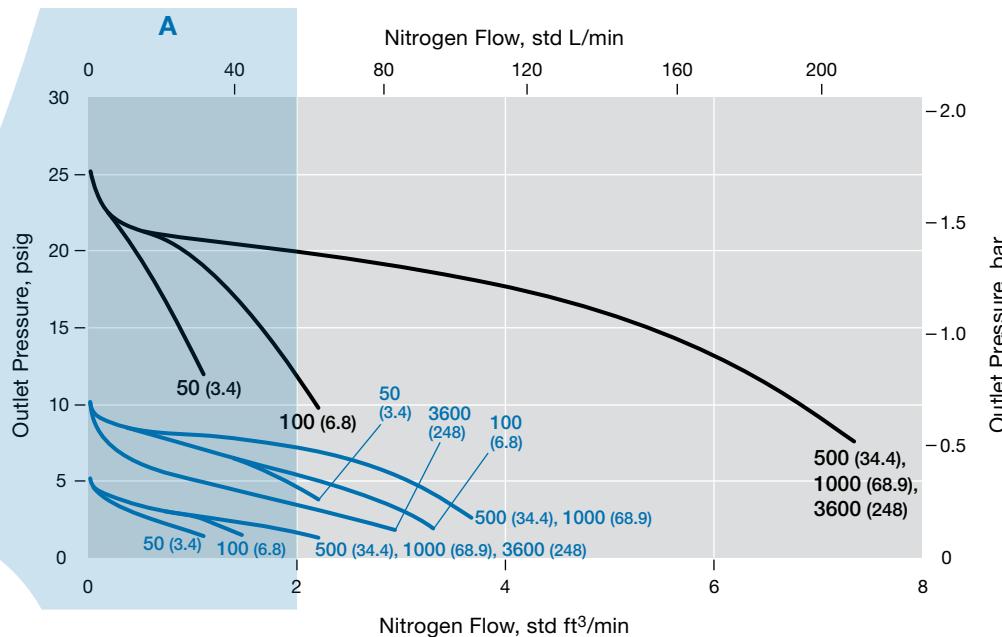
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

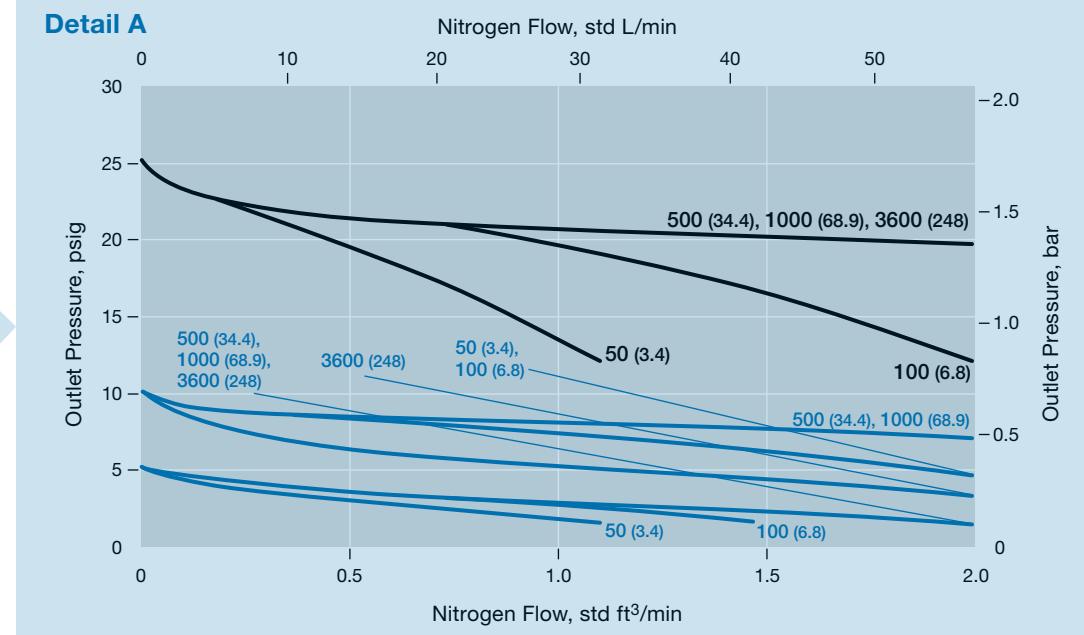
#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
- 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)



##### Detail A



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

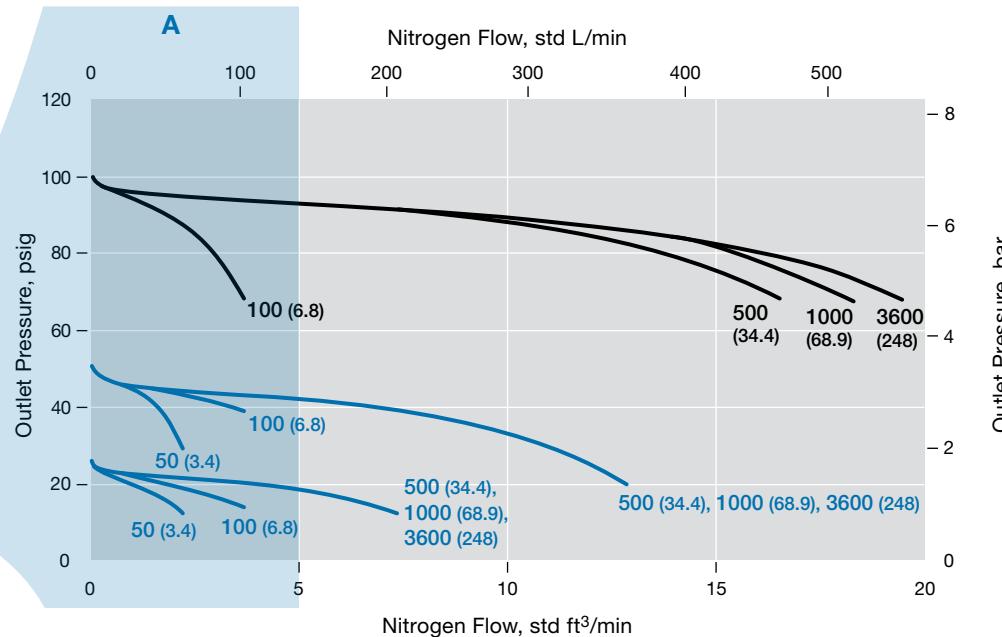
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

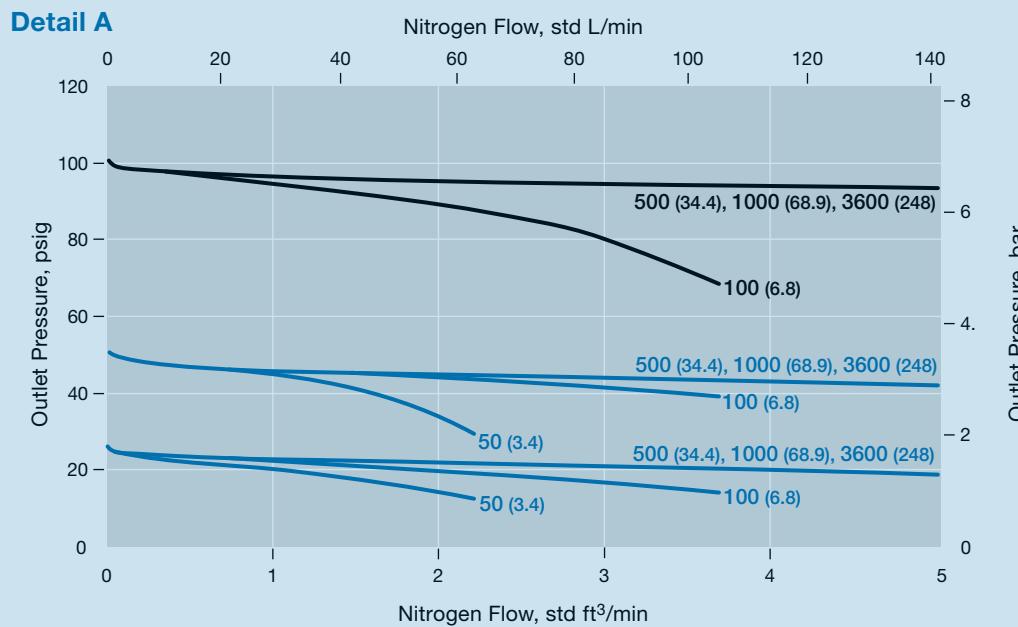
**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)**

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



**Detail A**



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

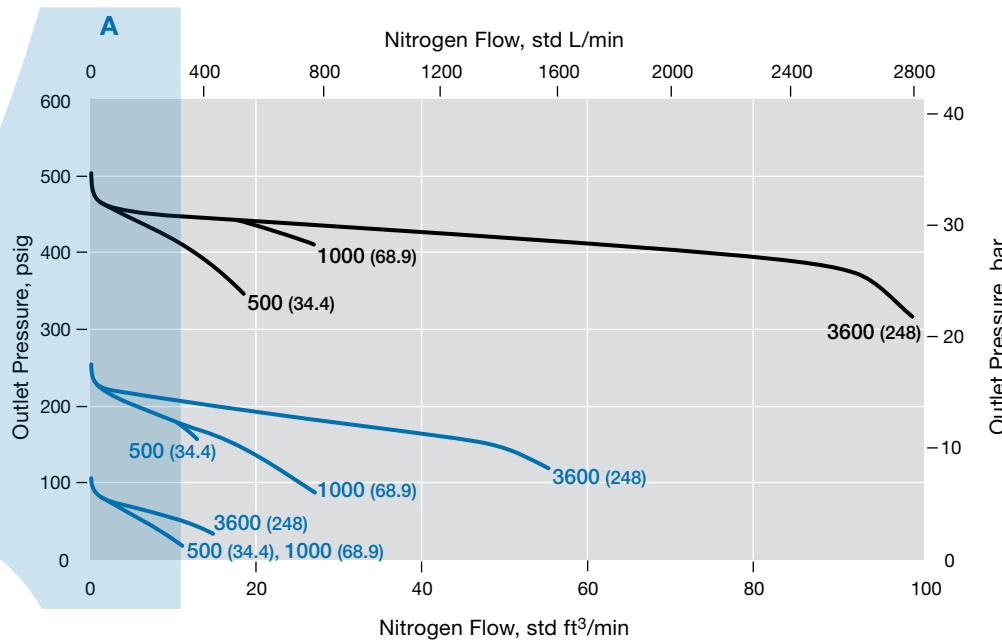
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

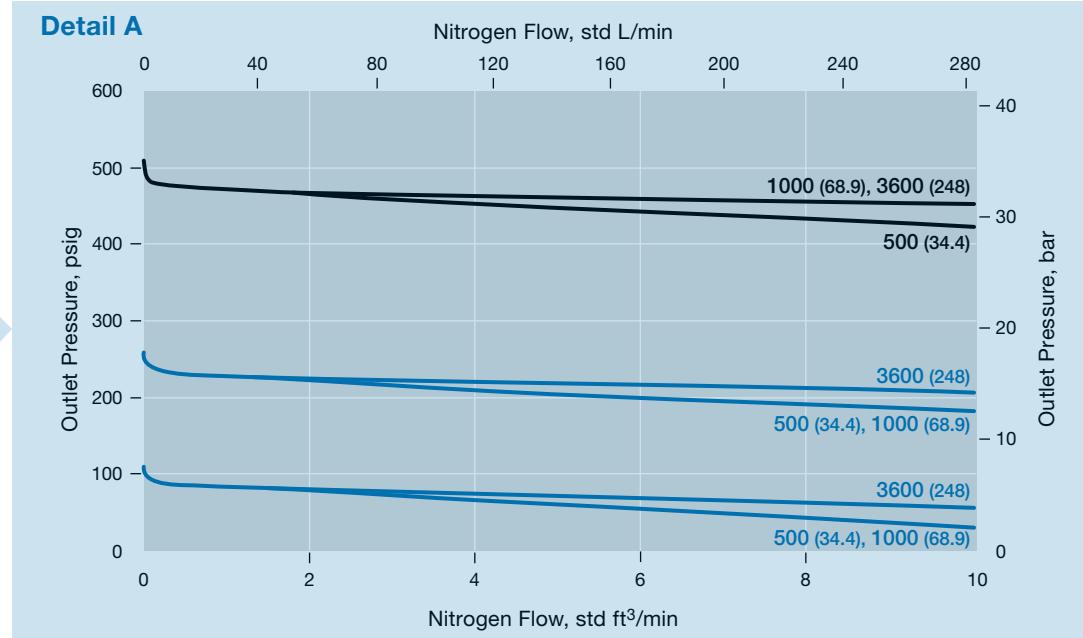
#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



**Detail A**



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

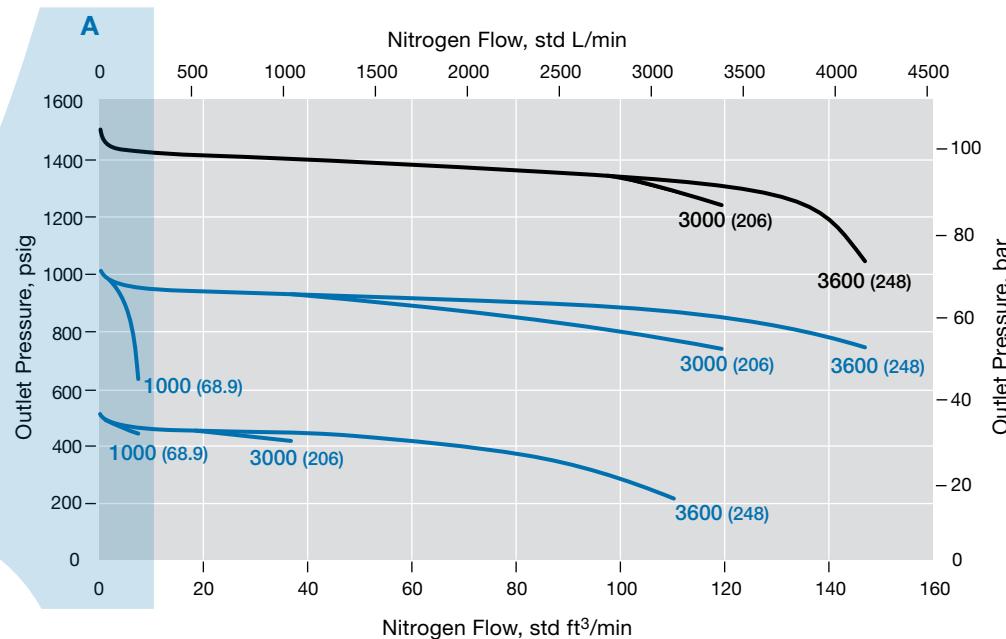
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

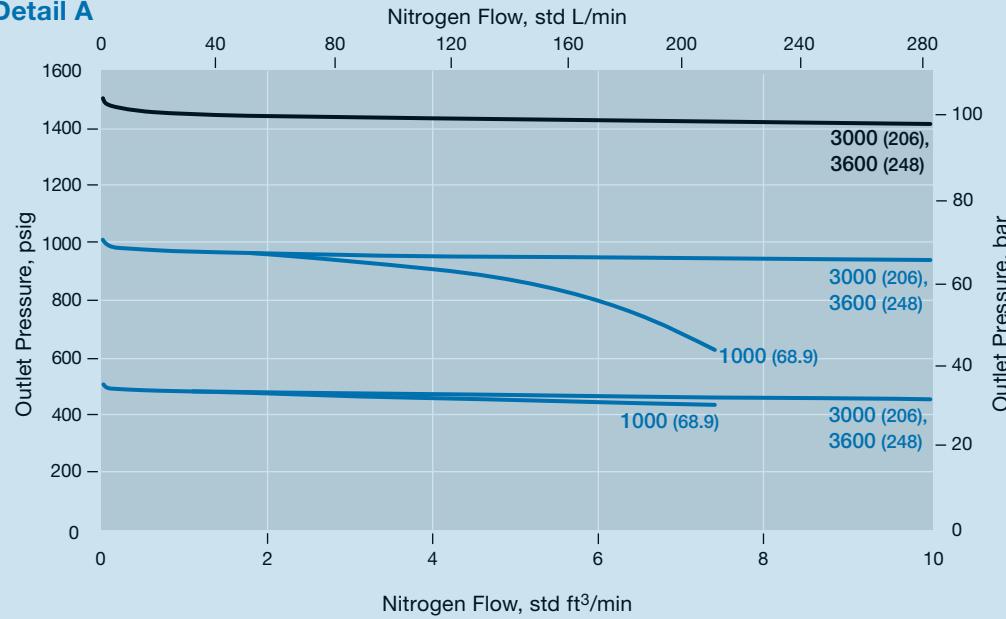
**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar) and 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)
- 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)



**Detail A**



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

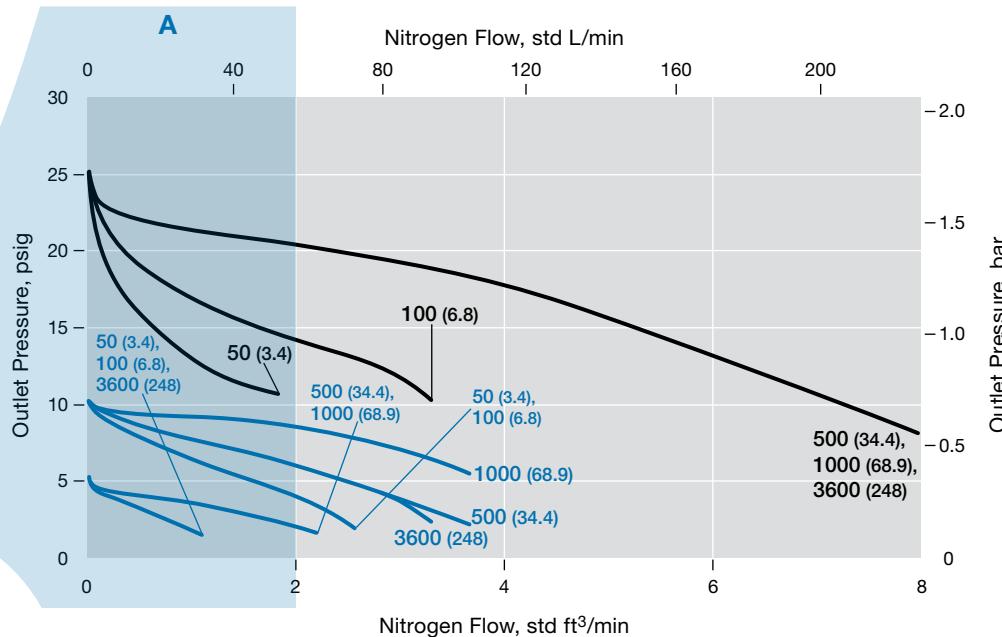
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

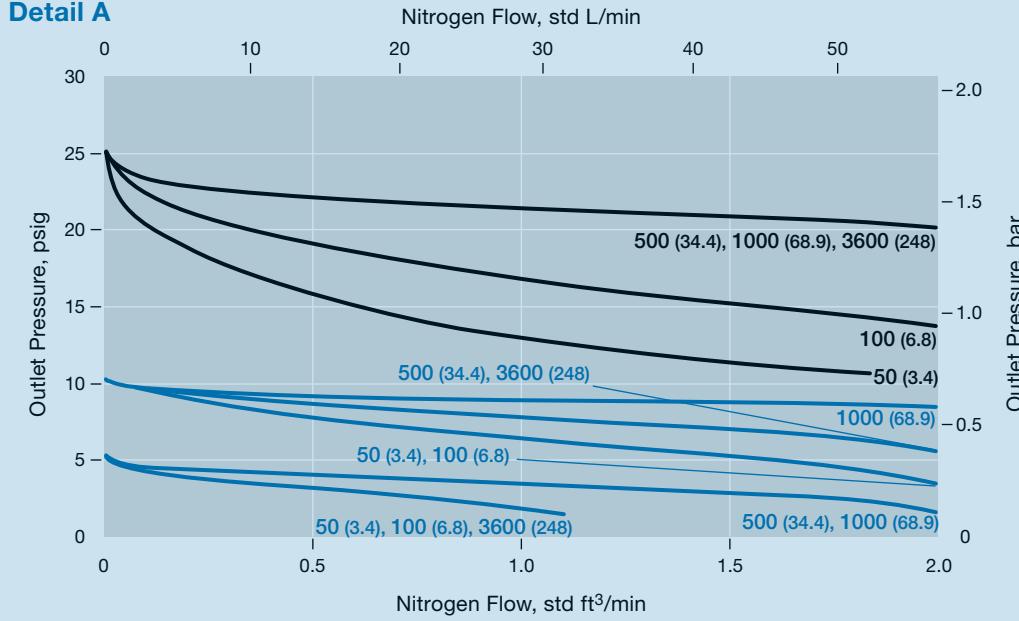
#### Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
- 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)



##### Detail A



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

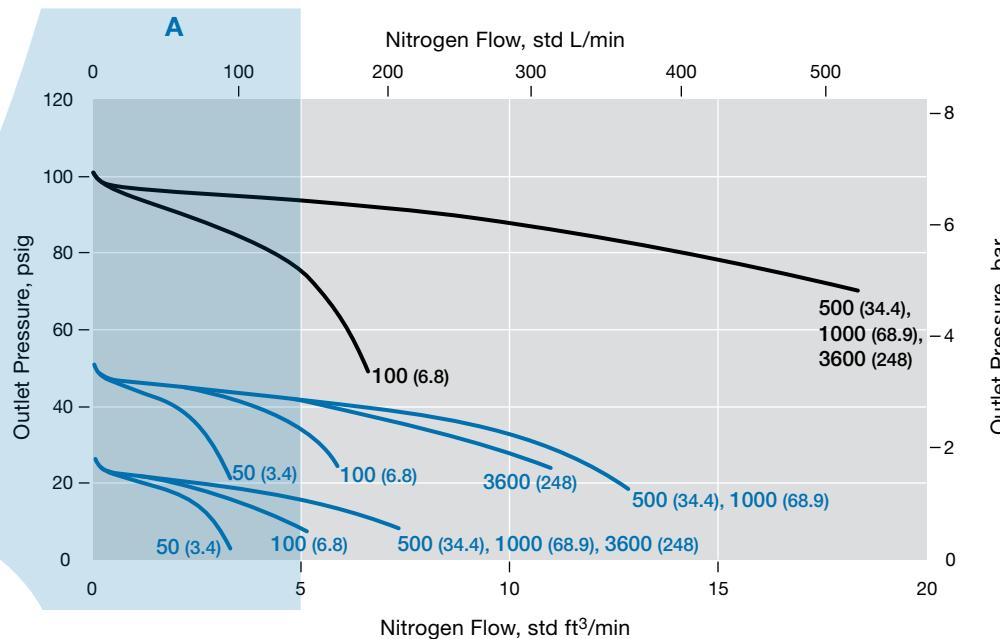
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

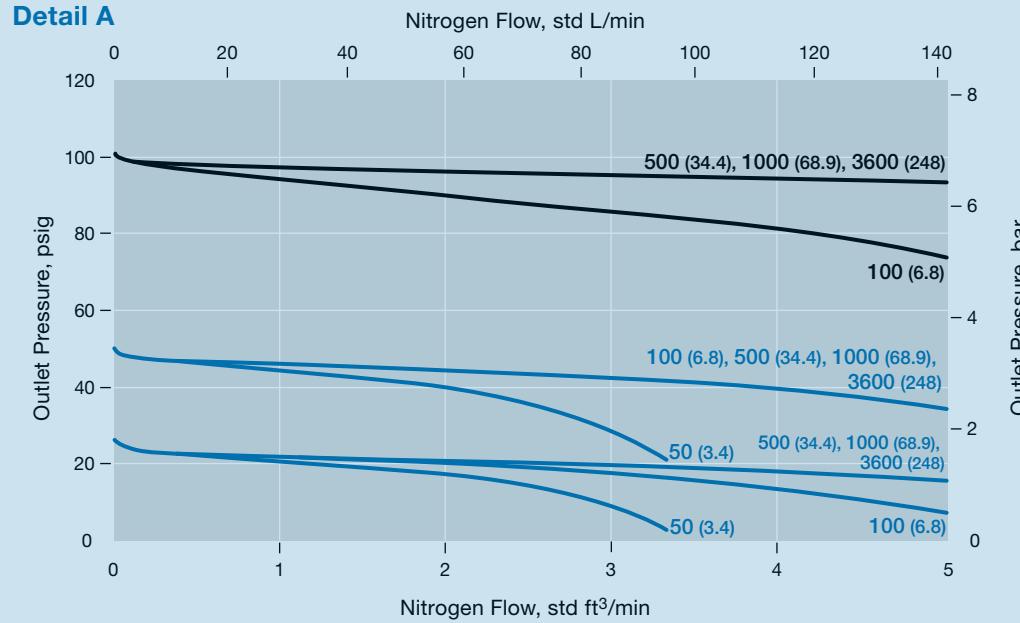
**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)**

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



**Detail A**



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

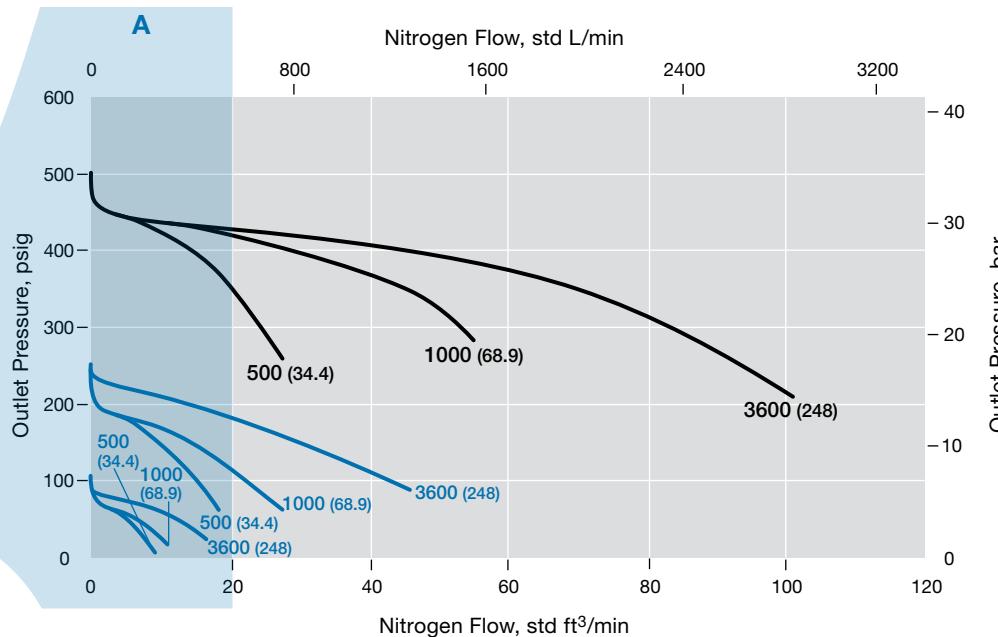
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

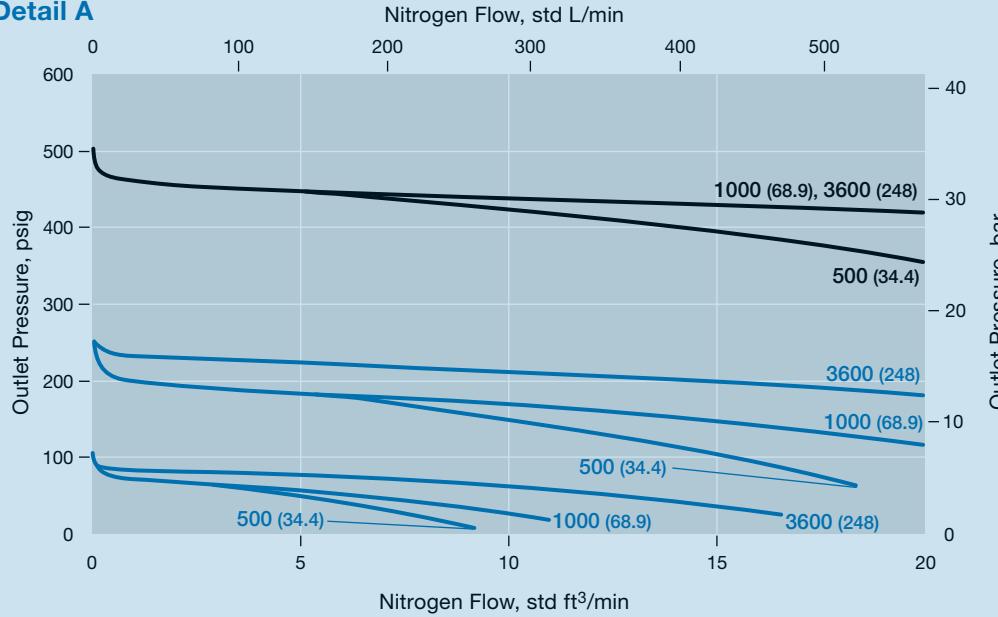
#### Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



##### Detail A



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

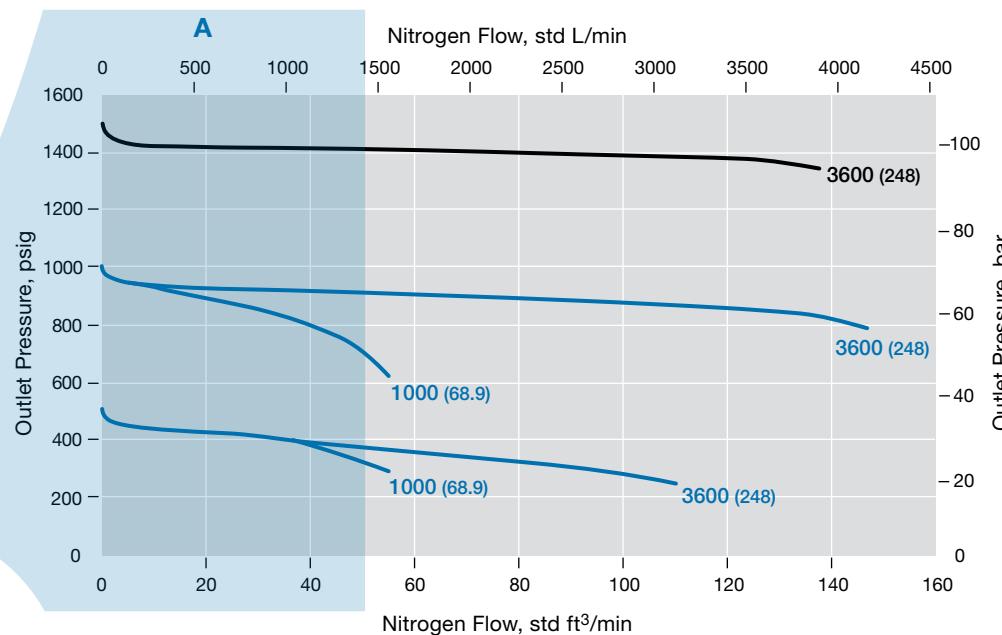
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

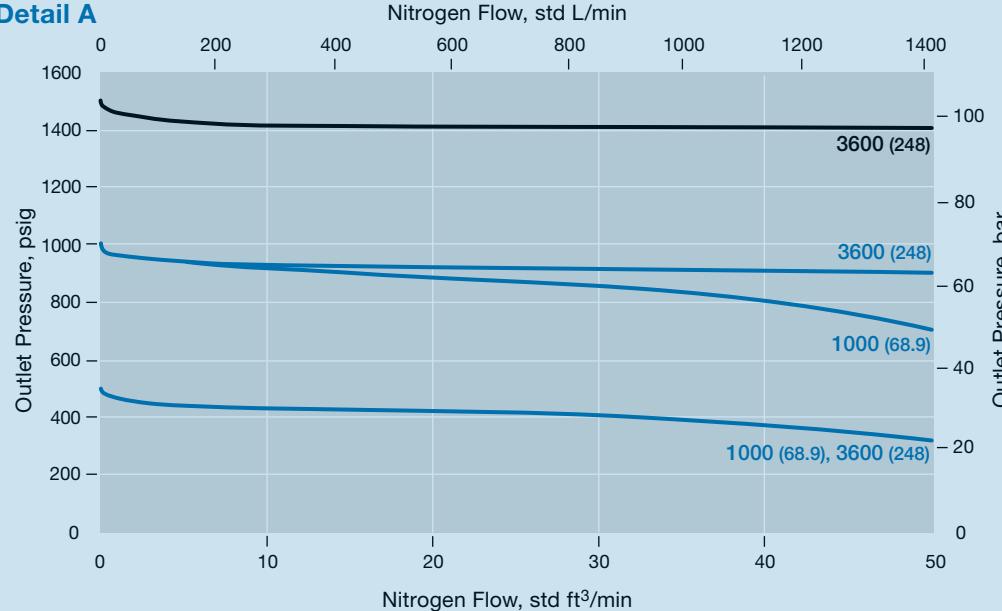
**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar) and 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)
- 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)



#### Detail A



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

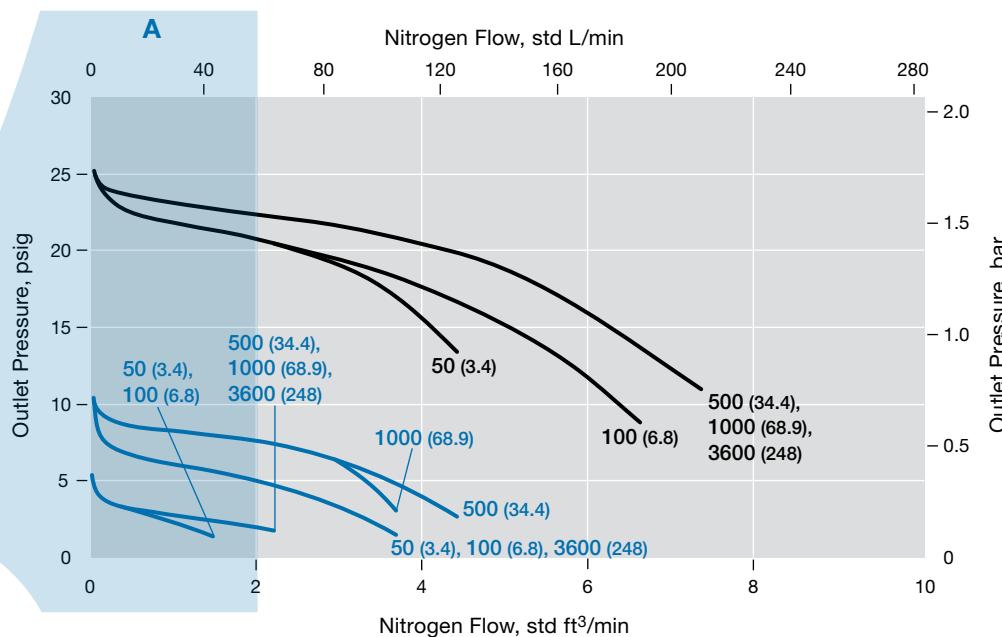
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

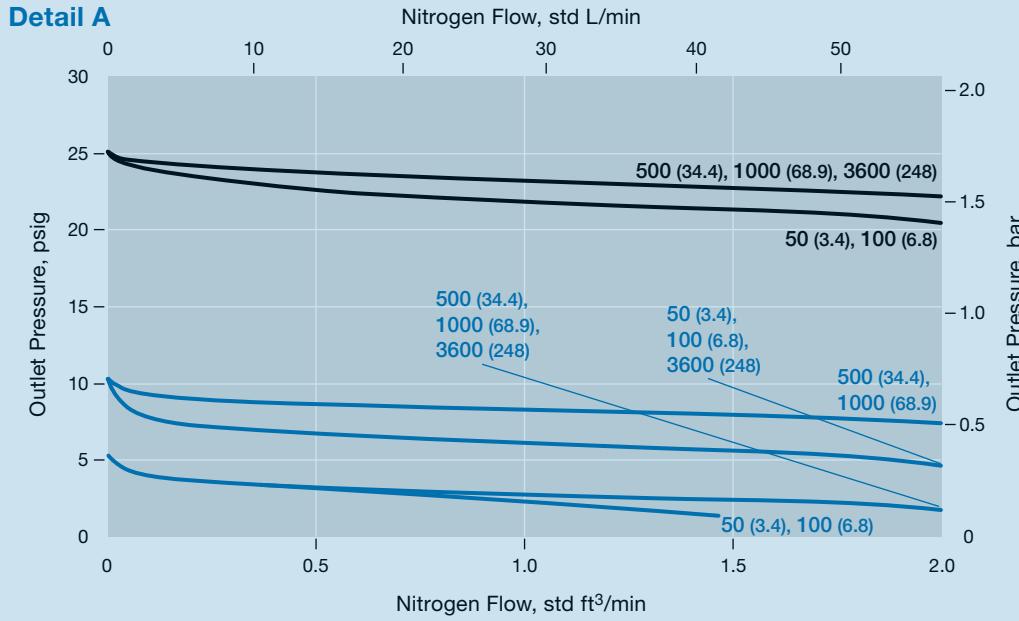
#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar) and 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)
- 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)



##### Detail A



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

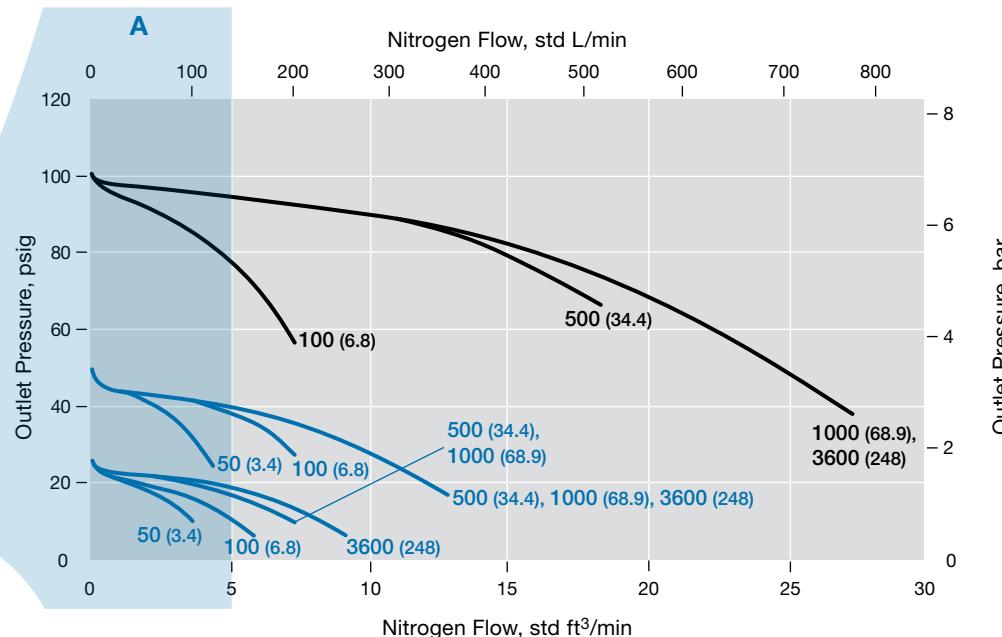
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

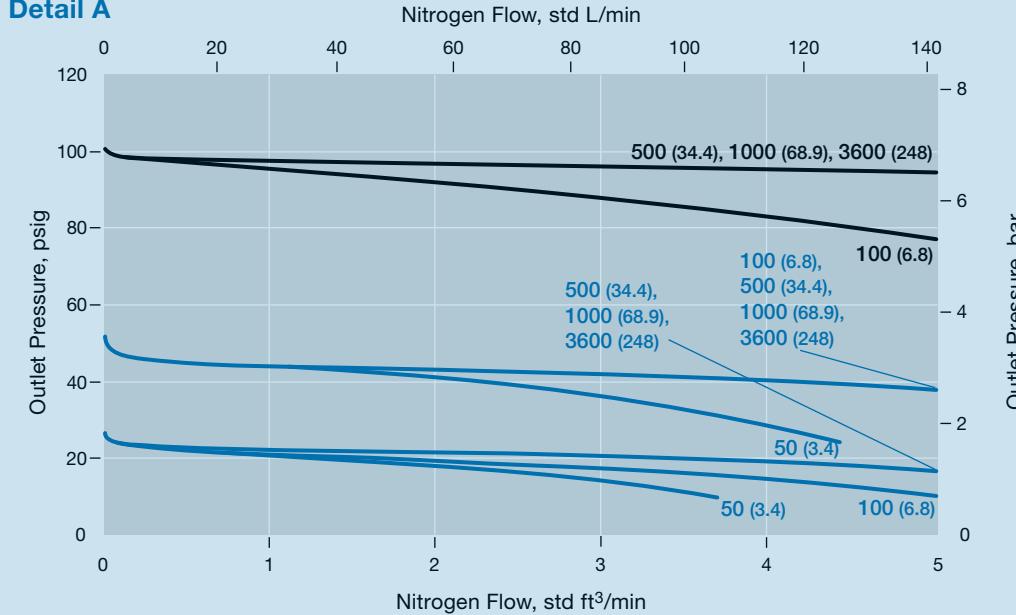
#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



##### Detail A



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

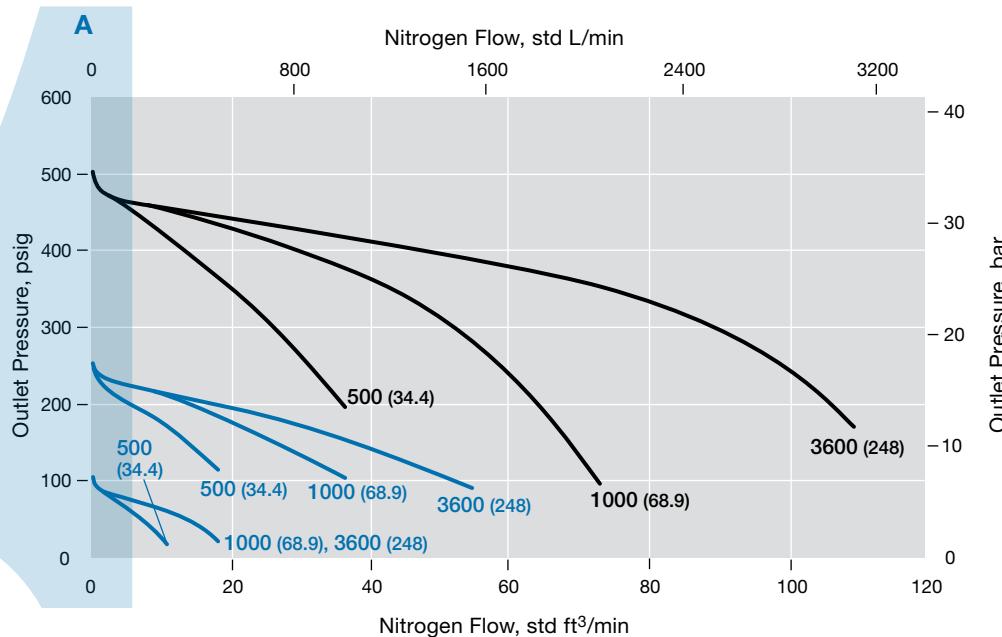
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

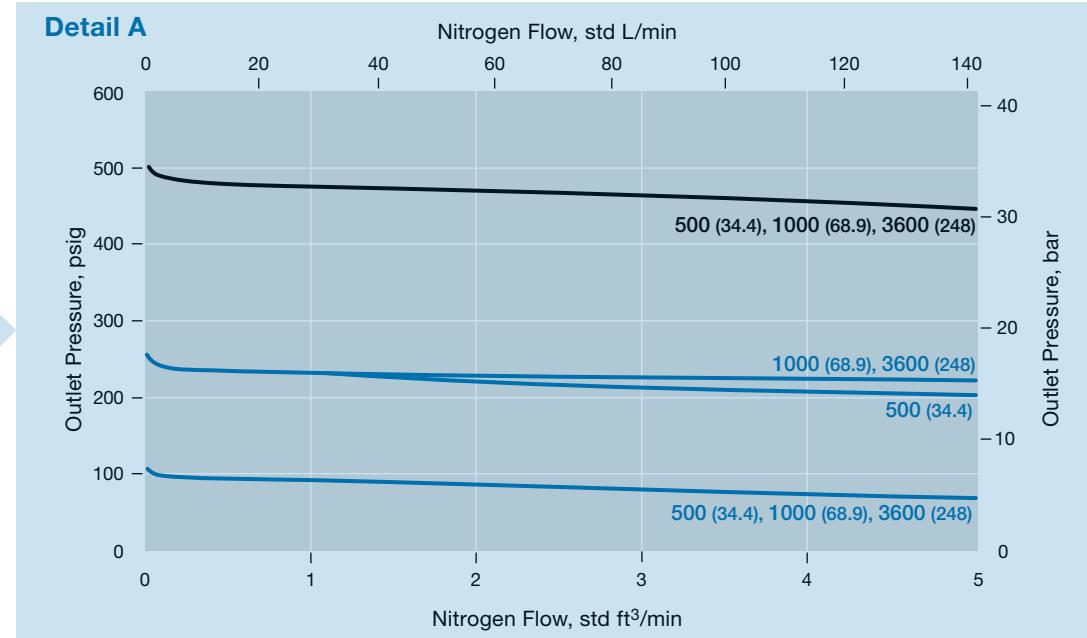
#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



**Detail A**



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

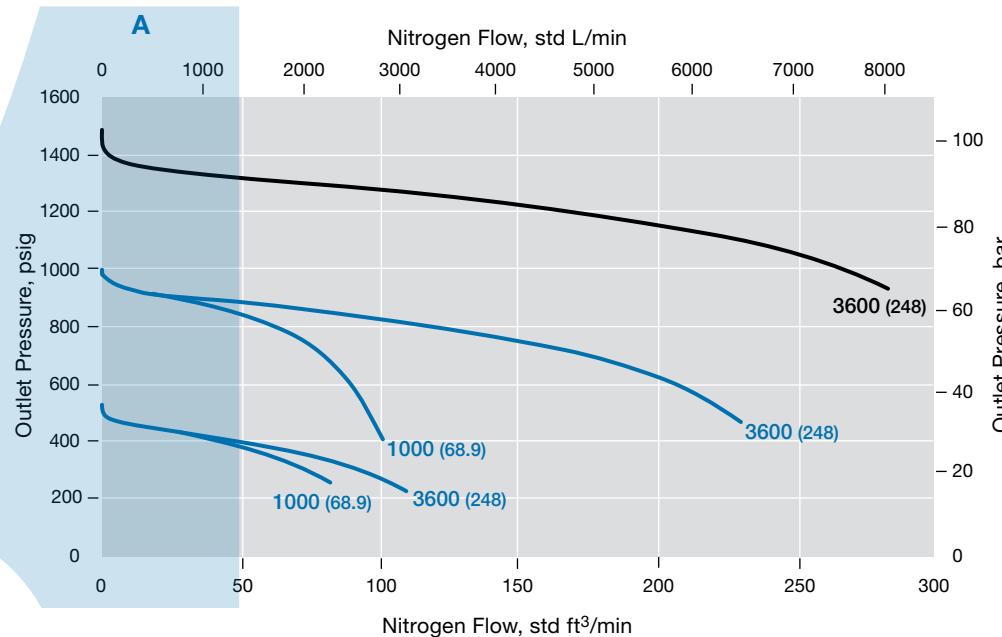
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

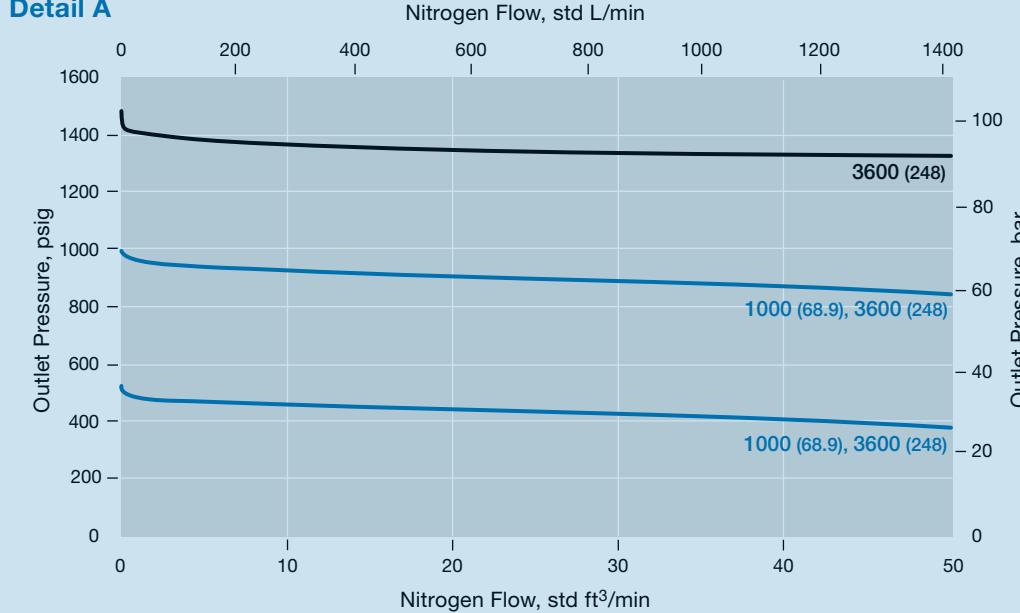
**Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar) and 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)
- 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)



**Detail A**



## KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

The KPP series meets the demands of a wide range of gas or liquid applications in a lightweight, compact installation footprint. These features make the KPP pressure regulator an ideal pressure control solution within high-density OEM equipment.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators catalog*, [MS-02-230](#).

### Supply-Pressure Effect

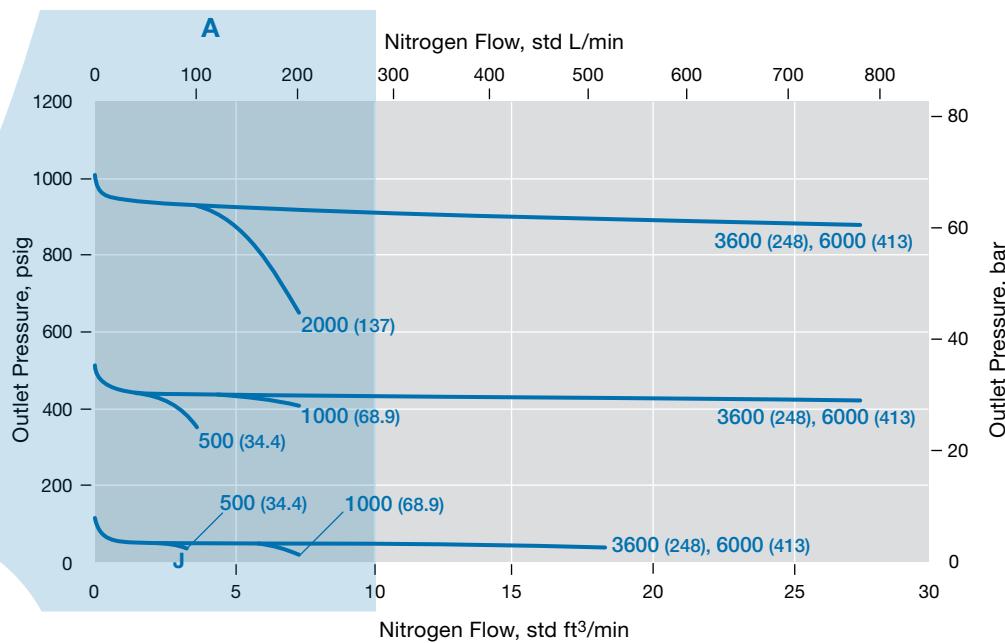
Flow Coefficient ( $C_v$ )	Supply Pressure Effect, %
0.02	2.2
0.06	7.2

### Flow Curves

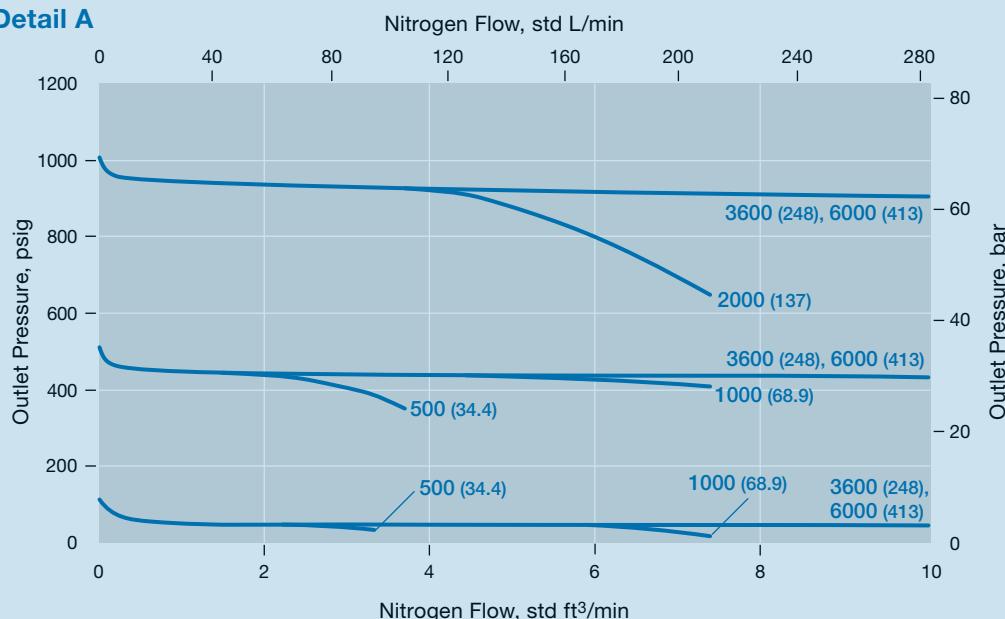
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)

Pressure Control Range  
— 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)



Detail A



## KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

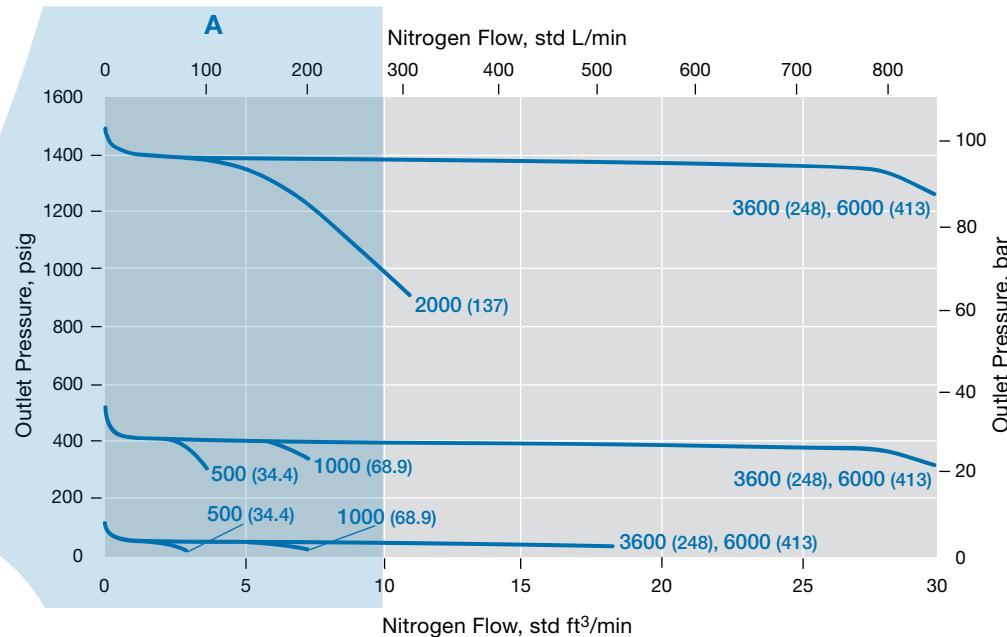
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

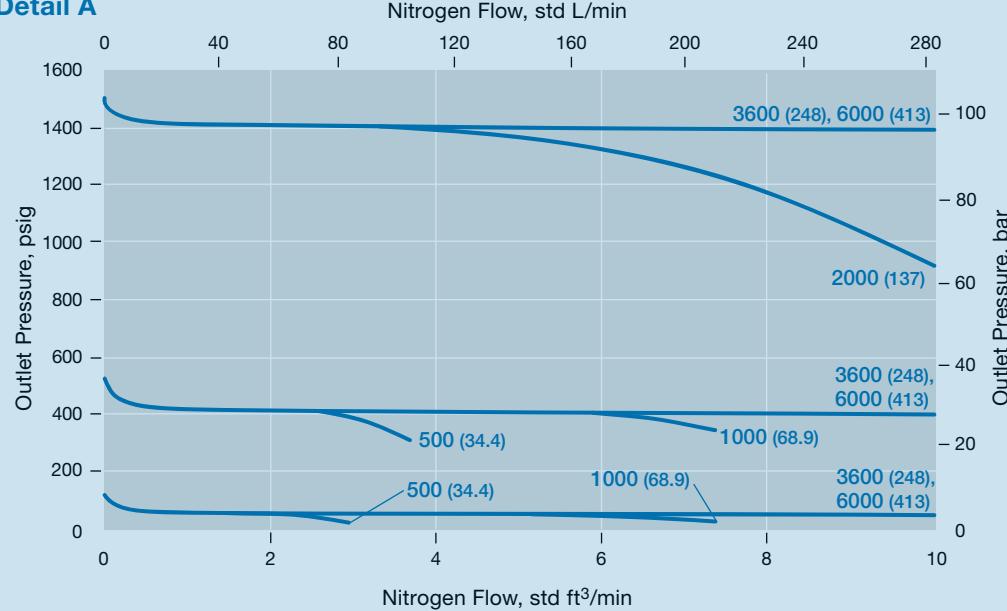
#### Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)



##### Detail A



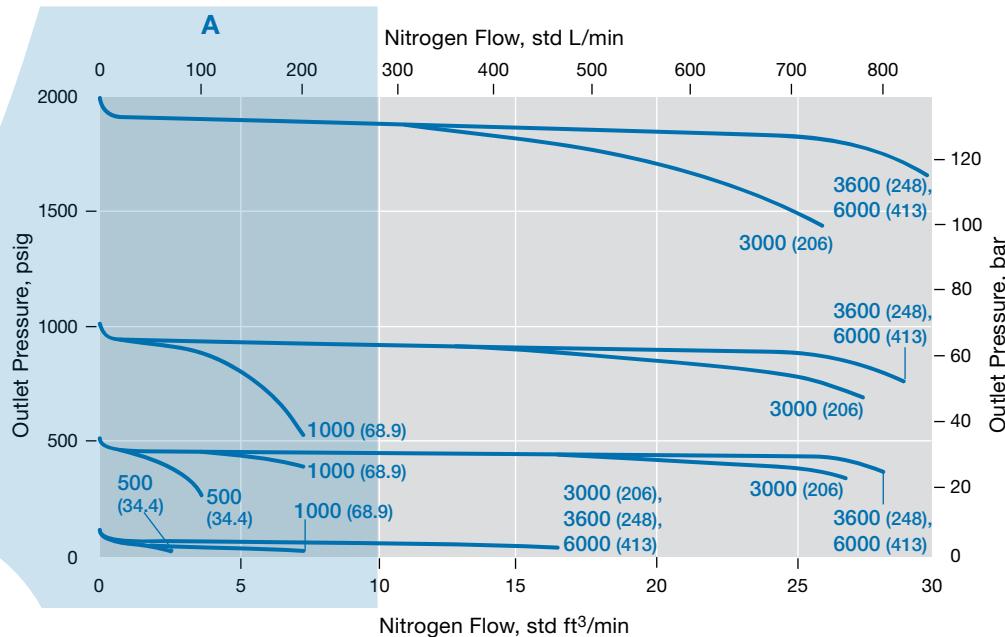
## KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

### Flow Curves

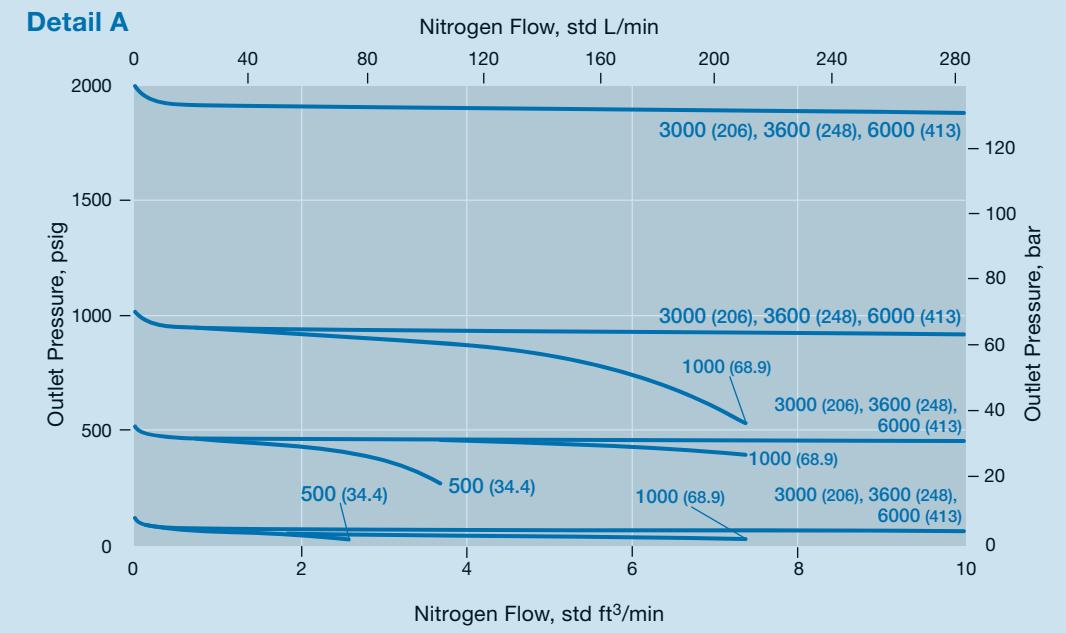
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Range 0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)

**Pressure Control Range**  
— 0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)



**Detail A**



## KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

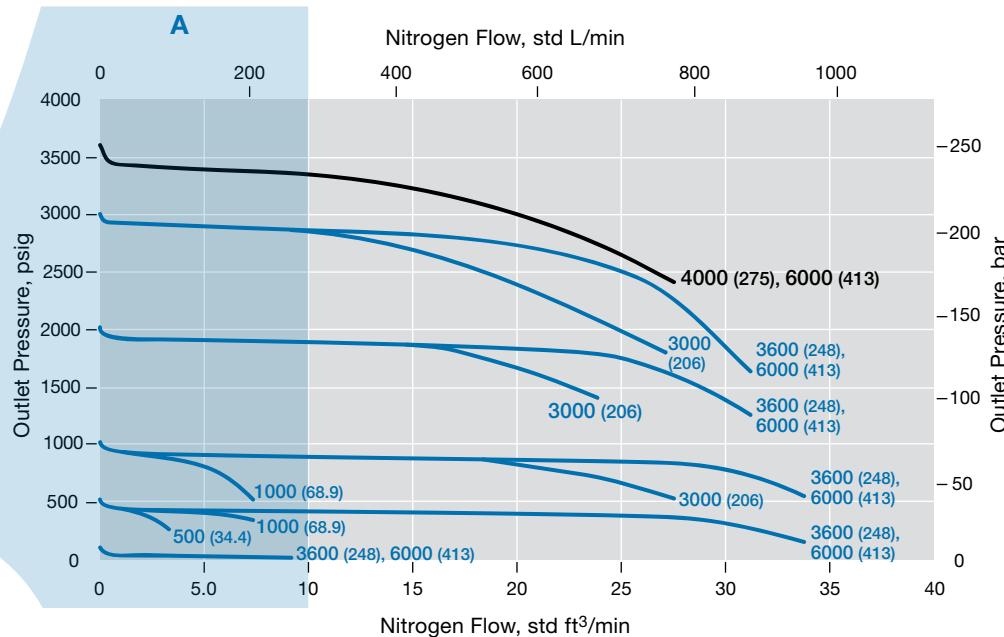
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

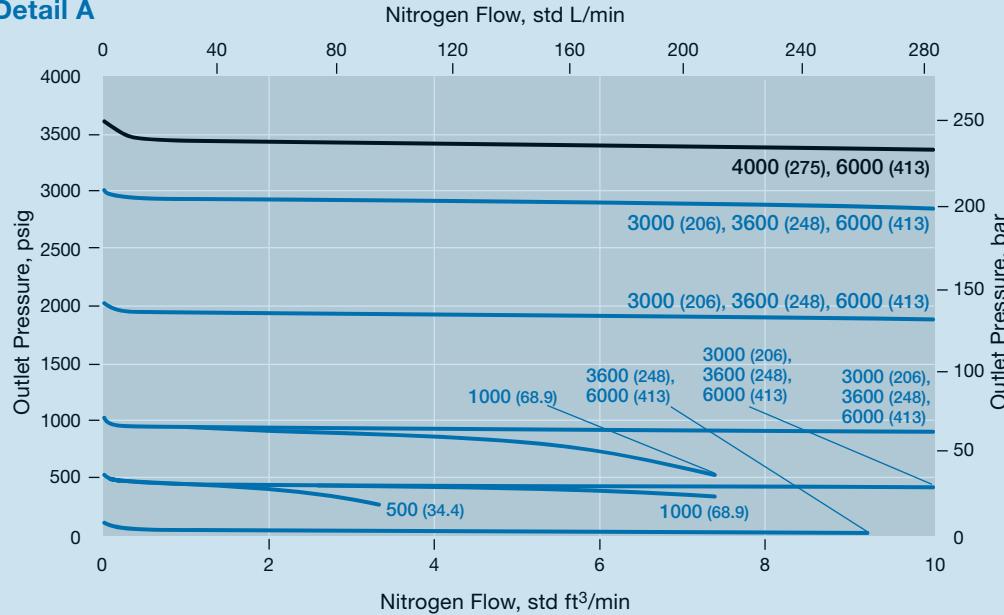
#### Flow Coefficient 0.02, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar) and 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar)
- 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar)



##### Detail A



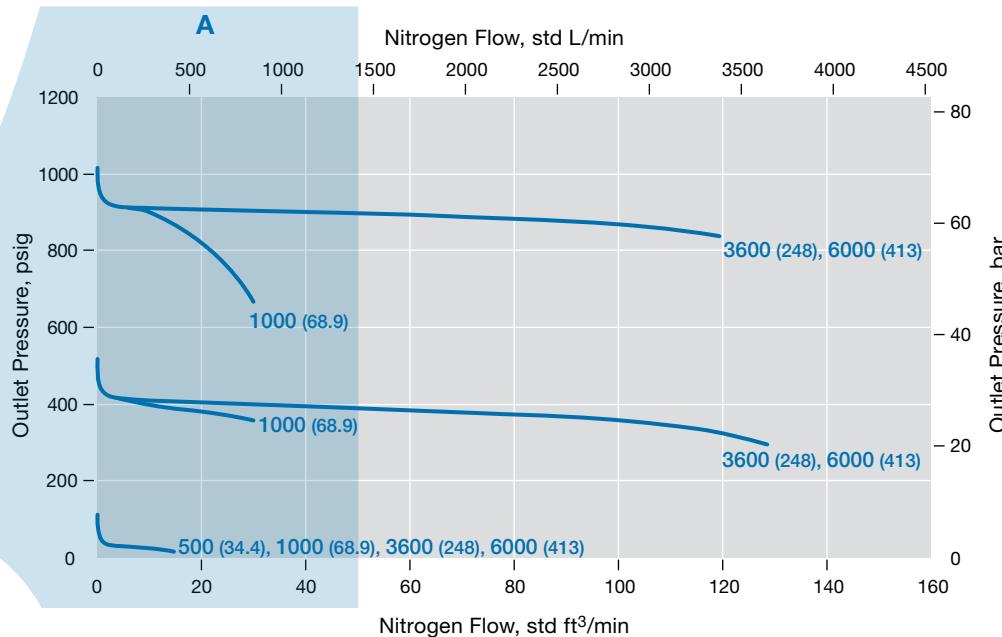
## KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

### Flow Curves

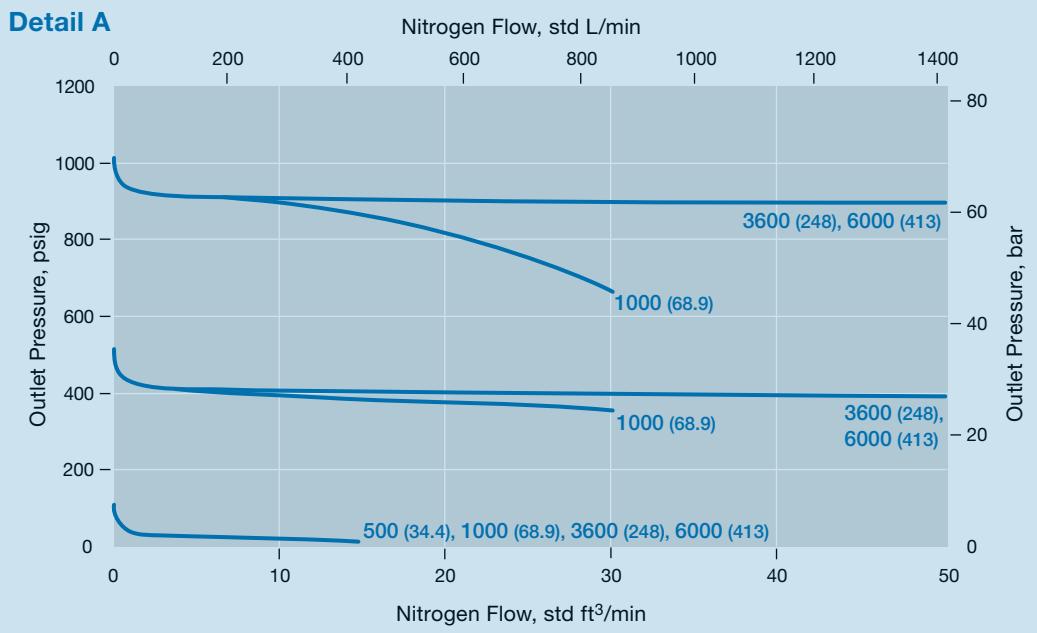
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)

**Pressure Control Range**  
— 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)



**Detail A**



## KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

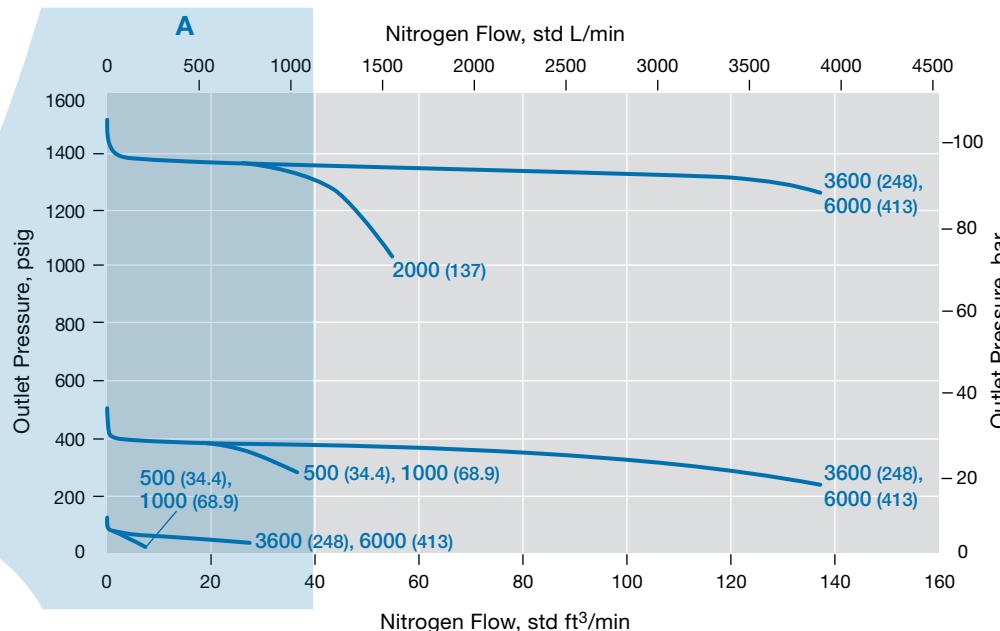
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

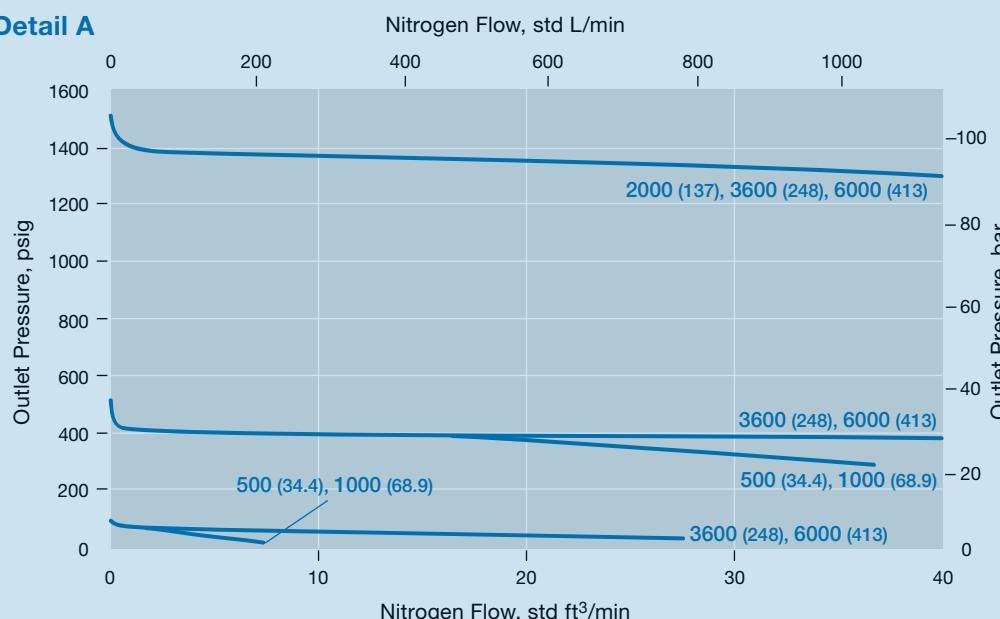
#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)



##### Detail A



## KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

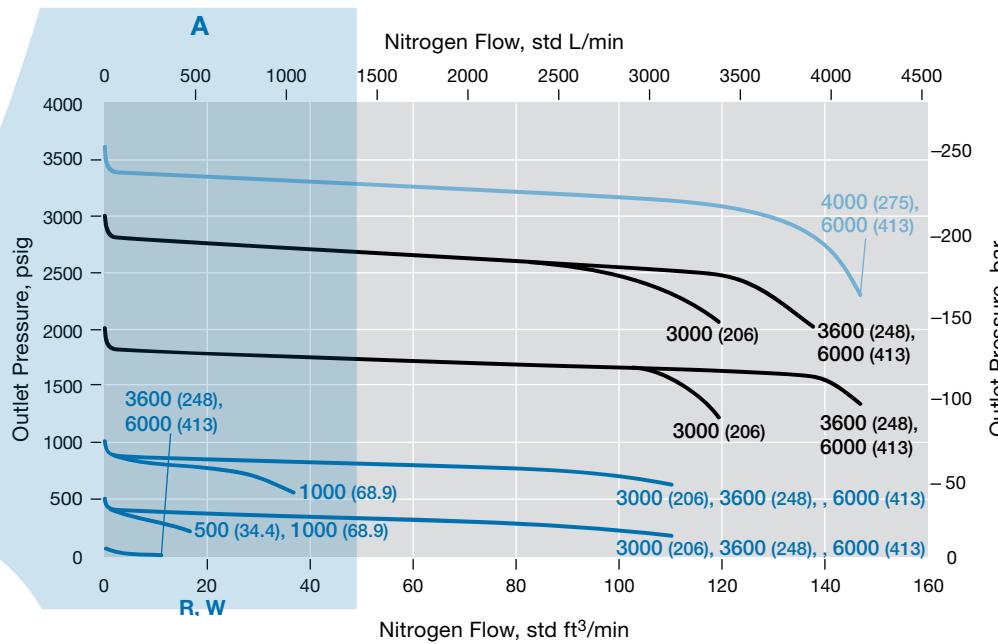
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

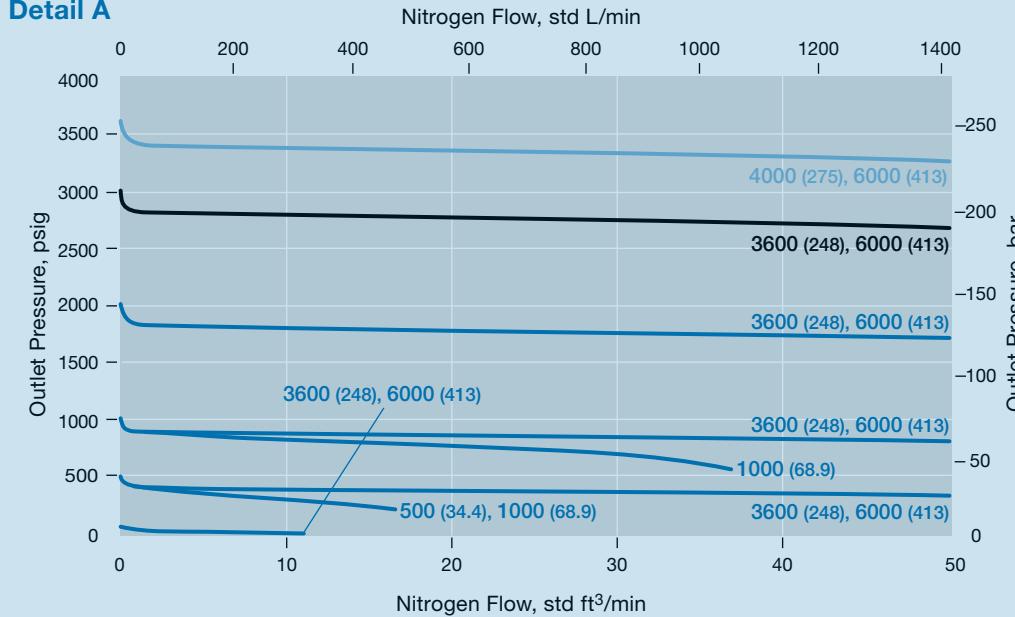
**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar), 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar), and 0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)**

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar)
- 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar)
- 0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)



**Detail A**



## KPF Series High-Flow Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

The KPF series provides minimum droop across the flow range with high accuracy of outlet pressure.)

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok Pressure Regulators catalog, [MS-02-230](#).

### Supply-Pressure Effect

Flow Coefficient ( $C_v$ )	Supply Pressure Effect, %
1.0	5.3

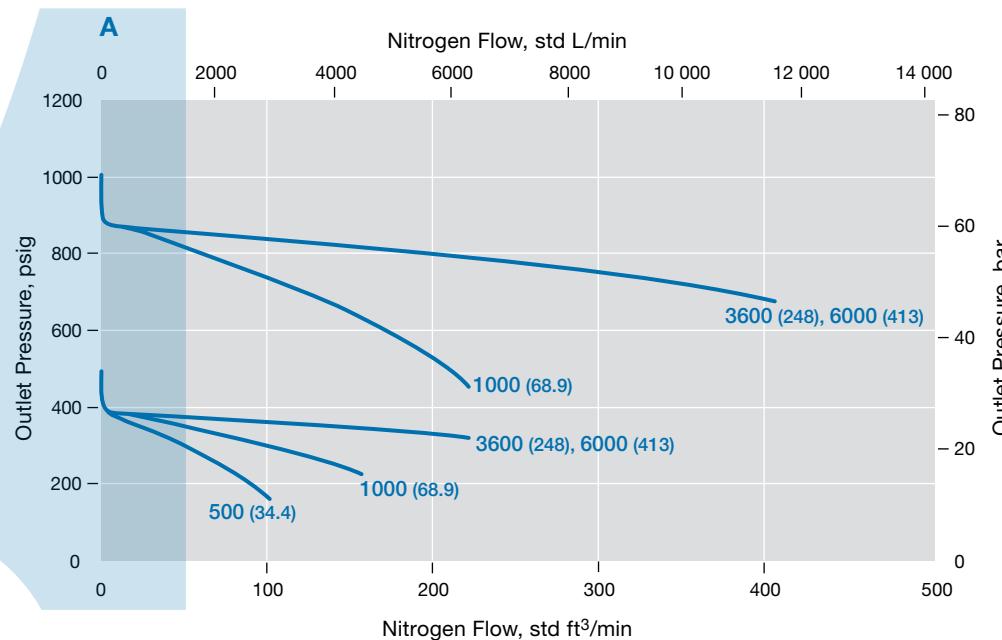
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

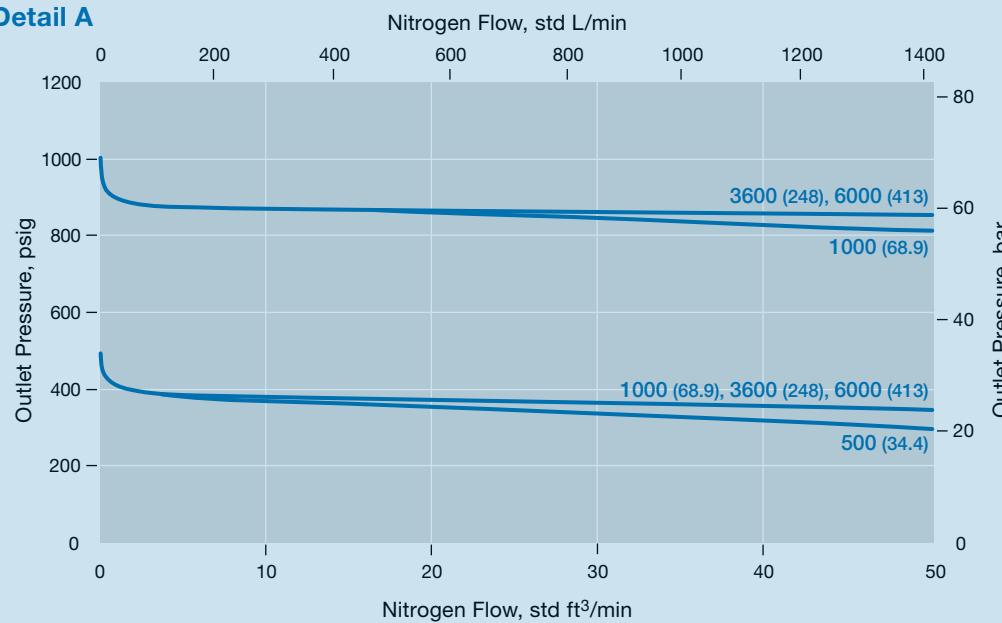
#### Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)



##### Detail A



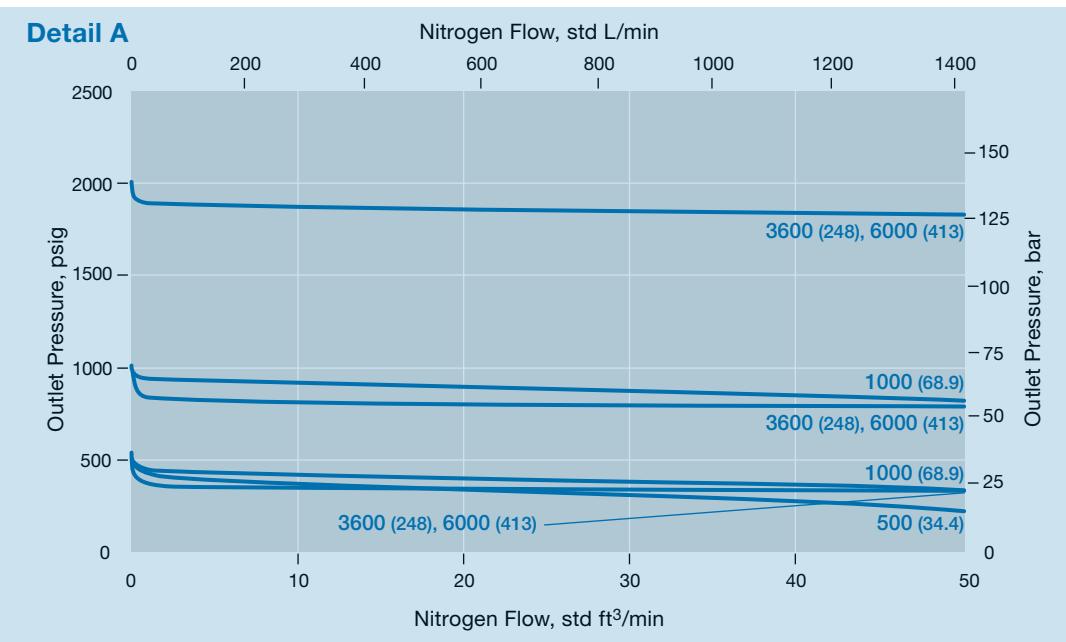
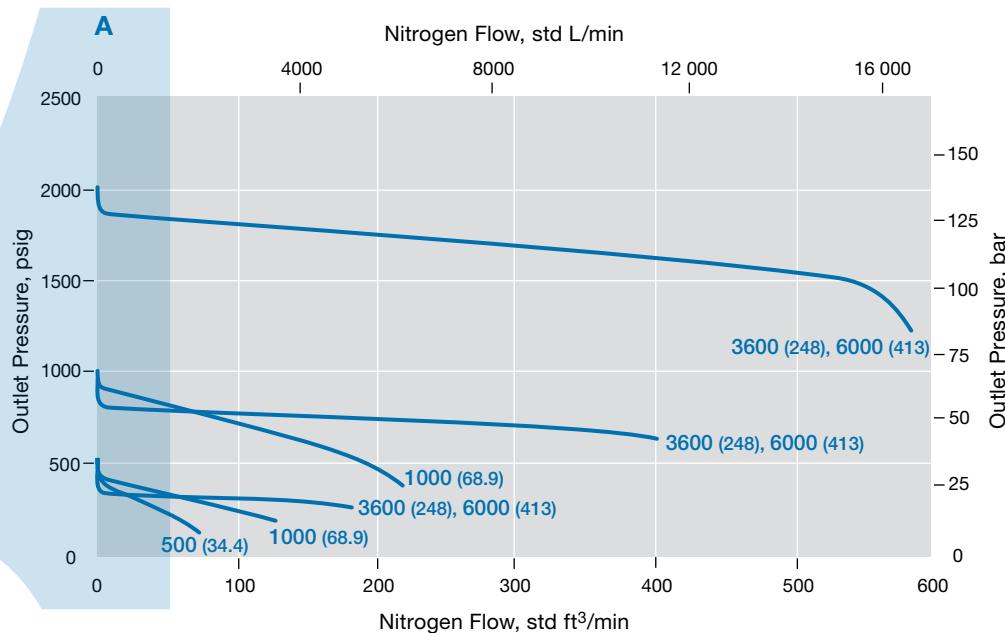
## KPF Series High-Flow Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Range 0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)

**Pressure Control Range**  
— 0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)



## KPF Series High-Flow Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

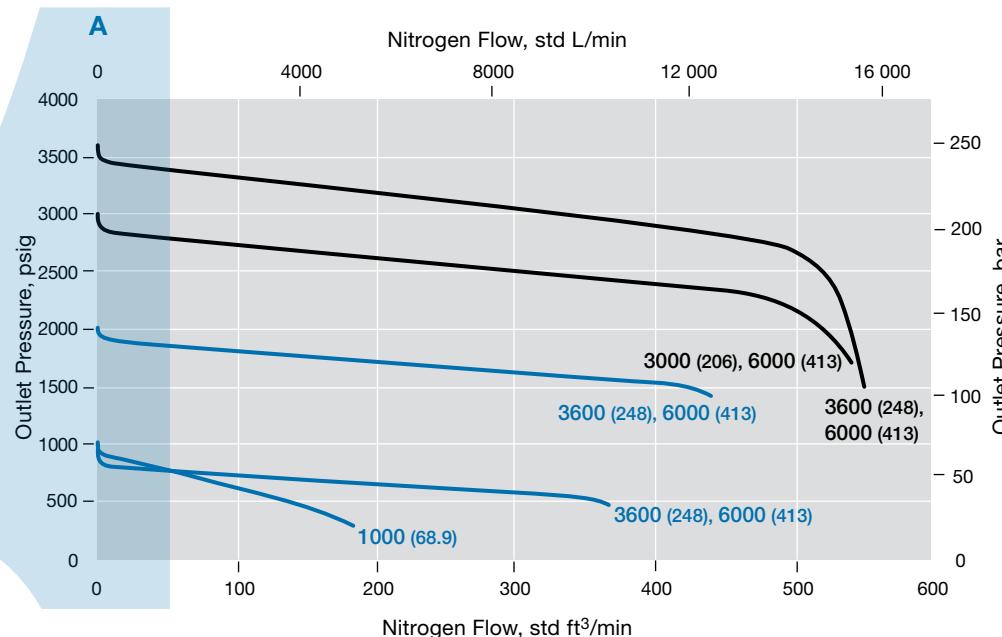
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

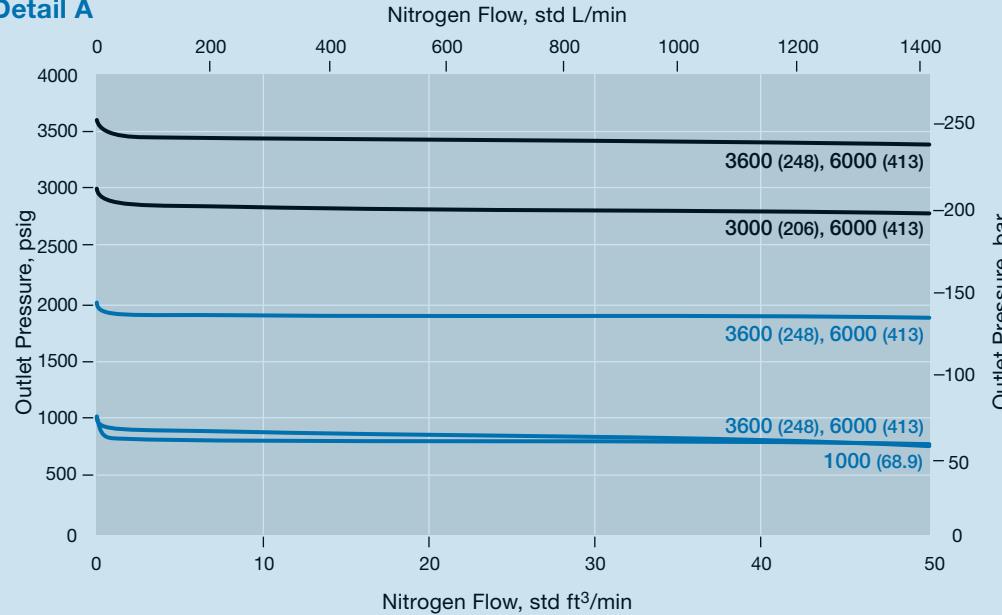
#### Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 4000 psig (0 to 275 bar), and 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 4000 psig (0 to 275 bar)
- 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar)



##### Detail A



## KHP Series High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

The KHP series provides control of supply pressures up to 10 000 psig (689 bar). The self-venting capability enables downstream pressure reduction in closed-loop systems. For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators* catalog, [MS-02-230](#).

### Supply-Pressure Effect

Flow Coefficient ( $C_v$ )	Pressure Control Range		
	Up to 2500 psig (172 bar)	3600 and 6000 psig (248 and 413 bar)	10 000 psig (689 bar)
	Supply Pressure Effect, %		
0.06	1.0	2.6	4.2
0.25	3.3	8.5	14.6

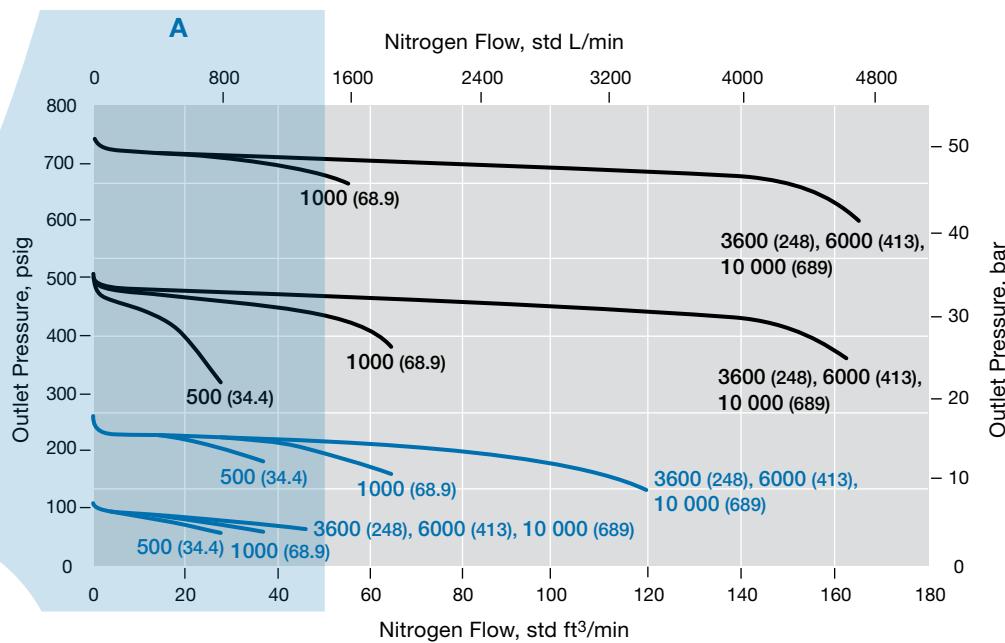
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

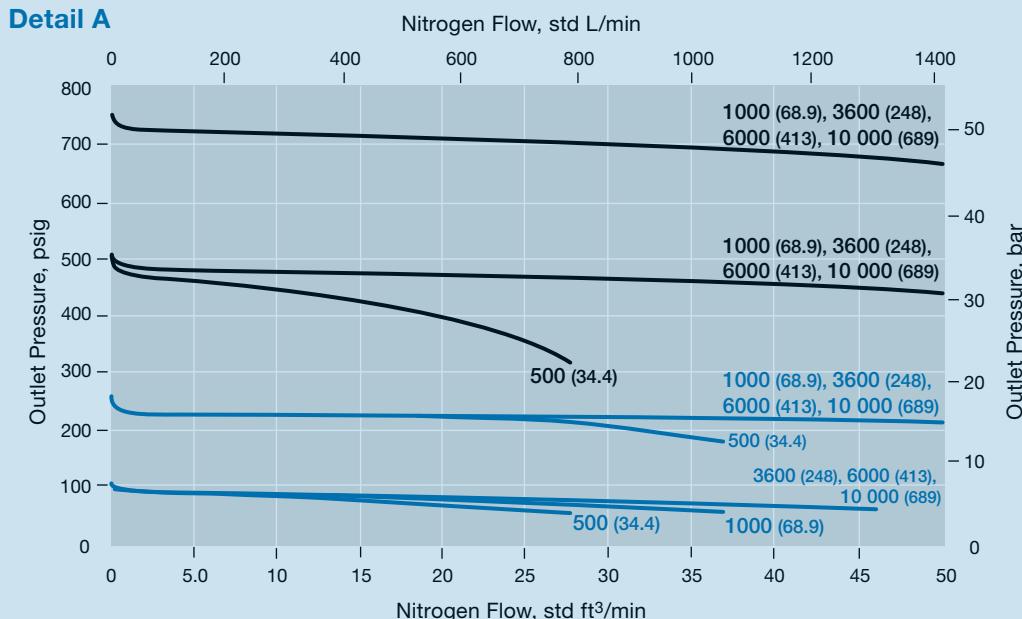
#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar) and 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar)
- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)



**Detail A**



## KHP Series High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

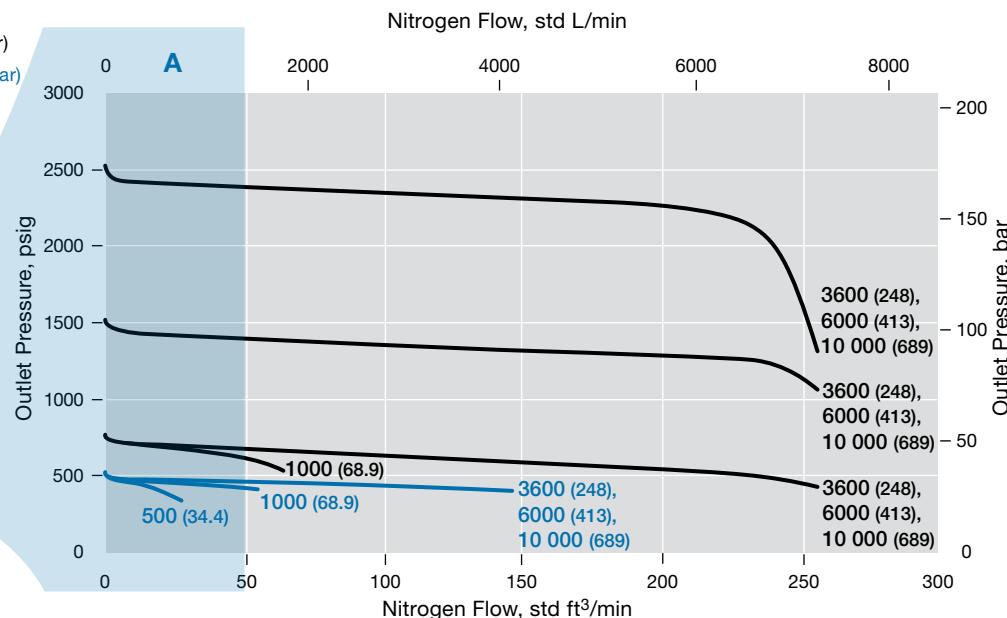
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

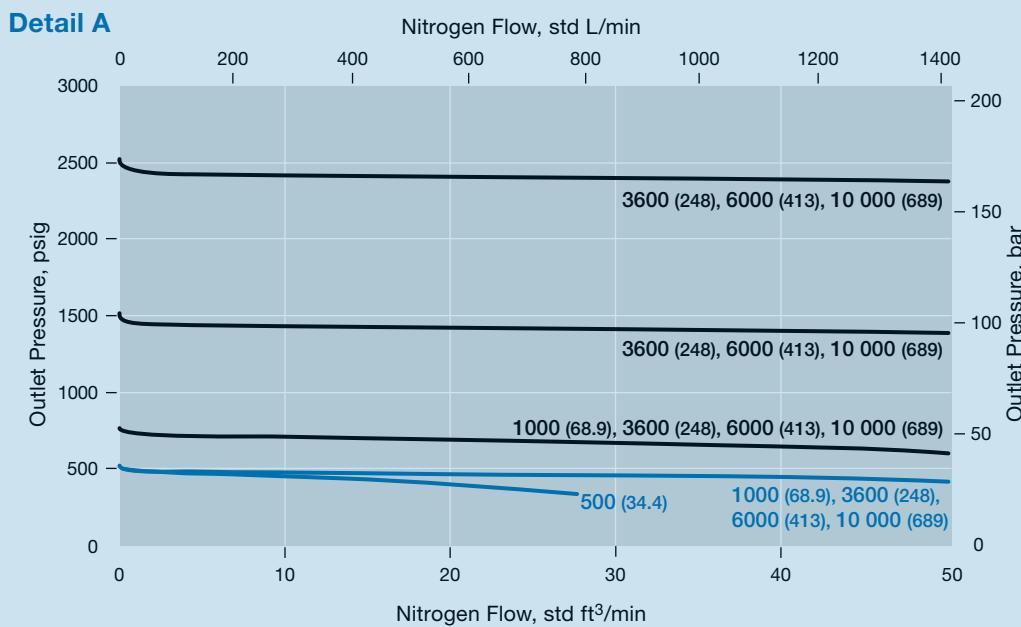
**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 15 to 2500 psig (1.0 to 172 bar) and 10 to 1500 psig (0.68 to 103 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 15 to 2500 psig (1.0 to 172 bar)
- 10 to 1500 psig (0.68 to 103 bar)



#### Detail A



## KHP Series High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

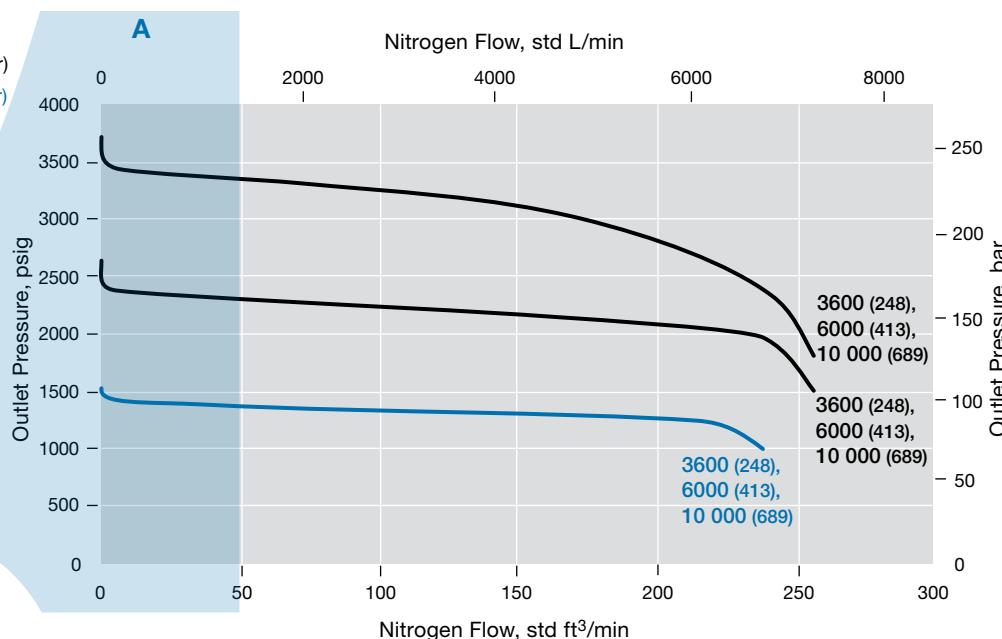
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

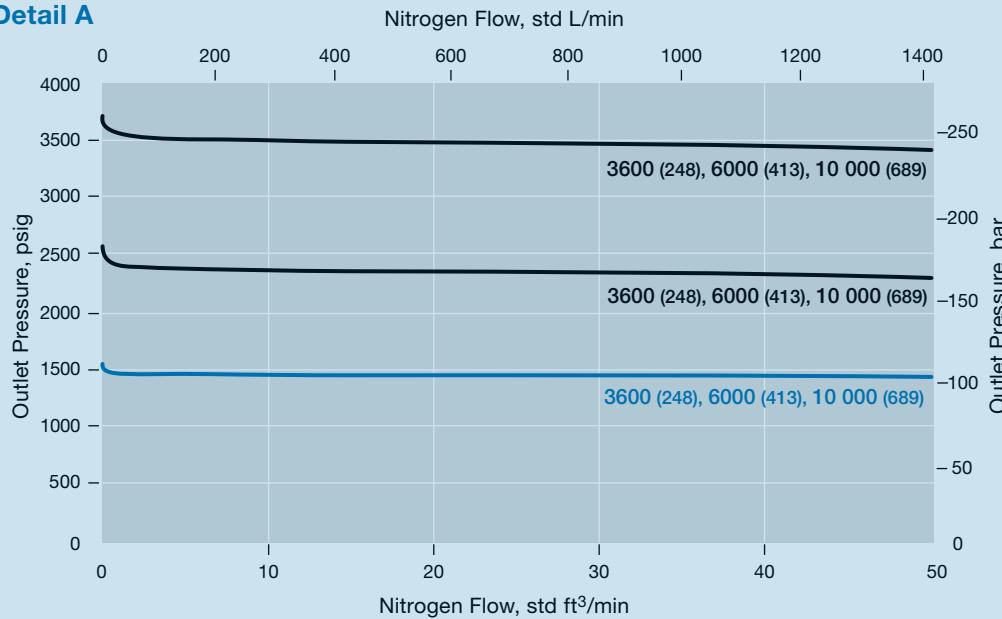
**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 50 to 6000 psig (3.4 to 413 bar) and 25 to 3600 psig (1.7 to 248 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 50 to 6000 psig (3.4 to 413 bar)
- 25 to 3600 psig (1.7 to 248 bar)



#### Detail A



## KHP Series High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

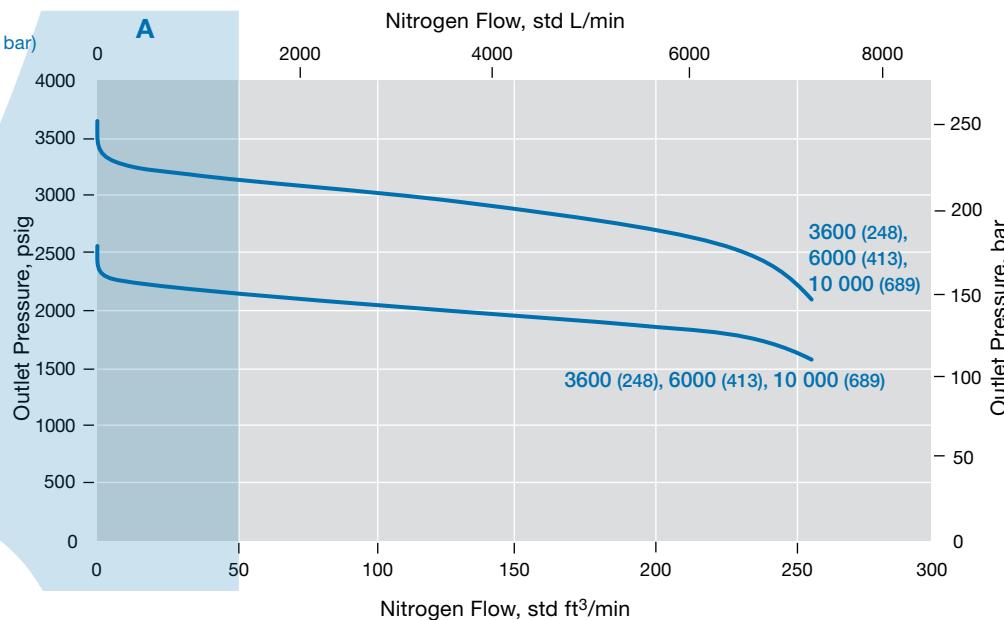
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

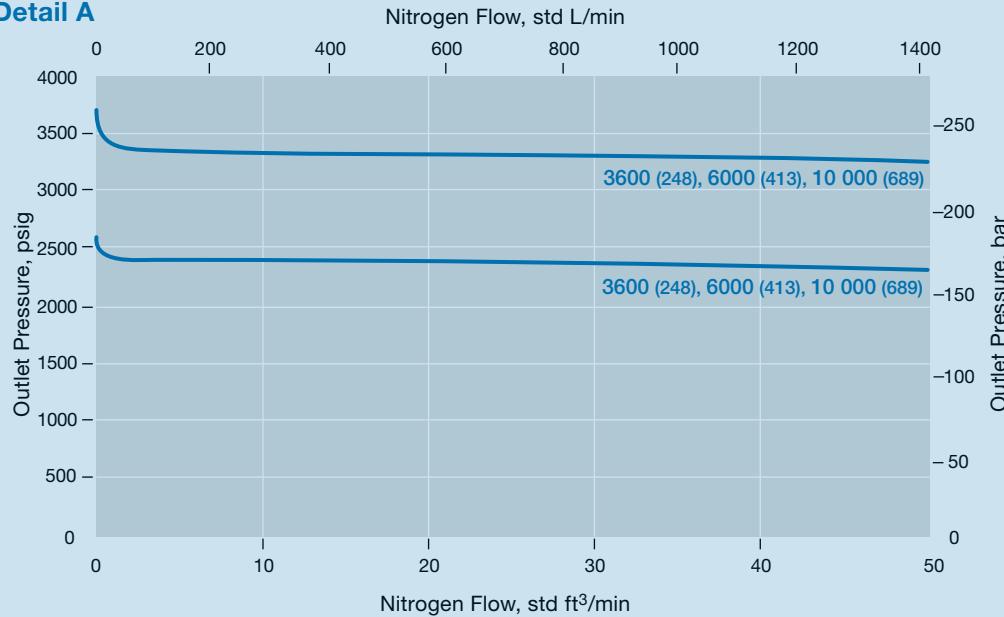
#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 100 to 10 000 psig (6.8 to 689 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 100 to 10 000 psig (6.8 to 689 bar)



##### Detail A



## KHP Series High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

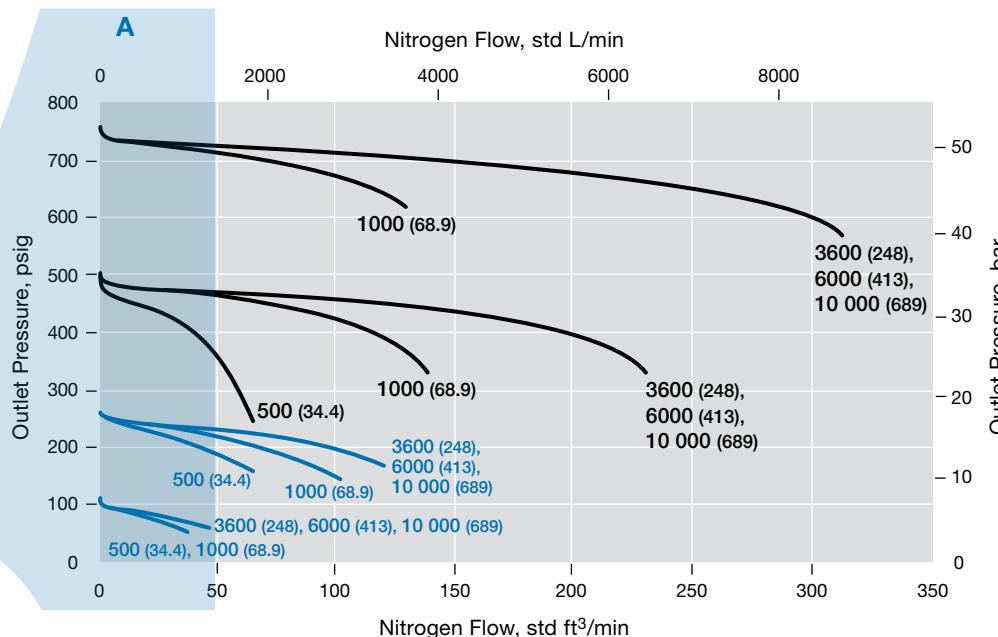
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

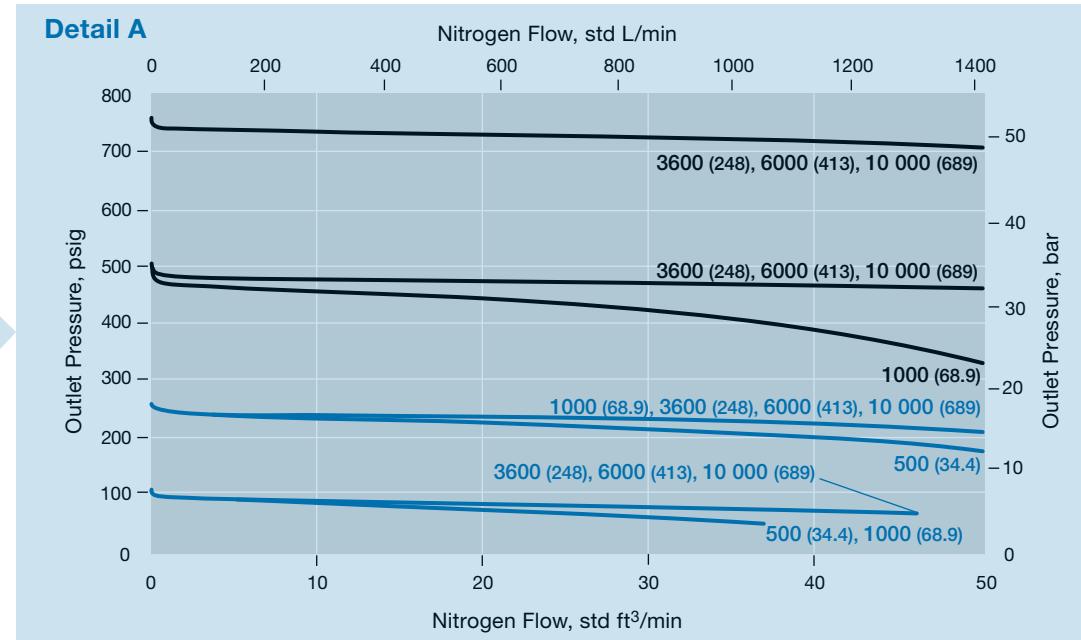
#### Flow Coefficient 0.25, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar) and 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar)
- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)



**Detail A**

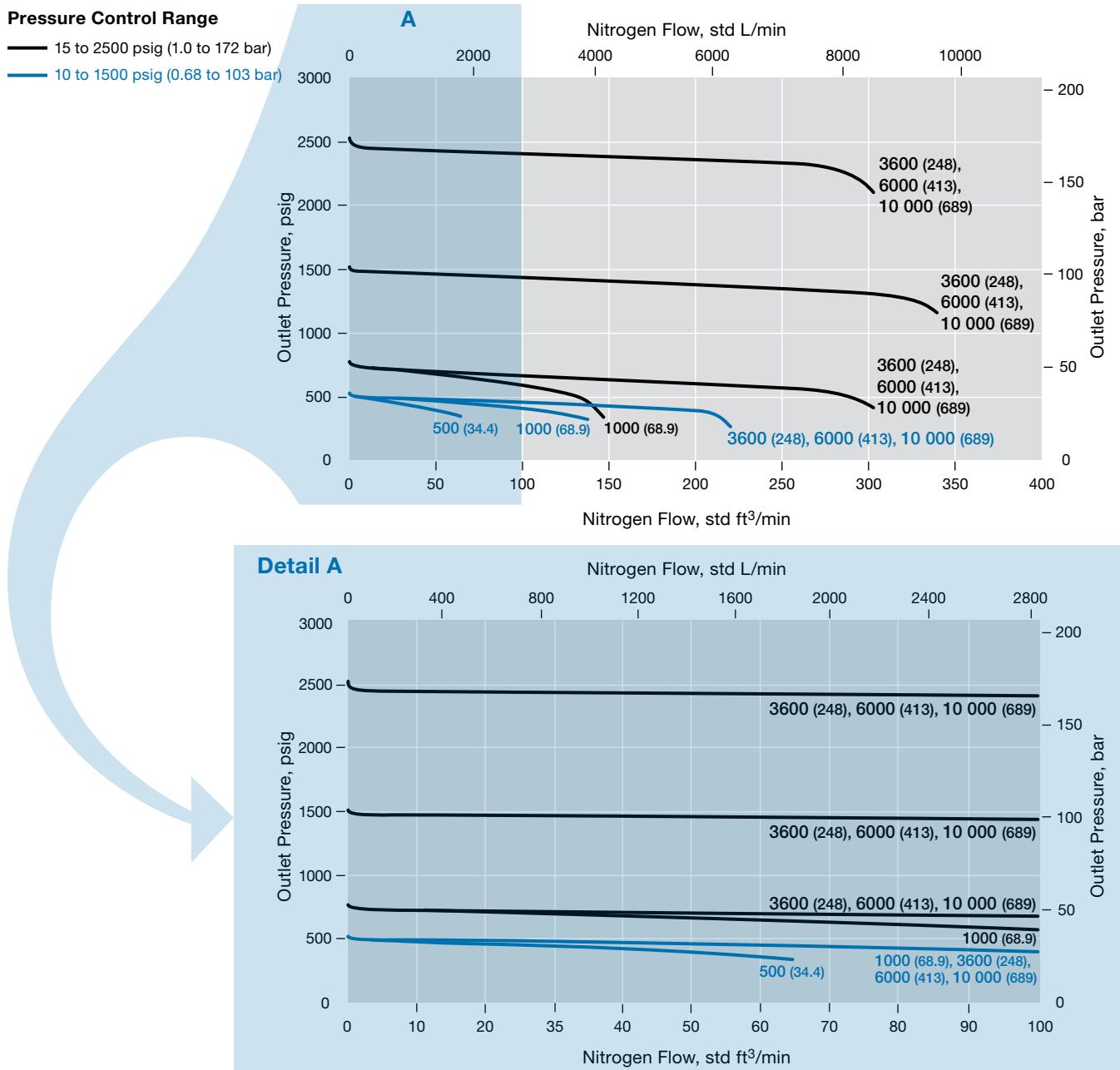


## KHP Series High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.25, Pressure Control Ranges 15 to 2500 psig (1.0 to 172 bar) and 10 to 1500 psig (0.68 to 103 bar)**



## KHP Series High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

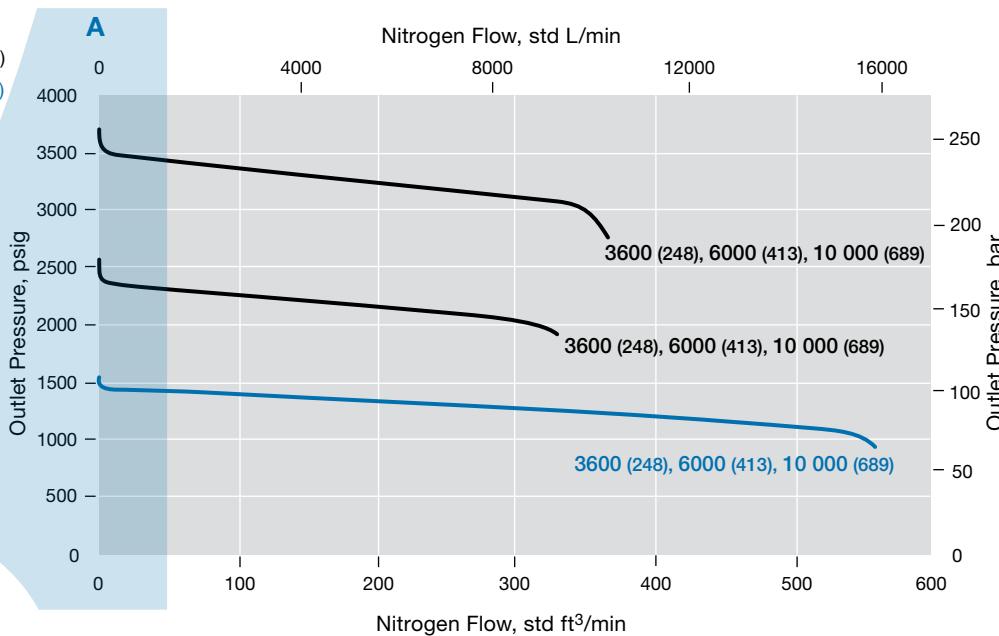
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

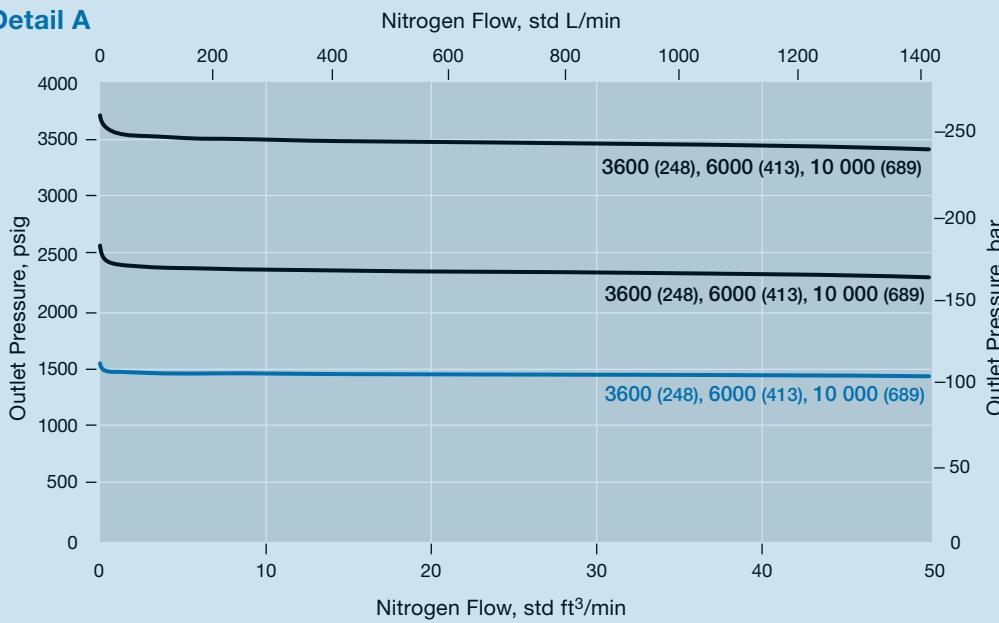
**Flow Coefficient 0.25, Pressure Control Ranges 50 to 6000 psig (3.4 to 413 bar) and 25 to 3600 psig (1.7 to 248 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 50 to 6000 psig (3.4 to 413 bar)
- 25 to 3600 psig (1.7 to 248 bar)



#### Detail A



## KHP Series High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Gas Flow

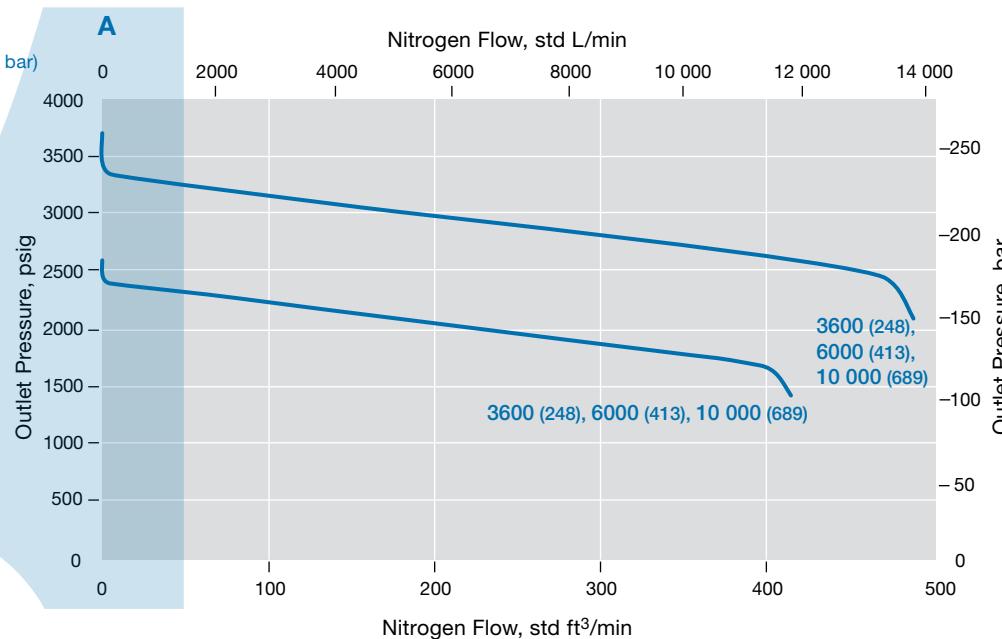
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.035 std ft<sup>3</sup>/min (1 std L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

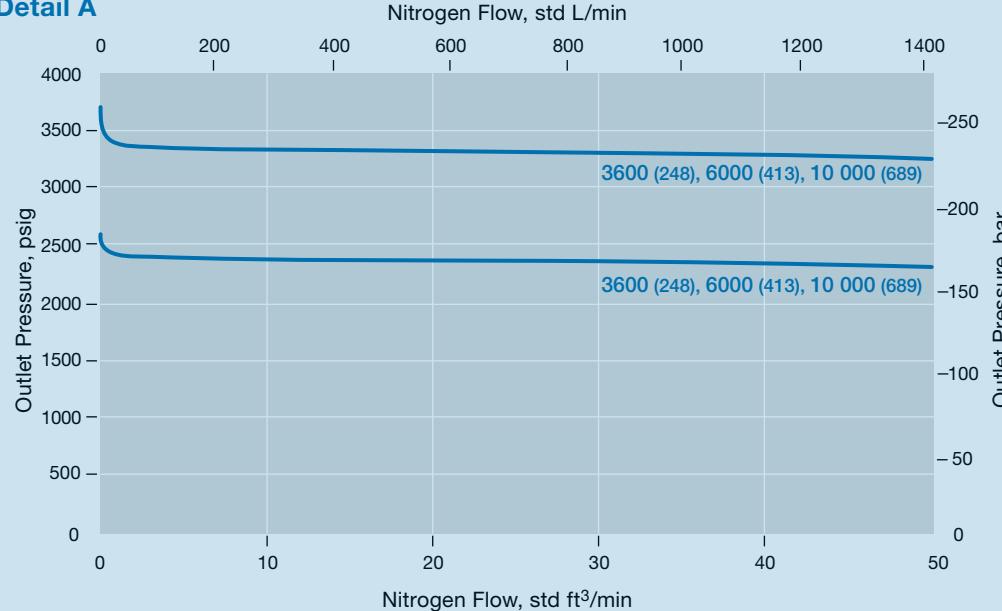
#### Flow Coefficient 0.25, Pressure Control Range 100 to 10 000 psig (6.8 to 689 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 10 to 10 000 psig (0.68 to 689 bar)



##### Detail A



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

The KPR series is a compact regulator with excellent accuracy, sensitivity, and set-point pressure stability.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators* catalog, MS-02-230.

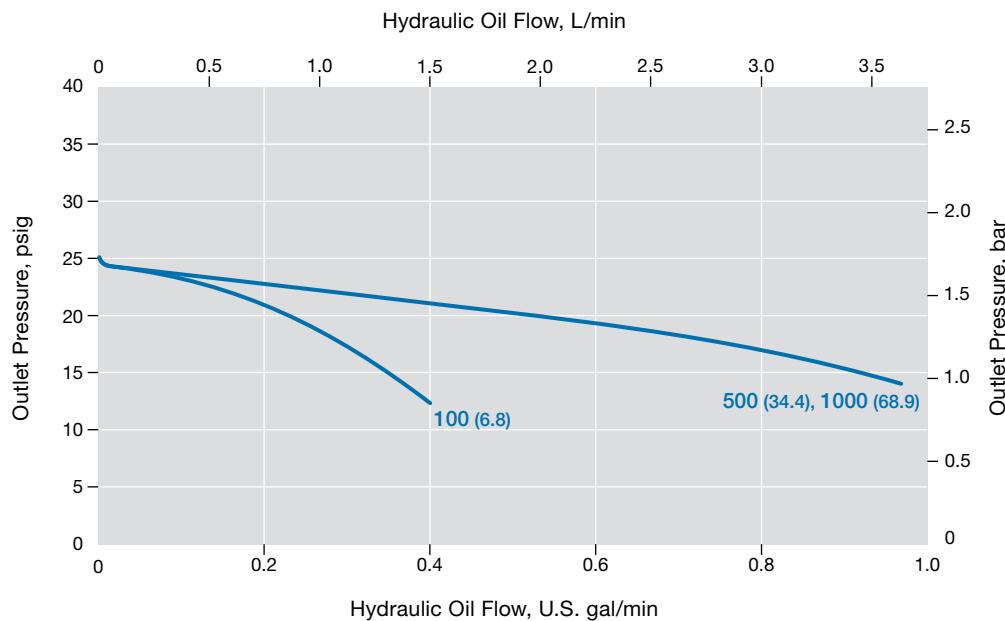
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow Flow

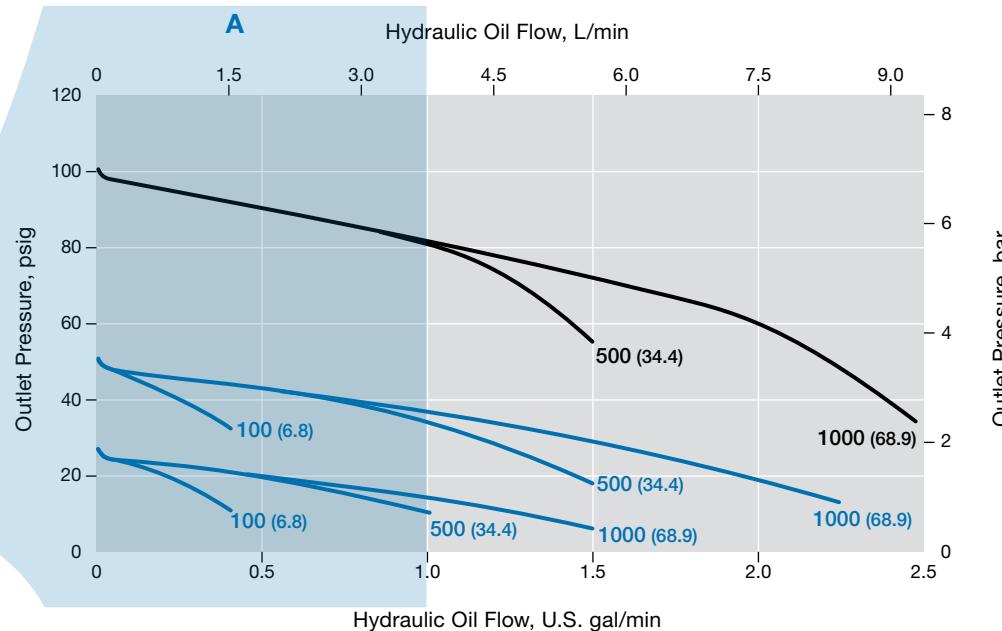
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

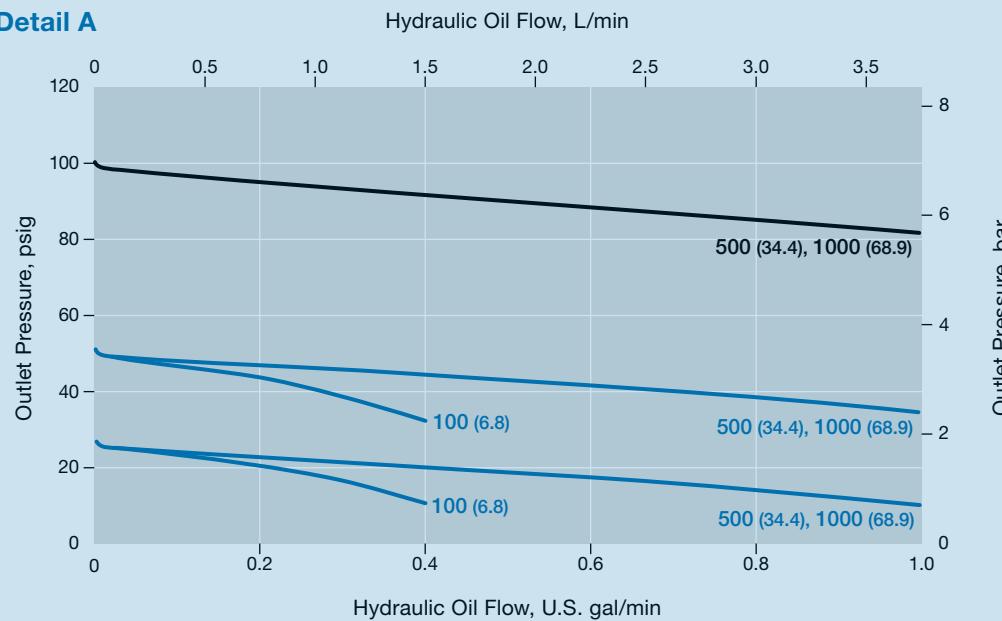
**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



#### Detail A



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

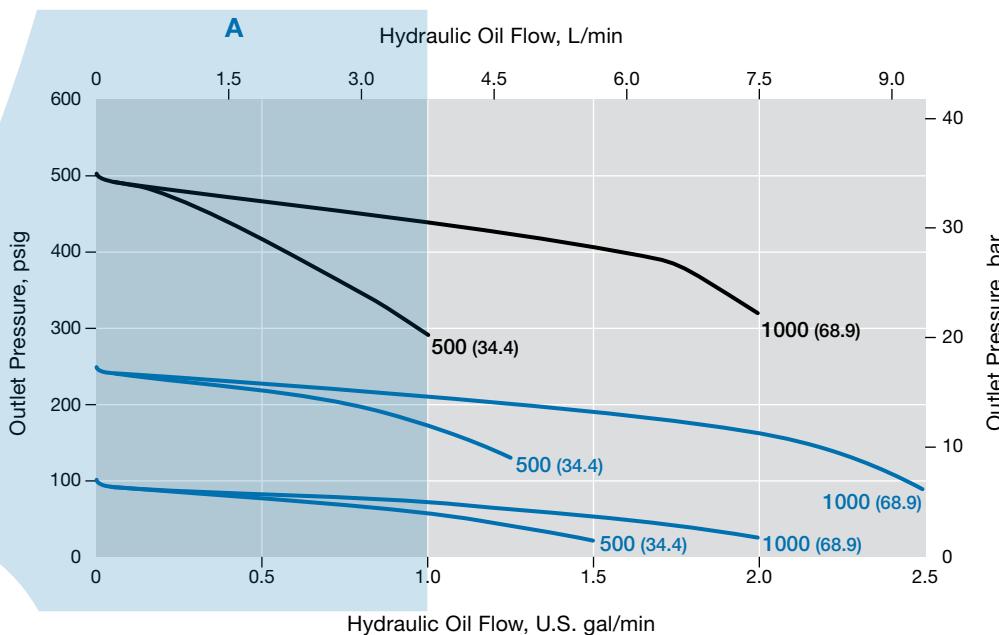
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

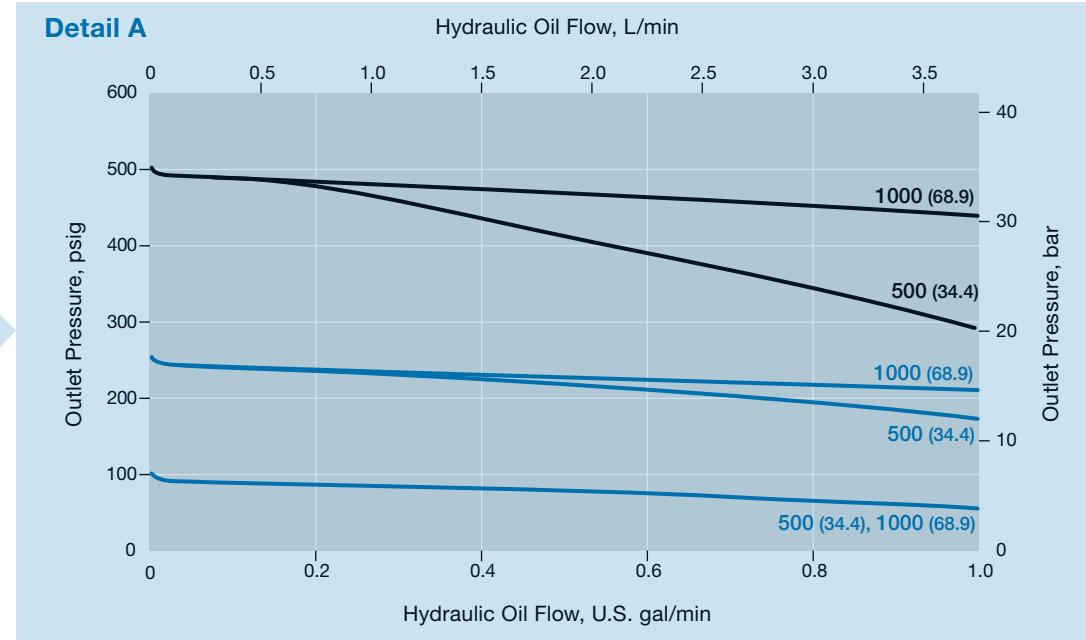
**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



**Detail A**



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

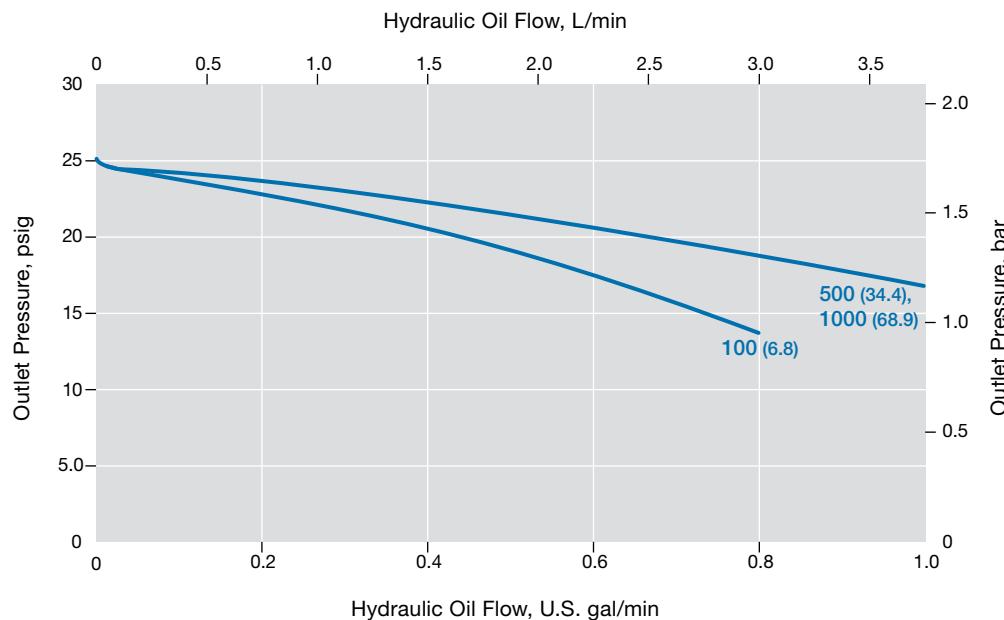
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### **Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)**

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

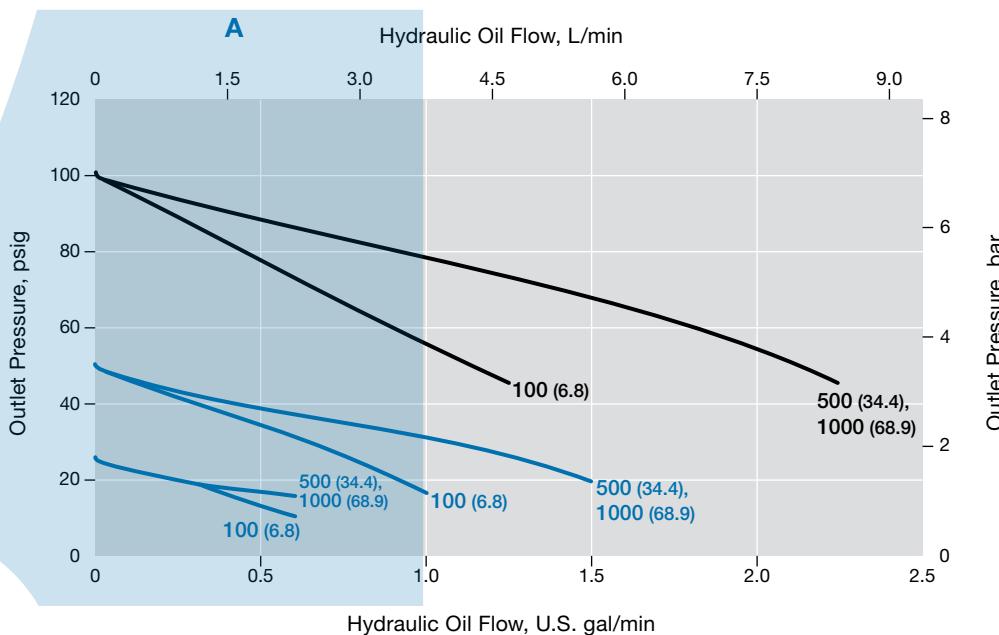
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

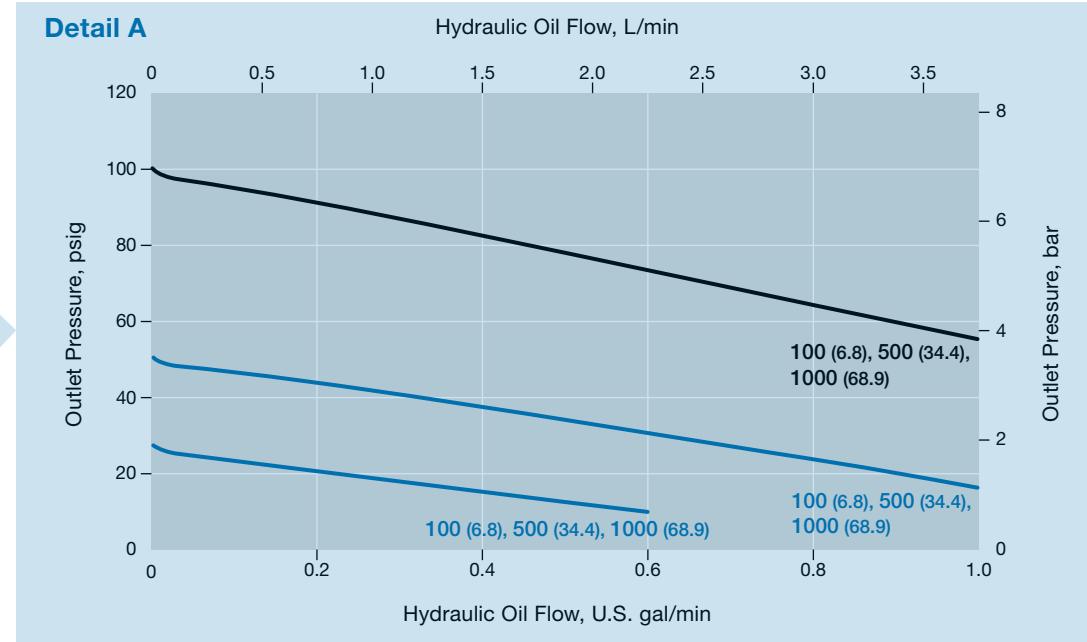
#### Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



##### Detail A



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

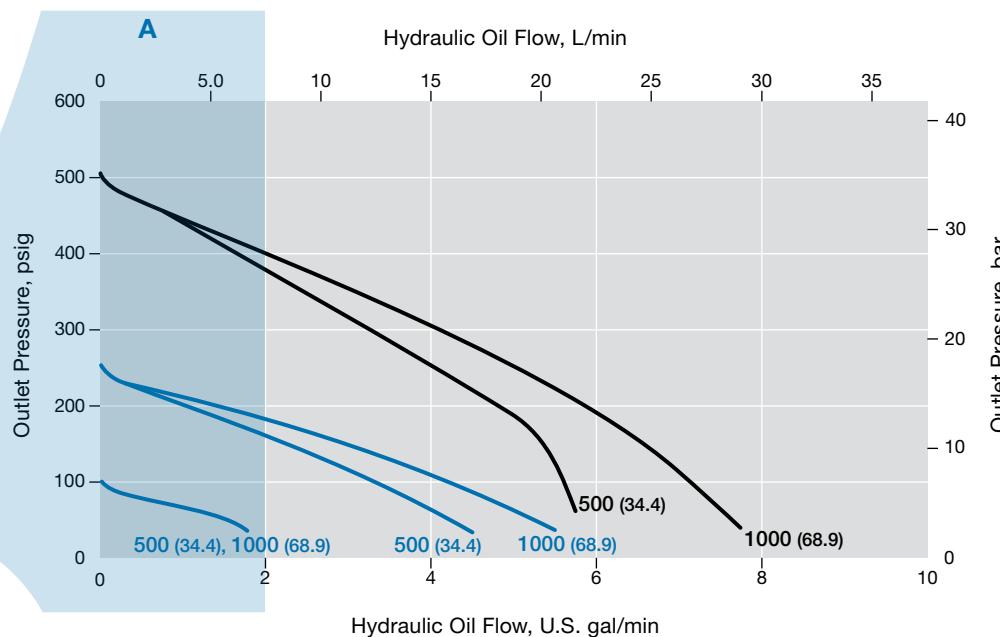
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

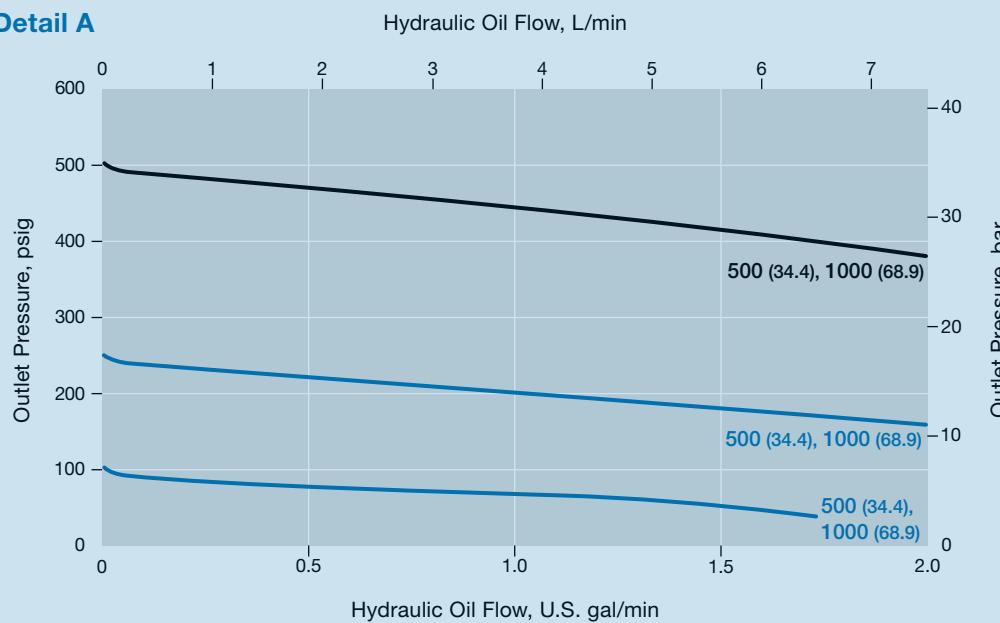
**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



#### Detail A



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

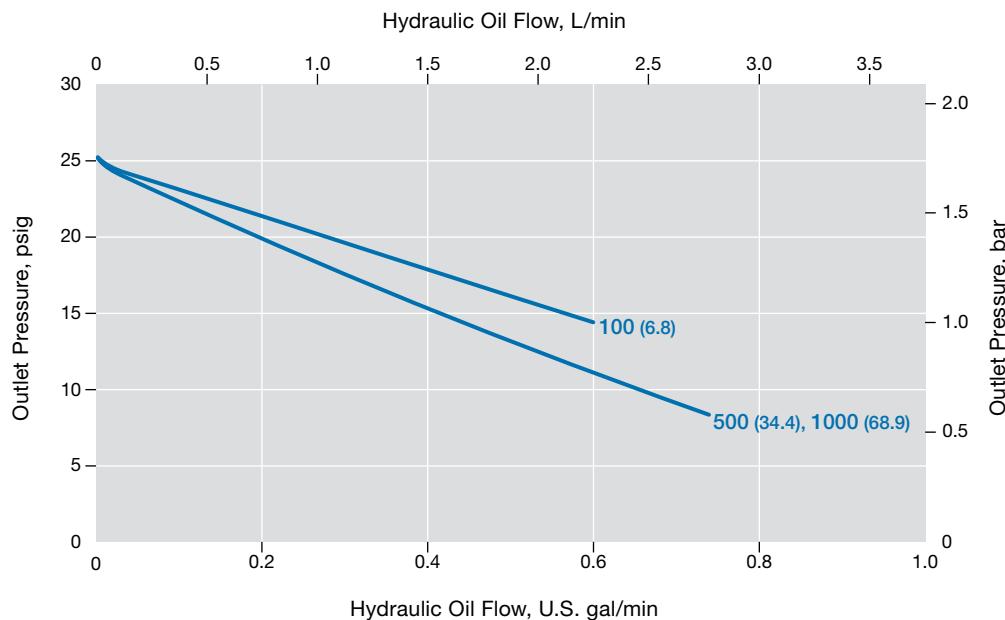
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

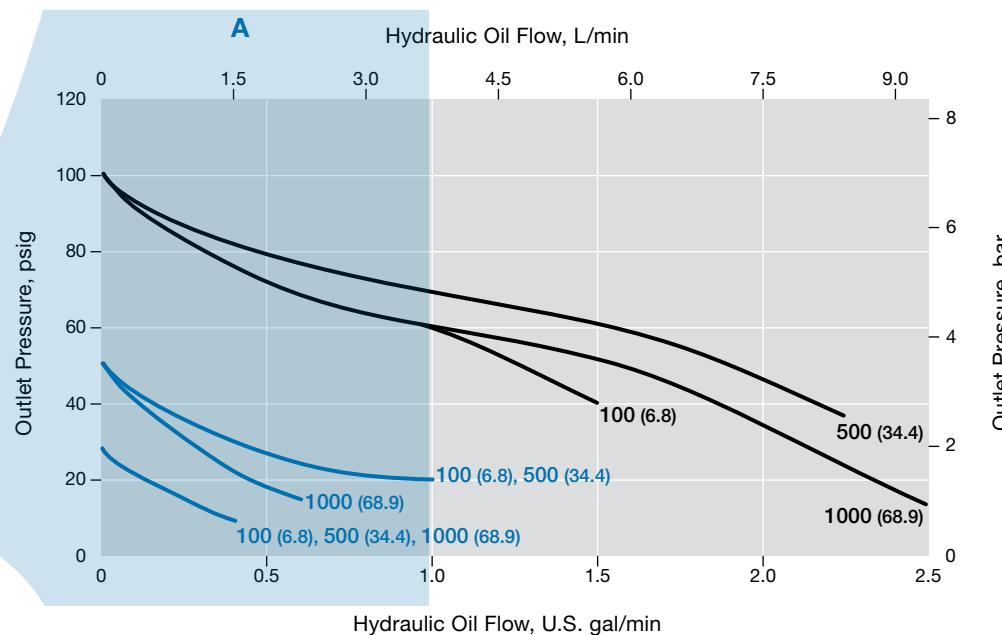
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

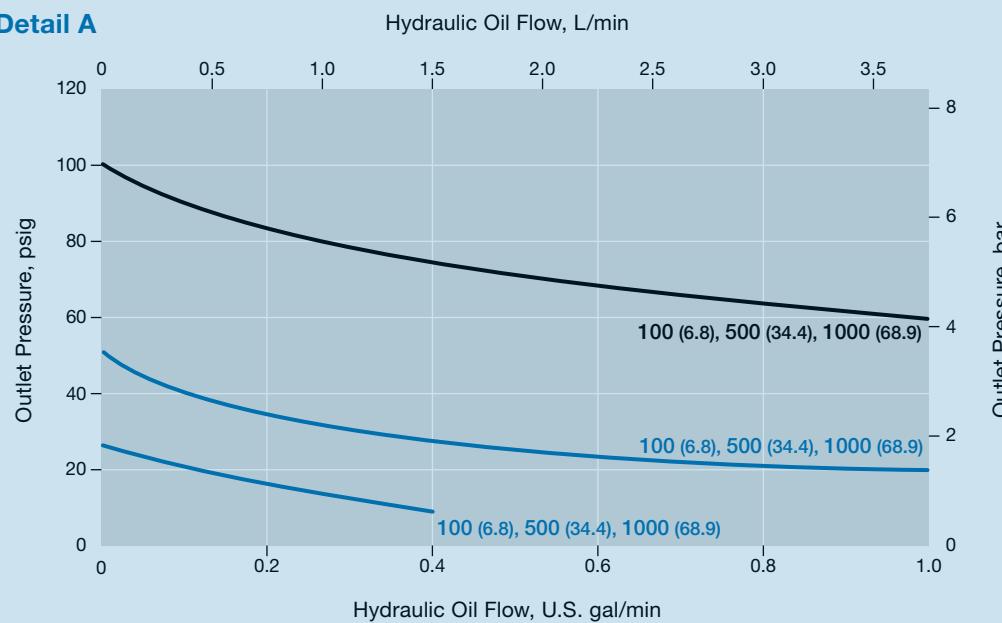
**Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



**Detail A**



## KPR Series Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

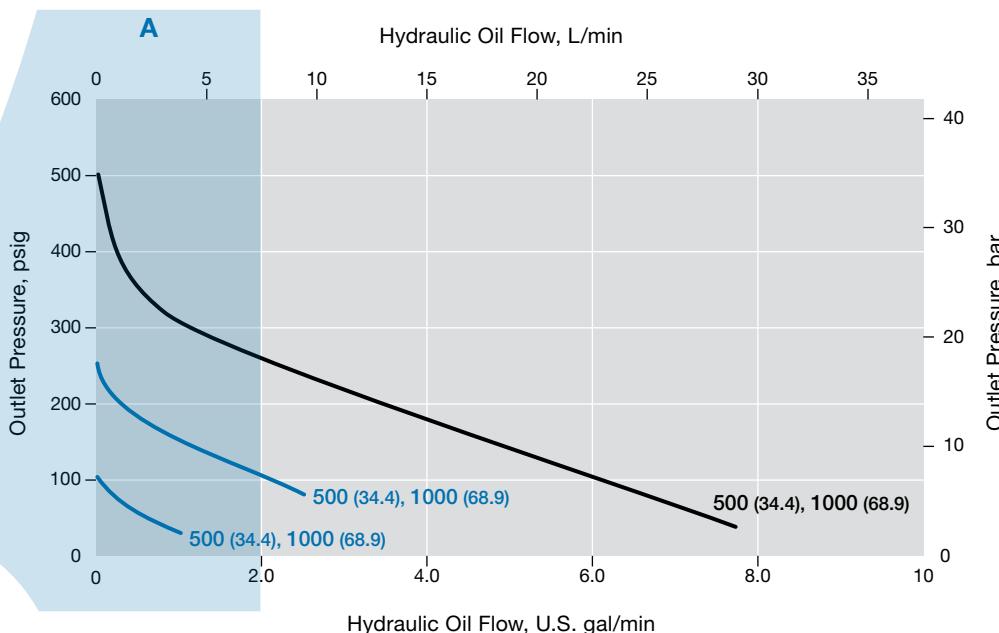
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

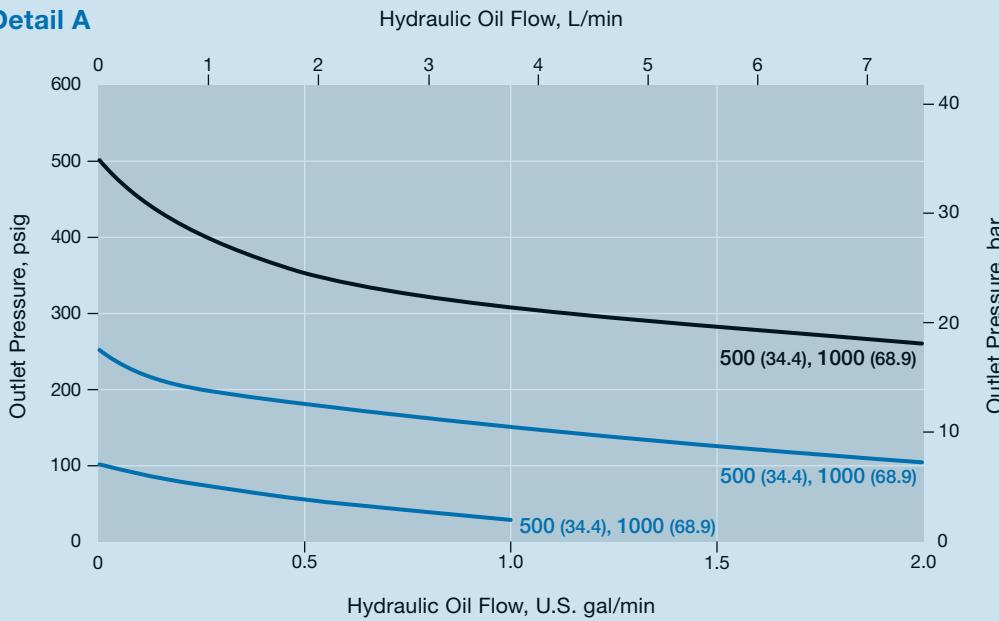
#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



**Detail A**



## KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

The KCY series is designed for use in applications requiring constant outlet pressure even with wide variations in inlet pressure. This two-stage regulator is comparable to two single-stage regulators connected in series. The first stage is factory set to reduce the inlet pressure to 500 psig (34.4 bar). The second stage can be adjusted with the handle to achieve the required outlet pressure.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators catalog*, [MS-02-230](#).

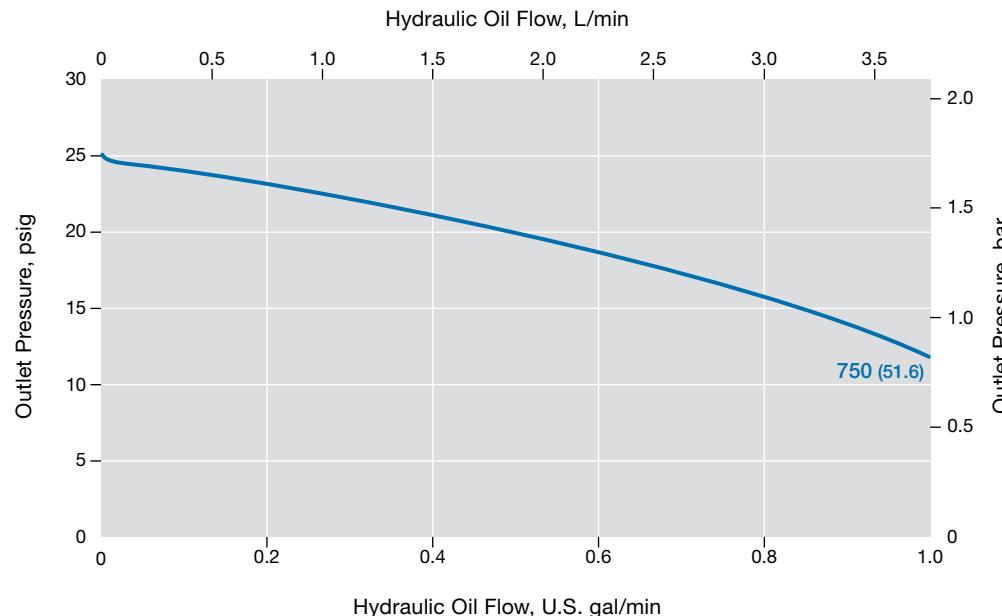
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### **Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)**

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

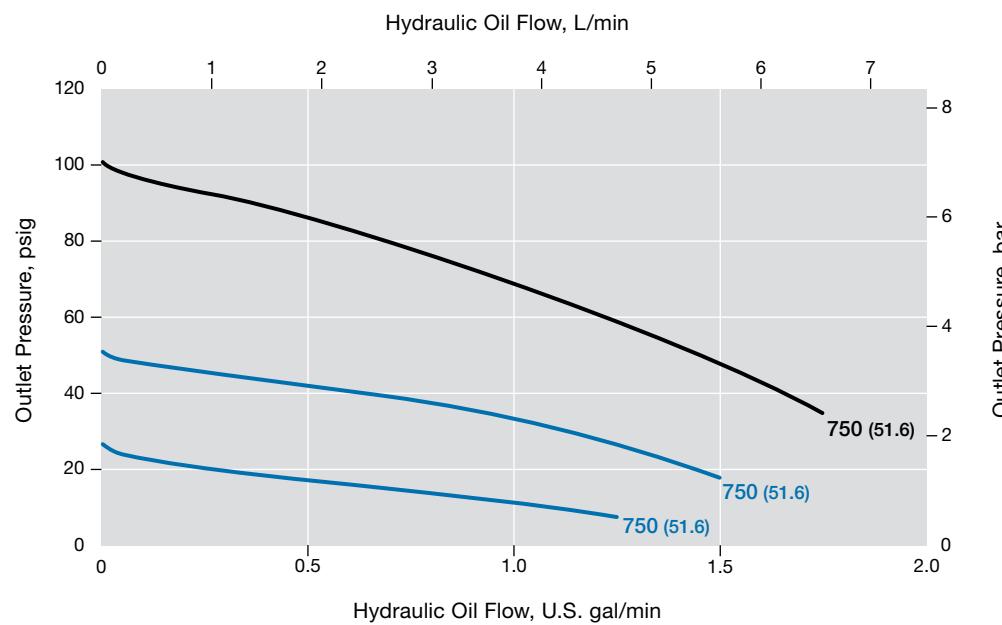


#### **Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)**

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)

— 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



## KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

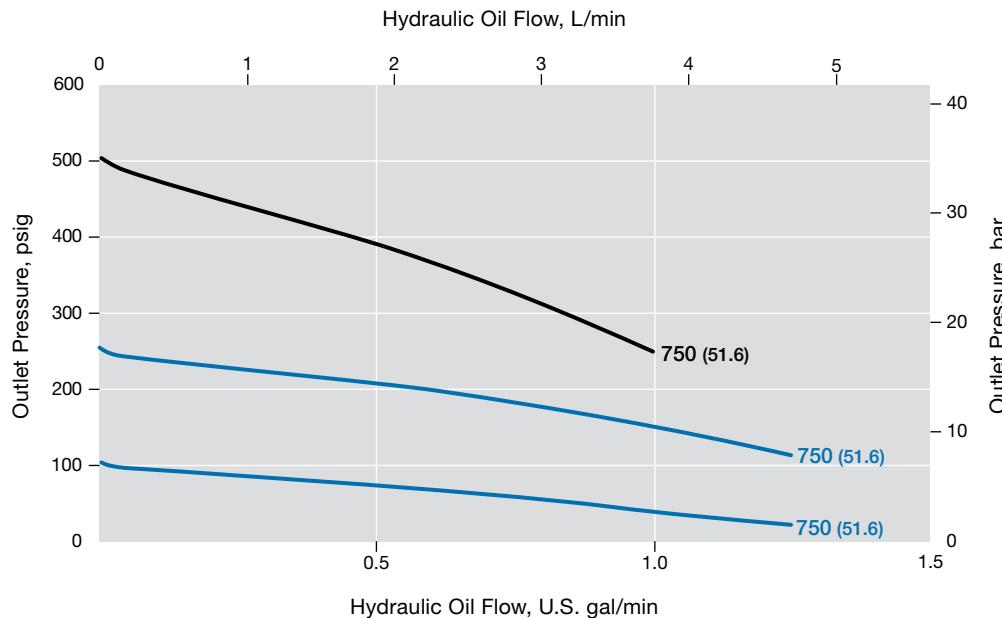
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



## KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

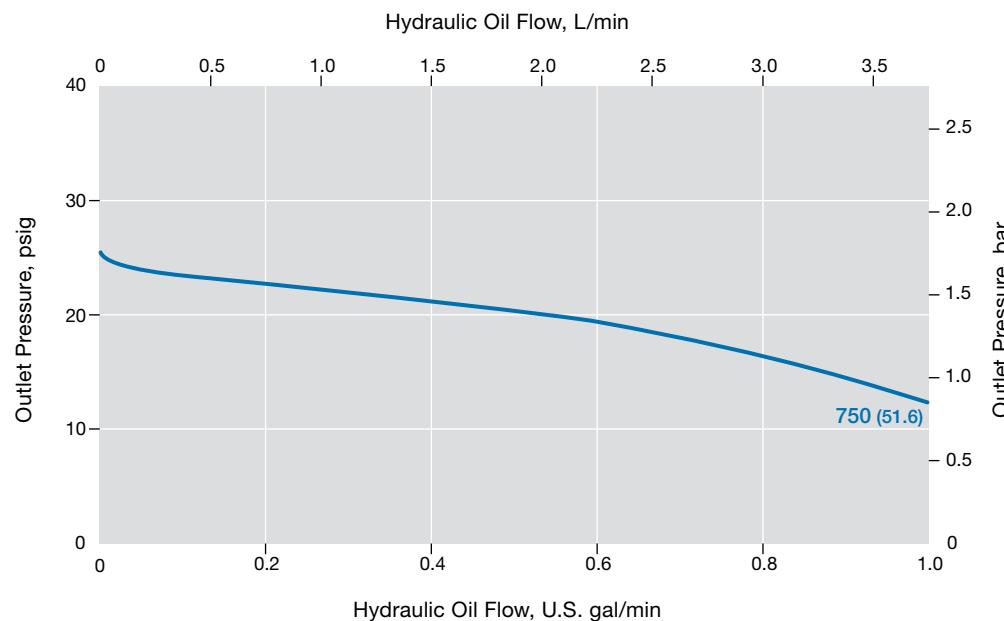
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)



## KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators

### Liquid Flow

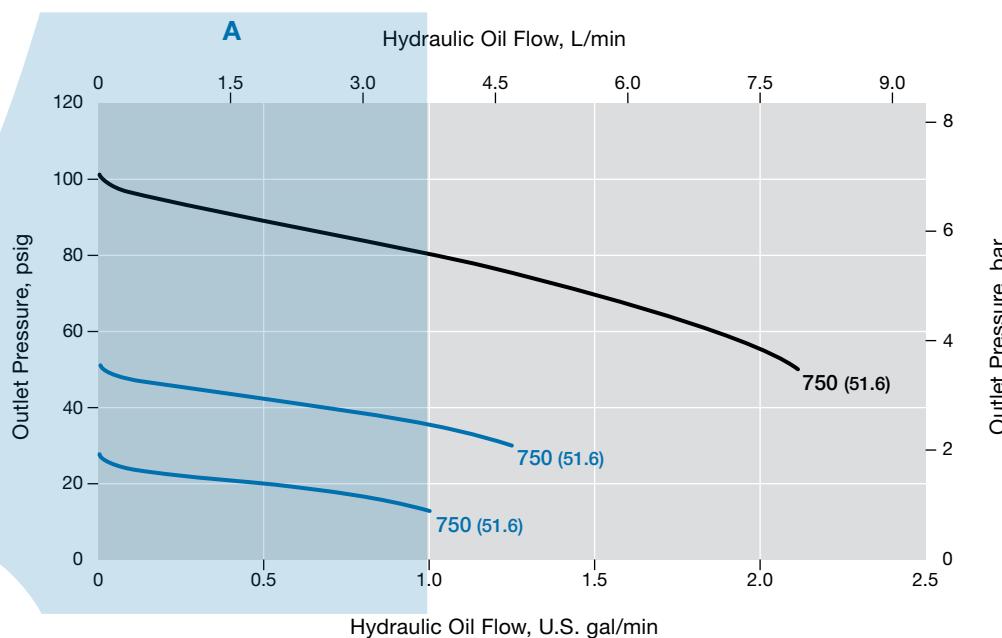
#### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

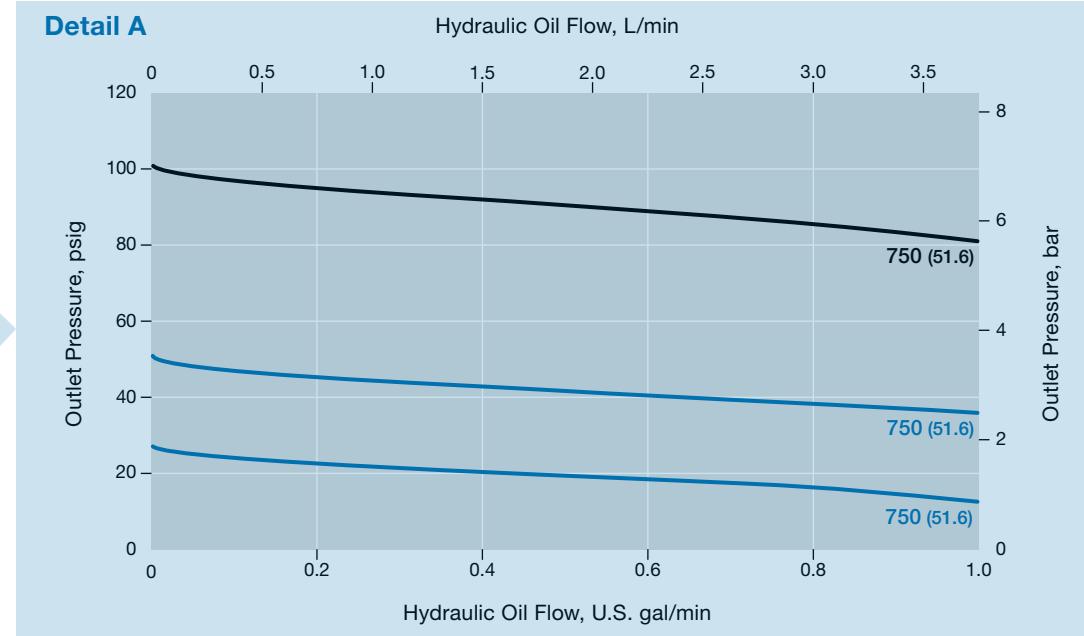
**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



**Detail A**



## KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

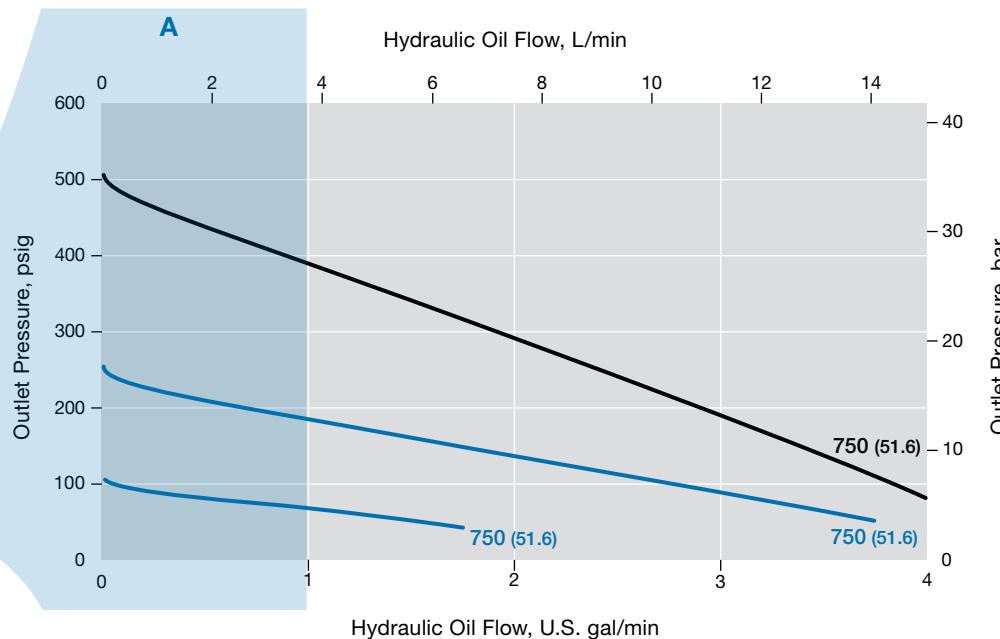
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

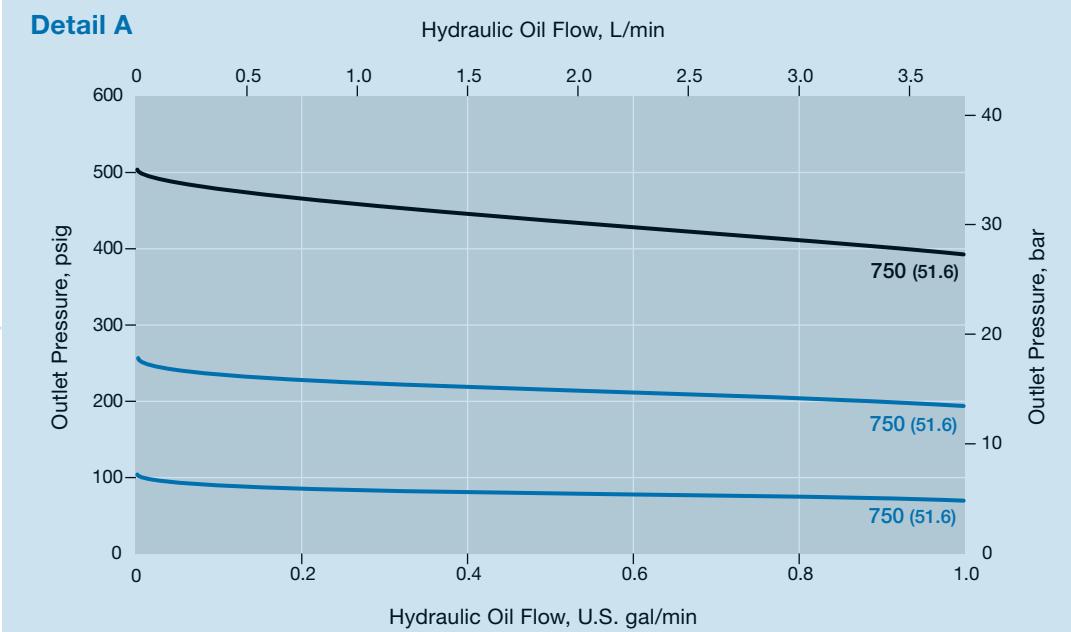
**Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)**

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



**Detail A**



## KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

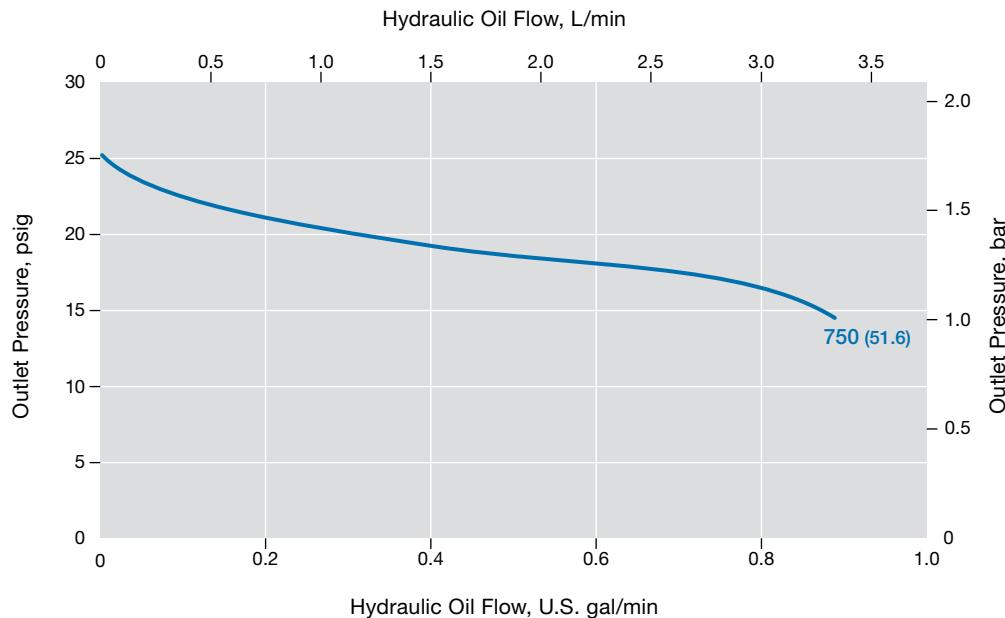
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)



## KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

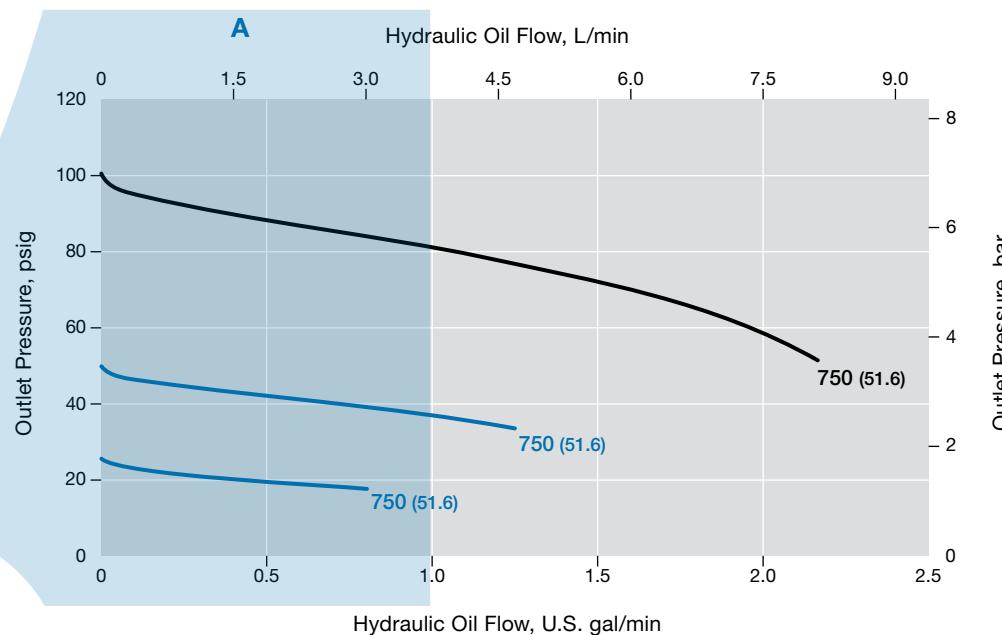
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

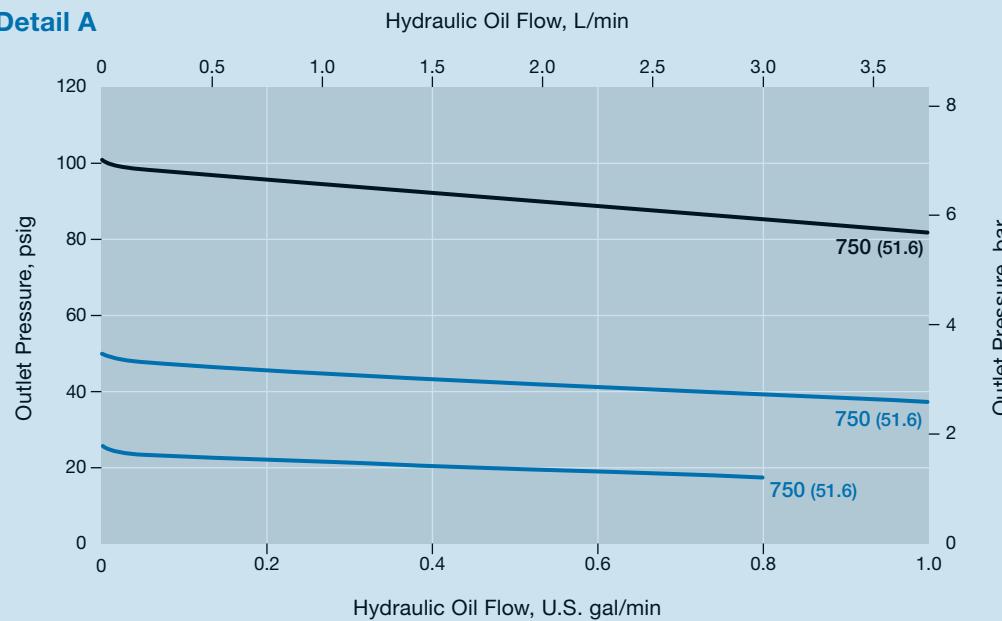
**Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



**Detail A**



## KCY Series Two-Stage Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

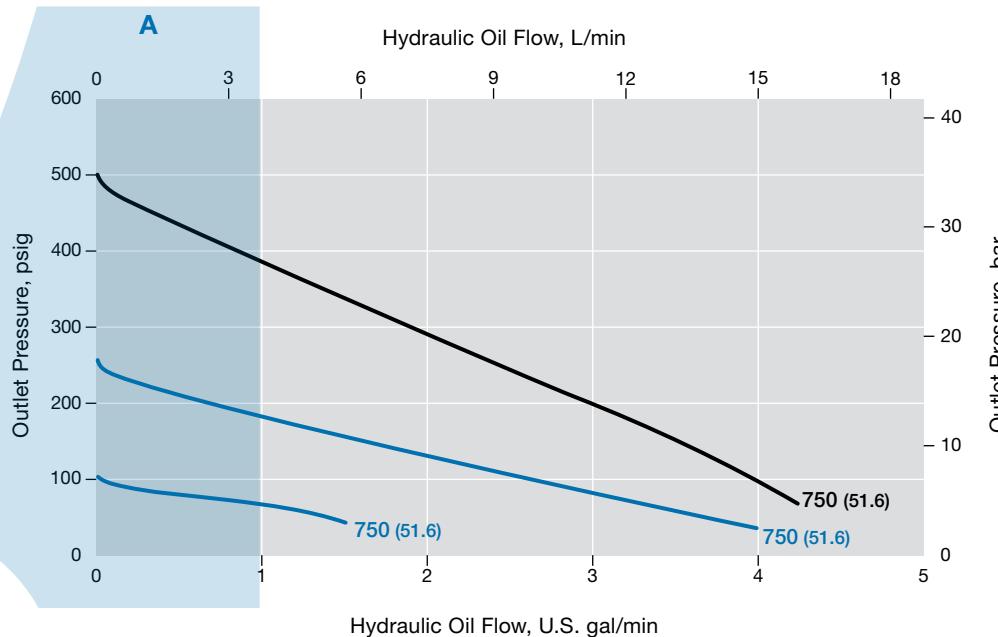
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

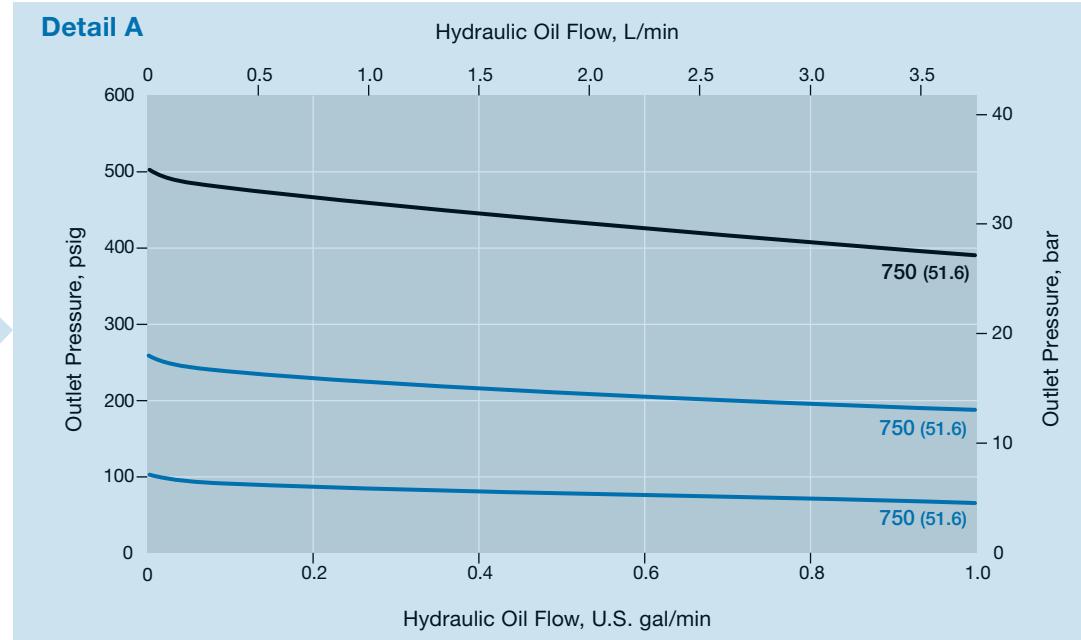
#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar) and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



**Detail A**



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

The KLF series provides high-sensitivity pressure control of gases or liquids with minimum droop in both low-flow and low-pressure applications.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators catalog*, [MS-02-230](#).

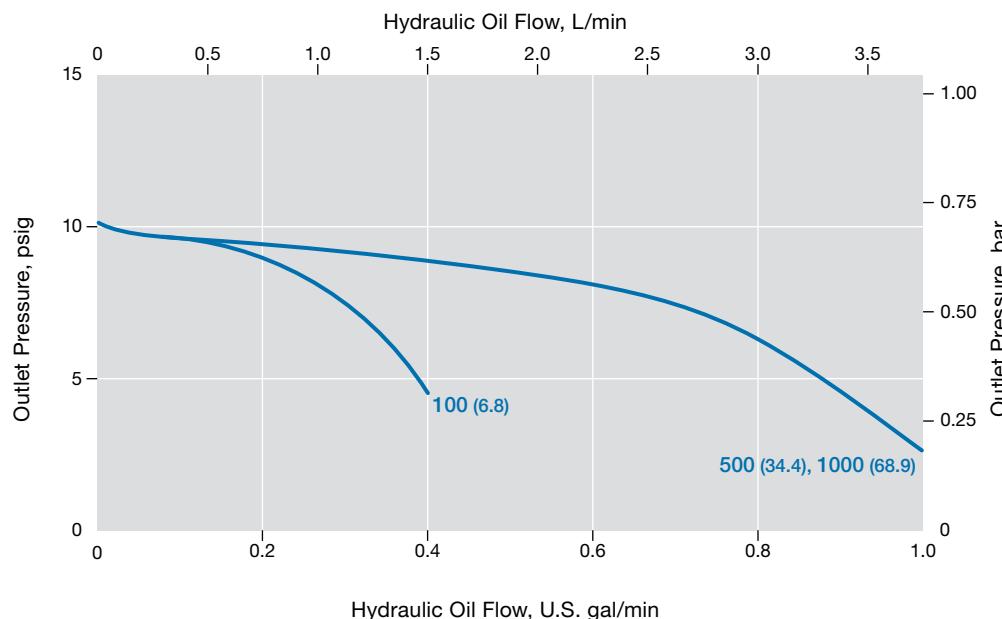
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### **Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)**

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 10 psig (0 to 0.68 bar)

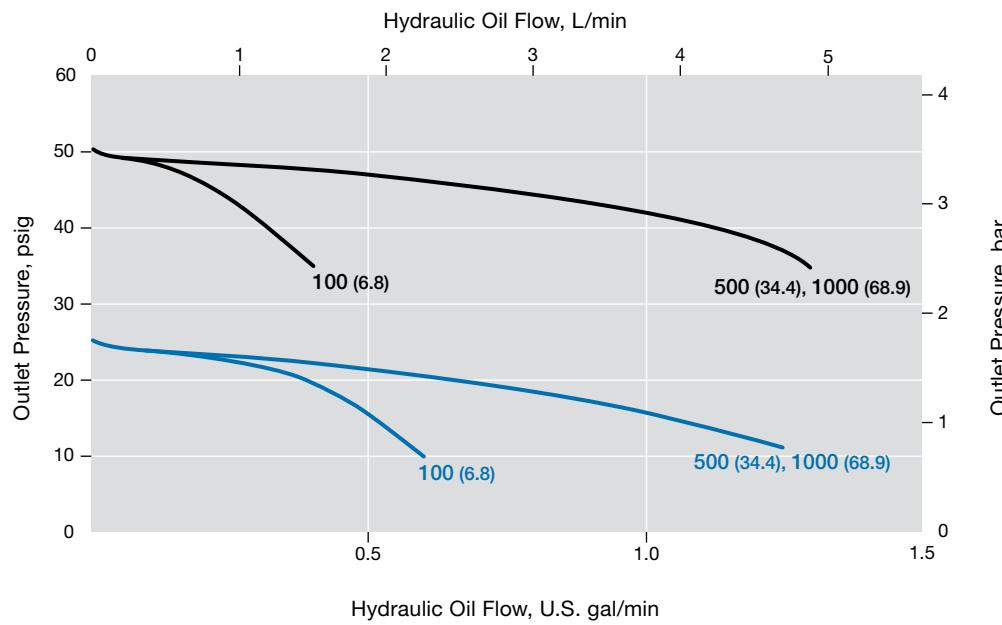


#### **Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar) and 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)**

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

— 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

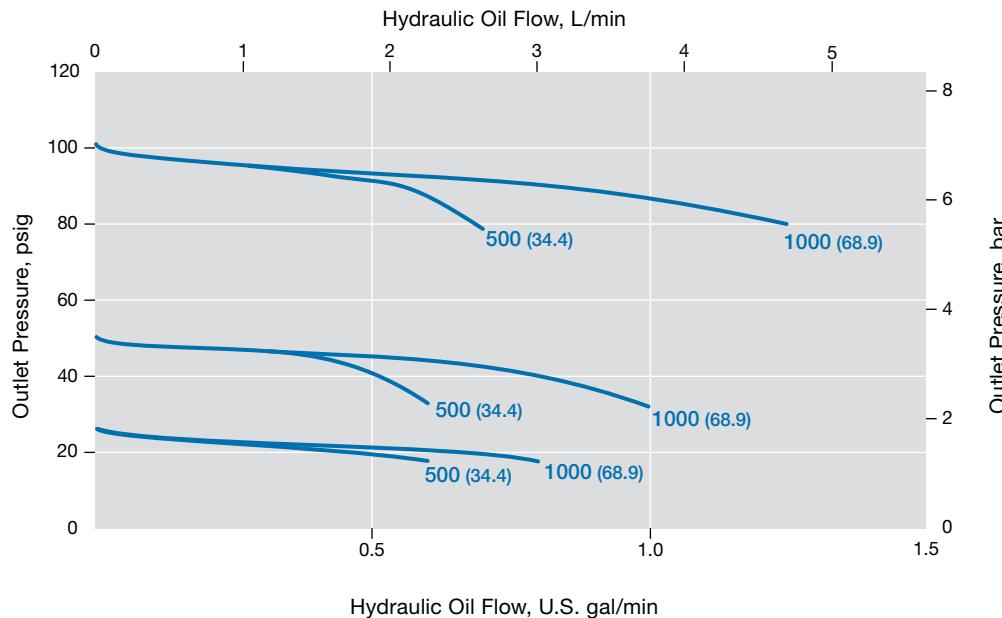
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

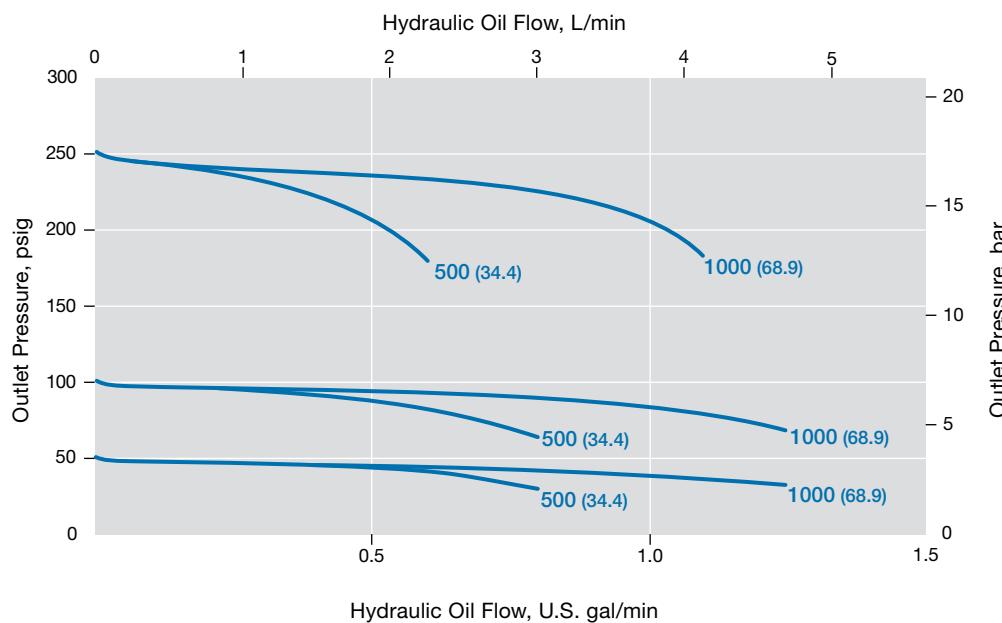
— 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)



#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

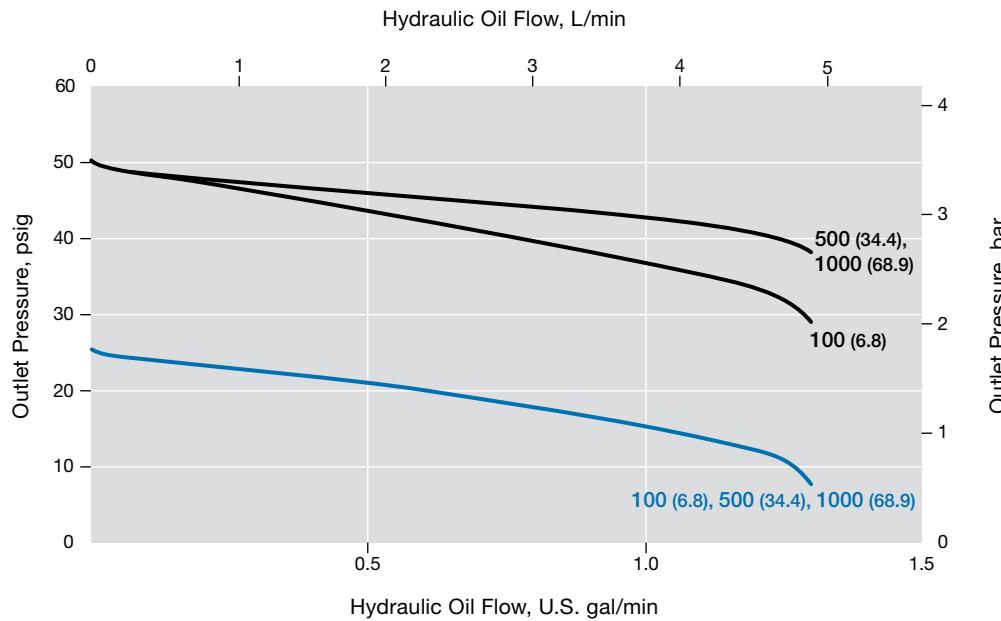
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar) and 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

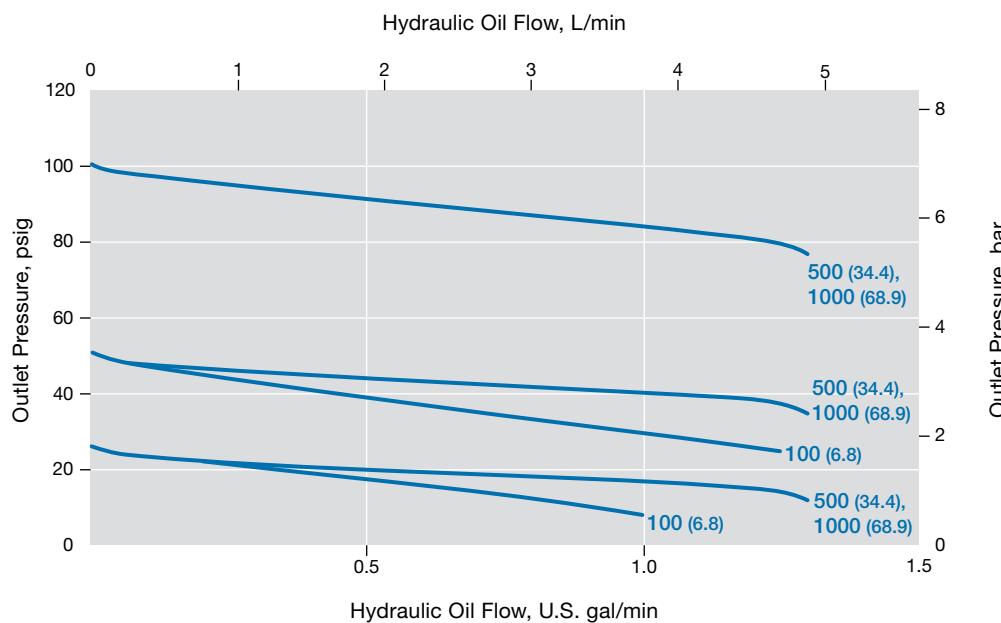
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
- 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)



#### Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

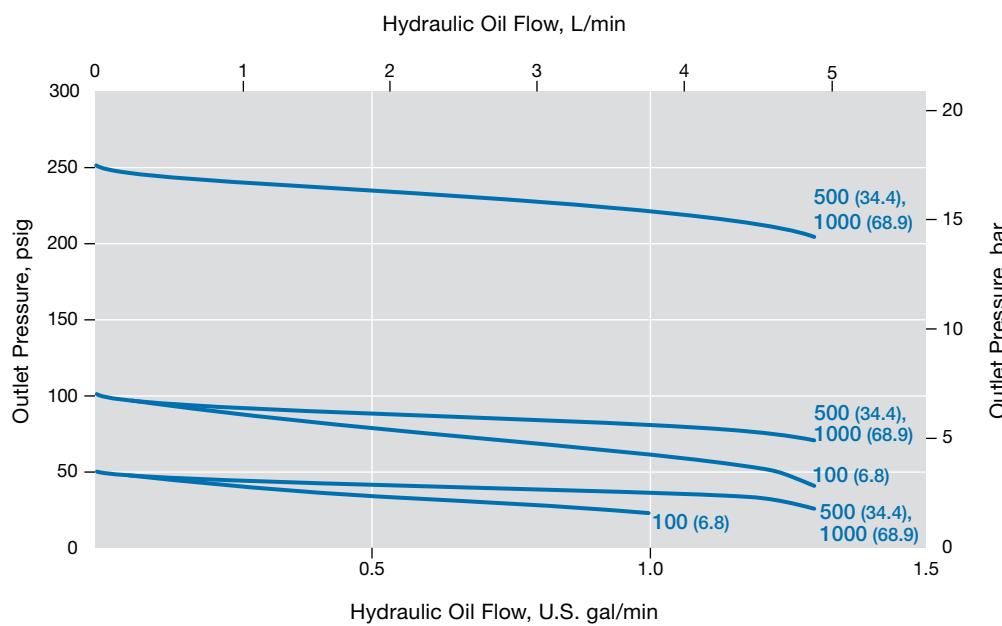
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

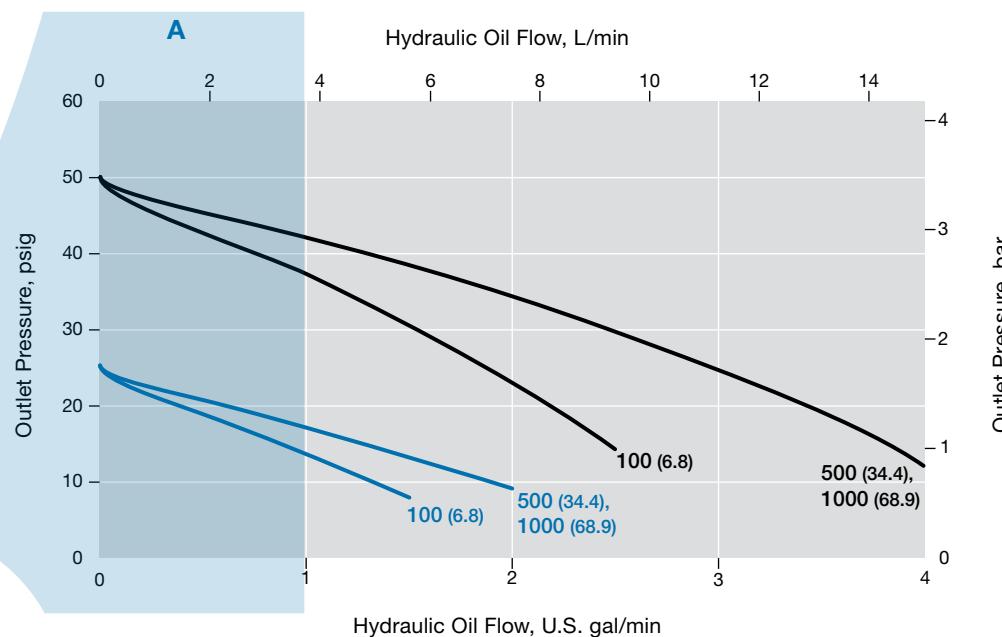
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

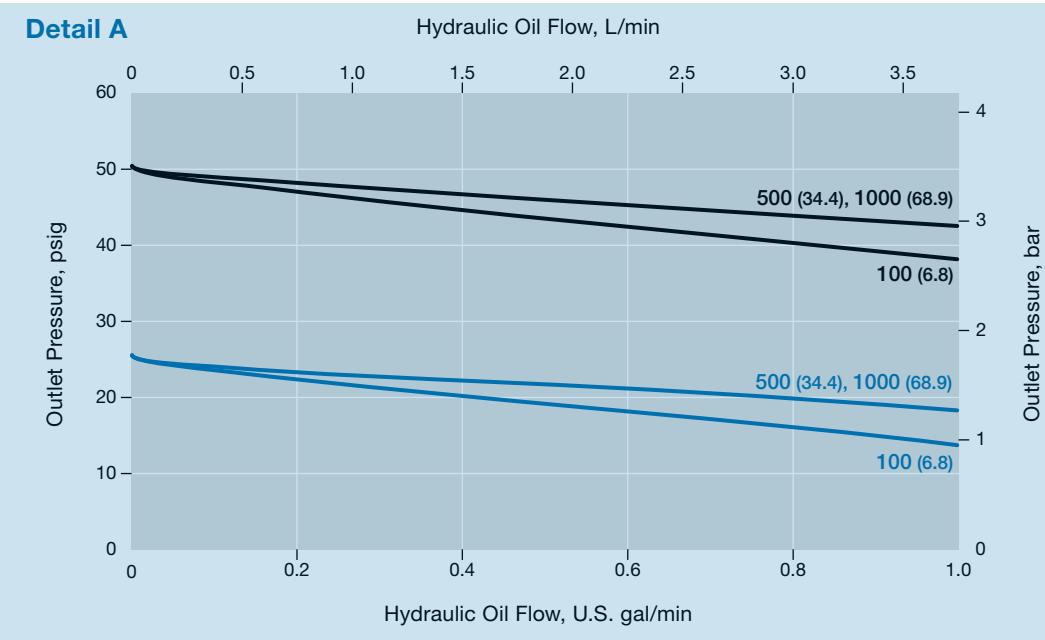
**Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar) and 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)
- 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)



**Detail A**



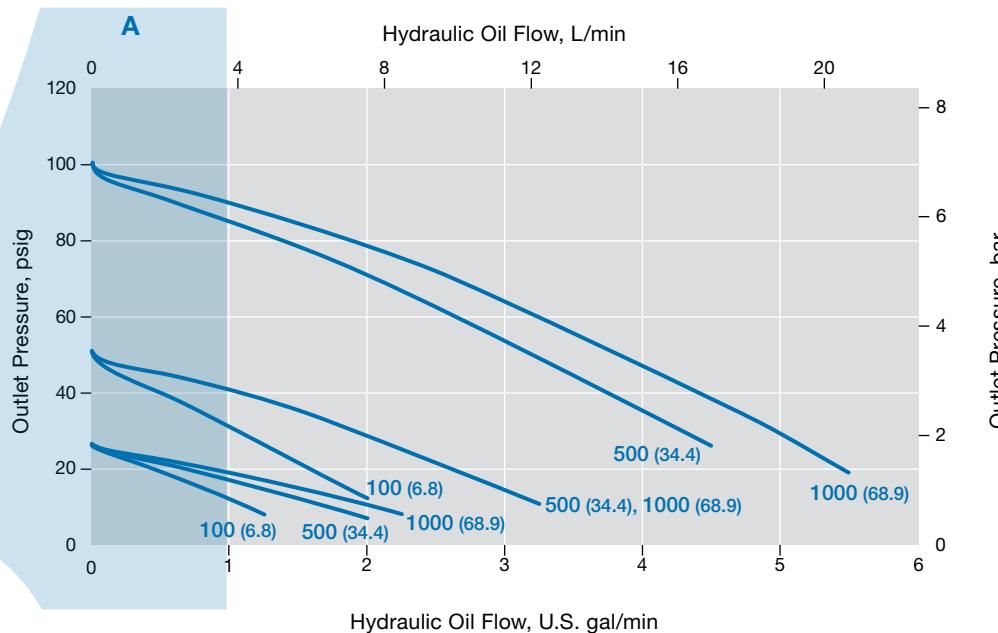
## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

### Flow Curves

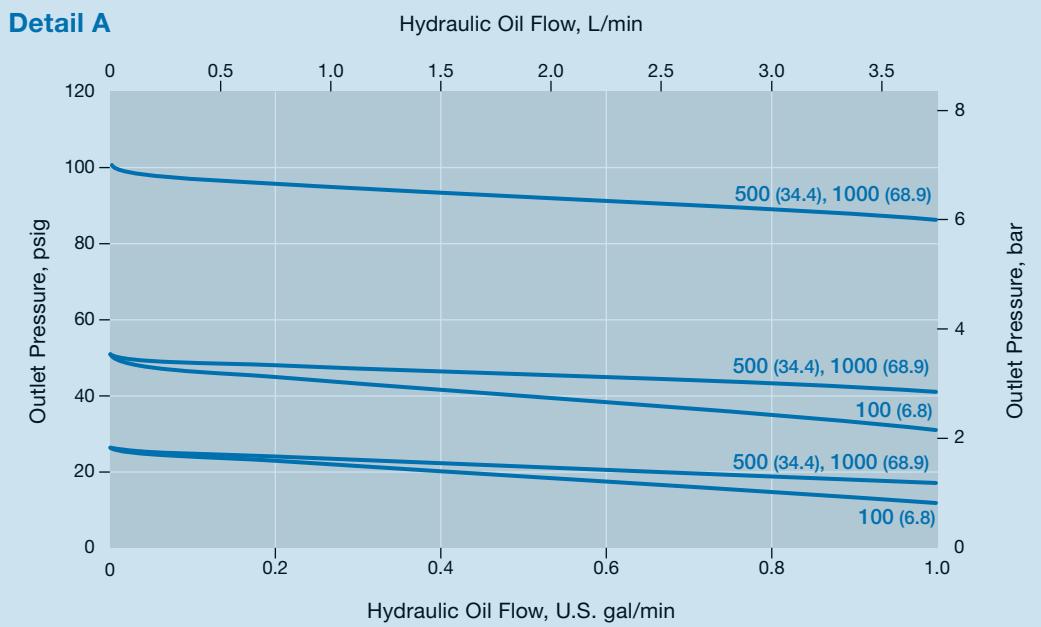
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)

**Pressure Control Range**  
— 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)



**Detail A**



## KLF Series High-Sensitivity Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

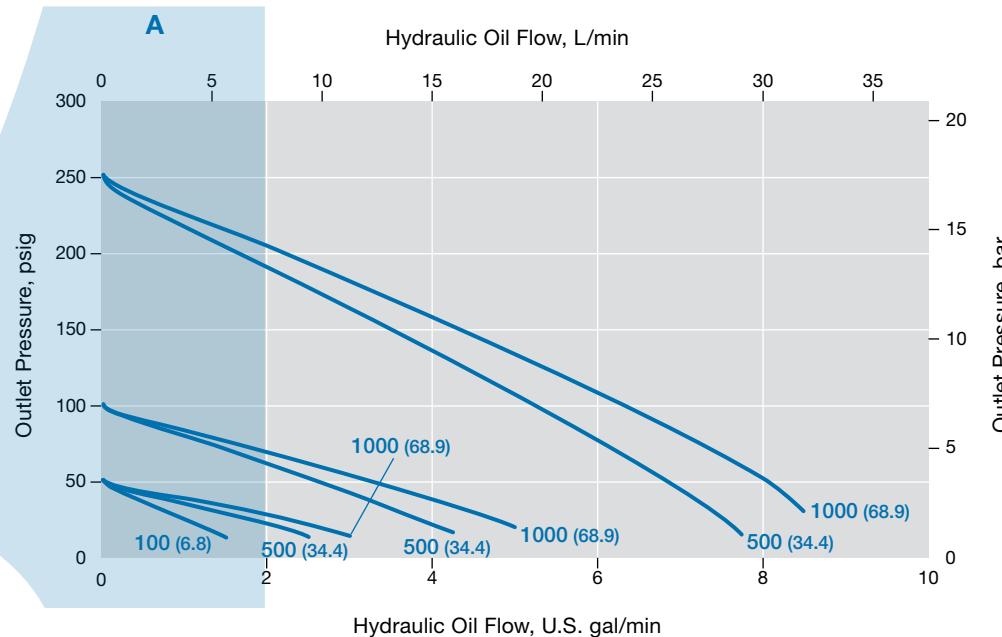
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

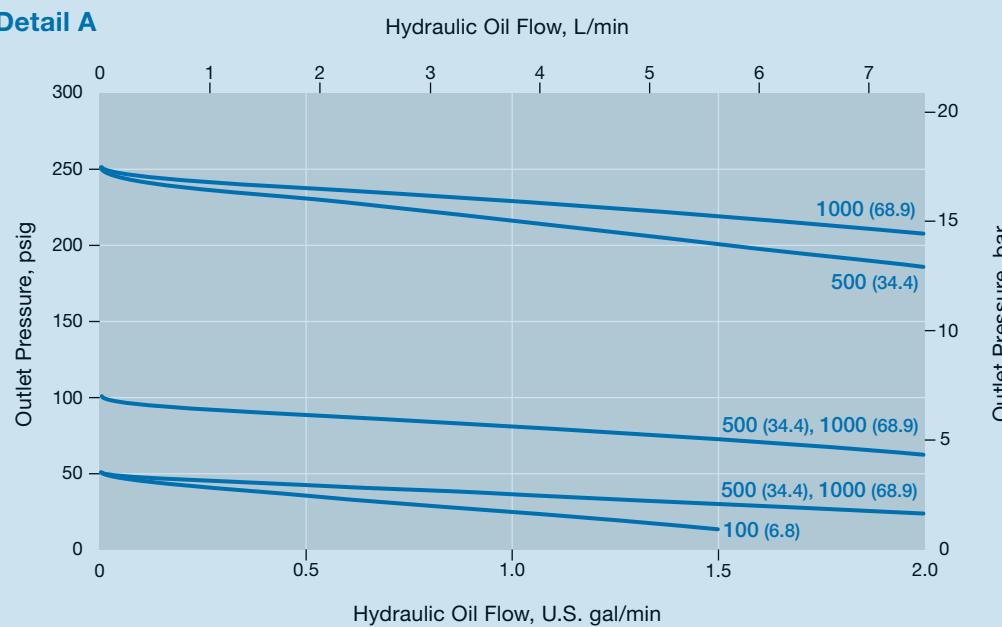
#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



##### Detail A



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

The KCP series is a compact, piston-sensing pressure regulator with a short stroke to minimize wear in high-cycling applications.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators catalog*, [MS-02-230](#).

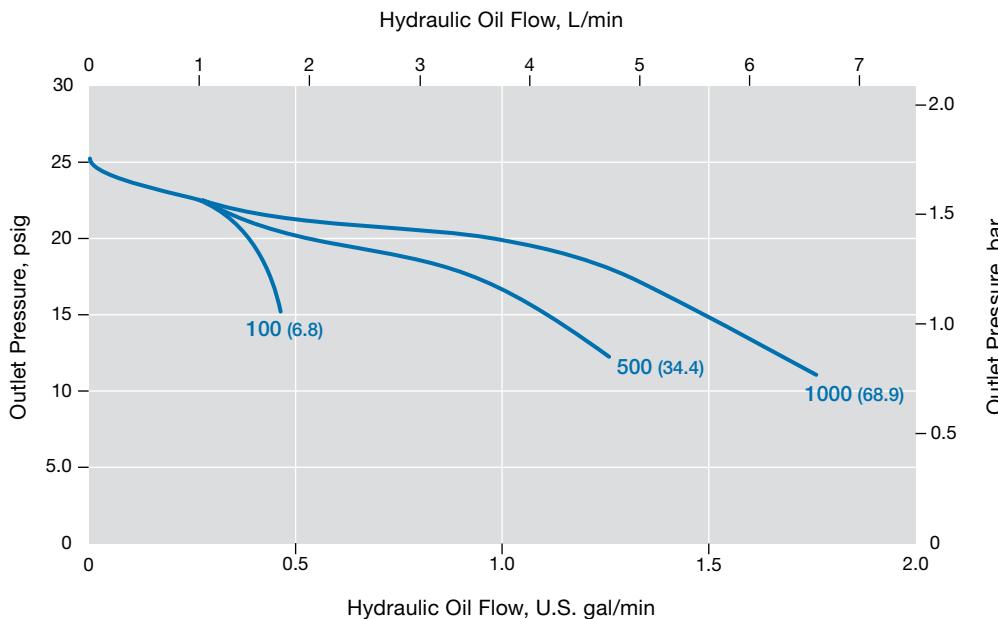
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

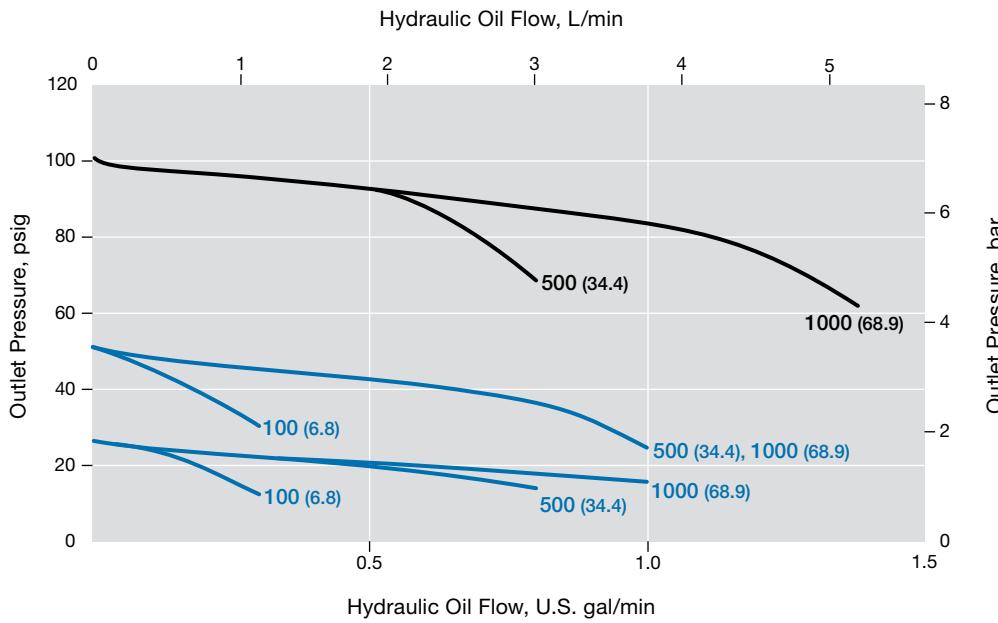


#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)

— 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

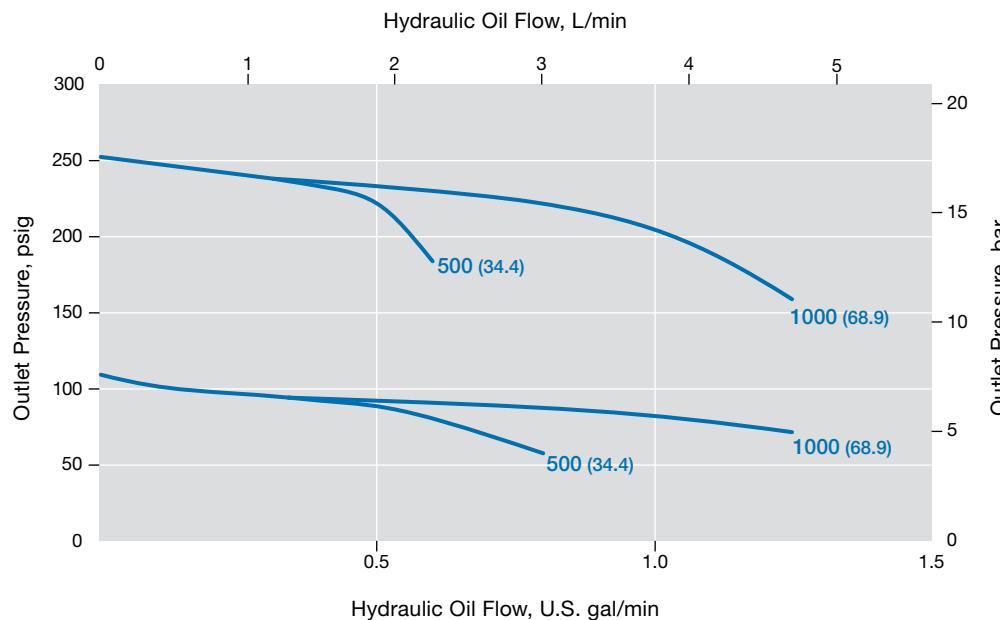
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

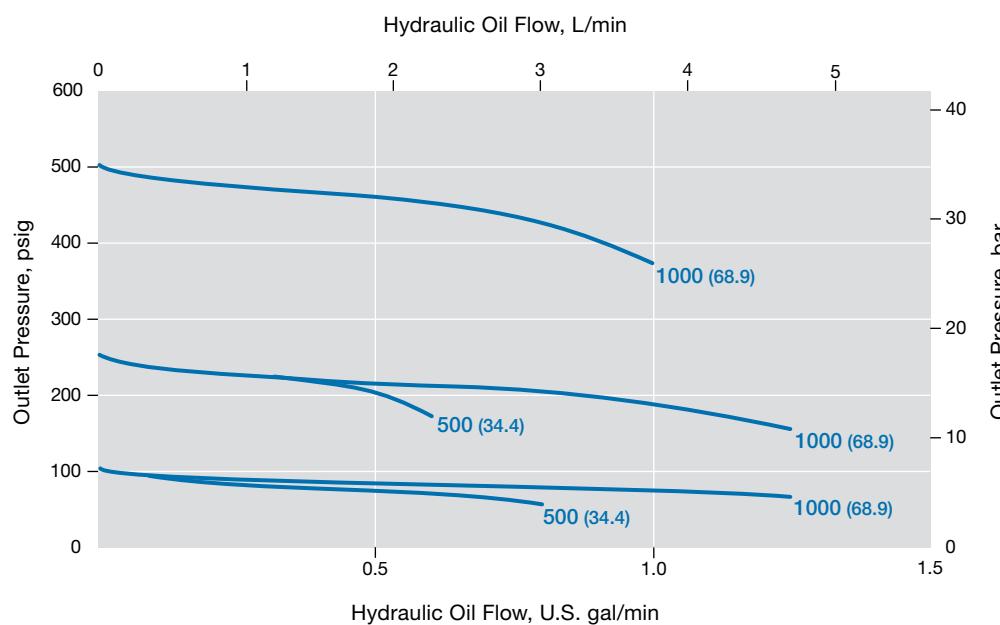
— 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

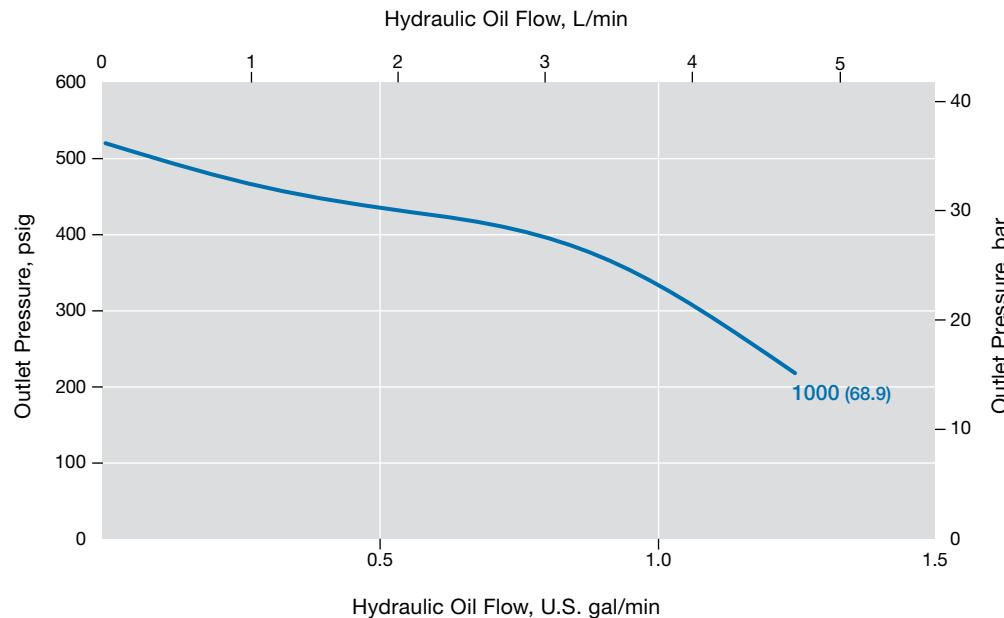
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.8 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.8 bar)



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

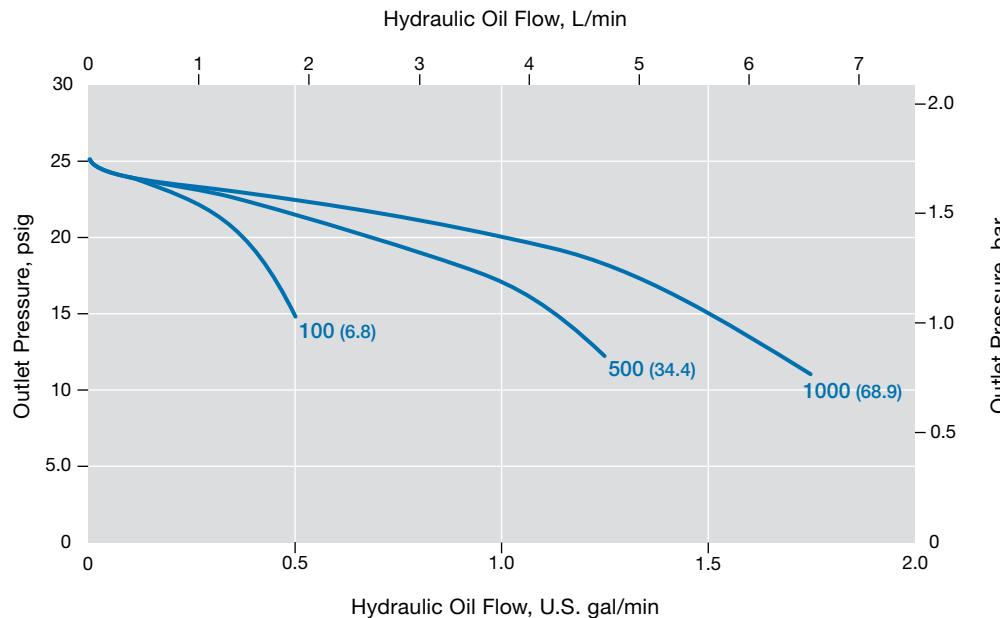
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

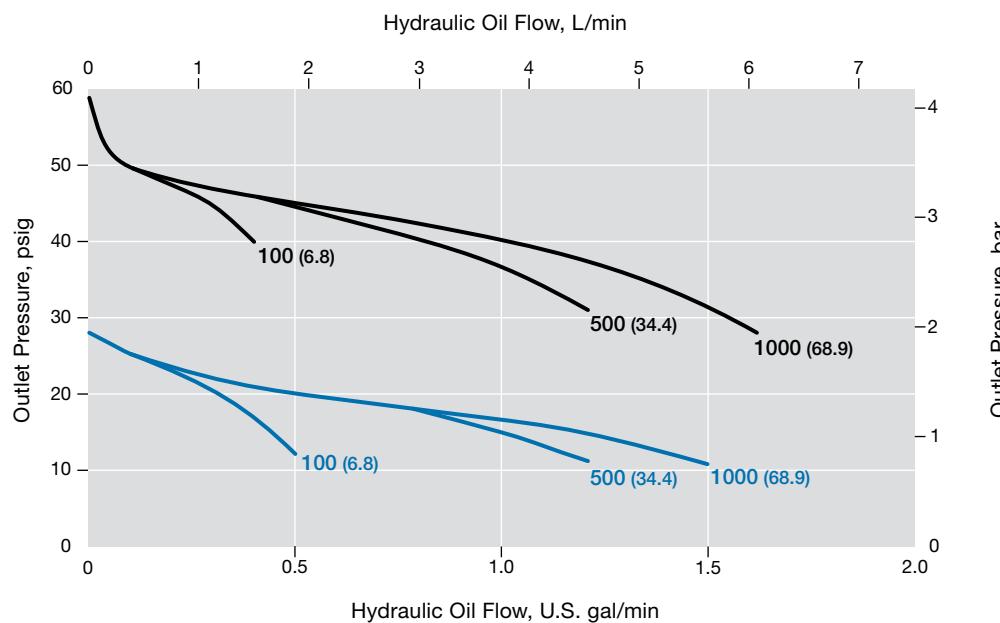


#### Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)

— 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

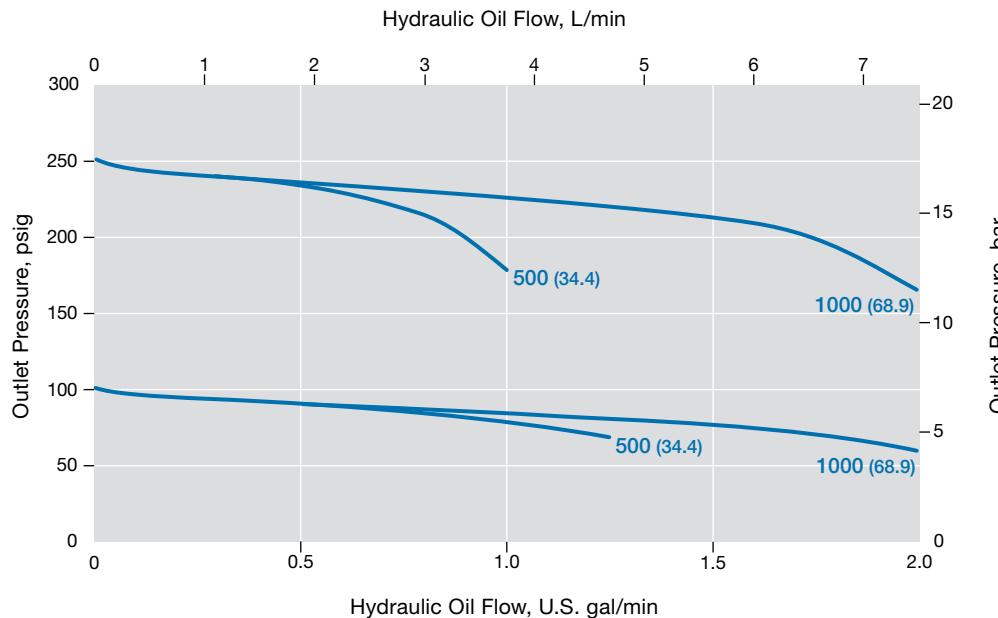
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

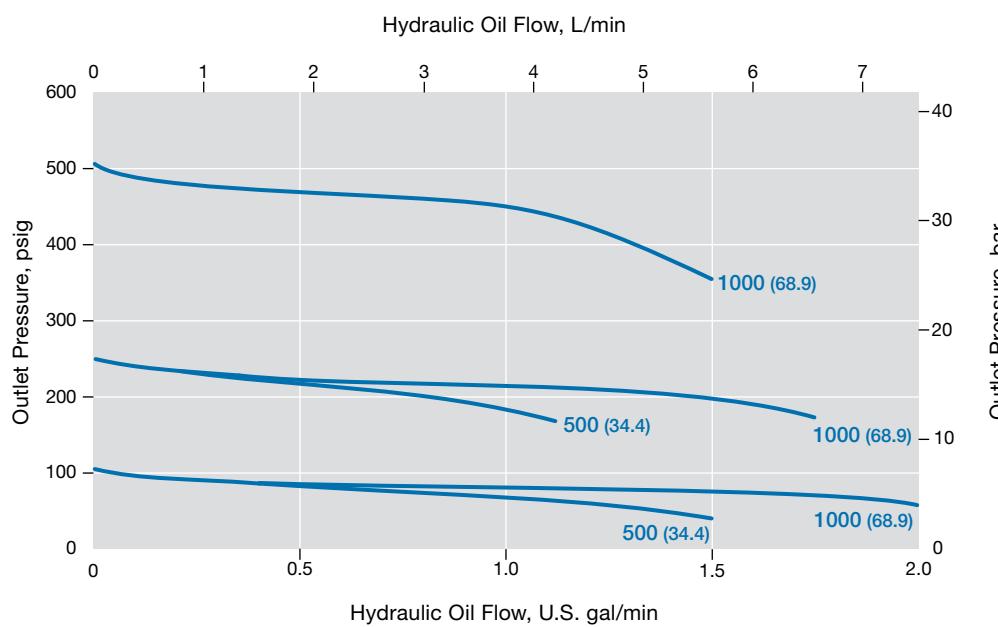
— 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



#### Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

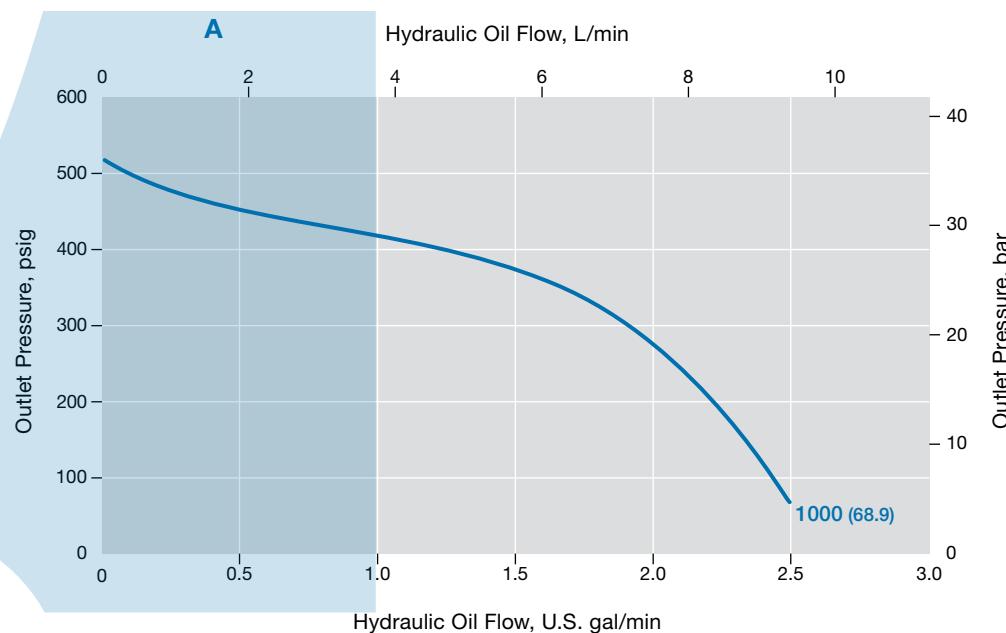
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

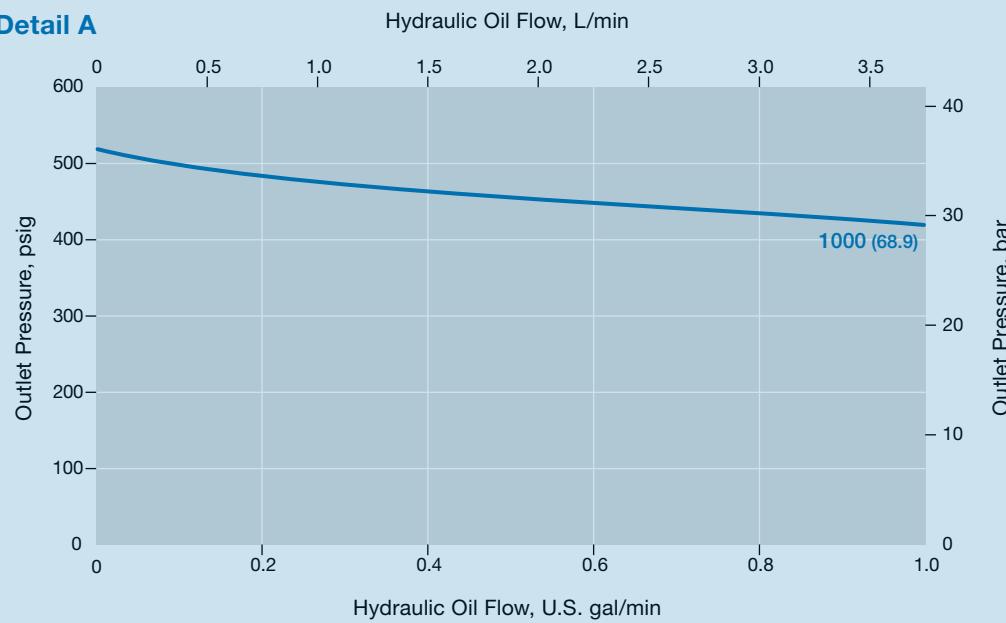
#### Flow Coefficient 0.20, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.8 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.8 bar)



##### Detail A



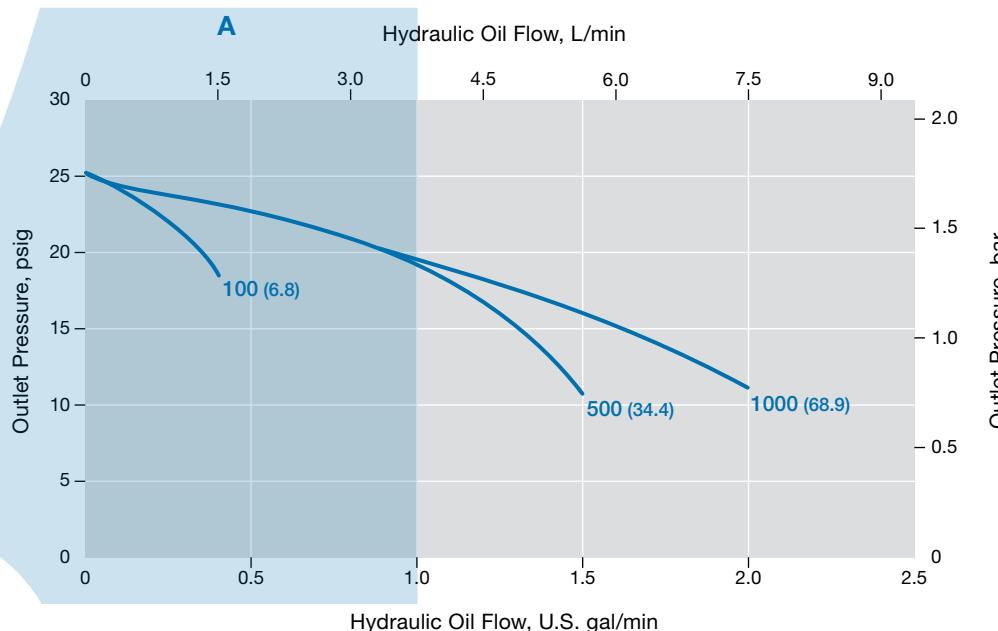
## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

### Flow Curves

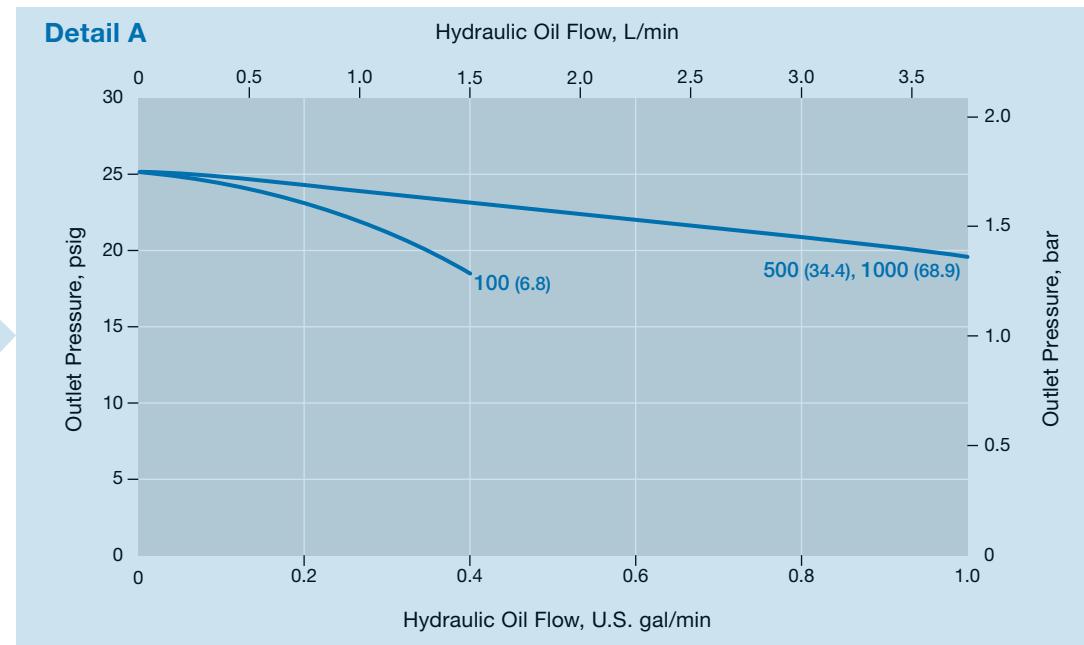
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)

**Pressure Control Range**  
0 to 25 psig (0 to 1.7 bar)



**Detail A**



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

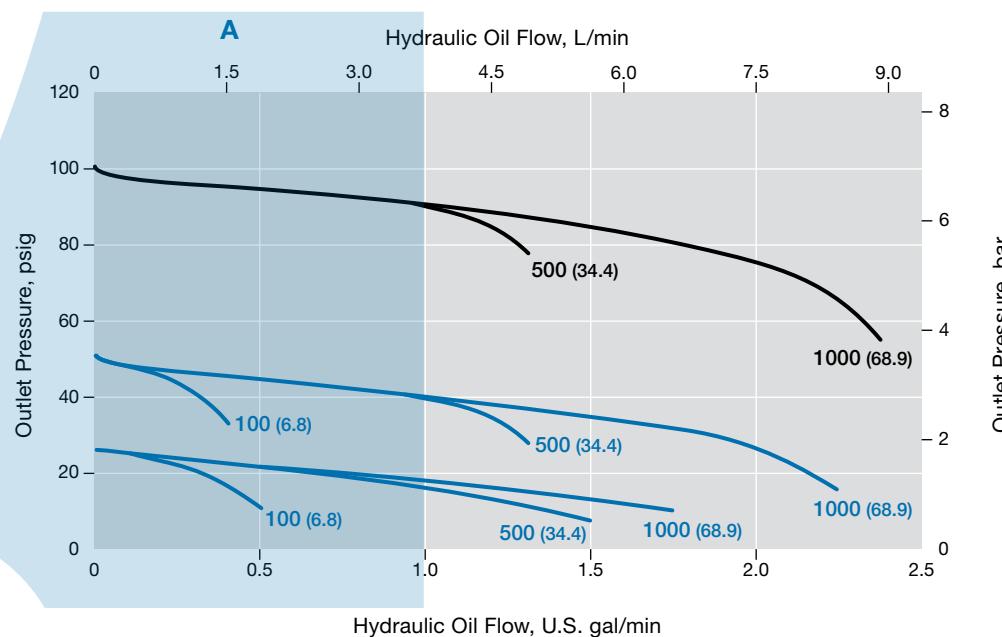
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

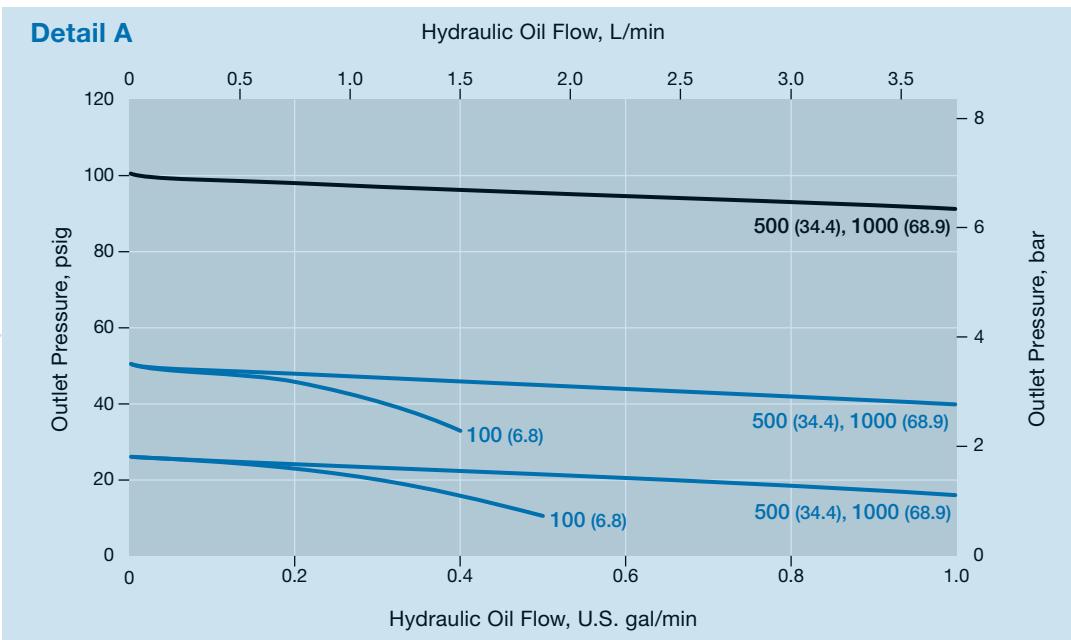
#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar) and 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 100 psig (0 to 6.8 bar)
- 0 to 50 psig (0 to 3.4 bar)



Outlet Pressure, bar



Outlet Pressure, bar

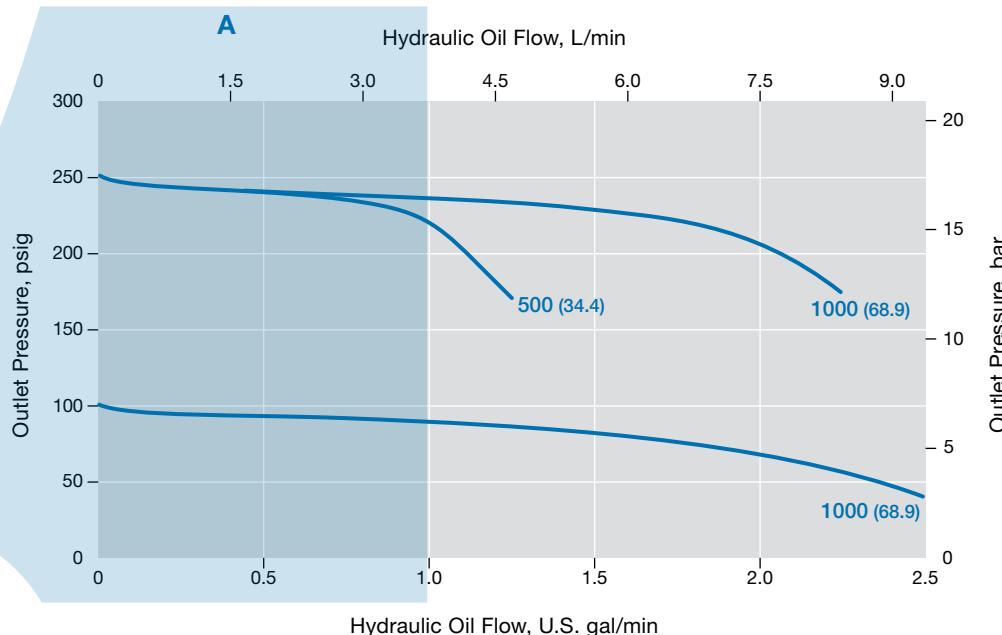
## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

### Flow Curves

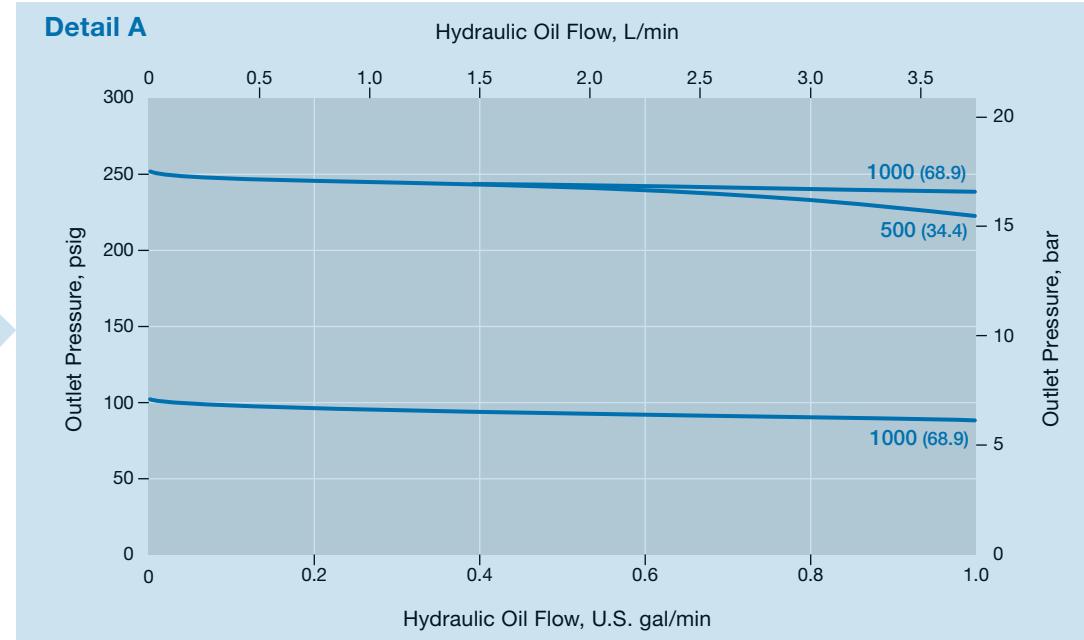
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)

Pressure Control Range  
0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.2 bar)



Detail A



## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

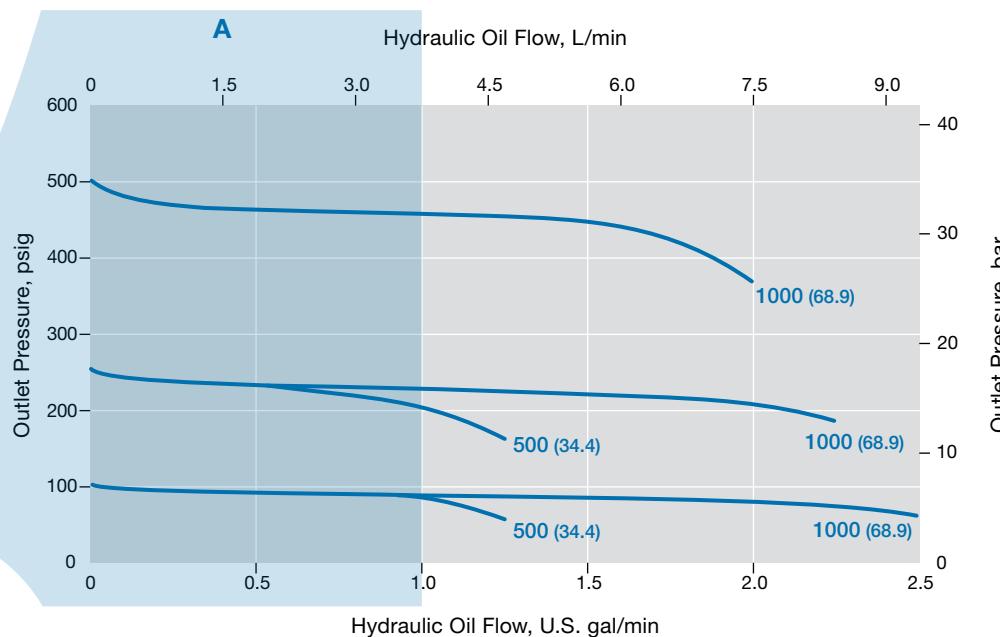
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Range 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

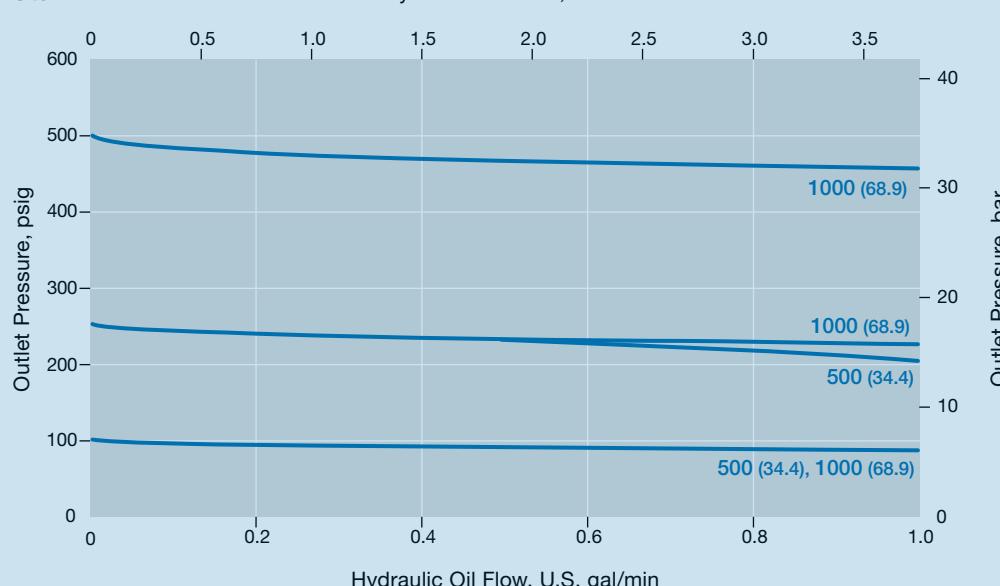
0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)



Outlet Pressure, bar

##### Detail A

##### Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min



Outlet Pressure, bar

## KCP Series Compact Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

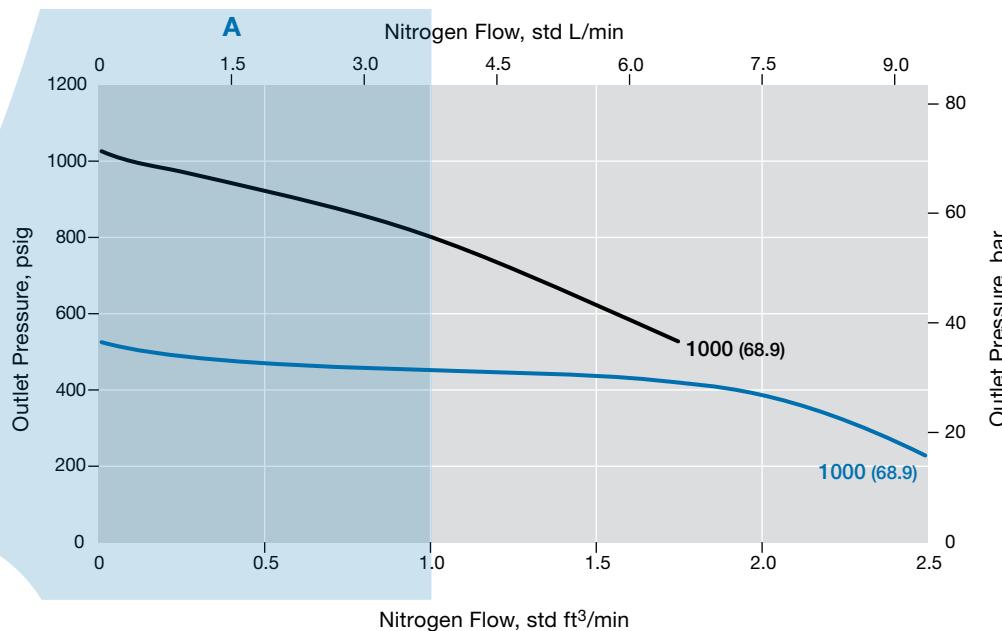
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

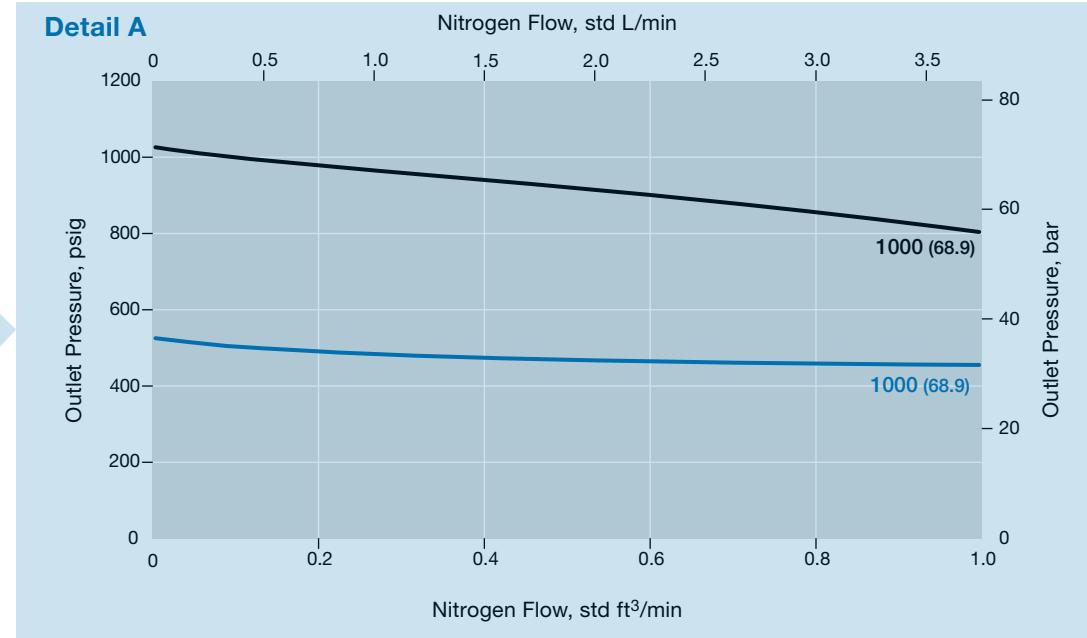
**Flow Coefficient 0.50, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar) and 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)
- 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)



**Detail A**



## KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

The KPP series meets the demands of a wide range of gas or liquid applications in a lightweight, compact installation footprint. These features make the KPP pressure regulator an ideal pressure control solution within high-density OEM equipment.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators* catalog, [MS-02-230](#).

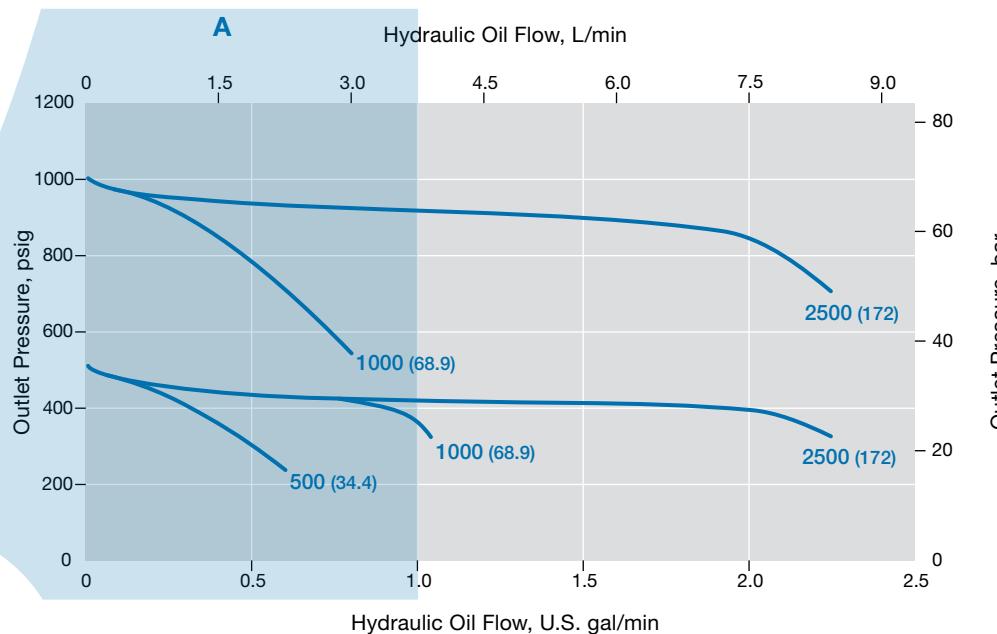
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

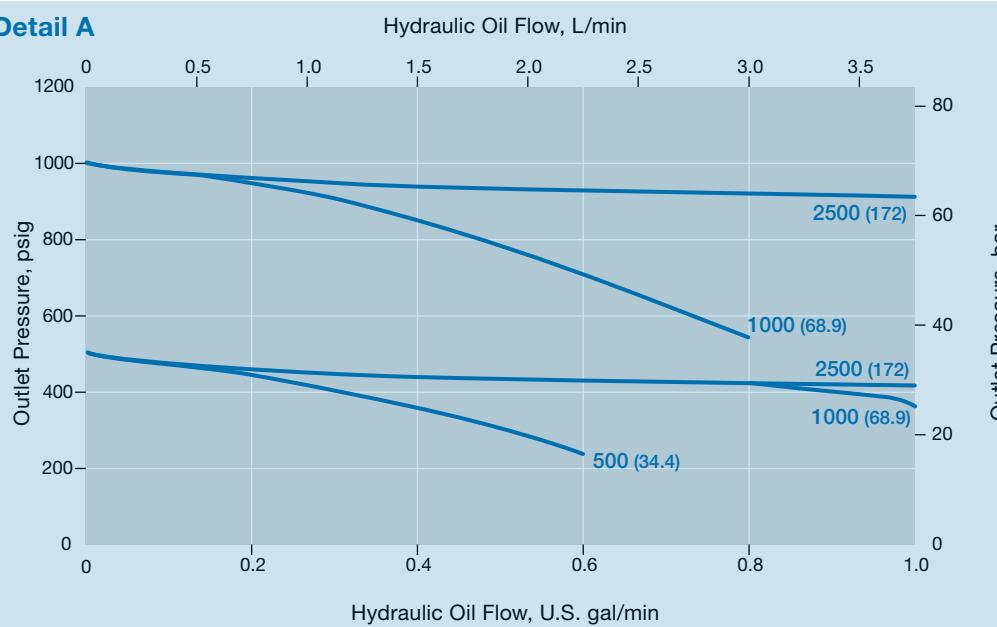
#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)



##### Detail A



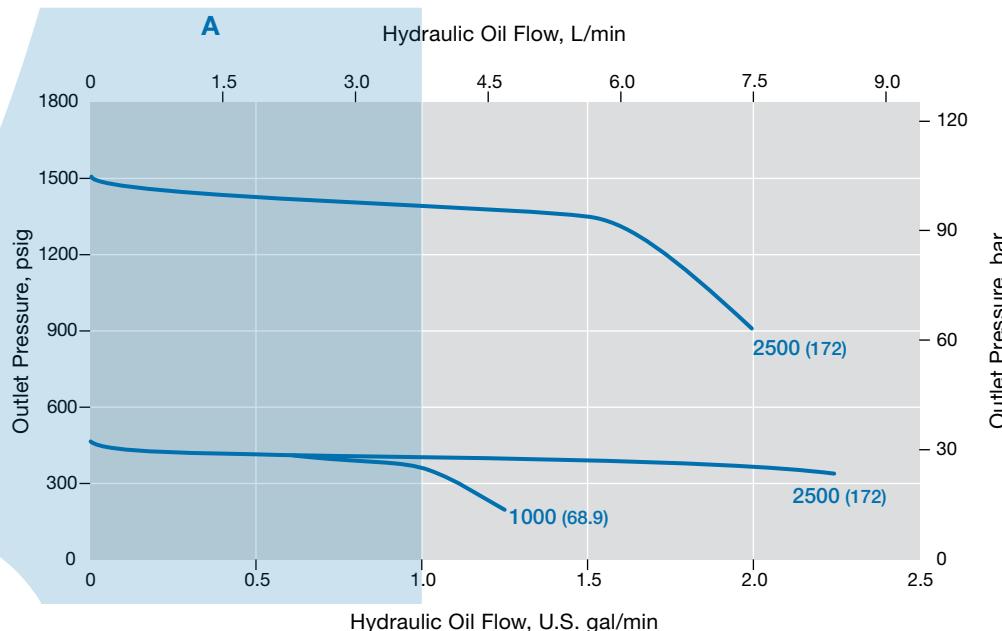
## KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

### Flow Curves

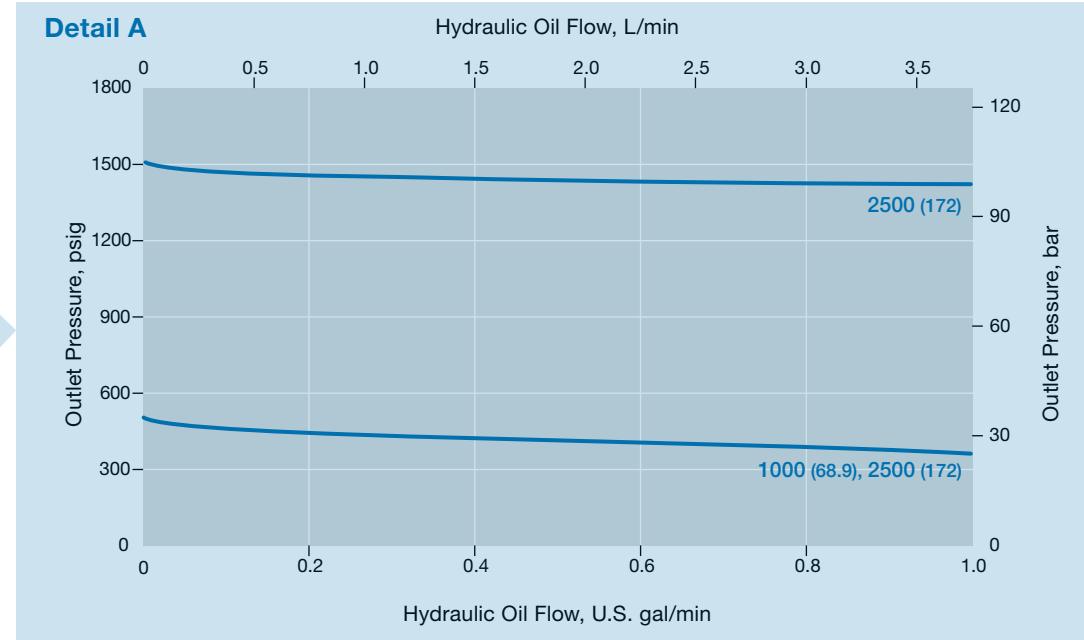
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)

**Pressure Control Range**  
0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)



**Detail A**



## KPP Series Medium- to High-Pressure Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

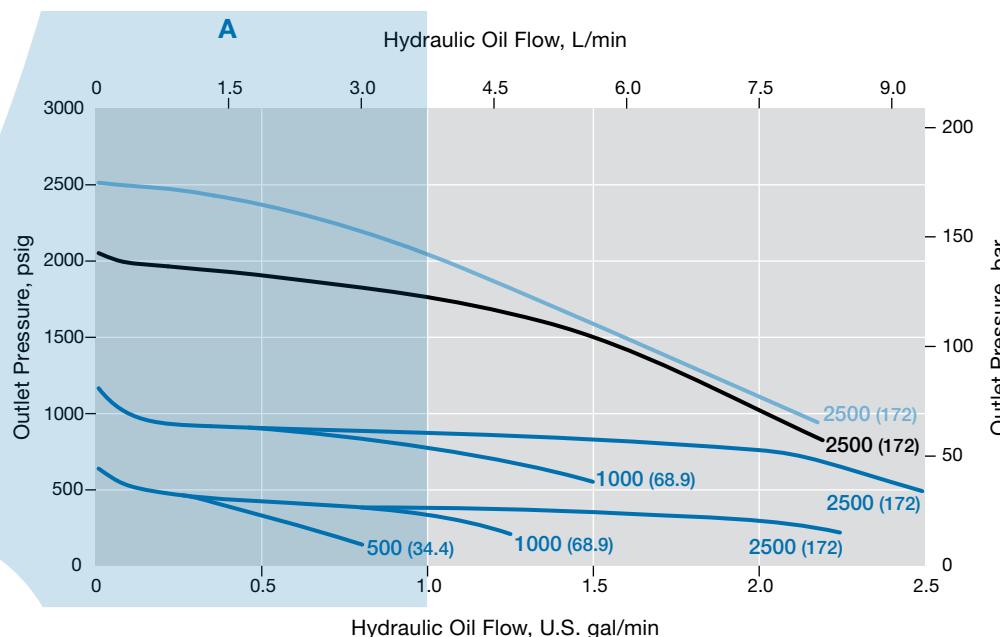
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

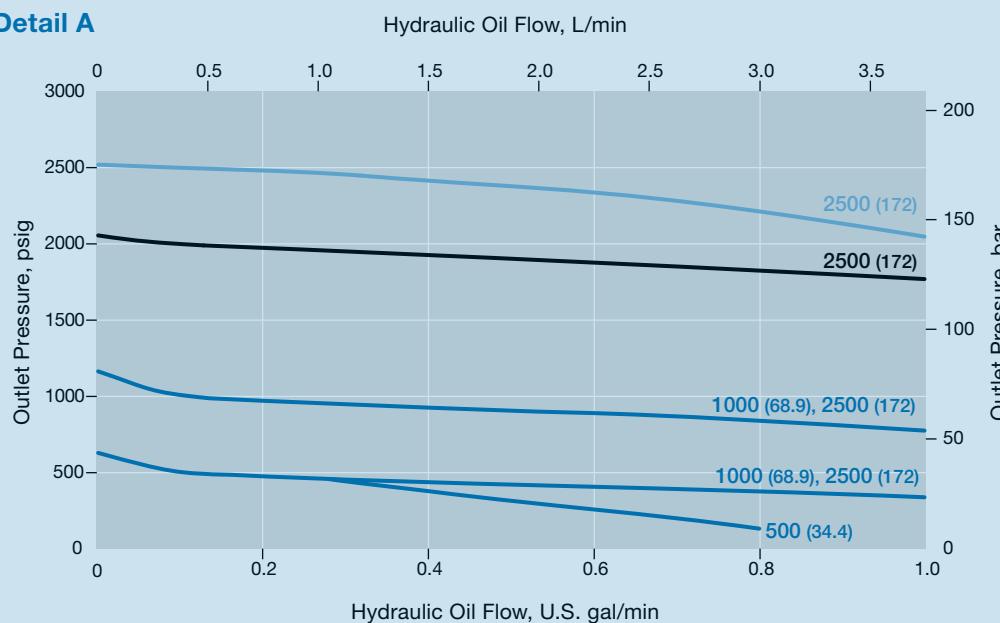
**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar), 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar), and 0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar)
- 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar)
- 0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)



#### Detail A



## KPF Series High-Flow Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

The KPF series provides minimum droop across the flow range with high accuracy of outlet pressure.)

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators catalog*, [MS-02-230](#).

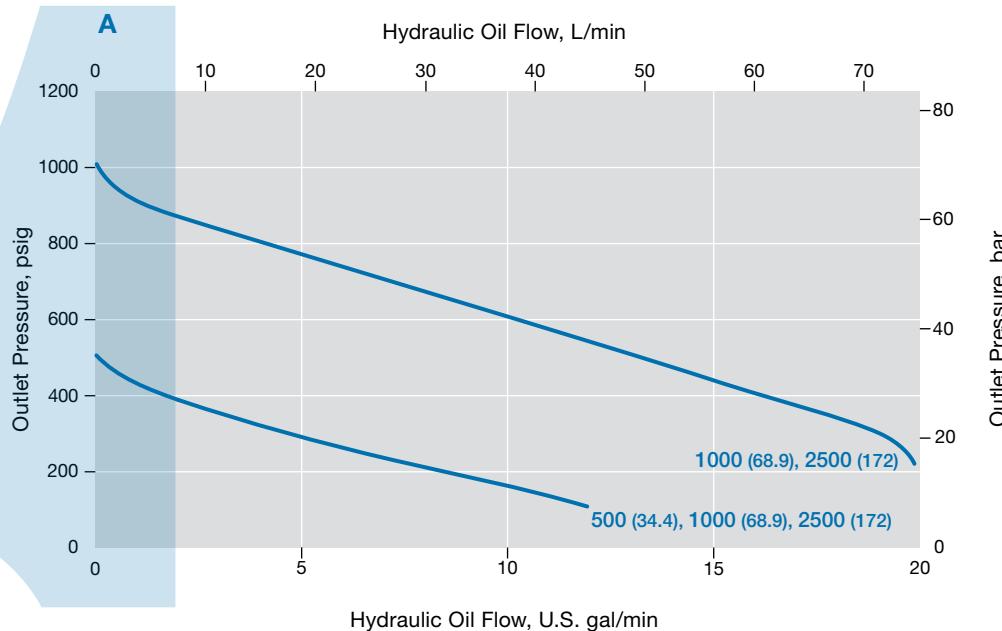
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

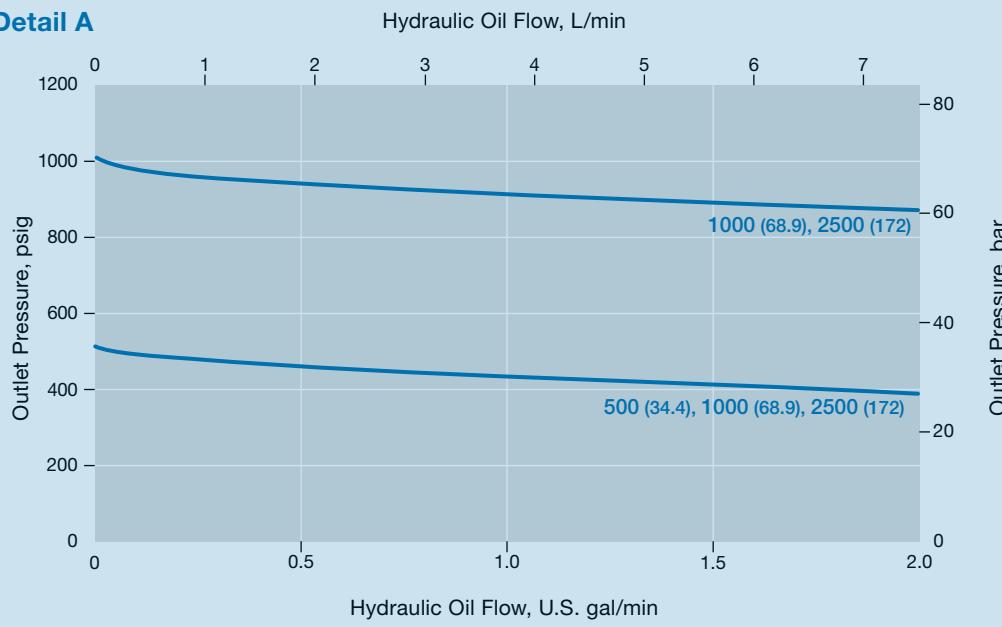
#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 1000 psig (0 to 68.9 bar)



##### Detail A



## KPF Series High-Flow Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

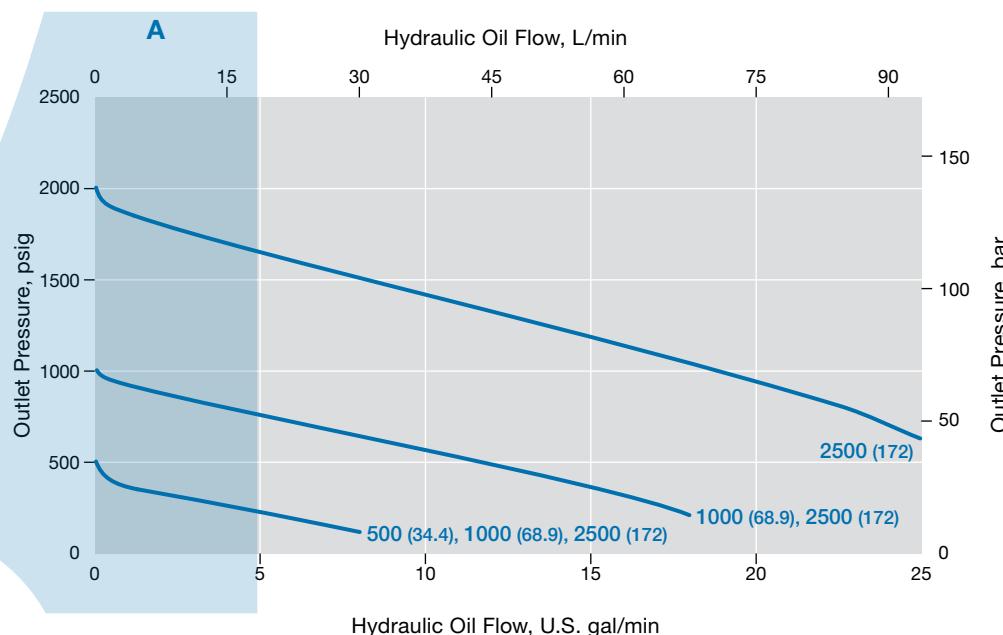
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

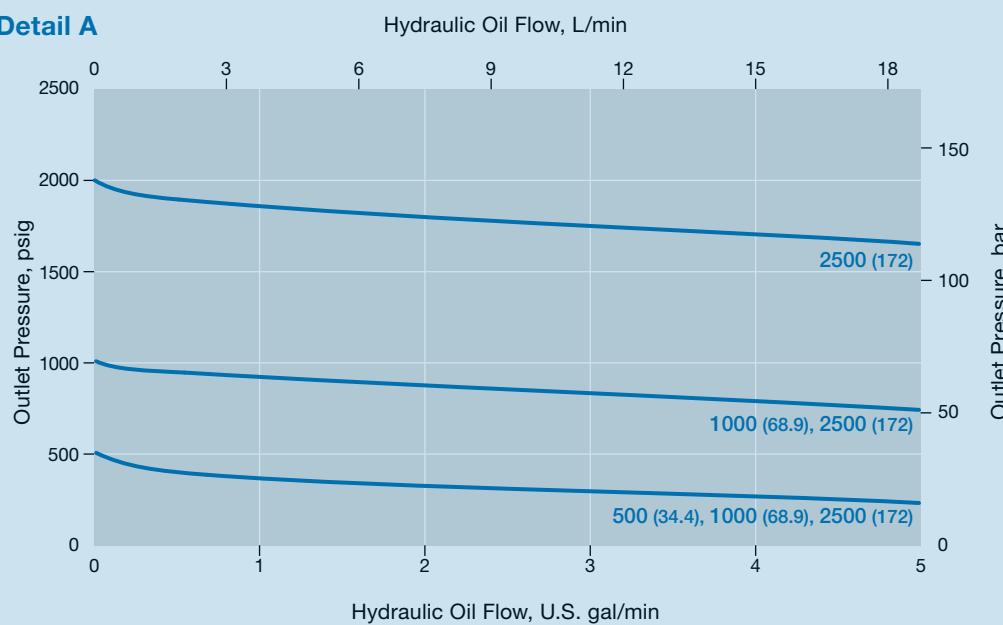
#### Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Range 0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 2000 psig (0 to 137 bar)



##### Detail A



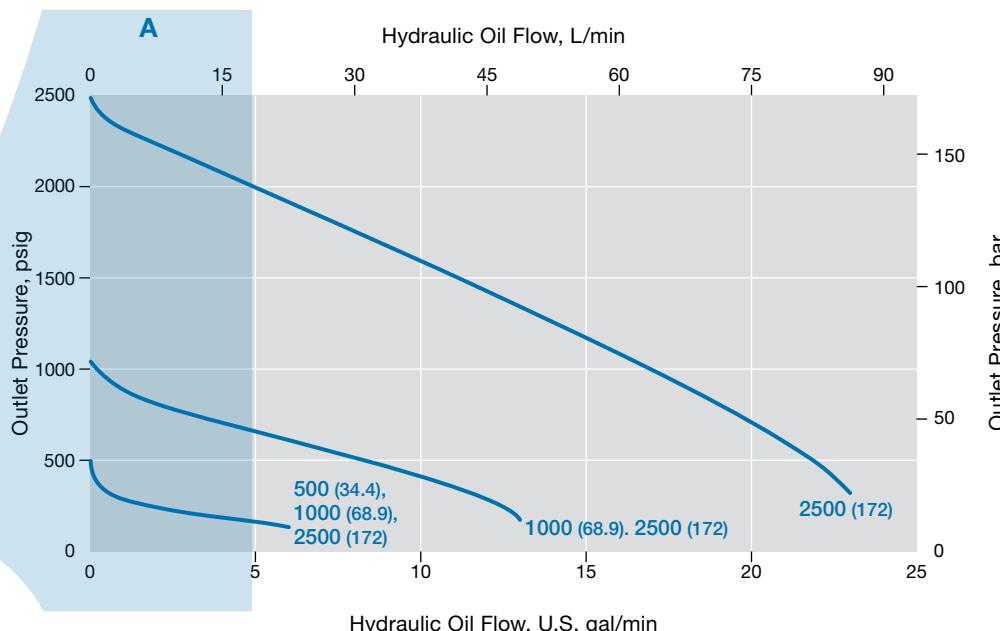
## KPF Series High-Flow Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

### Flow Curves

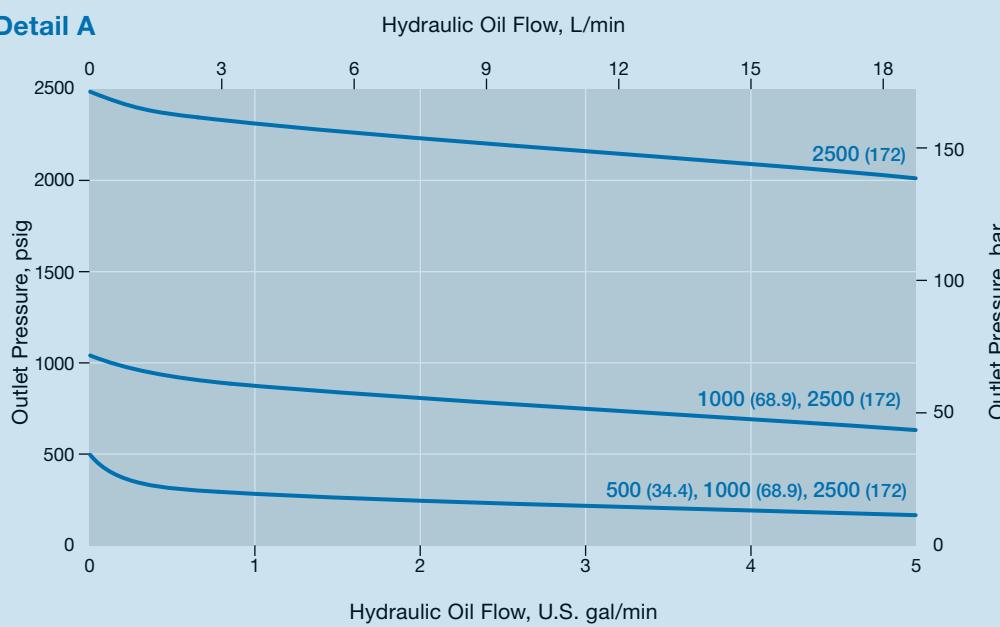
The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 1.0, Pressure Control Range 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar)

**Pressure Control Range**  
— 0 to 3000 psig (0 to 206 bar)



**Detail A**



## KHR Series High-Pressure Piston-Sensing, Hydraulic Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

The KHR series provides control of supply pressures up to 10 000 psig (689 bar). The self-venting capability enables downstream pressure reduction in closed-loop systems.

For features, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators catalog*, [MS-02-230](#).

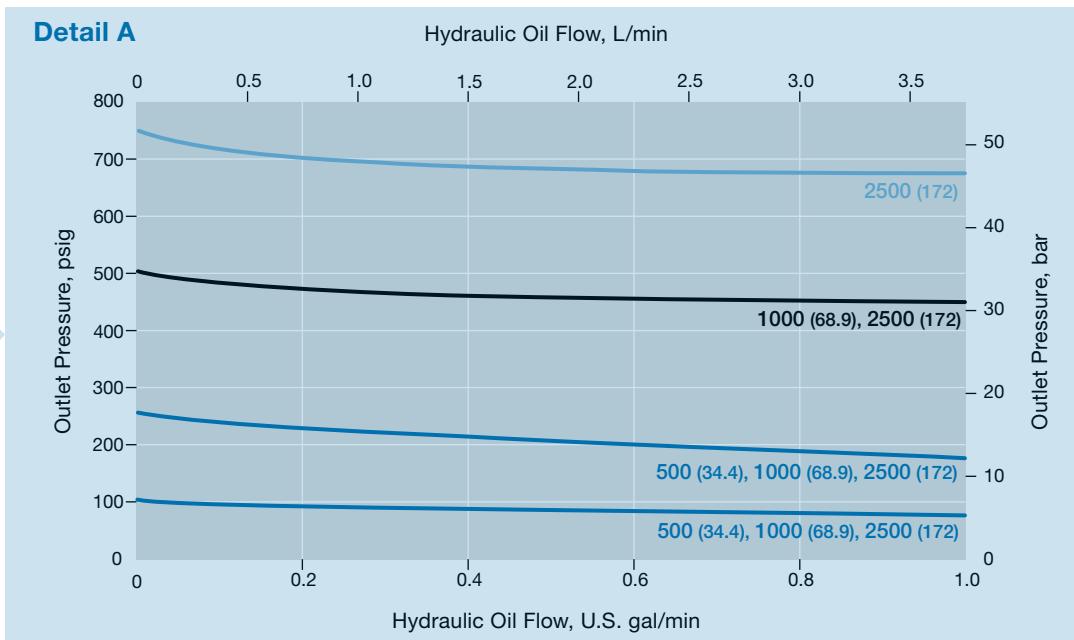
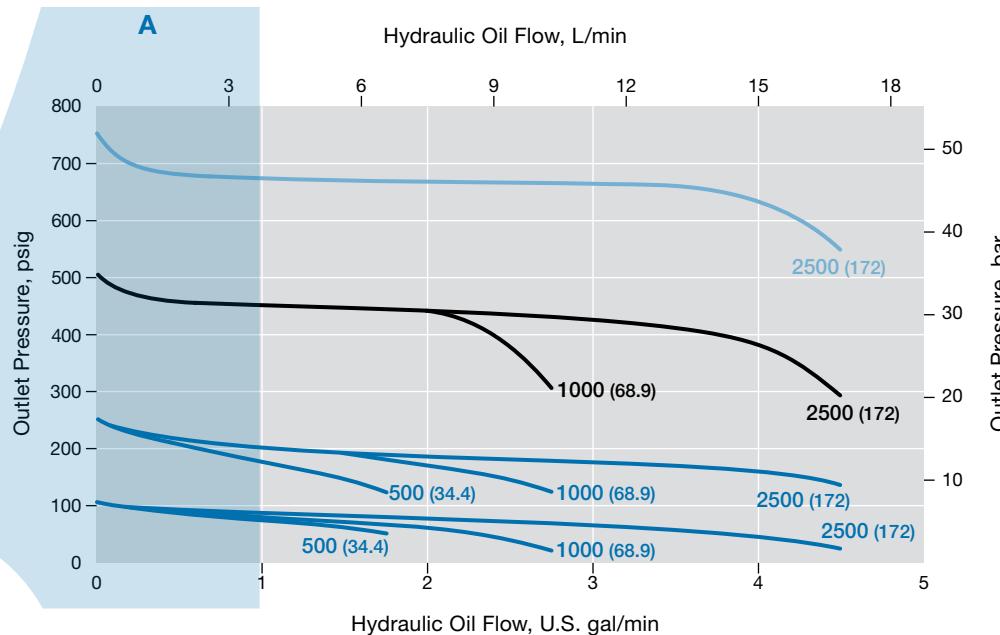
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar), 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar), and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.5 bar)**

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar)
- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.5 bar)



## KHR Series High-Pressure Piston-Sensing, Hydraulic Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

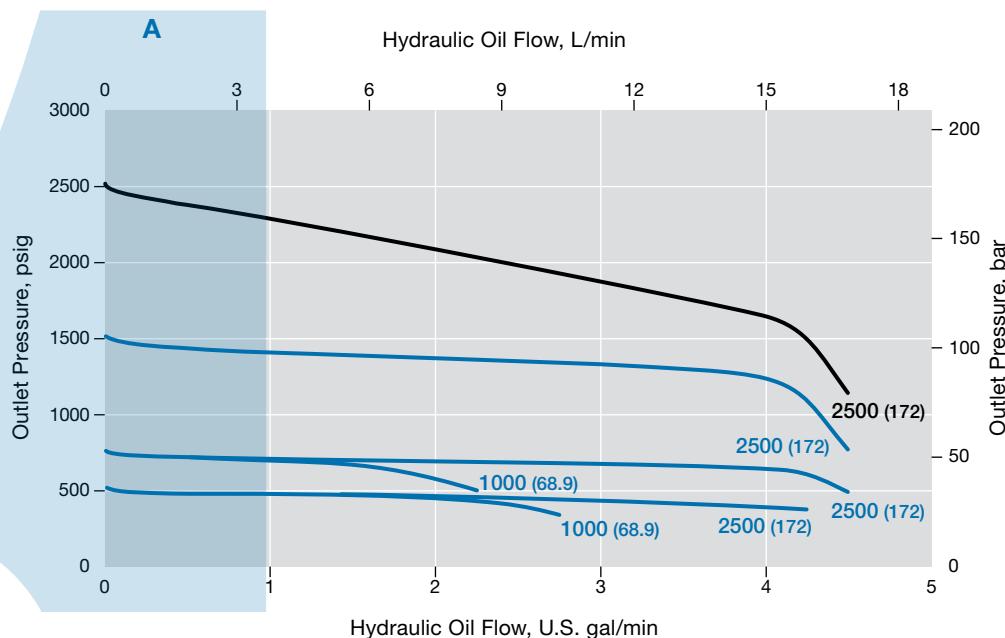
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

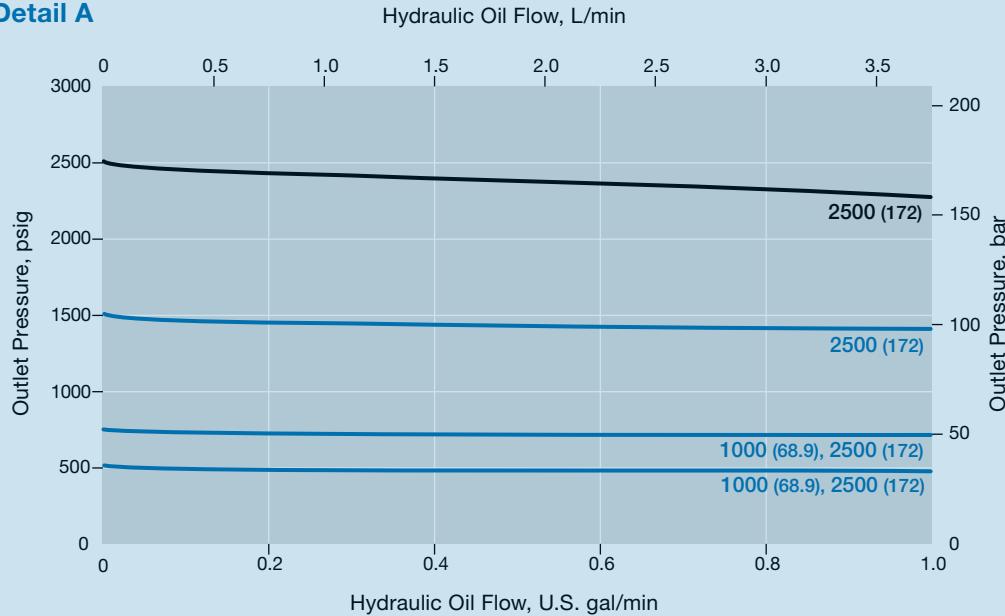
#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2500 psig (0 to 172 bar) and 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 2500 psig (0 to 172 bar)
- 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)



##### Detail A



## KHR Series High-Pressure Piston-Sensing, Hydraulic Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

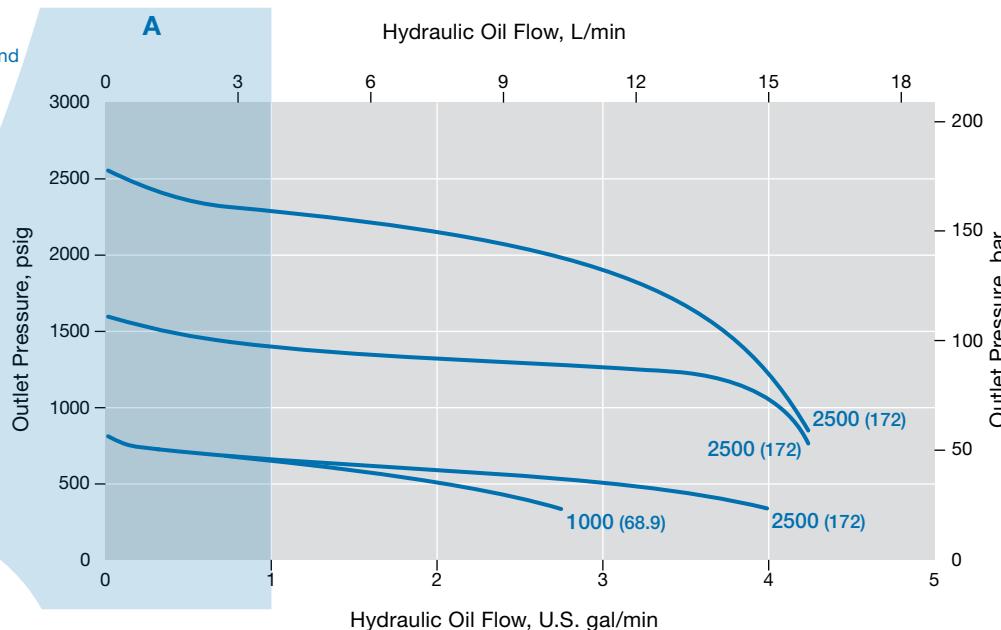
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

**Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 6000 psig (0 to 413 bar) and 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar)**

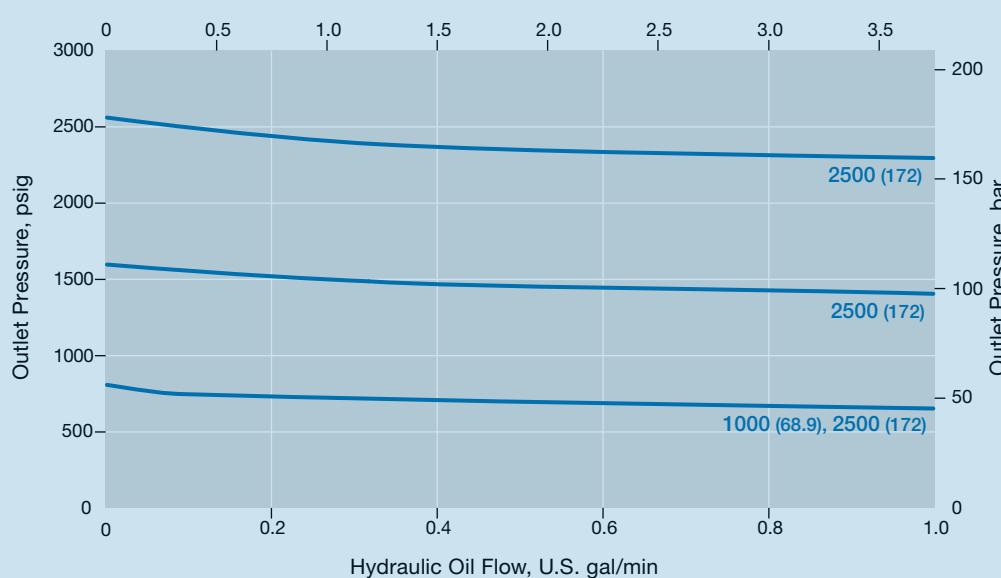
#### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 6000 psig (0 to 413 bar) and  
— 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar)



**Detail A**

Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min



## KHR Series High-Pressure Piston-Sensing, Hydraulic Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

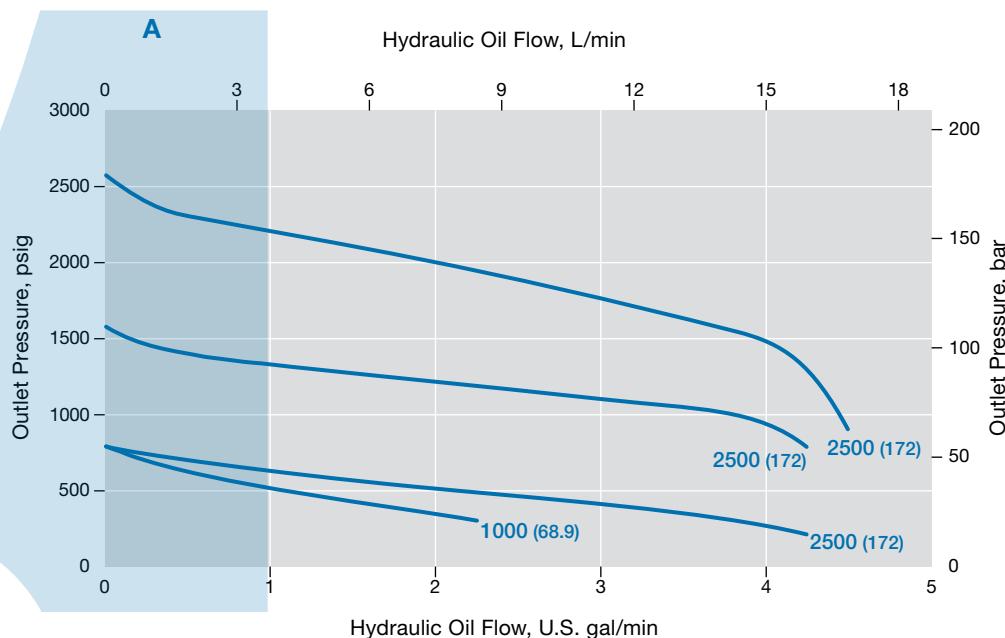
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.06, Pressure Control Range 0 to 10 000 psig (0 to 689 bar)

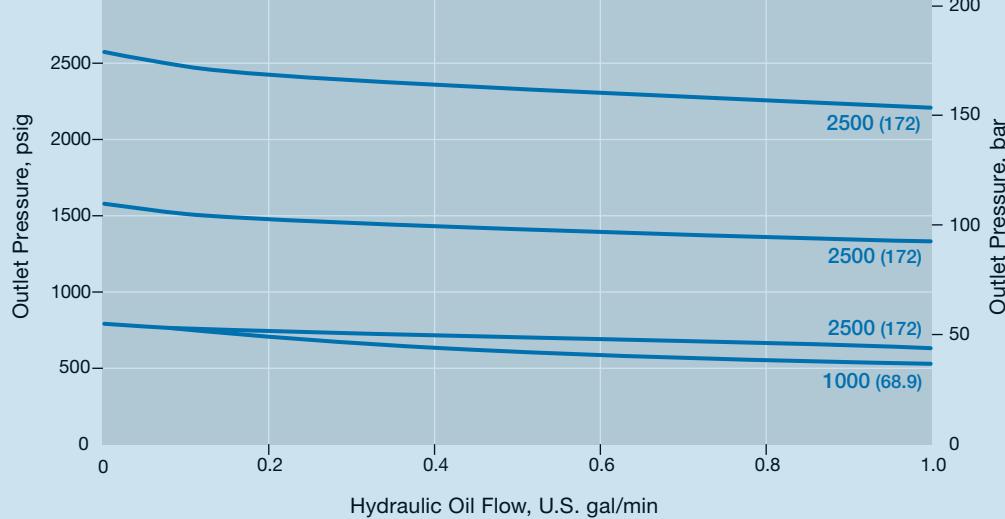
##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 10 000 psig (0 to 689 bar)



##### Detail A

#### Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min



## KHR Series High-Pressure Piston-Sensing, Hydraulic Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

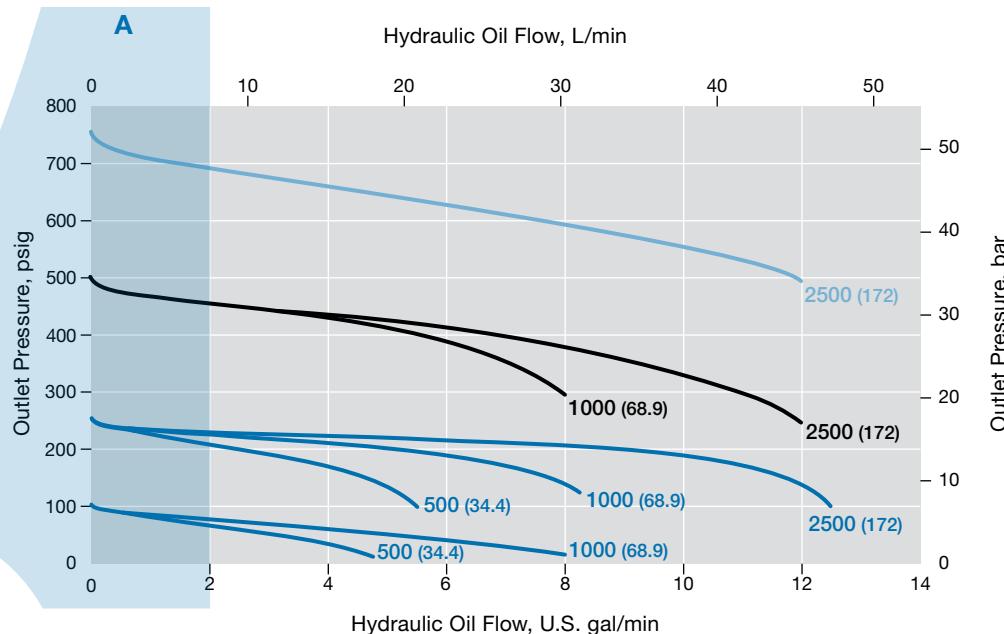
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

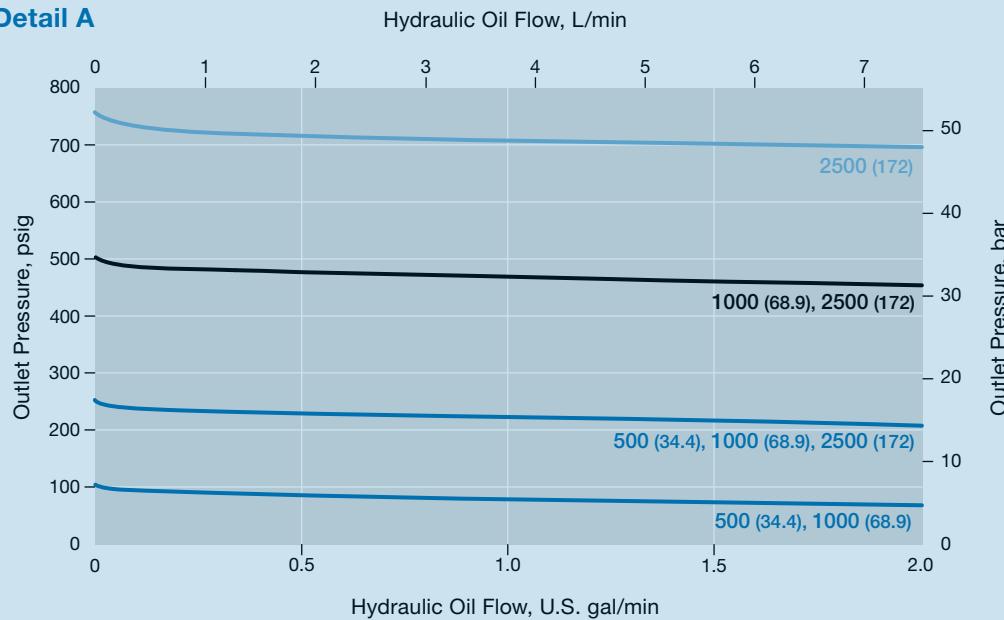
**Flow Coefficient 0.25, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar), 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar), and 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.5 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 750 psig (0 to 51.6 bar)
- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.4 bar)
- 0 to 250 psig (0 to 17.5 bar)



#### Detail A



## KHR Series High-Pressure Piston-Sensing, Hydraulic Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

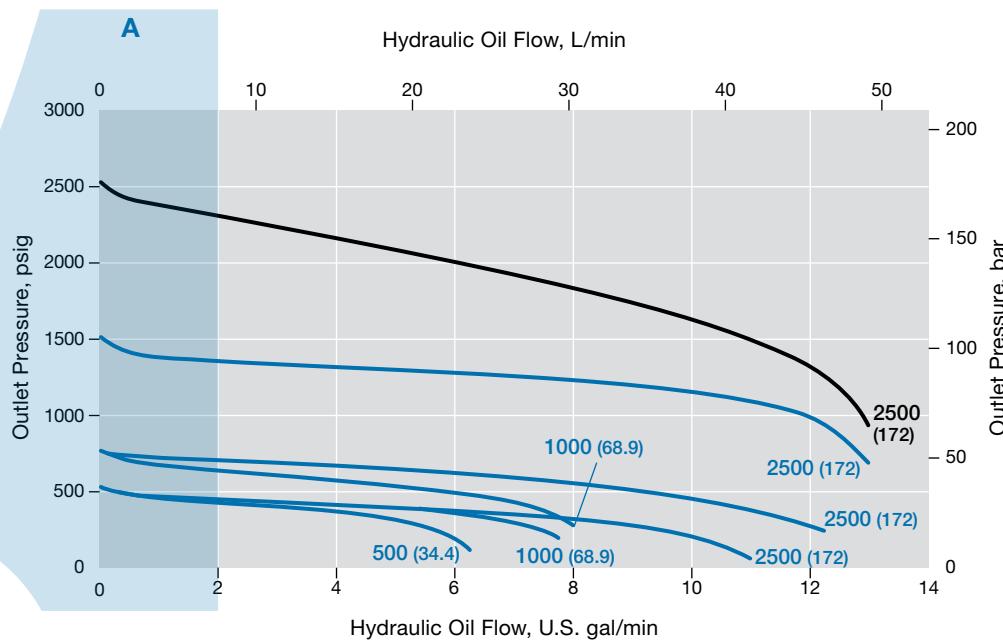
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

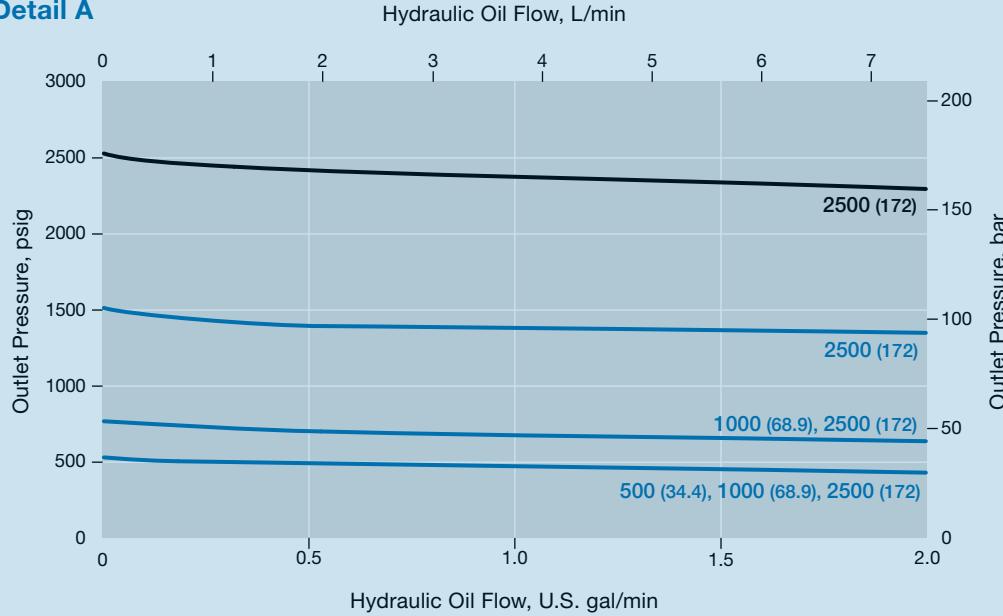
#### Flow Coefficient 0.25, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2500 psig (0 to 172 bar) and 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)

**Pressure Control Range**

- 0 to 2500 psig (0 to 172 bar)
- 0 to 1500 psig (0 to 103 bar)



**Detail A**



## KHR Series High-Pressure Piston-Sensing, Hydraulic Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

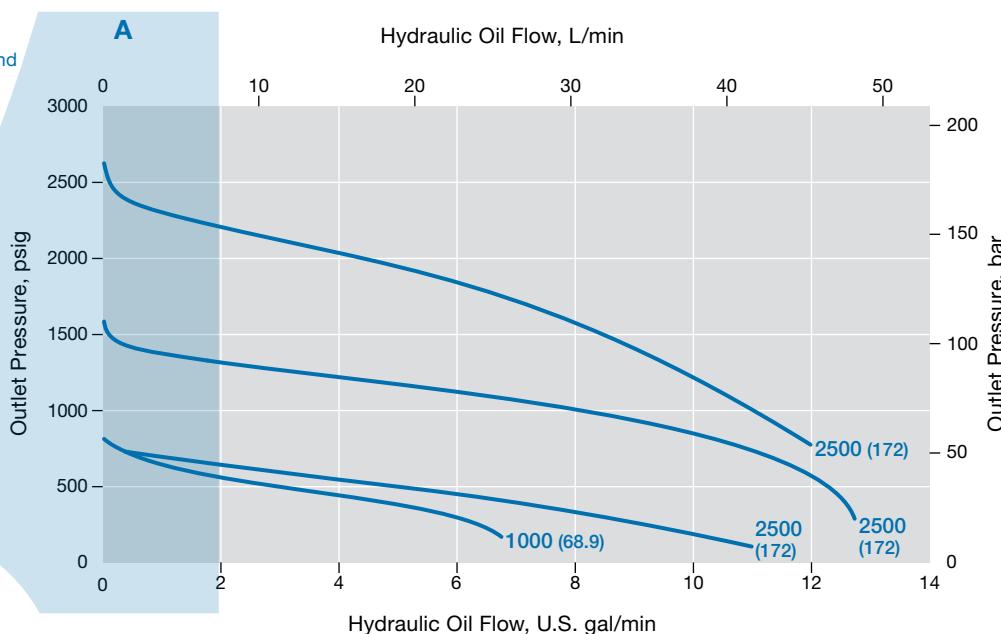
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

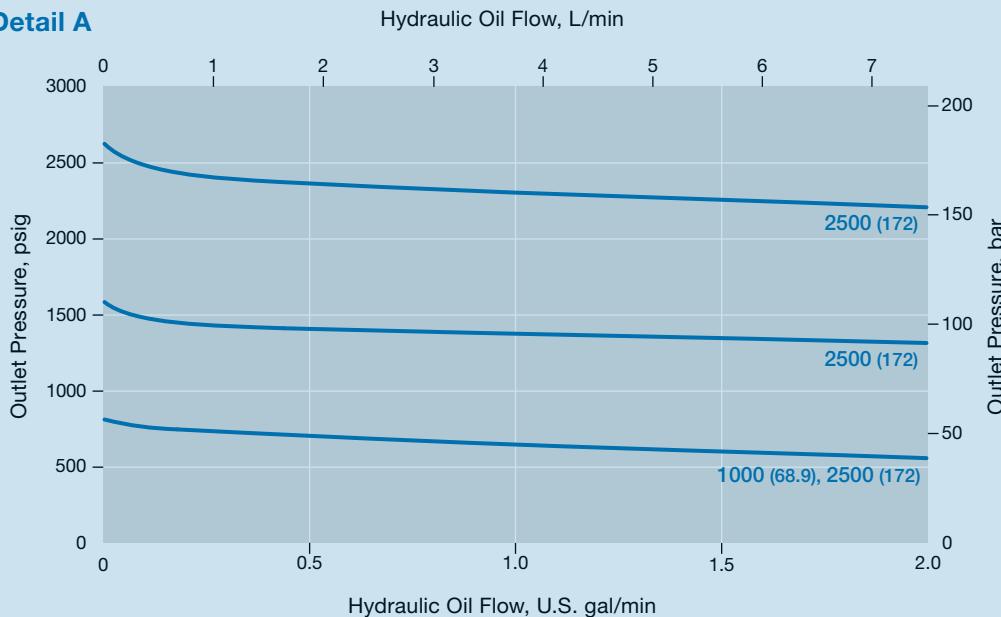
**Flow Coefficient 0.25, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 6000 psig (0 to 413 bar) and 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 6000 psig (0 to 413 bar) and  
— 0 to 3600 psig (0 to 248 bar)



**Detail A**



## KHR Series High-Pressure Piston-Sensing, Hydraulic Pressure-Reducing Regulators Liquid Flow

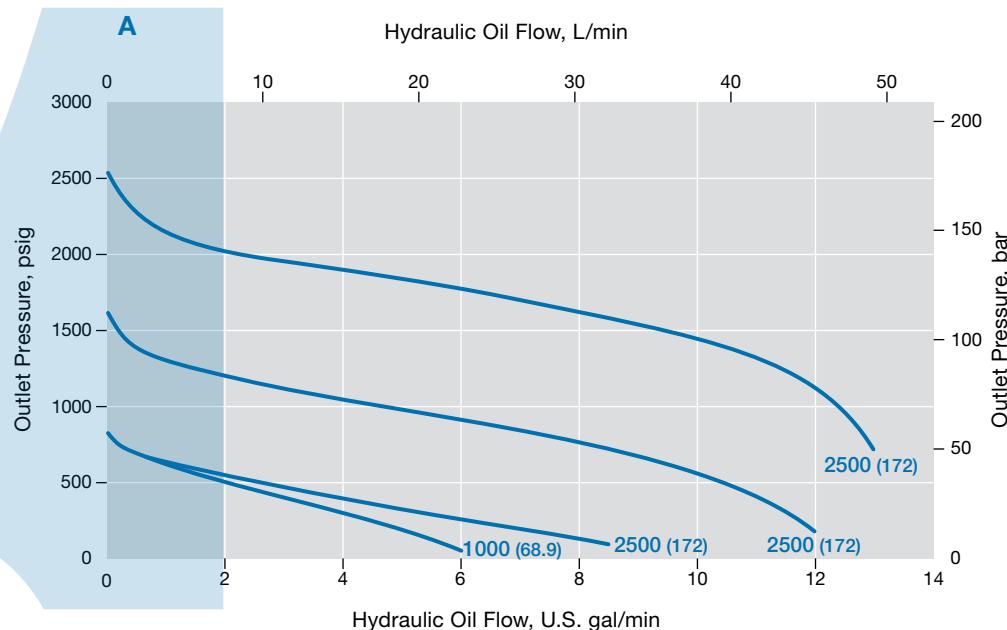
### Flow Curves

The flow curves assume an initial set flow rate of 0.1 U.S. gal/min (3.78 L/min) and an initial temperature of 70°F (20°C).

#### Flow Coefficient 0.25, Pressure Control Range 100 to 10 000 psig (6.8 to 689 bar)

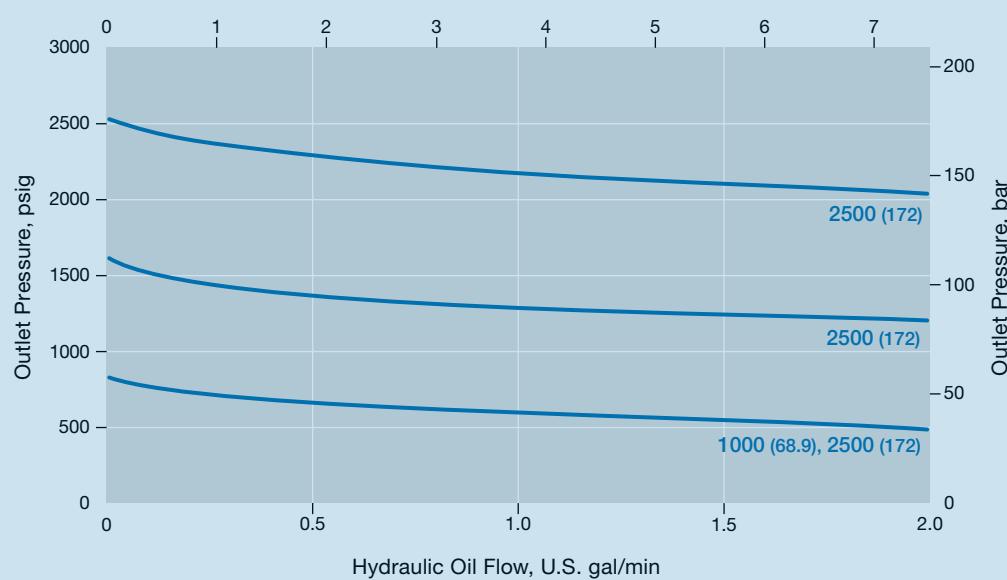
##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 10 000 psig (0 to 689 bar)



##### Detail A

##### Hydraulic Oil Flow, L/min



## Compact, General Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RS(H)2 Series

### Features

- Bottom mounting
- Sealed spring housing
- Low-friction piston for better control
- Cartridge poppet assembly with 25  $\mu\text{m}$  filter for ease of service
- Self-venting
- Threaded vent below panel for safety

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

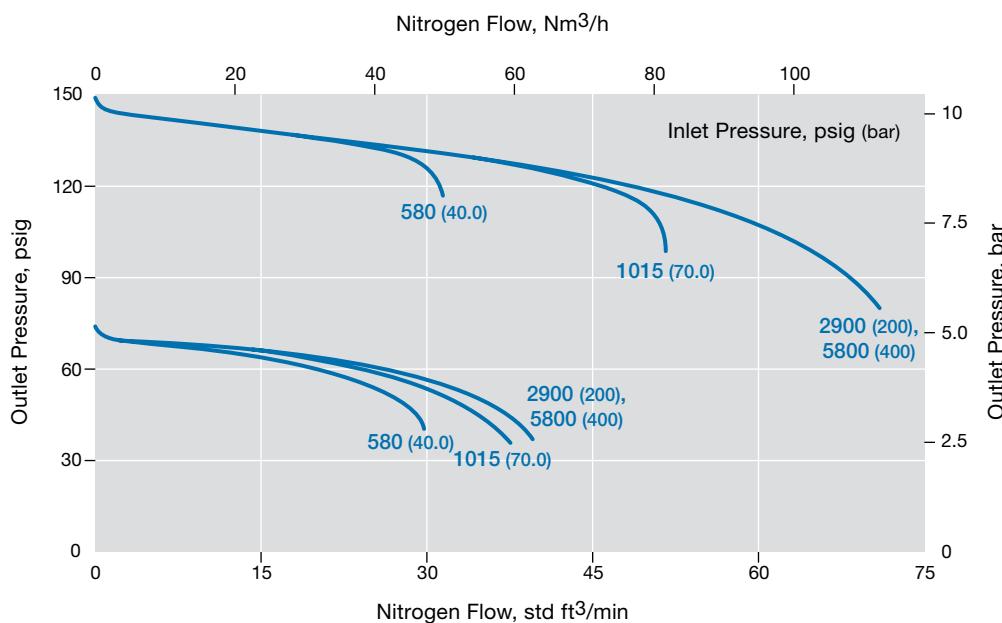
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

#### **Flow Coefficient 0.05, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) and 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)**

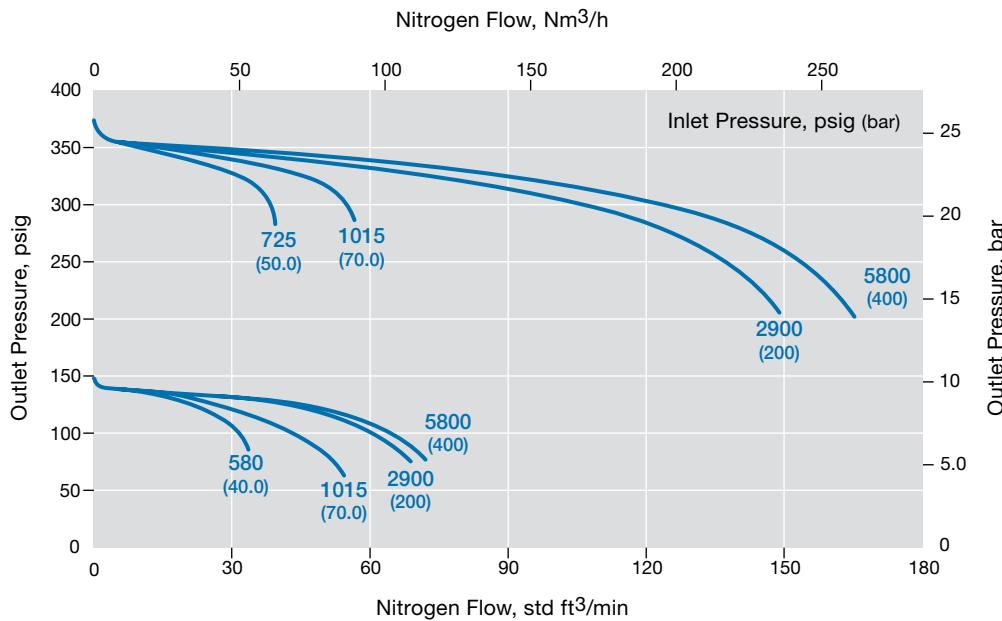
##### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)



##### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)



## Compact, General Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RS(H)2 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

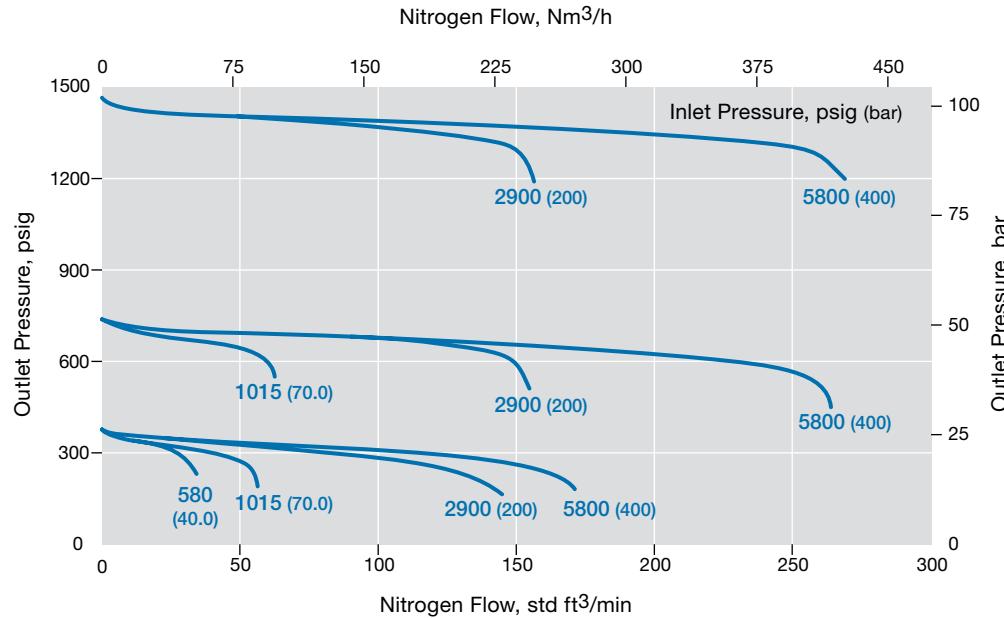
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### Flow Coefficient 0.05, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar) and 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)

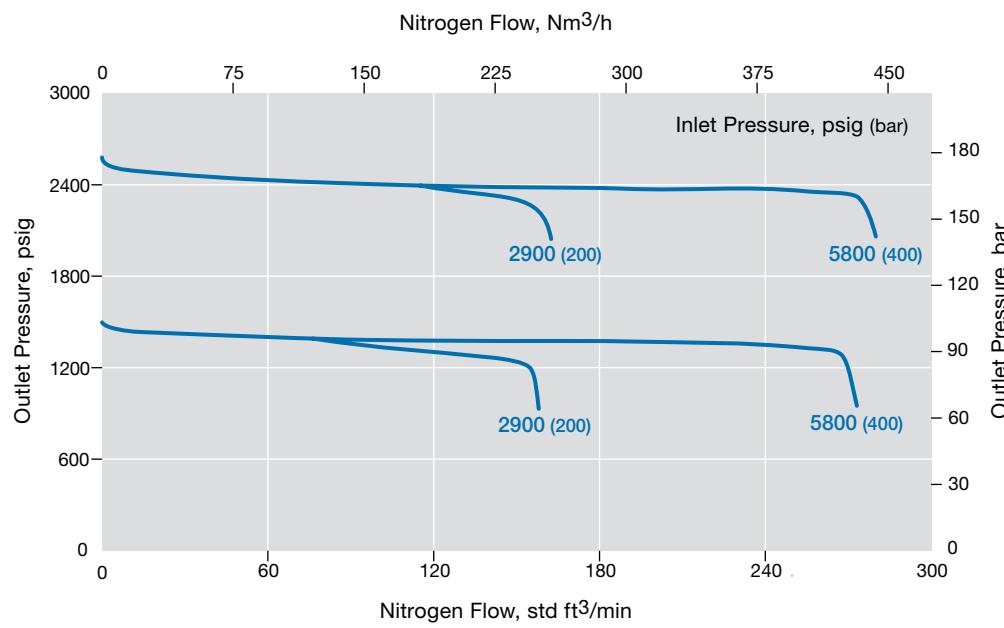
#### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)



## Compact, General Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RS(H)2 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

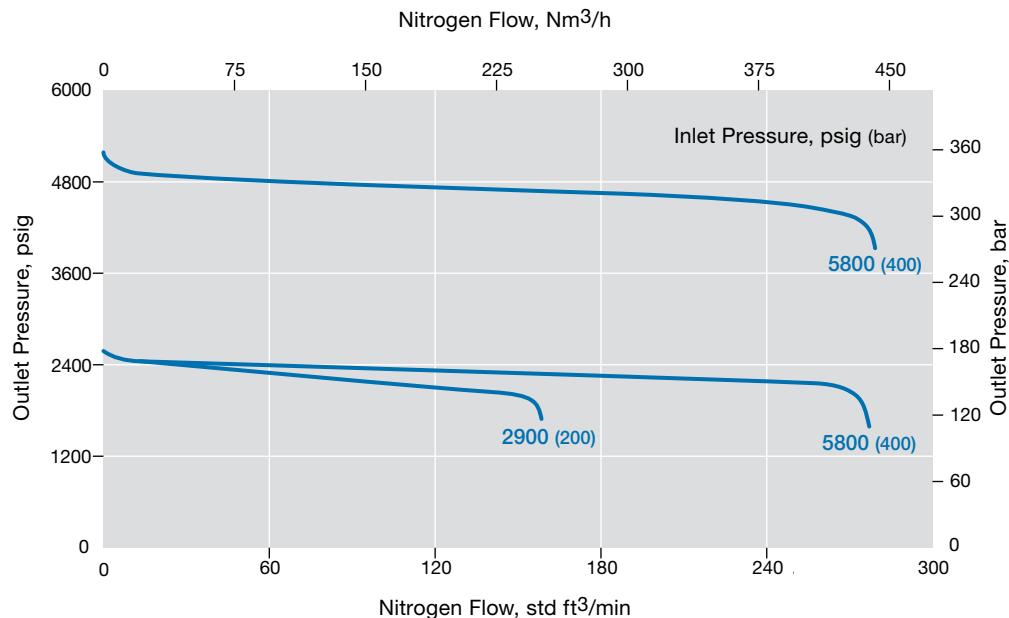
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### Flow Coefficient 0.05, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 5075 psig (0 to 350 bar) and 0 to 10 150 psig (0 to 700 bar)

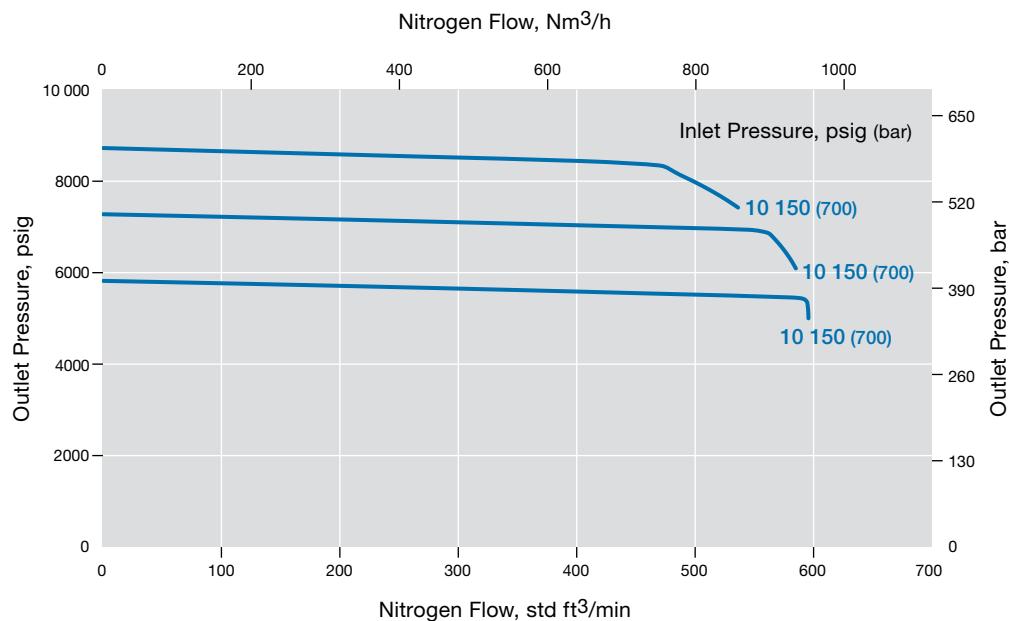
#### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 5075 psig (0 to 350 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 10 150 psig (0 to 700 bar)



## General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RS(H)4 Series

### Features

- Balanced poppet design
- Threaded vent to monitor sensing seal integrity
- Diaphragm or piston sensing

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHP Series catalog*, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

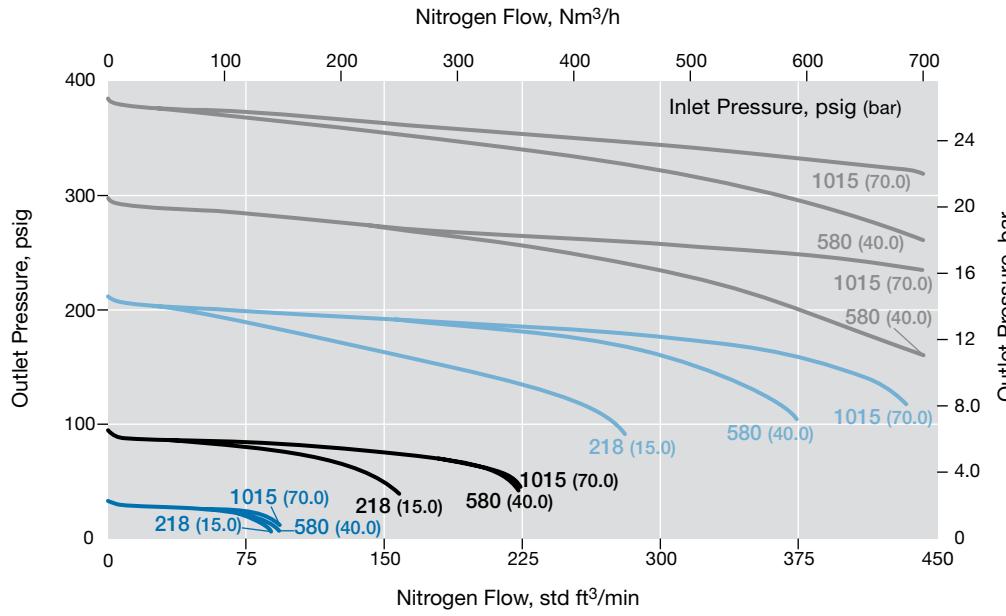
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RS4 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.84, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 101 psig (0 to 7.0 bar), 0 to 203 psig (0 to 14.0 bar), and 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar)
- 0 to 203 psig (0 to 14.0 bar)
- 0 to 101 psig (0 to 7.0 bar)
- 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)

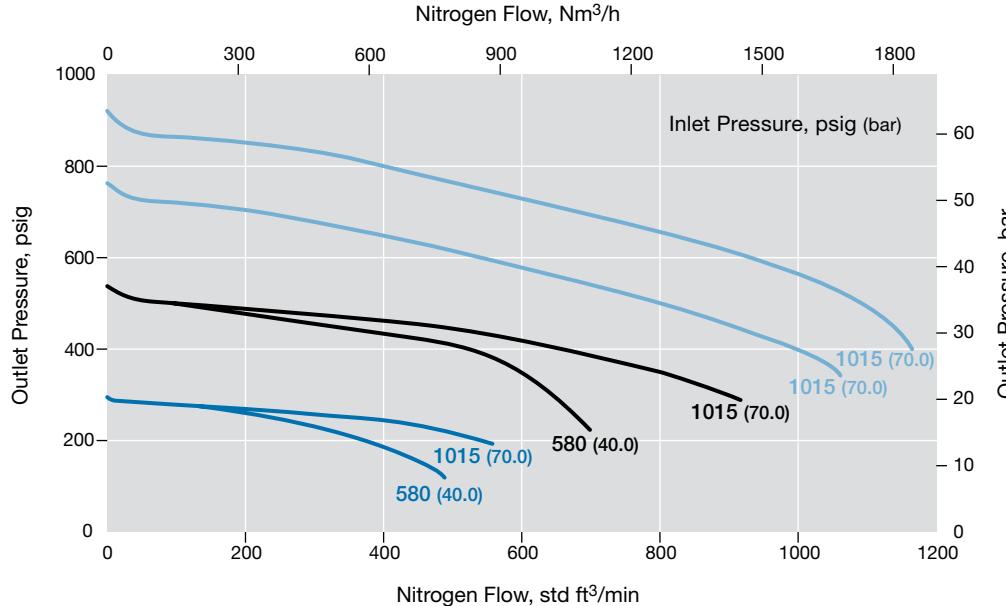


### RS(H)4 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.84, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar), 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar), and 0 to 1160 psig (0 to 80.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1160 psig (0 to 80.0 bar)
- 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar)
- 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar)



## General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RS(H)4 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

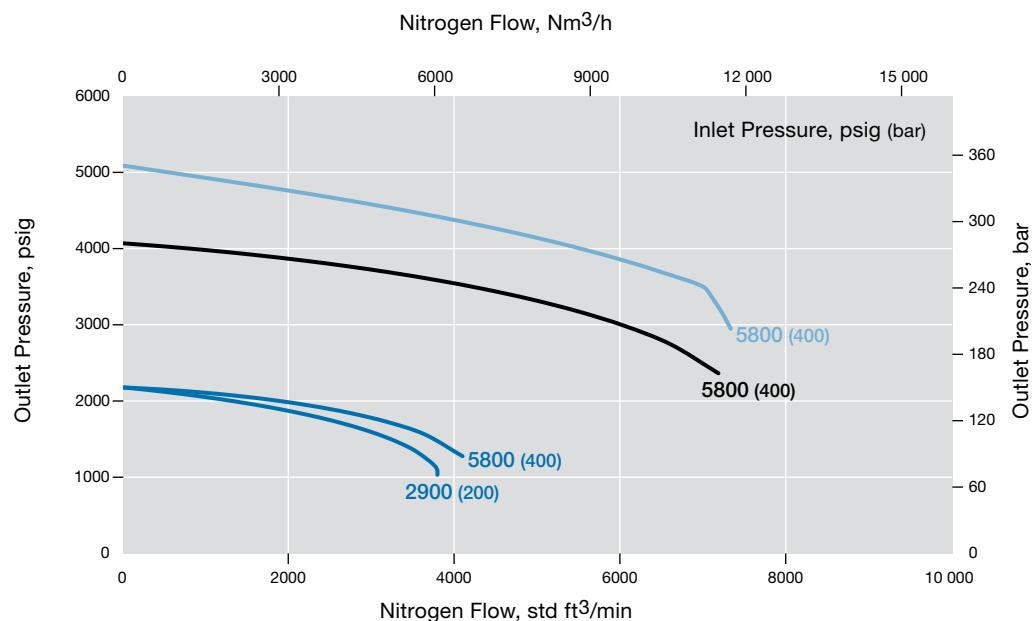
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RSH4 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.84, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2175 psig (0 to 150 bar), 0 to 4060 psig (0 to 280 bar), and 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)**

**Pressure Control Range:**

- 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)
- 0 to 4060 psig (0 to 280 bar)
- 0 to 2175 psig (0 to 150 bar)



## General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RS(H)6 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

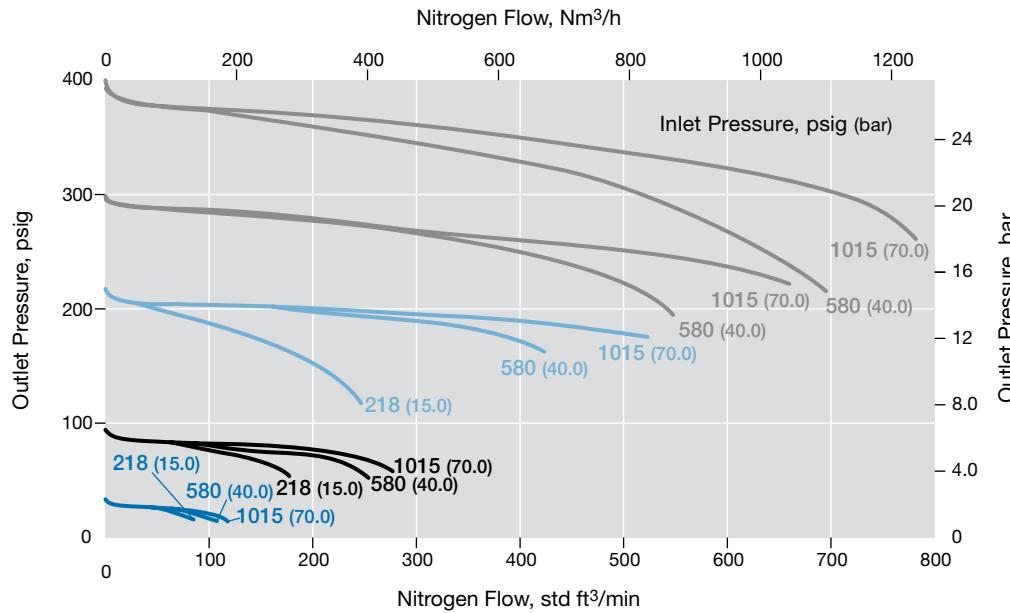
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RS6 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 101 psig (0 to 7.0 bar), 0 to 203 psig (0 to 14.0 bar), and 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar)
- 0 to 203 psig (0 to 14.0 bar)
- 0 to 101 psig (0 to 7.0 bar)
- 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)

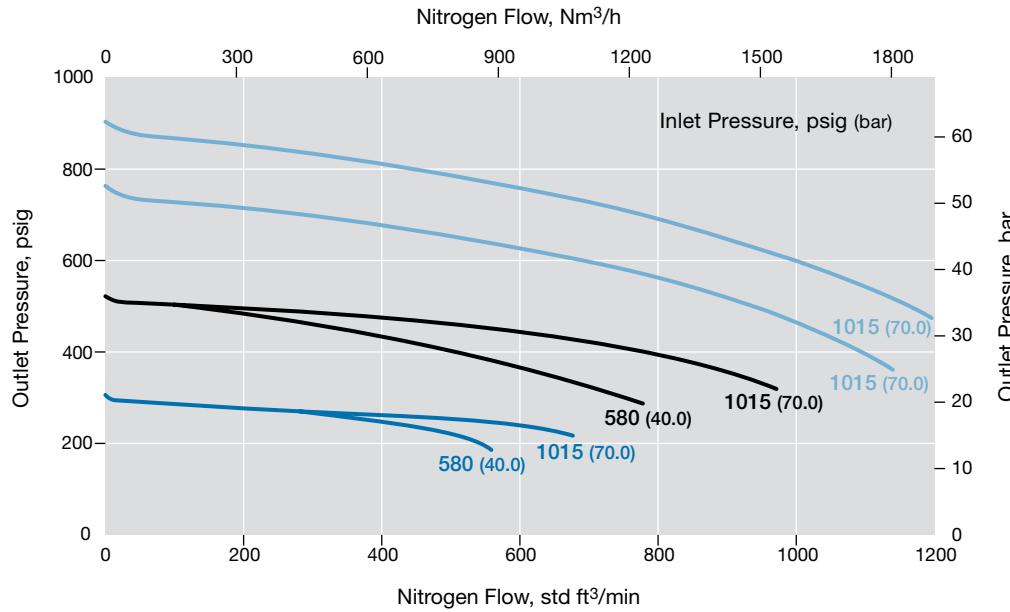


### RS(H)6 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar), 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar), and 0 to 1160 psig (0 to 80.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1160 psig (0 to 80.0 bar)
- 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar)
- 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar)



## General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RS(H)6 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

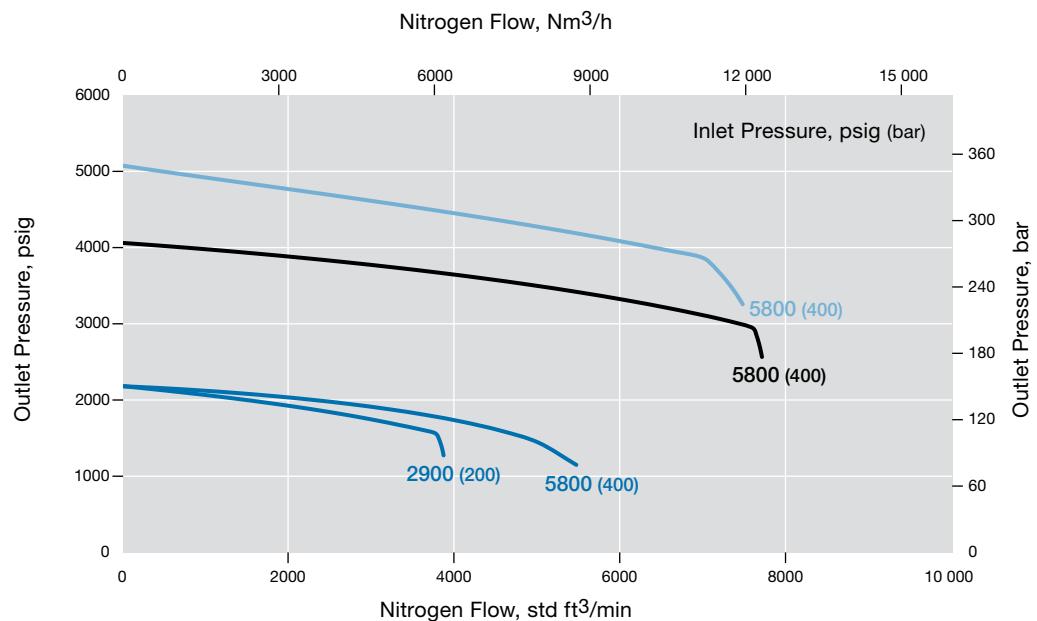
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RSH6 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2175 psig (0 to 150 bar), 0 to 4060 psig (0 to 280 bar), and 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)
- 0 to 4060 psig (0 to 280 bar)
- 0 to 2175 psig (0 to 150 bar)



## General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RS(H)8 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

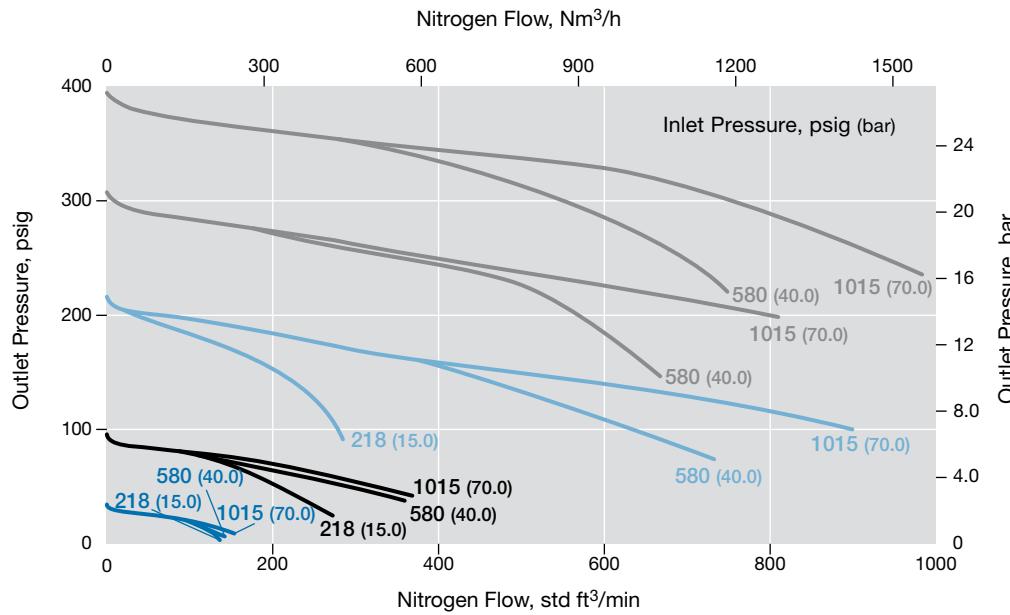
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RS8 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 101 psig (0 to 7.0 bar), 0 to 203 psig (0 to 14.0 bar), and 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar)
- 0 to 203 psig (0 to 14.0 bar)
- 0 to 101 psig (0 to 7.0 bar)
- 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)

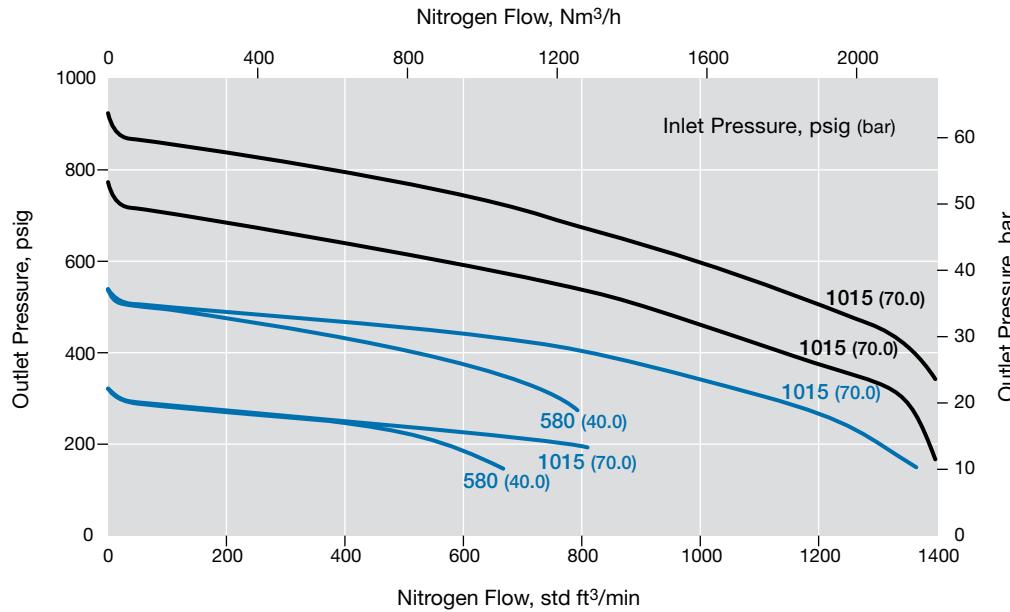


### RS(H)8 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar) and 0 to 1160 psig (0 to 80.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1160 psig (0 to 80.0 bar)
- 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar)



## General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RS(H)8 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

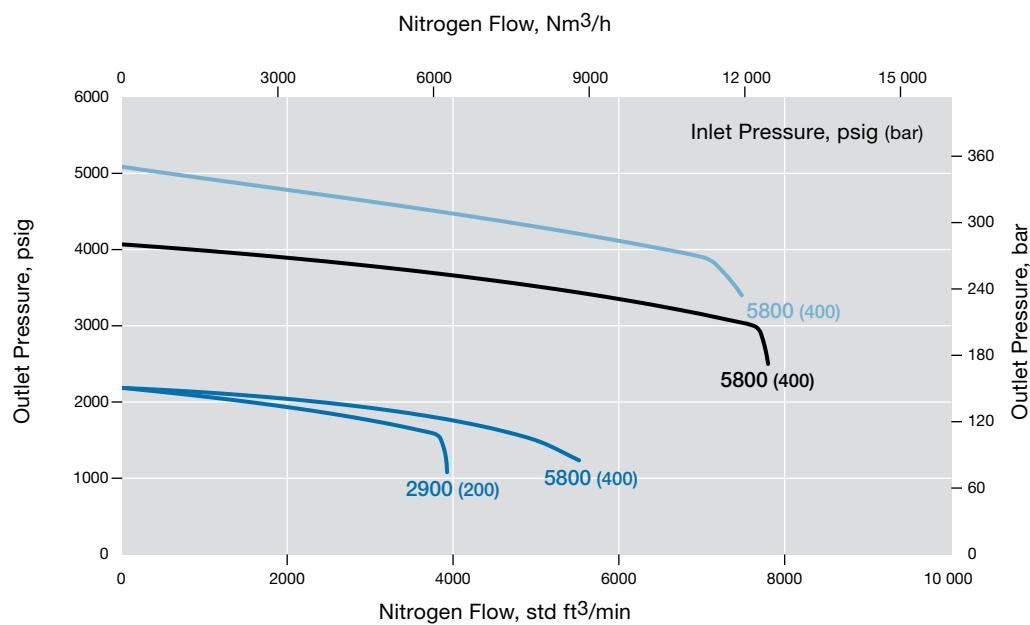
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RSH8 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2175 psig (0 to 150 bar), 0 to 4060 psig (0 to 280 bar), and 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)
- 0 to 4060 psig (0 to 280 bar)
- 0 to 2175 psig (0 to 150 bar)



## **General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RS(H)10, RS(H)15, and RS(H)20 Series**

## Features

- Balanced poppet design
  - RS(H)10 and RS(H)15—diaphragm or piston sensing  
RS(H)20—diaphragm sensing only

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the *Swagelok Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

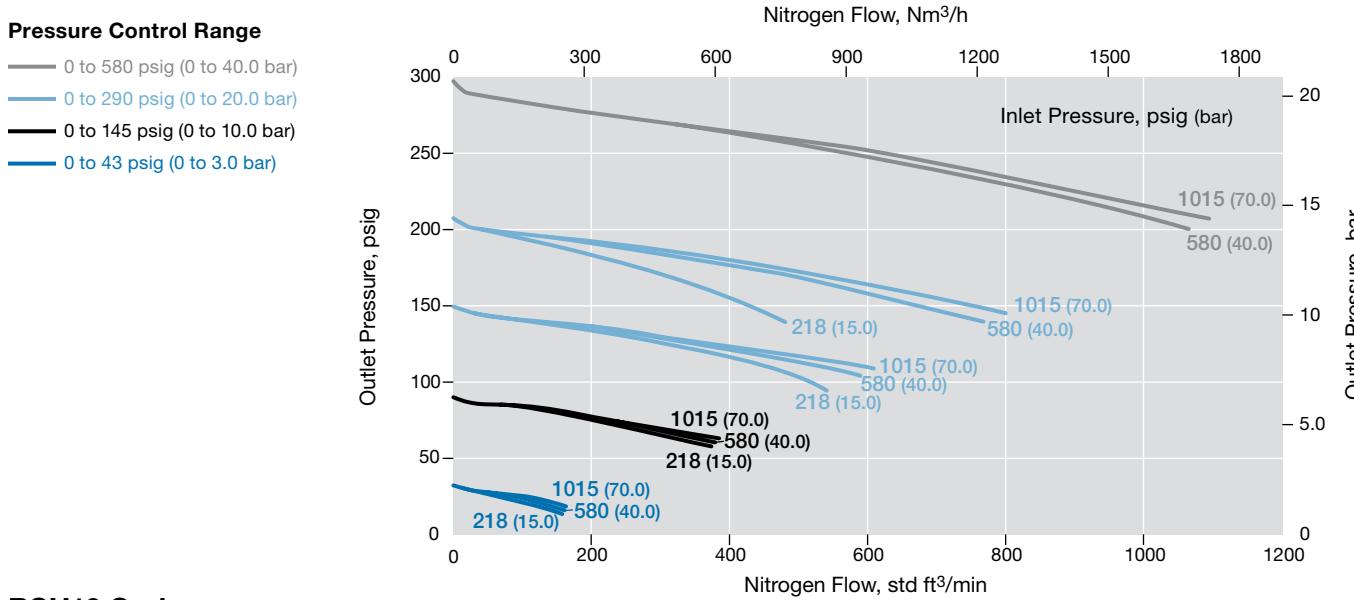
## Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

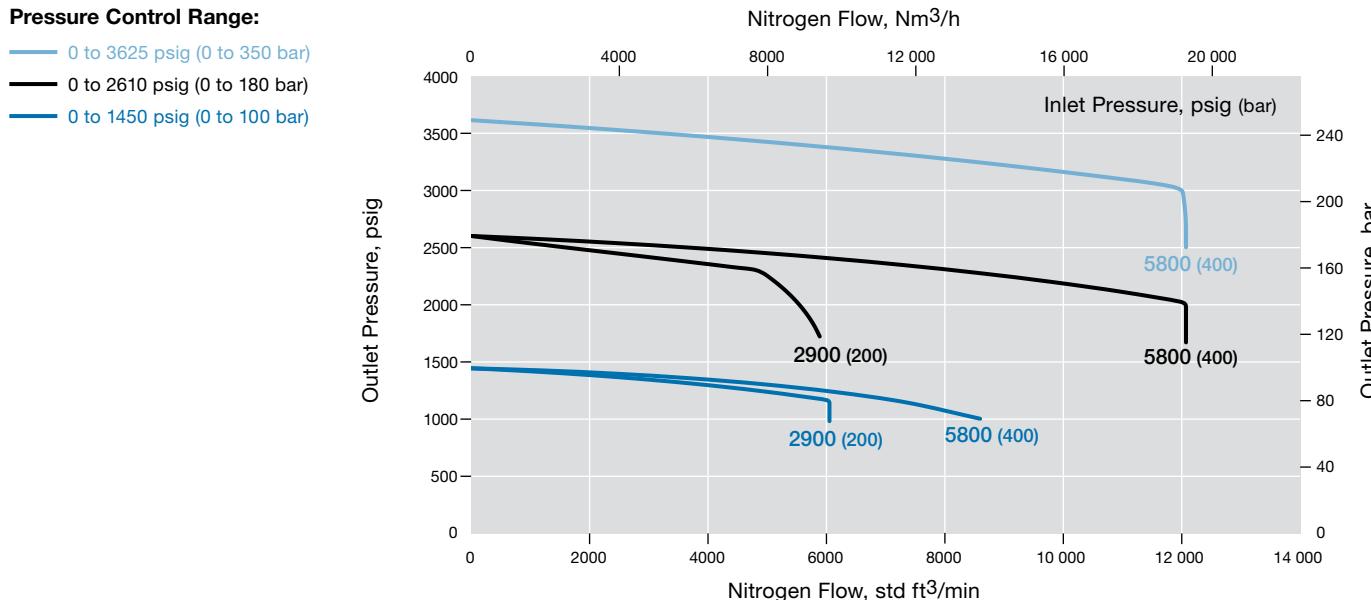
RS10 Series

**Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar)**



# RSH10 Series

**Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar), 0 to 2610 psig (0 to 180 bar), and 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 350 bar)**



## General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RS(H)15 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

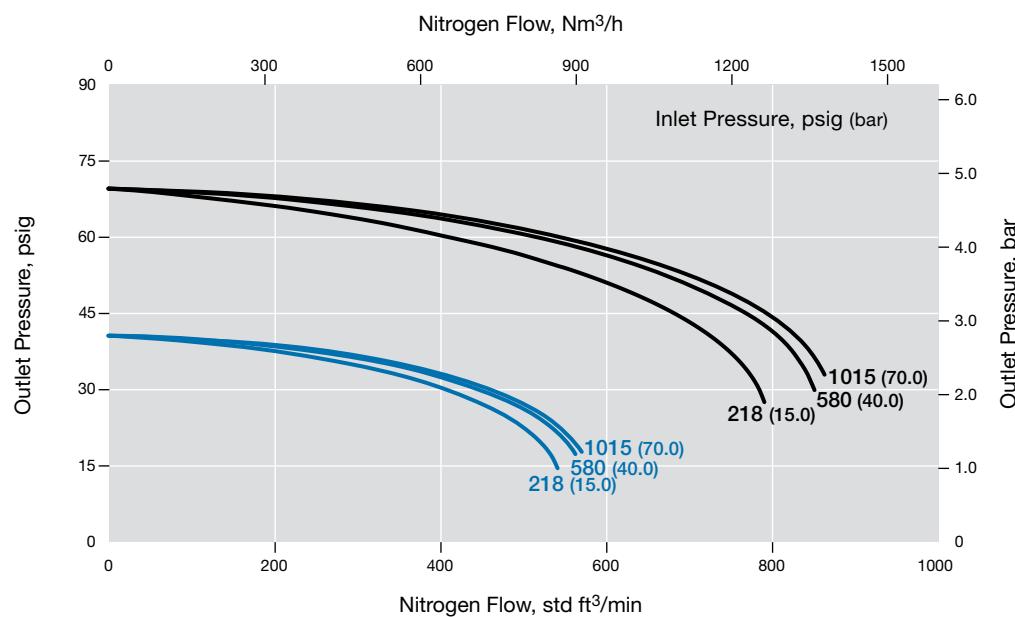
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RS15 Series

**Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 72 psig (0 to 5.0 bar), and 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)**

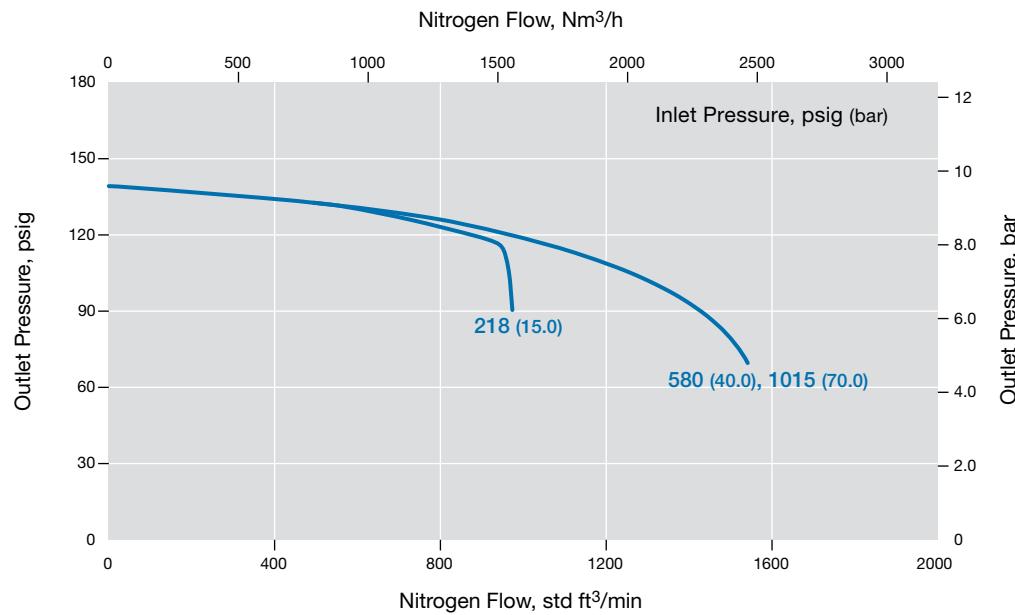
#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 72 psig (0 to 5.0 bar)
- 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)



## General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RS(H)15 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

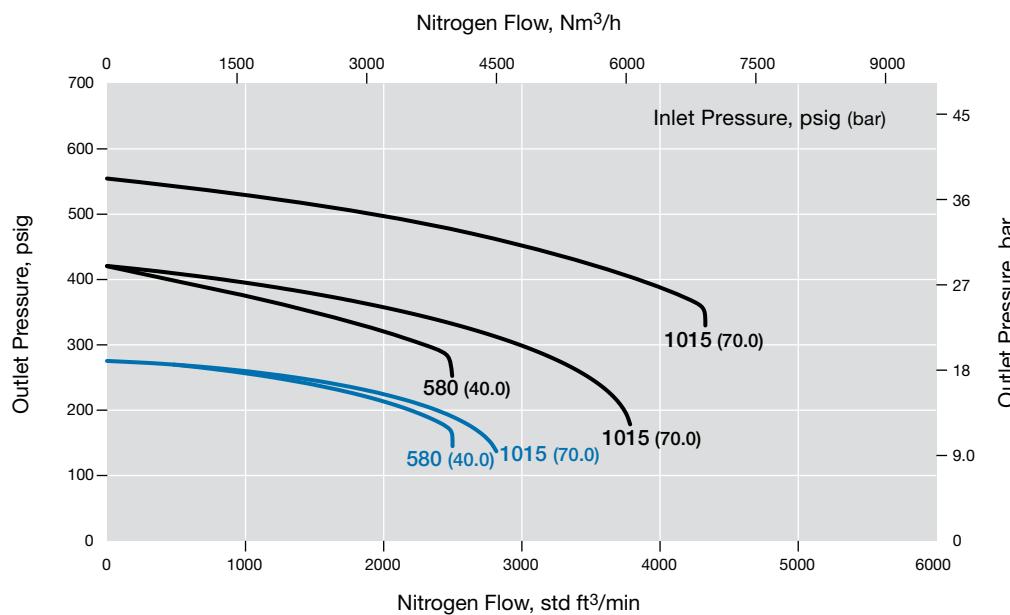
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RS15 Series

**Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar) and 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar)
- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)



## General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RS(H)15 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

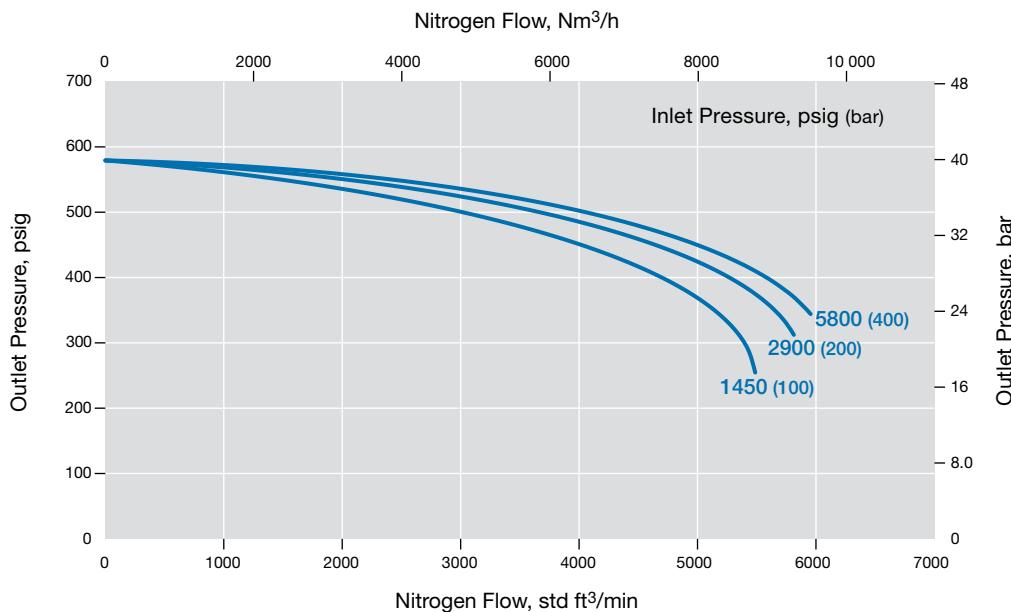
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RSH15 Series

**Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar), 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar), 0 to 2610 (0 to 180 bar), and 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar)

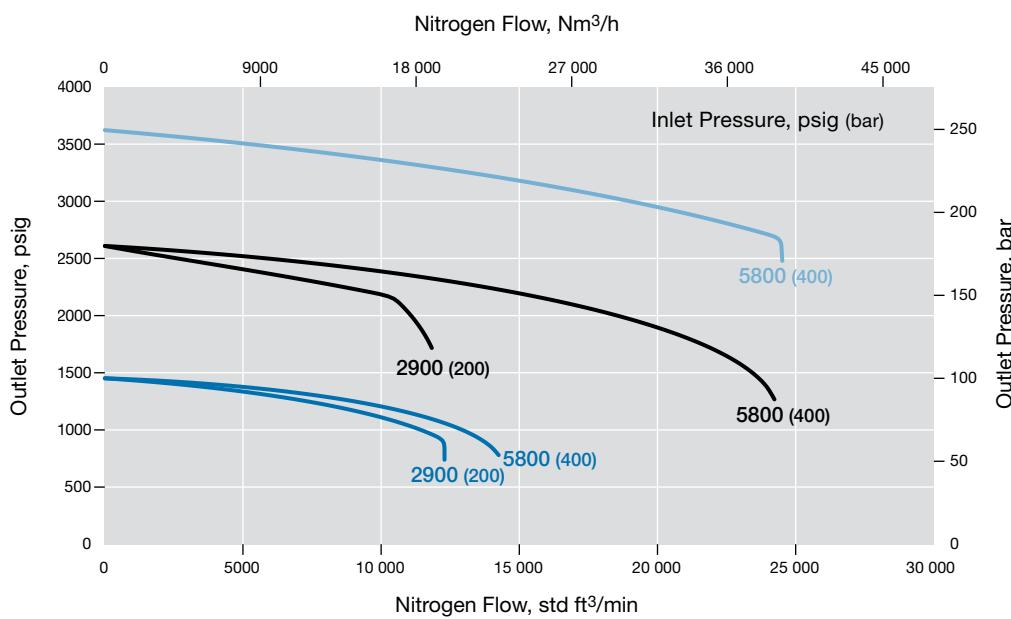


#### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)

— 0 to 2610 psig (0 to 180 bar)

— 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)



## General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RS(H)20 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHP Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

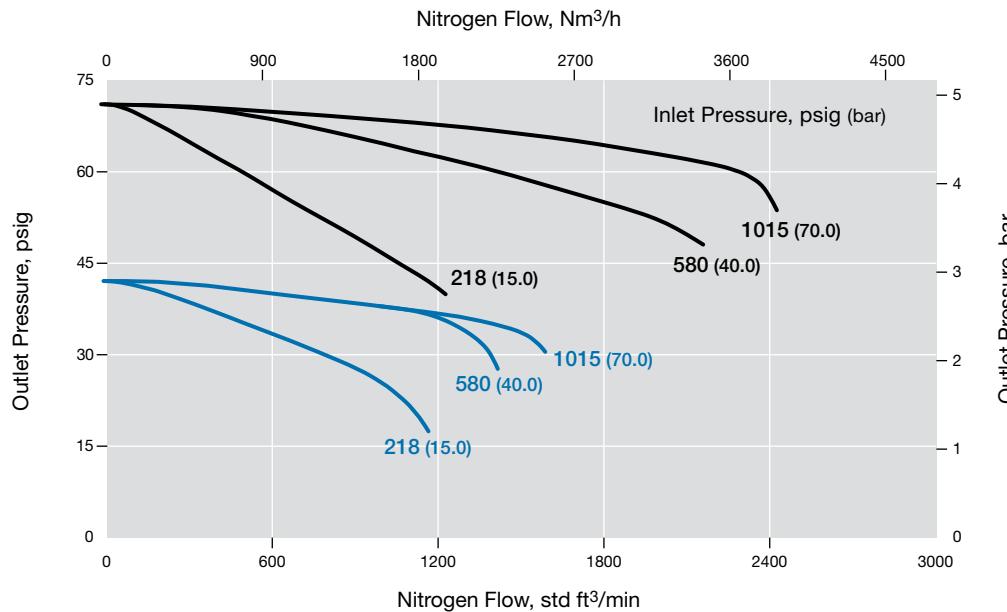
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RS20 Series

**Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 72.0 psig (0 to 5.0 bar), 0 to 145 (0 to 10.0 bar), and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)**

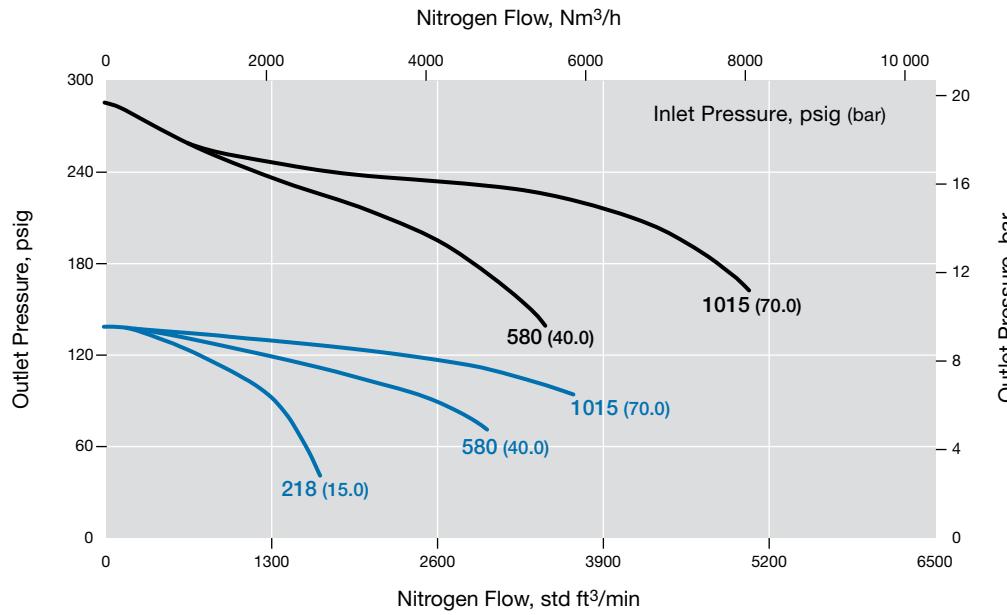
#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 72 psig (0 to 5.0 bar)
- 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)



## High-Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— LRS(H)4 Series

### Features

- Diaphragm sensing
- Large diaphragm for higher accuracy
- Diaphragm materials: PTFE and 316L SS for most pressure control ranges
- Bottom mounting
- Low torque minimizes stem wear
- Nonventing
- Cartridge poppet assembly in LRS(H)4 for ease of service
- Panel mounting—no disassembly required

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

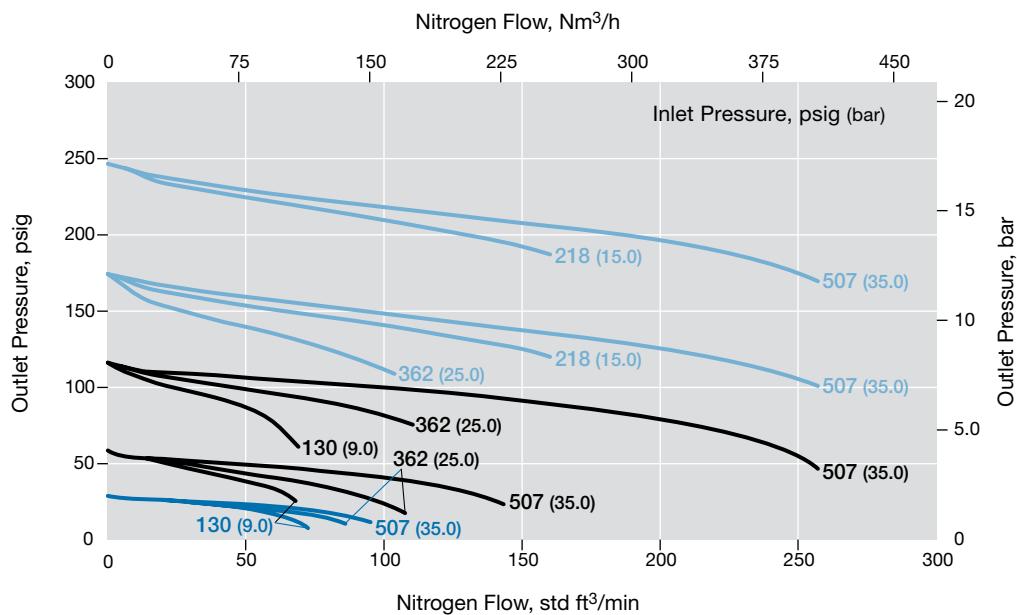
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### LRS4 Series

**Flow Coefficient 0.73, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)
- 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



## High-Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— LRS(H)4 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

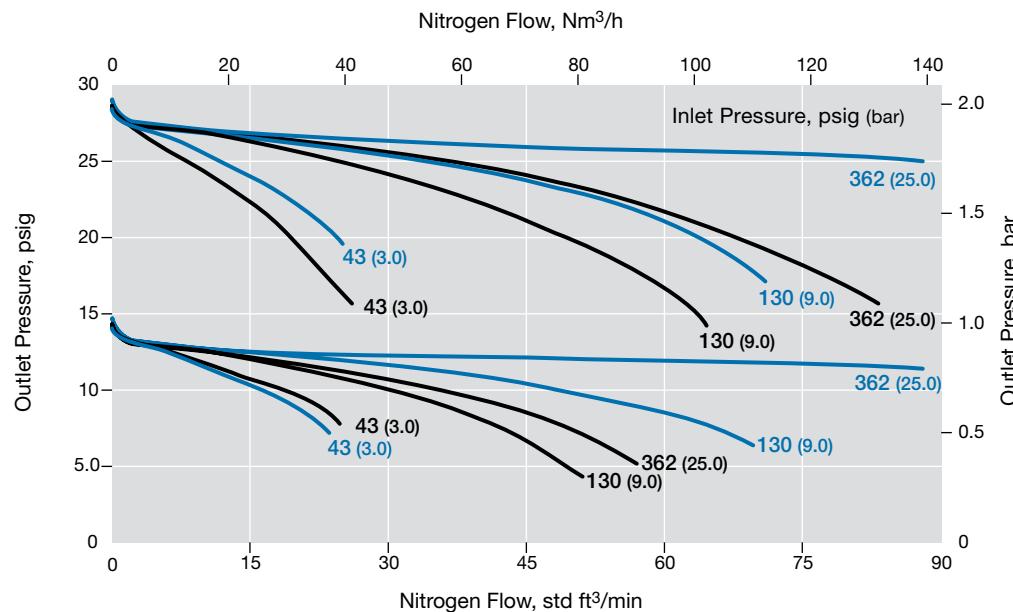
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### LRS4 Series with Optional External Feedback

**Flow Coefficient 0.73, Pressure Control Range 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)**

#### Comparative Flow

- Standard
- External Feedback

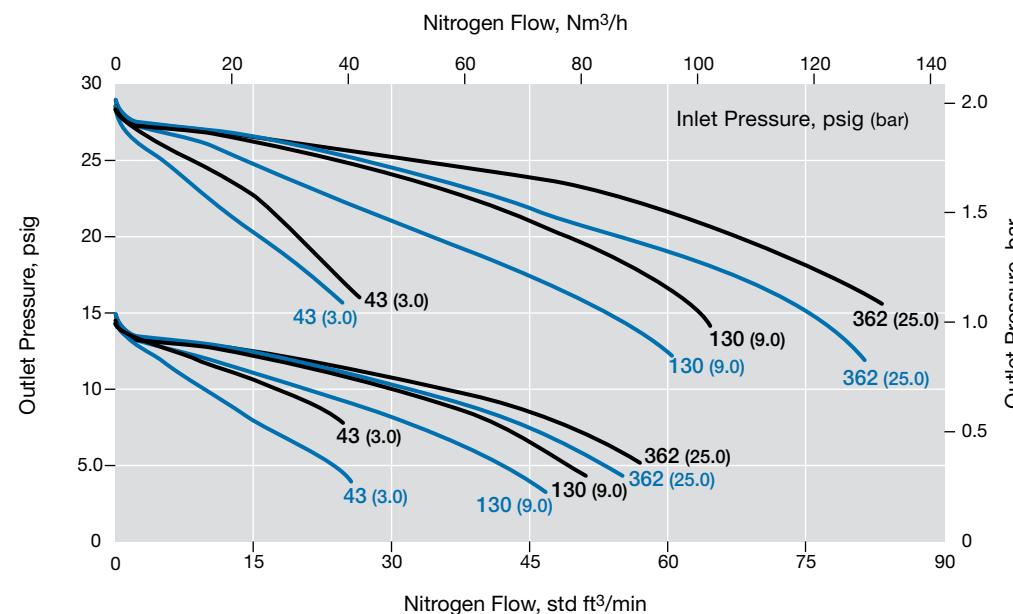


### LRS4 Series with Optional 316L SS Diaphragm

**Flow Coefficient 0.73, Pressure Control Range 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)**

#### Comparative Flow

- Standard
- 316L SS Diaphragm



## High-Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— LRS(H)4 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

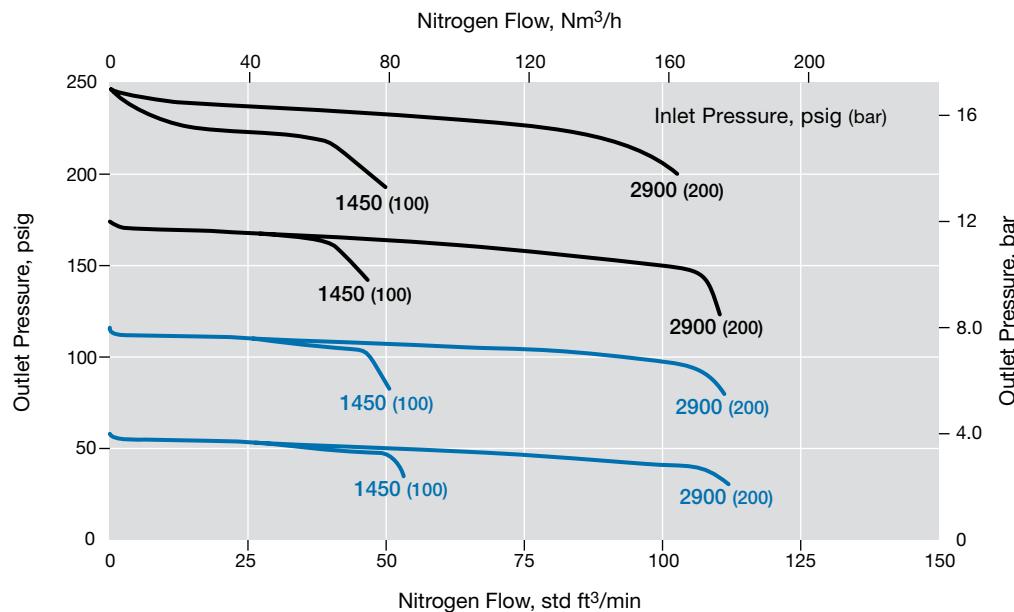
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### LRS(H)4 Series

**Flow Coefficient 0.73, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar) and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)



## High Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— LPRS4, LPRS6, and LPRS8 Series

### Features

- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Large diaphragm for higher accuracy
- Suction tube for reduced droop
- Ideal as second-stage regulator

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

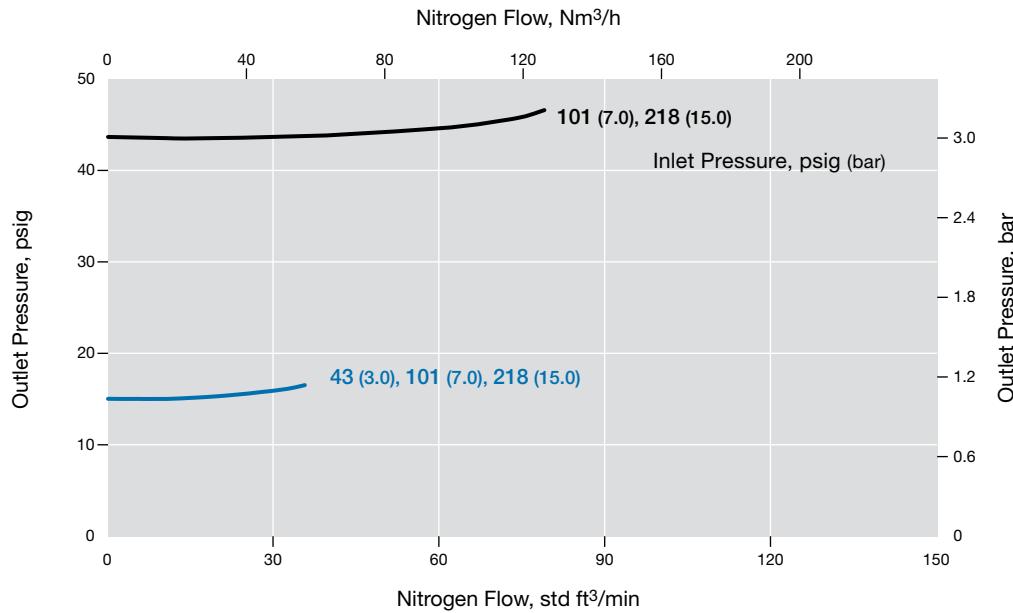
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### LPRS4 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.84, Pressure Control Ranges 1.4 to 14.5 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar) and  
4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)
- 1.4 to 14.5 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar)



## High Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— LPRS4, LPRS6, and LPRS8 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

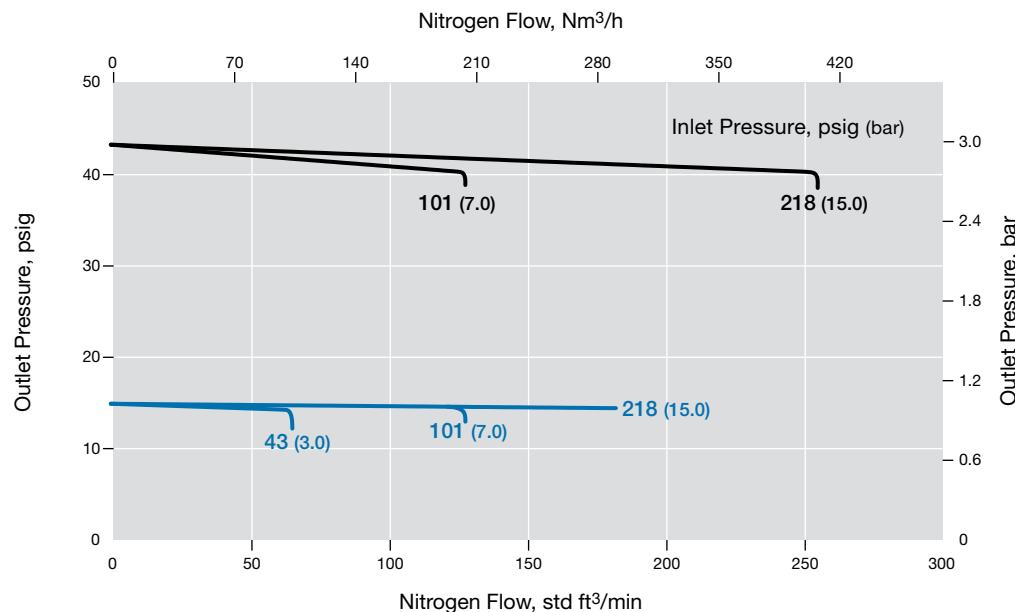
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### LPRS6 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 1.4 to 14.5 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar) and  
4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)
- 1.4 to 14.5 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar)

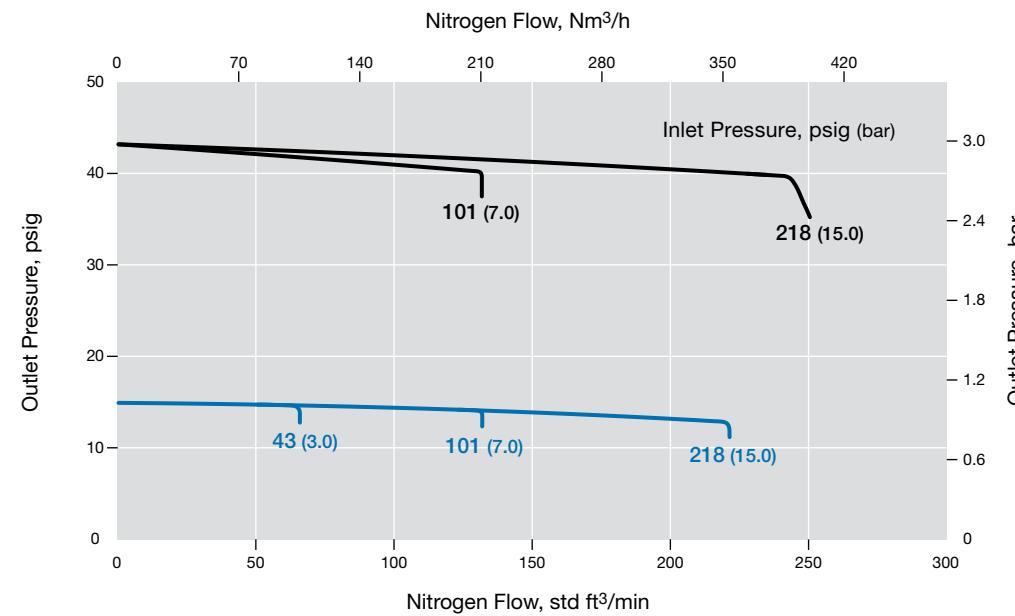


### LPRS8 Series

**Flow Coefficient 2.07, Pressure Control Ranges 1.4 to 14.5 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar) and  
4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)
- 1.4 to 14.5 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar)



## High-Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— LPRS10 and LPRS15 Series

### Features

- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- High flow and high accuracy
- Suction tube for reduced droop
- Ideal as second-stage regulator

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

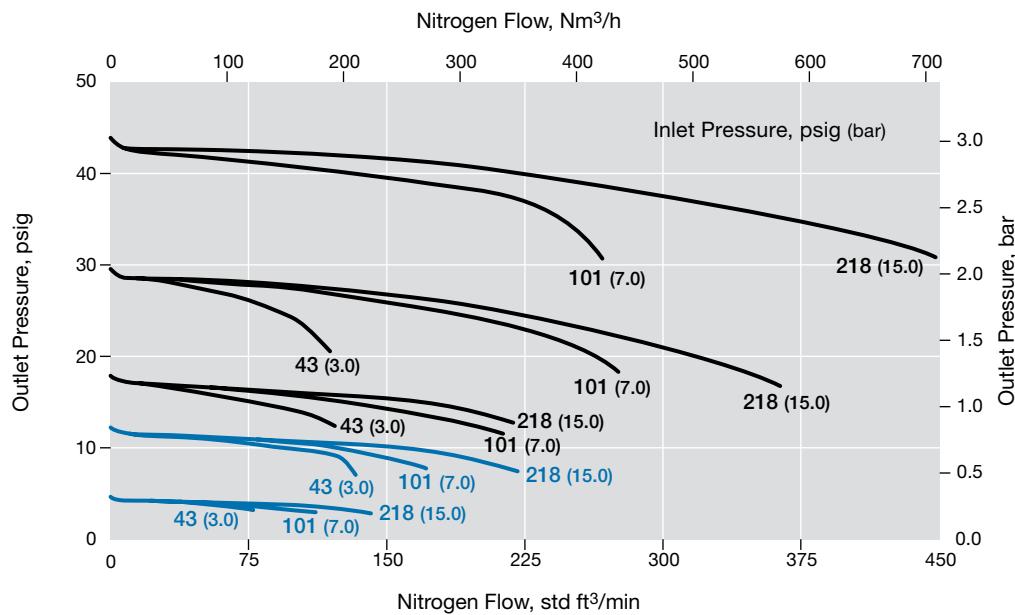
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### LPRS10 Series

**Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 1.4 to 14.0 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar) and  
4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)
- 1.4 to 14.0 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar)



## High-Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— LPRS10 and LPRS15 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

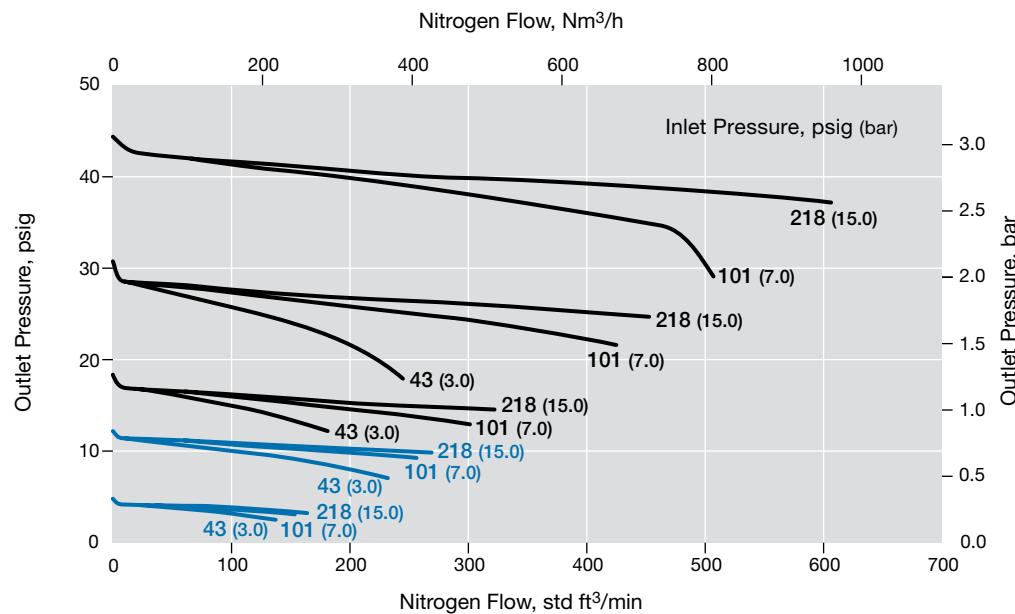
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### LPRS15 Series

**Flow Coefficient 7.3, Pressure Control Ranges 1.4 to 14.0 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar) and  
4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 4.3 to 43 psig (0.30 to 3.0 bar)
- 1.4 to 14.0 psig (0.10 to 1.0 bar)



## Compact, General-Purpose Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD2 Series

### Features

- Piston sensing
- Integral 25 µm filter
- Cartridge poppet assembly for ease of service
- Bottom mounting

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

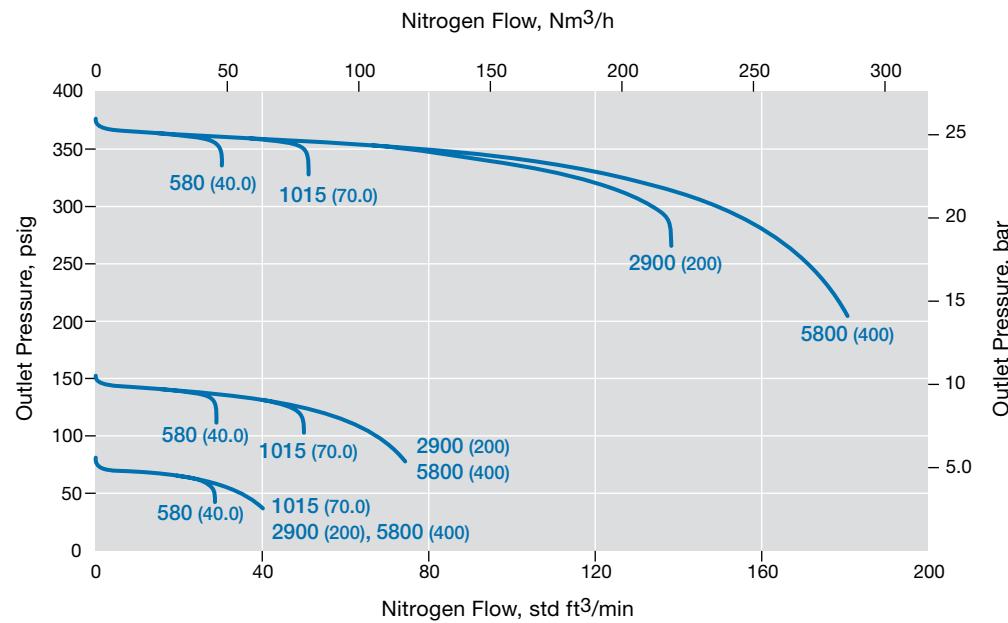
#### **Flow Coefficient 0.05, Pressure Control Range 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)**

##### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)

##### Inlet Pressure

Shown on graph

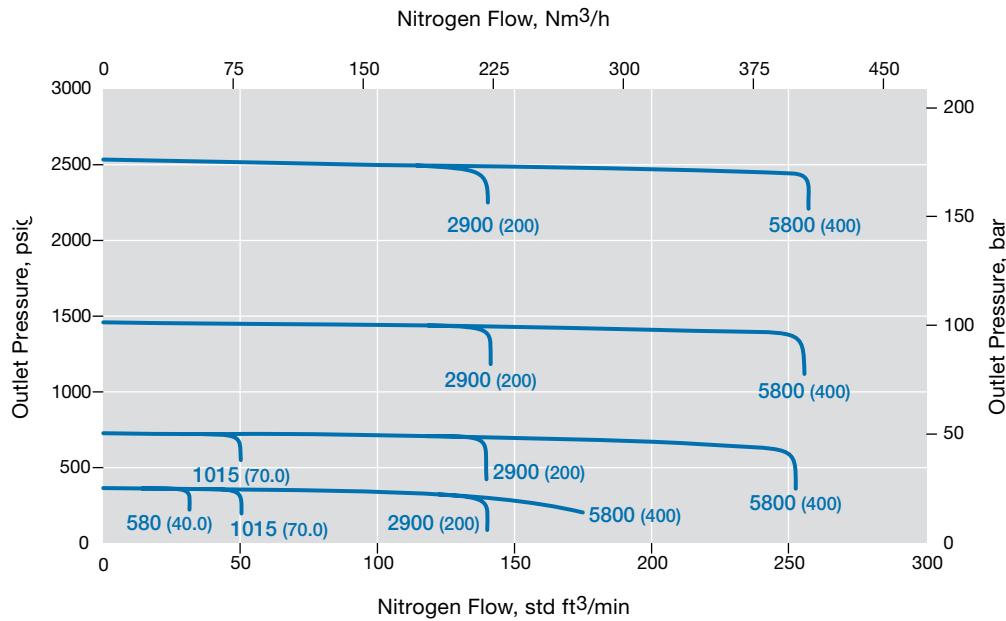


##### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)

##### Inlet Pressure

Shown on graph



## Compact, General-Purpose Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD2 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

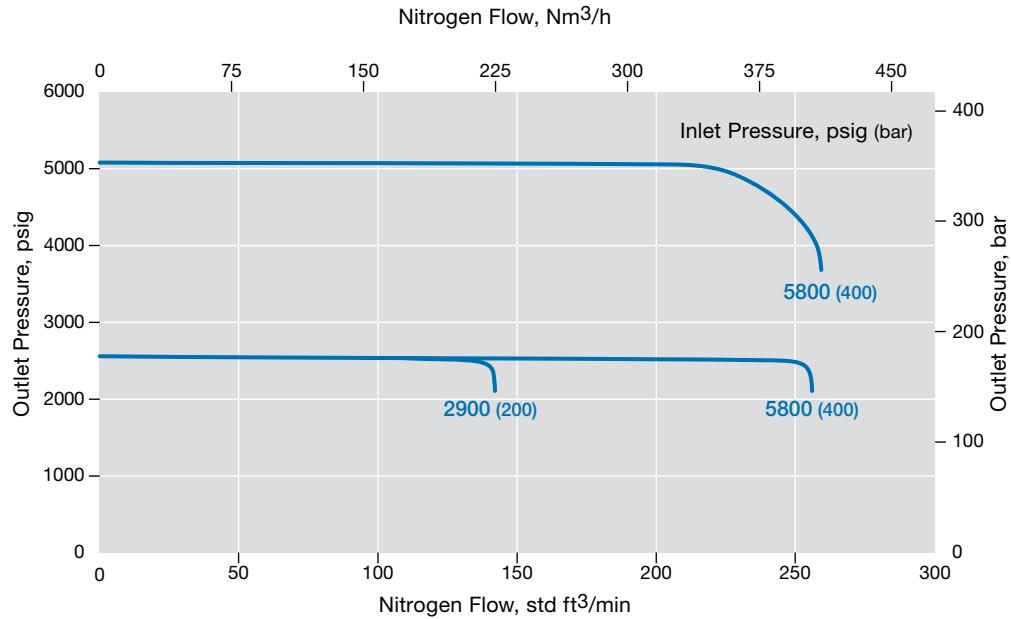
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

#### **Flow Coefficient 0.05, Pressure Control Range 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)**

##### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 5800 psig (0 to 400 bar)



## General-Purpose, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)6 and RD(H)8 Series

### Features

- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Dome-to-outlet pressure ratio approximately 1:1
- Outlet gauge connection: 1/4 in. female NPT

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

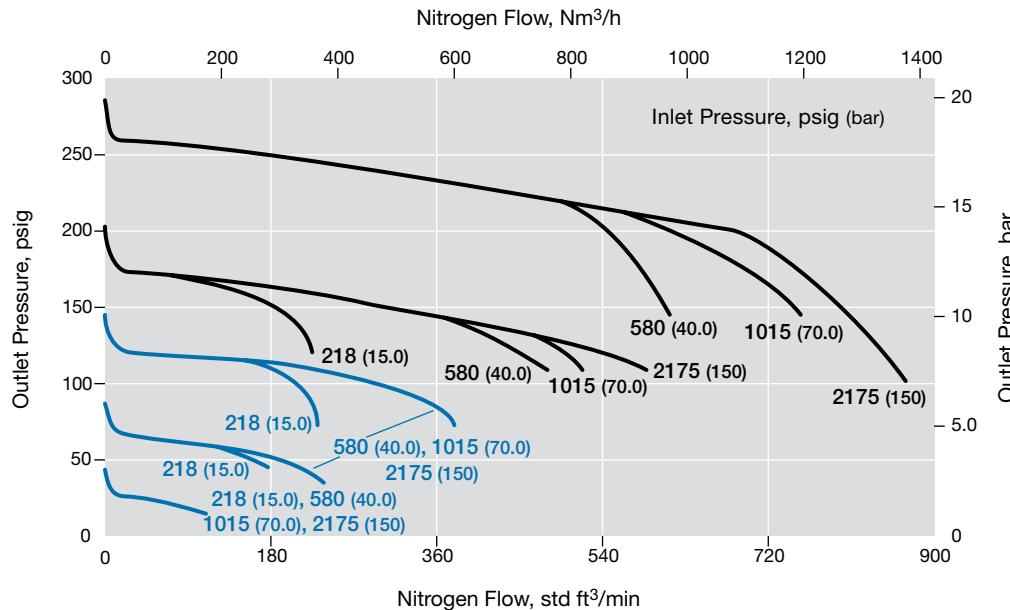
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH6 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) and 0 to 362 (0 to 25.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)



## General-Purpose, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)6 and RD(H)8 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, MS-02-430*.

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

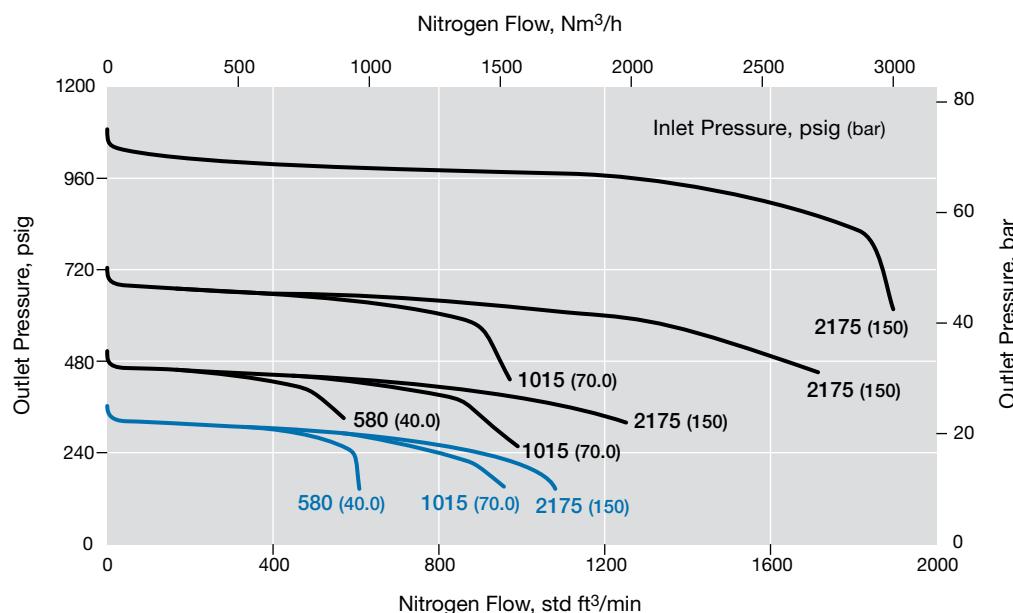
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH6 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar), 0 to 1450 (0 to 100 bar), and 0 to 2539 psig (0 to 175 bar)**

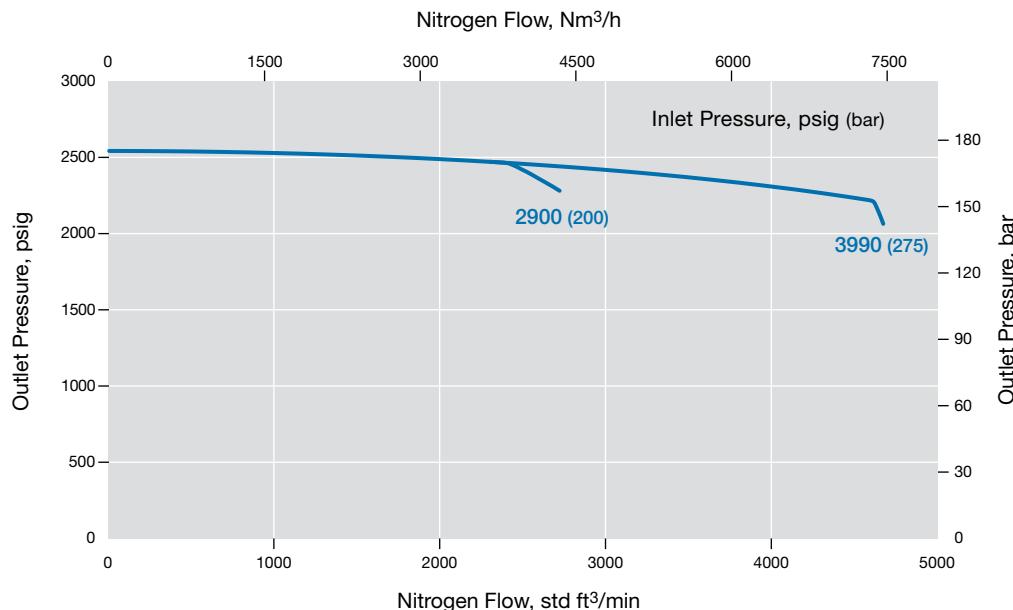
#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)
- 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 2539 psig (0 to 175 bar)



## General-Purpose, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)6 and RD(H)8 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

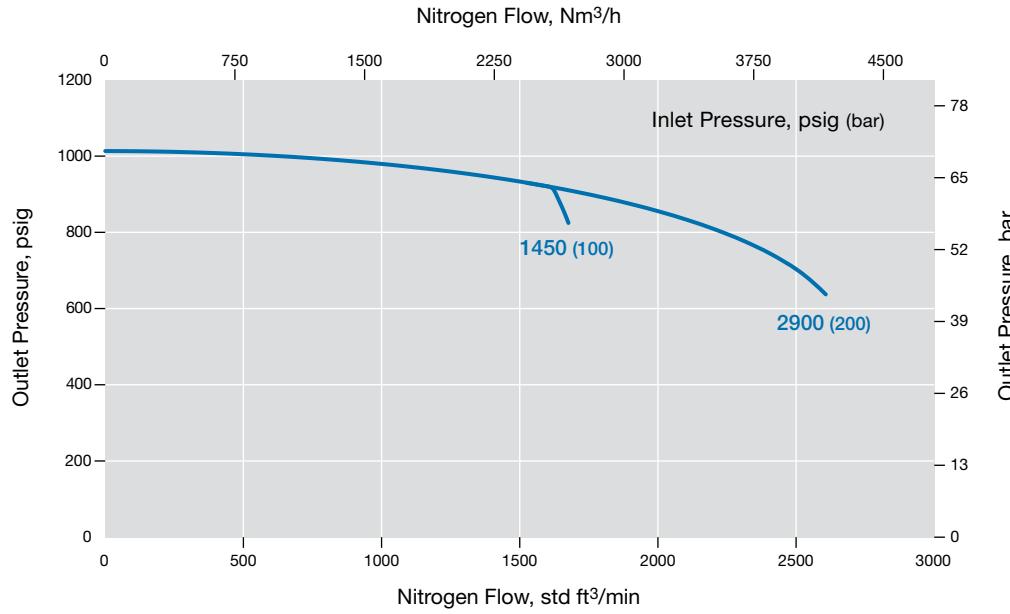
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD8 Series

#### **Flow Coefficient 2.07, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)**

##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)



## General-Purpose, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)6 and RD(H)8 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

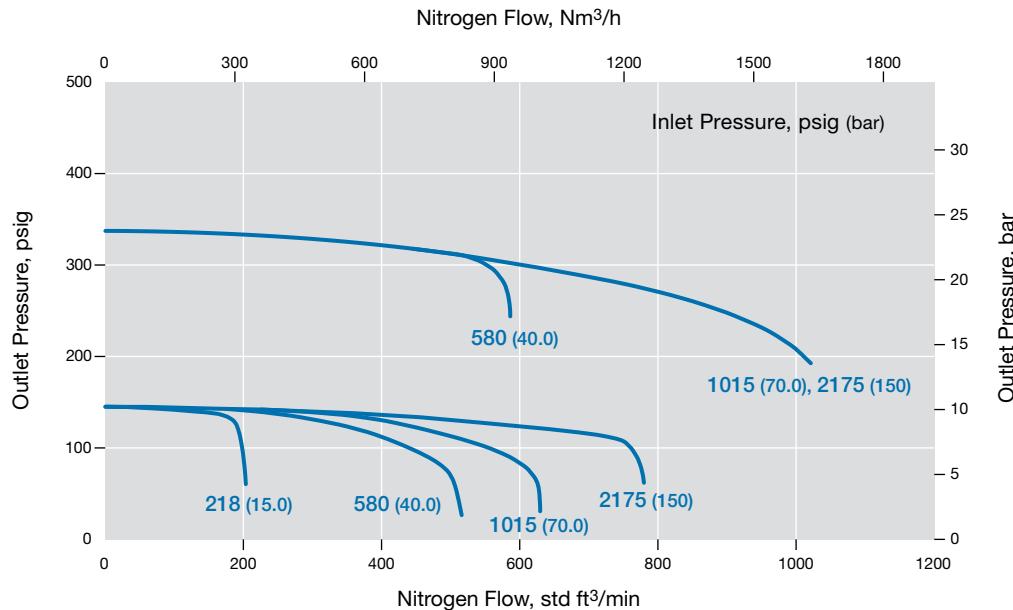
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH8 Series

**Flow Coefficient 2.07, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar) and 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)**

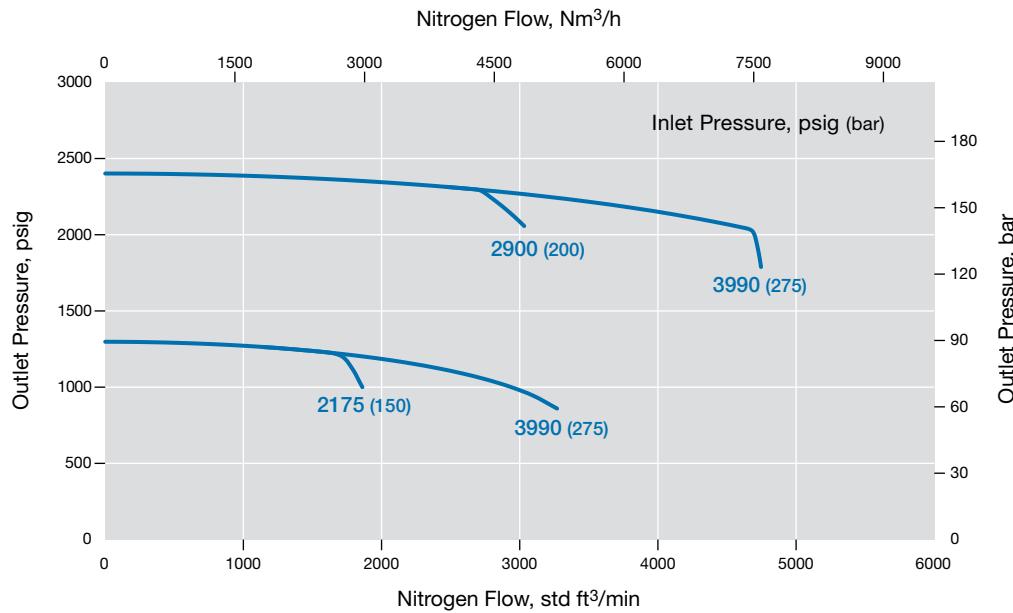
#### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)



## Differential Pressure, Dome-Loaded Pressure Reducing Regulators— RD(H)6DP Series

### Features

- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Adjustable bias
- Dome-to-outlet pressure ratio approximately 1:1

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

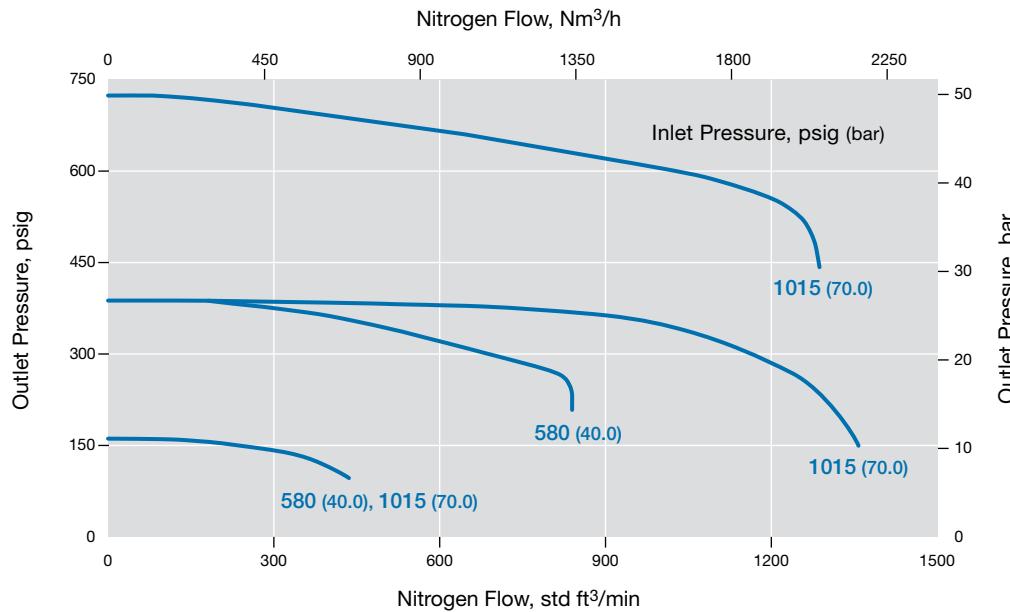
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD6DP Series

#### **Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)**

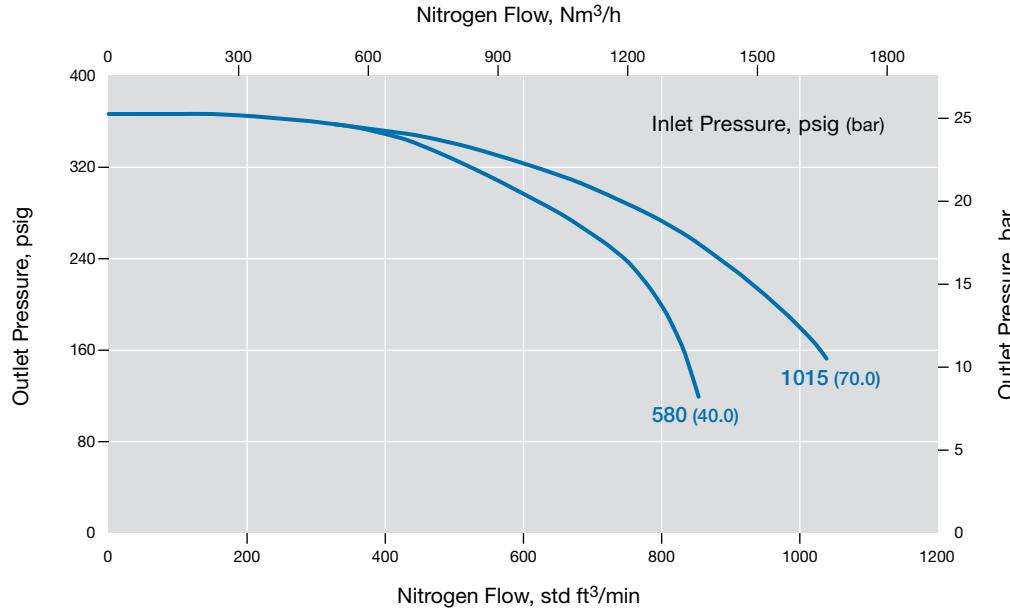
##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
- All curves 29 psig (2.0 bar) bias



##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
- All curves 116 psig (8.0 bar) bias



## Differential Pressure, Dome-Loaded Pressure Reducing Regulators— RD(H)6DP Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

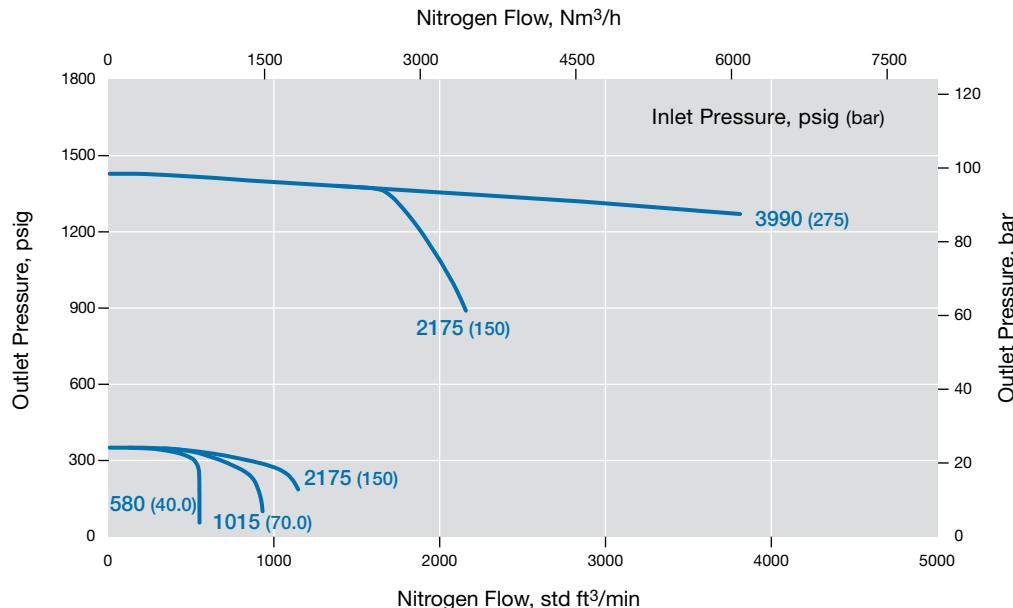
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH6DP Series

#### Flow Coefficient 1.95, Pressure Control Range 0 to 3335 psig (0 to 230 bar)

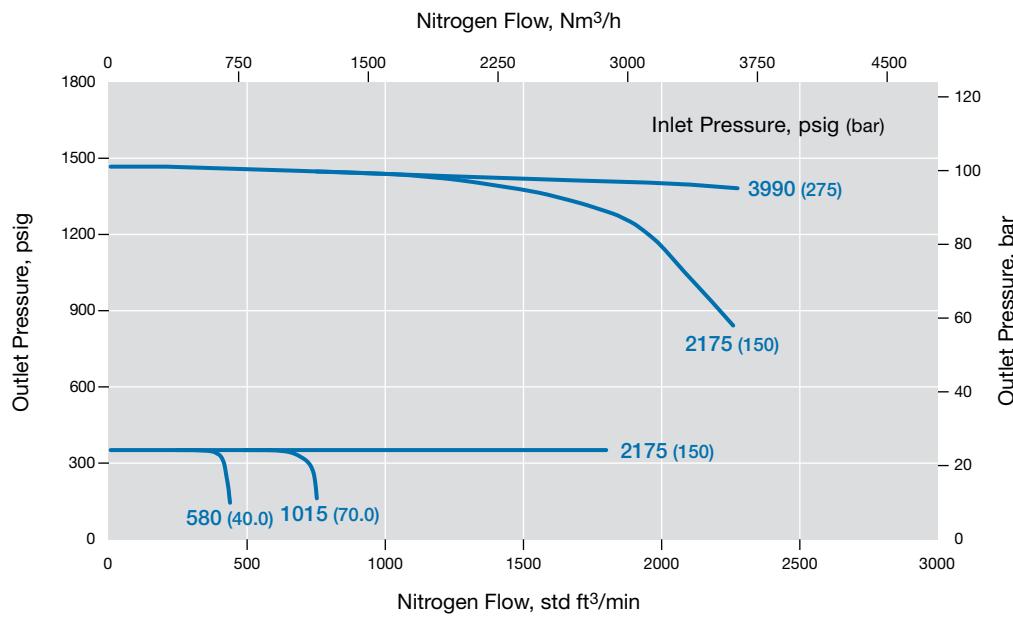
##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 3335 psig (0 to 230 bar)  
All curves 29 psig (2.0 bar) bias



##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 3335 psig (0 to 230 bar)  
All curves 116 psig (8.0 bar) bias



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)10 and RD(H)15 Series

### Features

- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Integral pilot regulator with dynamic regulation
- Dome-to-outlet pressure ratio approximately 1:1
- Large dome for improved stability
- Pilot regulator for improved performance

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

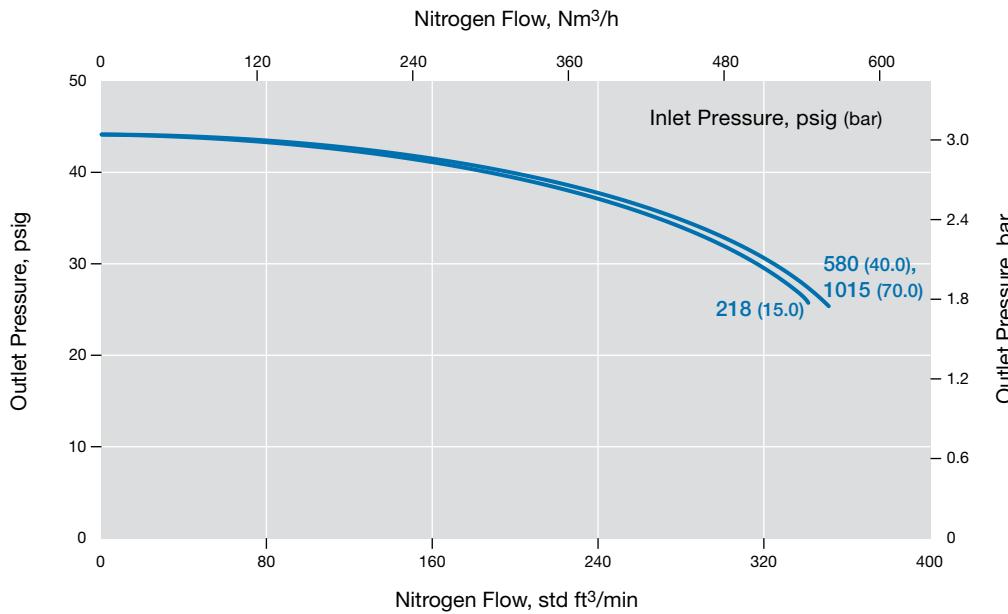
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD10 Series

**Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) and 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)**

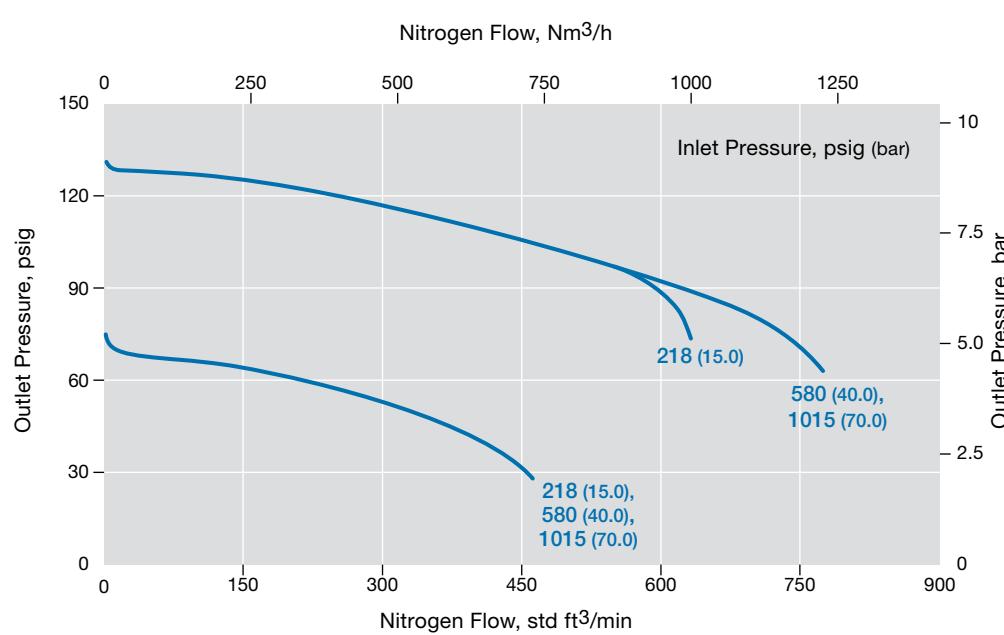
#### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)10 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

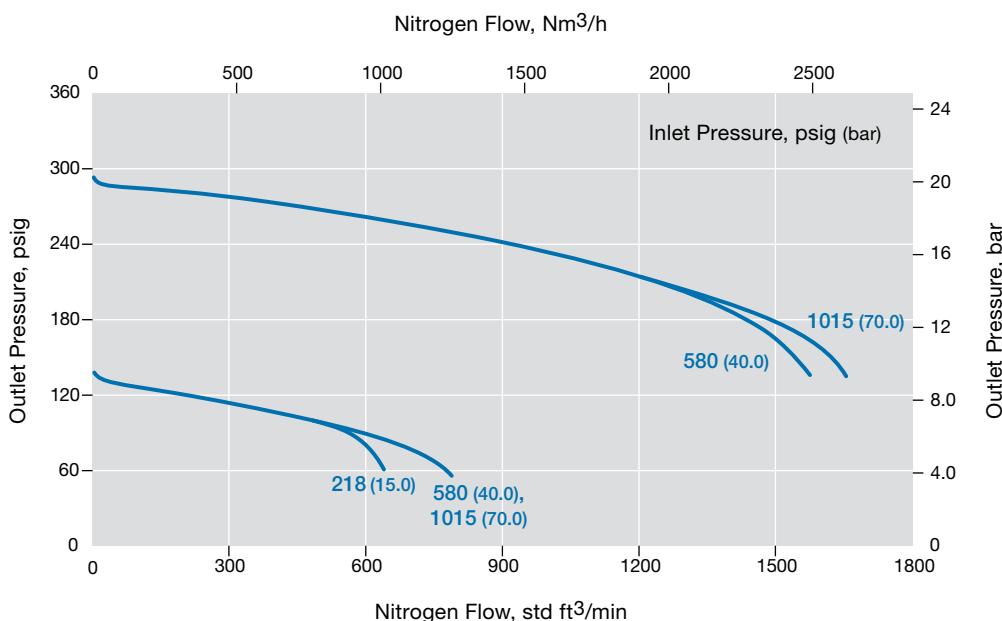
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD10 Series

**Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar) and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)**

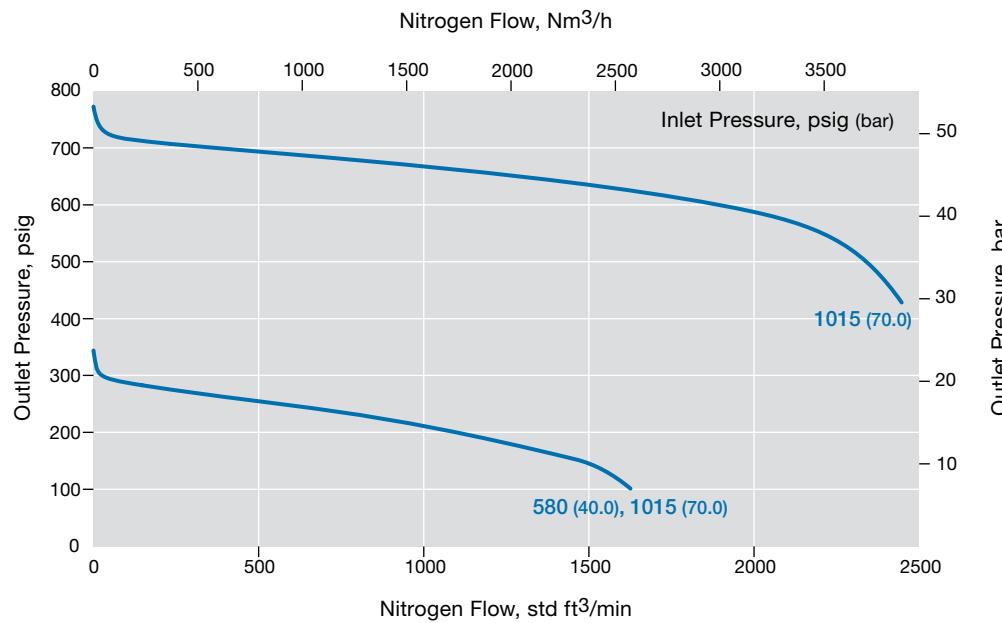
**Pressure Control Range:**

— 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)



**Pressure Control Range:**

— 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)10 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

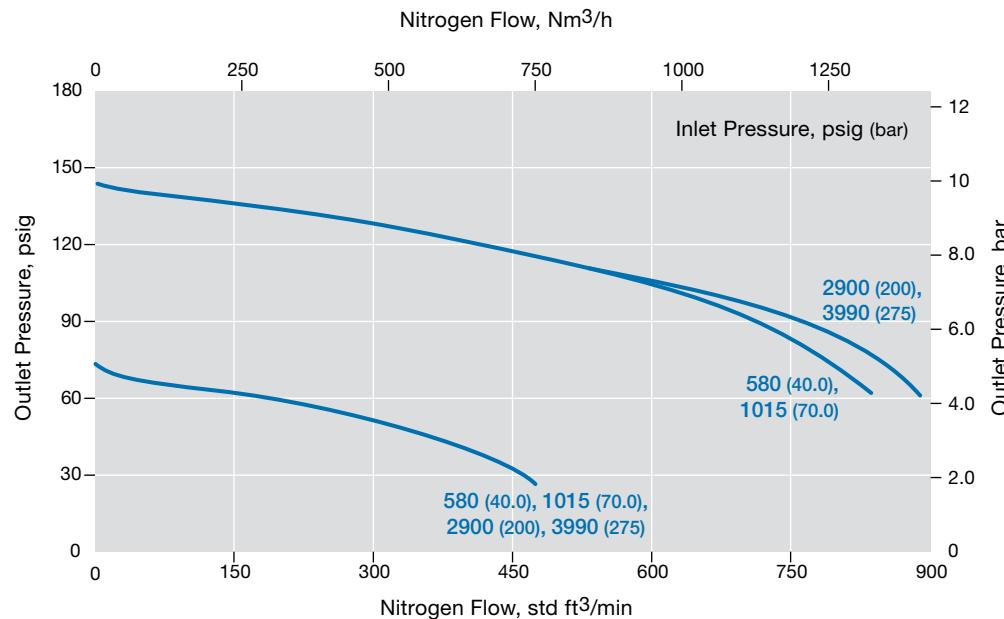
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH10 Series

**Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar), and 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)**

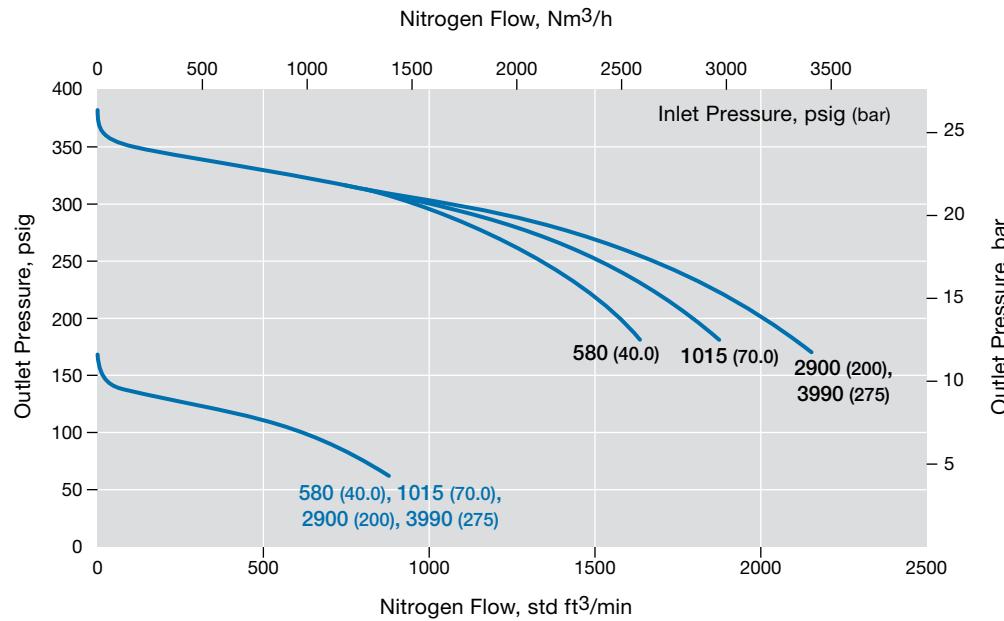
**Pressure Control Range:**

— 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)



**Pressure Control Range:**

— 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)10 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

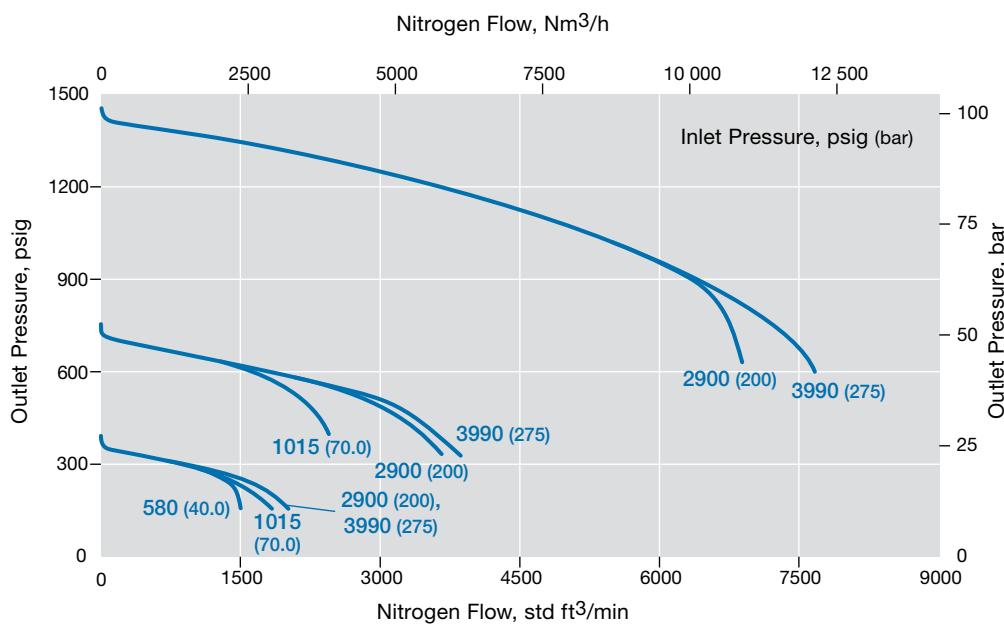
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH10 Series

**Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar) and 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)**

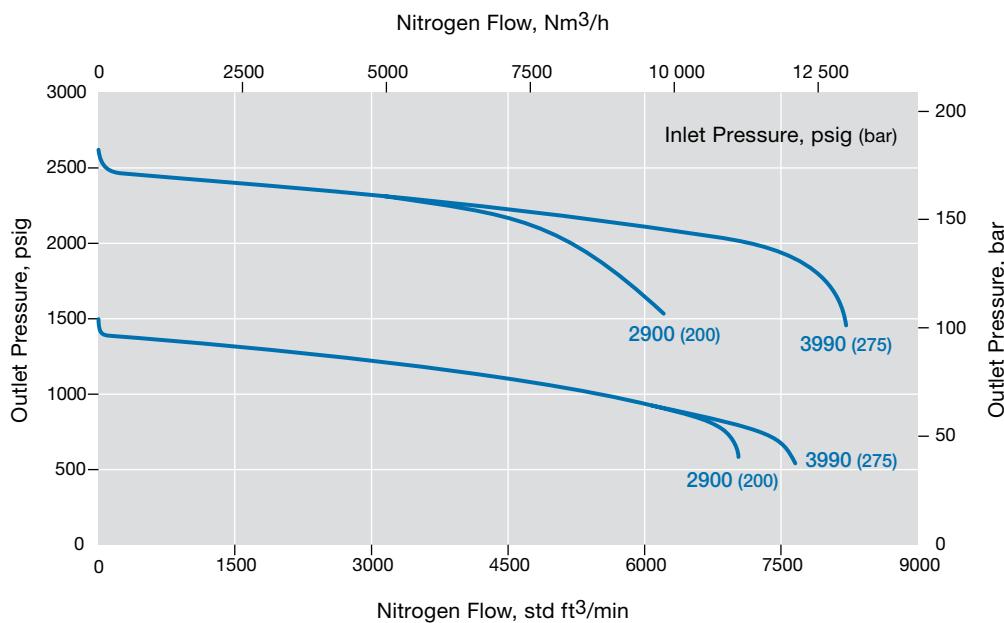
**Pressure Control Range:**

— 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)



**Pressure Control Range:**

— 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)10 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

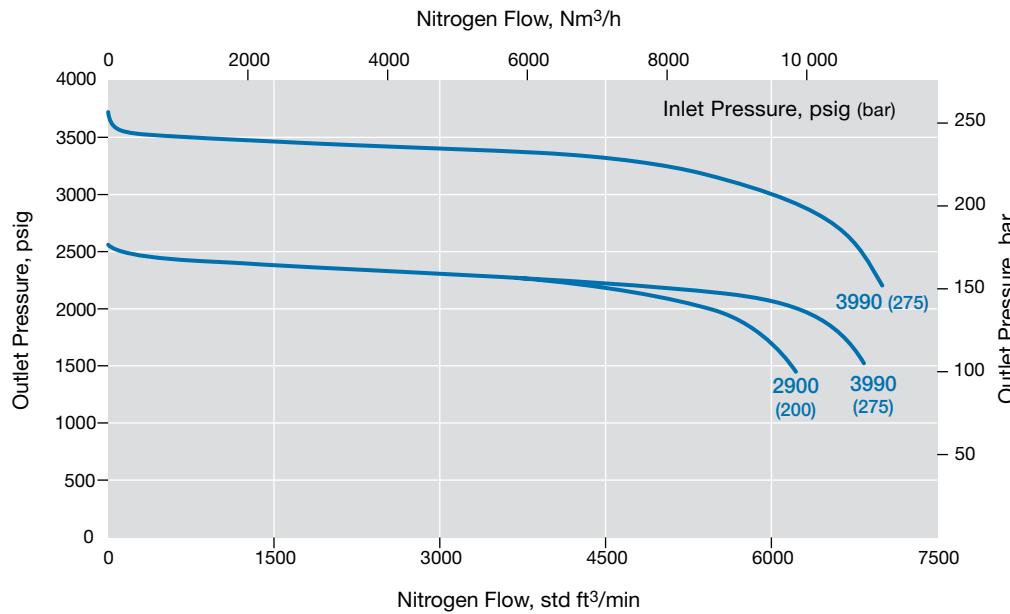
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH10 Series

#### Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Range 0 to 3625 (0 to 250 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)10 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

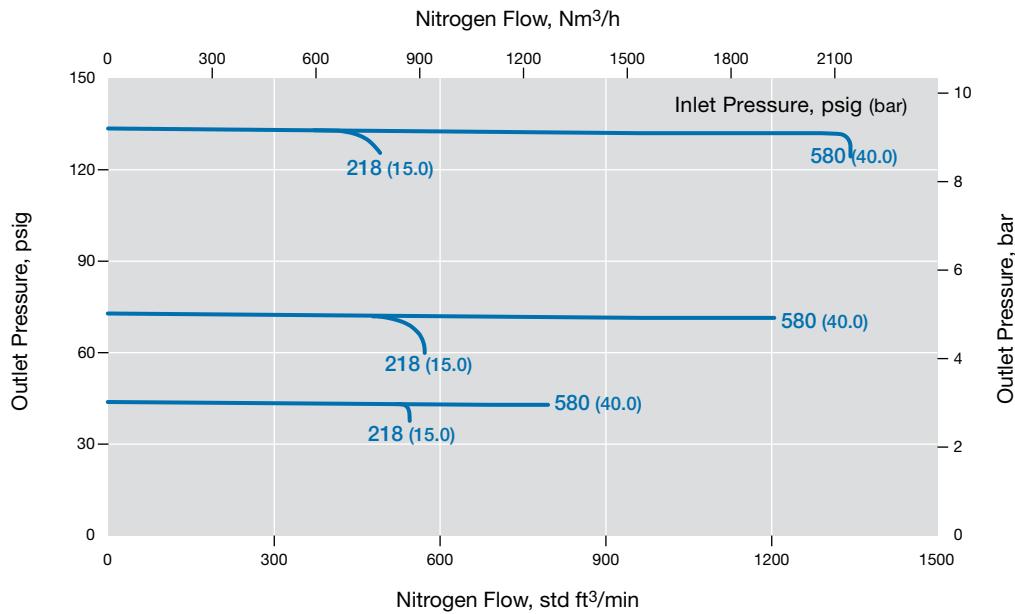
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD10-EF Series

#### **Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)**

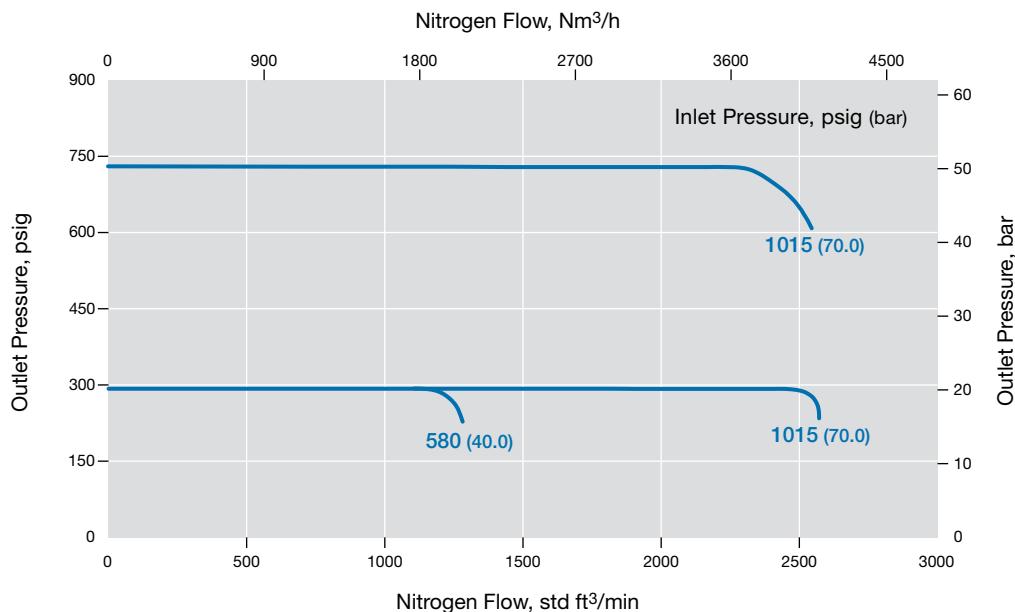
##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)



##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)10 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

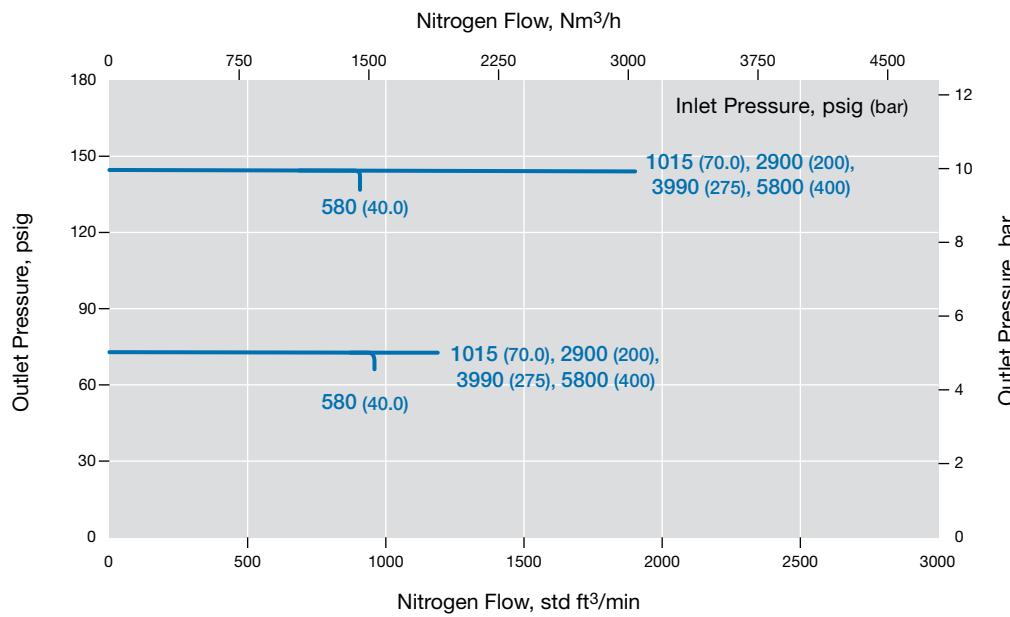
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH10-EF Series

**Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar) and 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

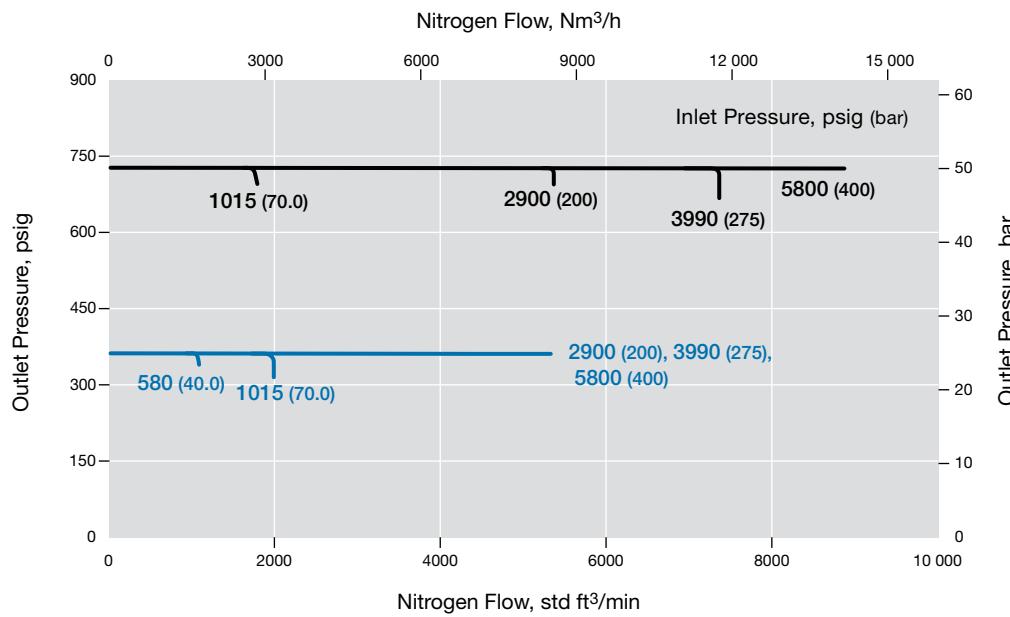
— 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)

— 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)10 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

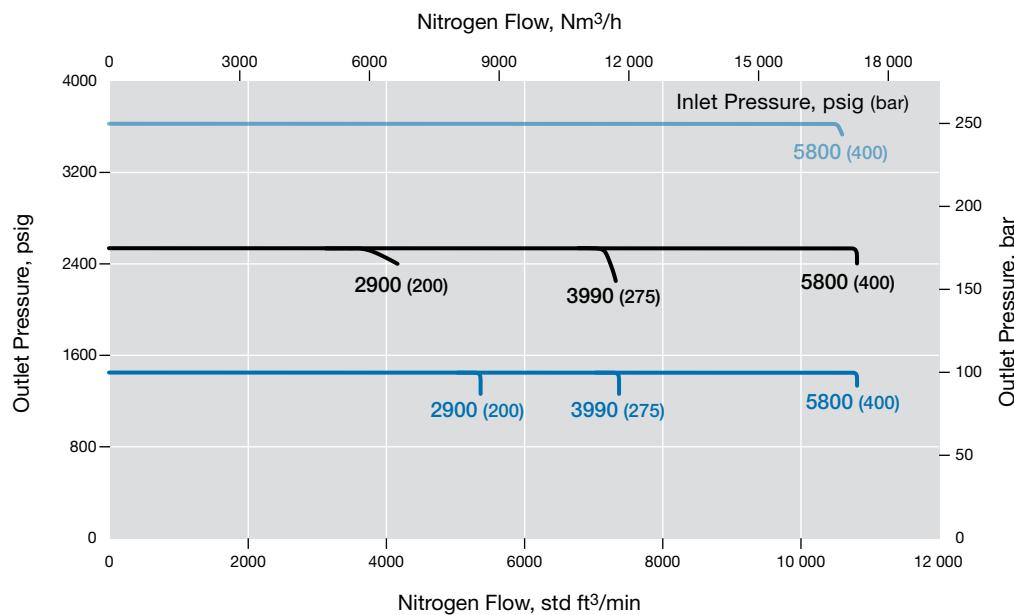
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH10-EF Series

**Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar), 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar), and 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)
- 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)
- 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)

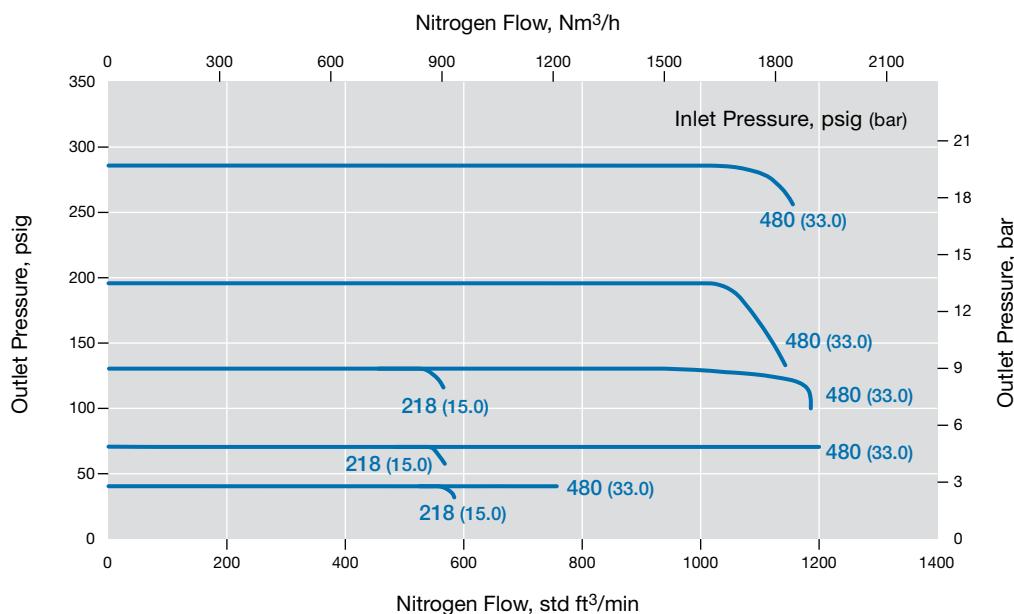


### RD10-EFP Series

**Flow Coefficient 3.79, Pressure Control Range 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.5 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 500 psig (0 to 34.5 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)15 Series

### Features

- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Integral pilot regulator with dynamic regulation
- Dome-to-outlet pressure ratio approximately 1:1
- Large dome for improved stability
- Pilot regulator for improved performance

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

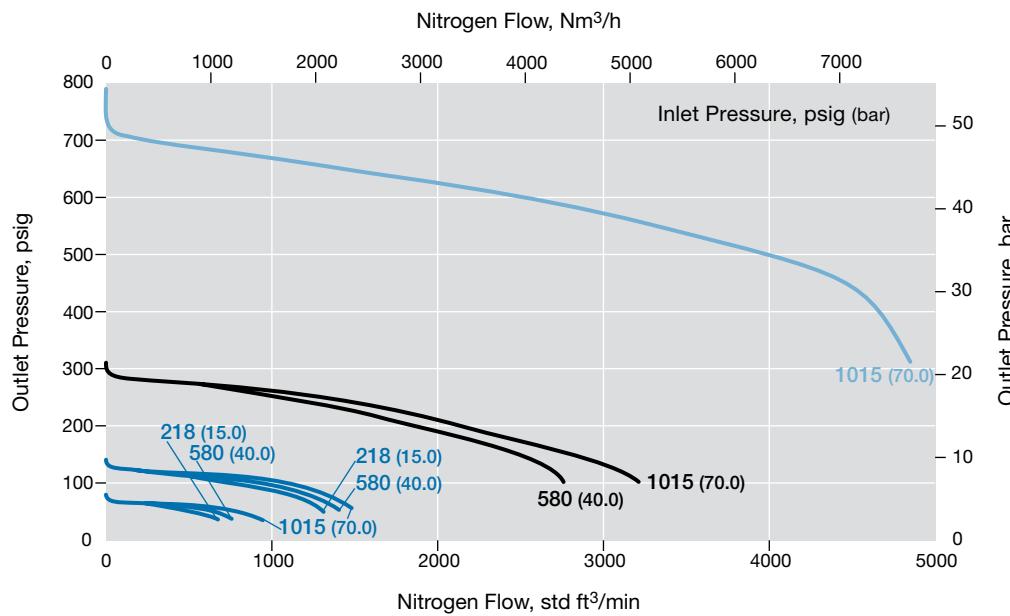
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD15 Series

**Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)**

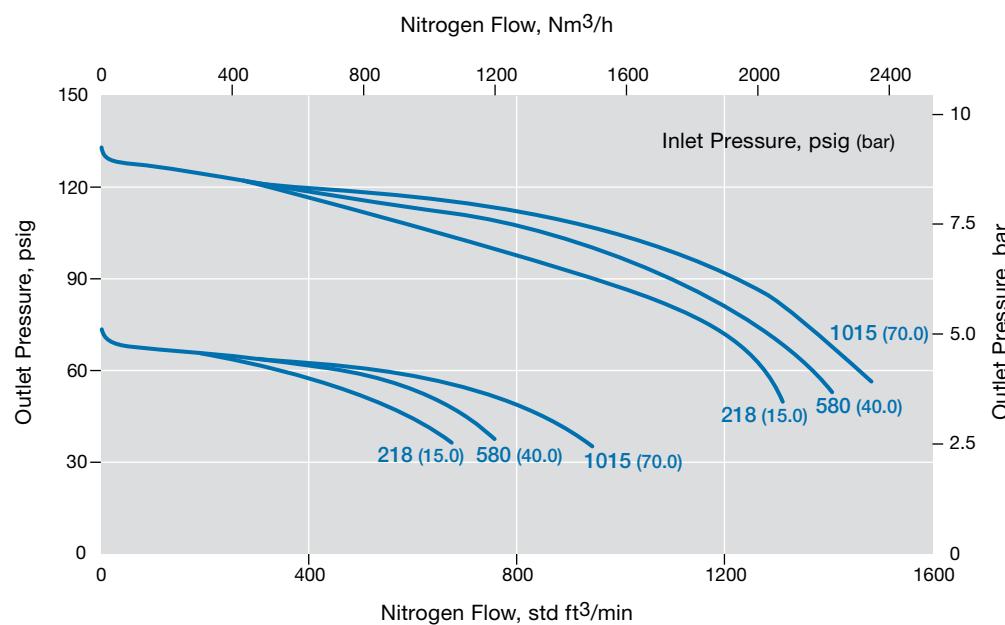
#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)15 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

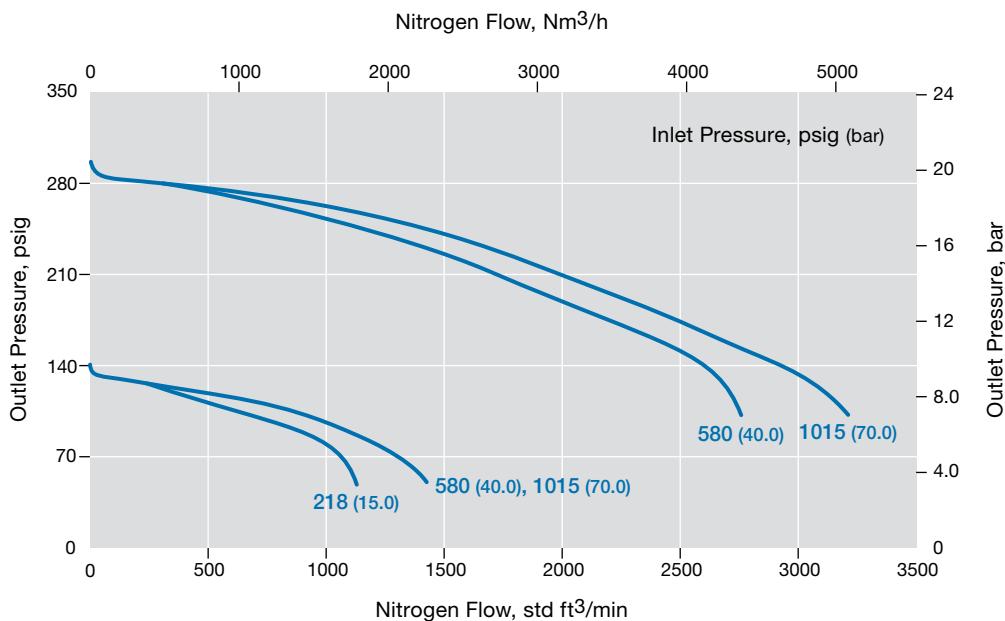
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD15 Series

**Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)**

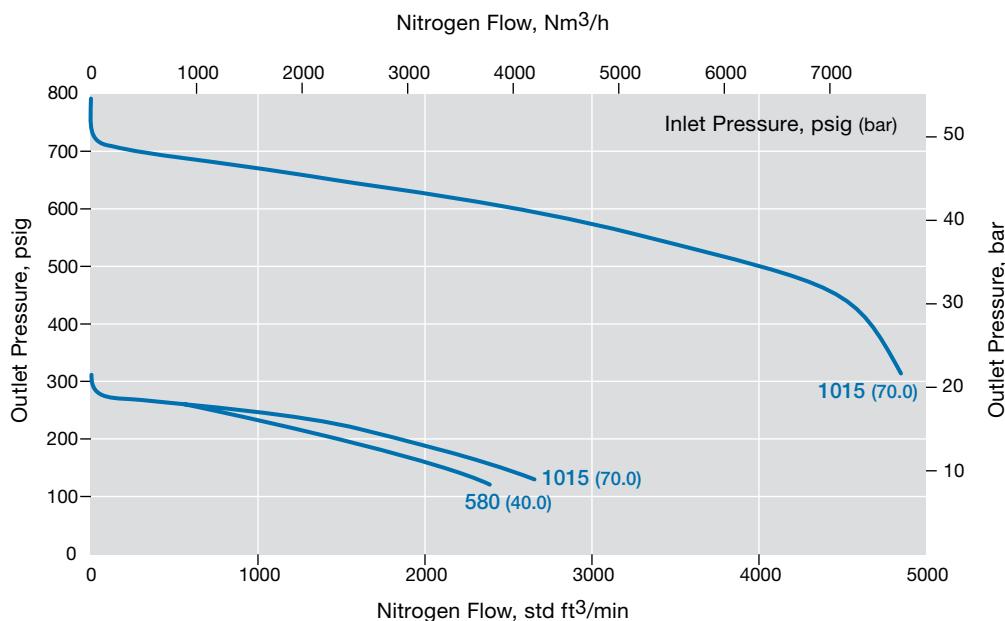
#### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)15 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

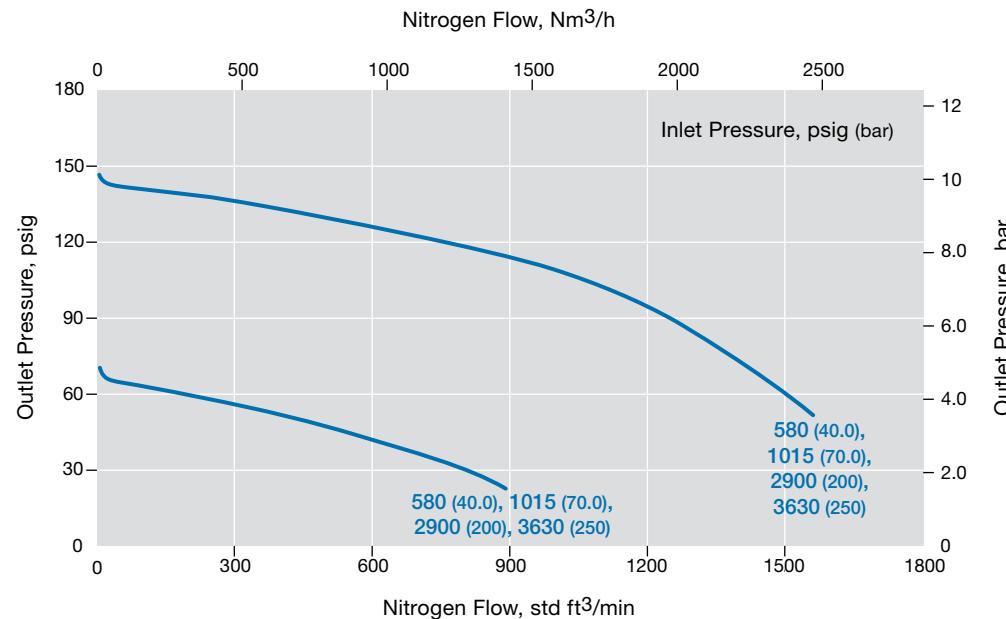
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH15 Series

**Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) and 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)**

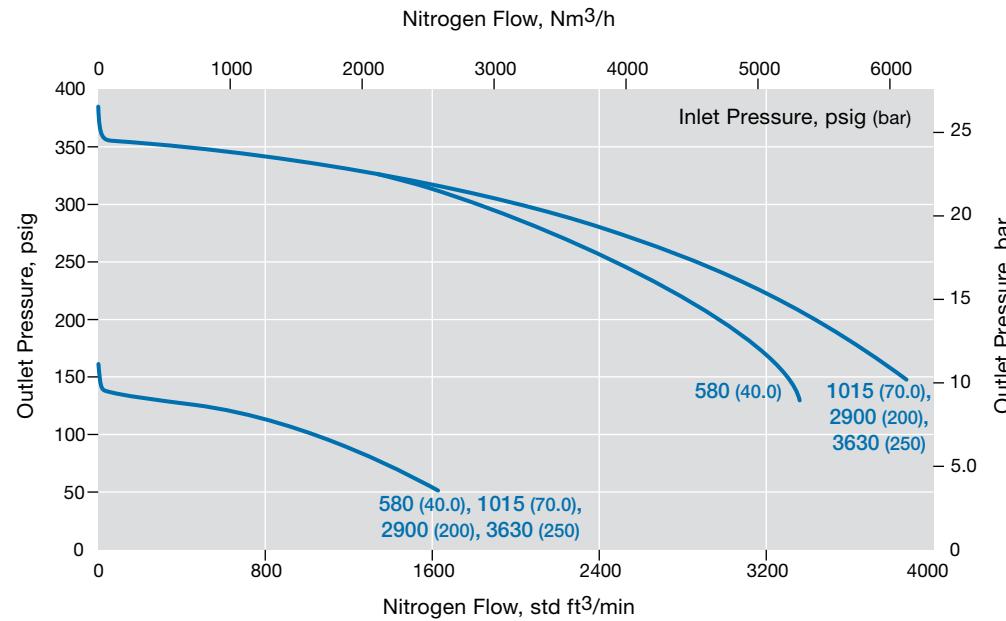
**Pressure Control Range:**

— 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)



**Pressure Control Range:**

— 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)15 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. Dashed line represents calculated values.

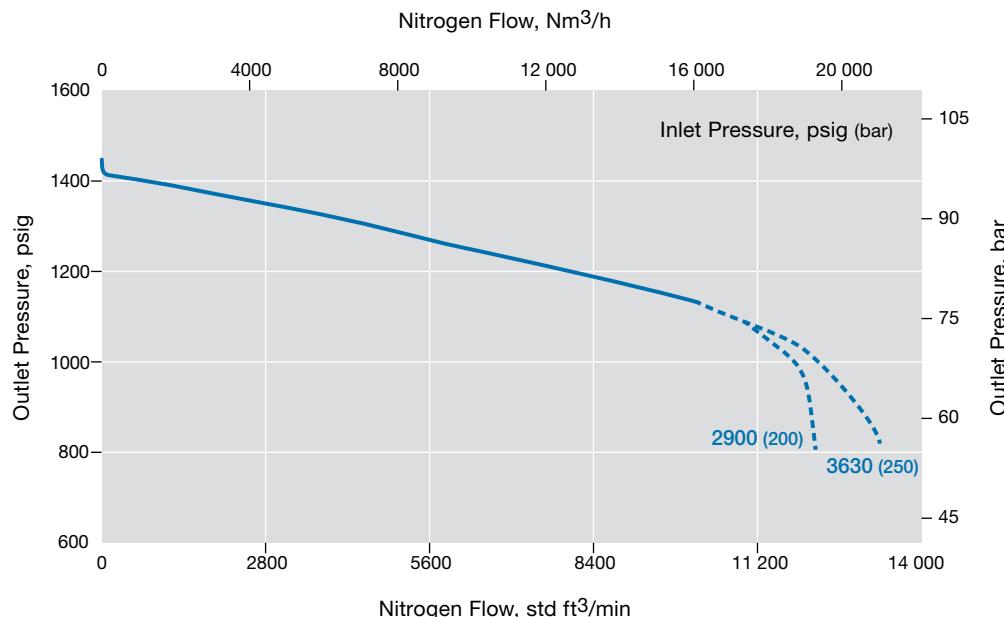
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH15 Series

**Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar) and 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)**

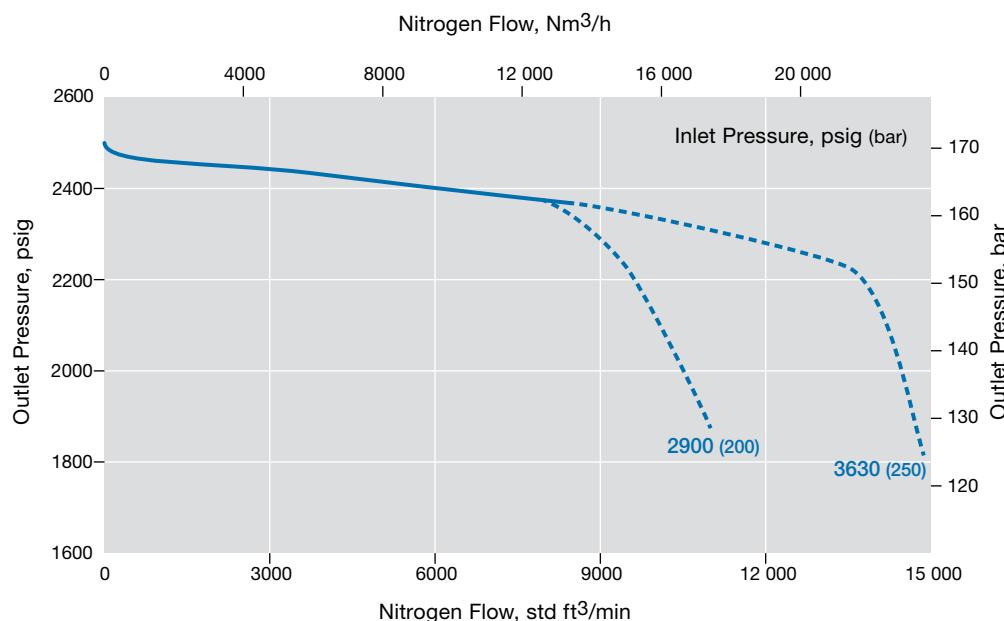
**Pressure Control Range:**

— 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)



**Pressure Control Range:**

— 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)15 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

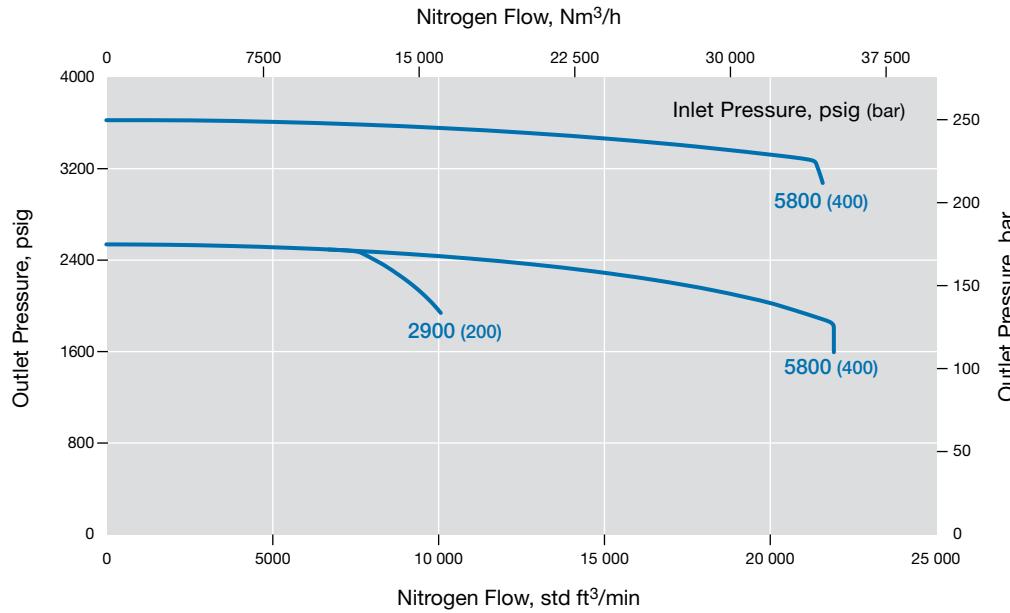
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH15 Series

#### **Flow Coefficient 7.30, Pressure Control Range 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)**

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)20 and RD(H)25 Series

### Features

- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Integral pilot regulator with dynamic regulation
- Dome-to-outlet pressure ratio approximately 1:1
- Large dome for improved stability

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

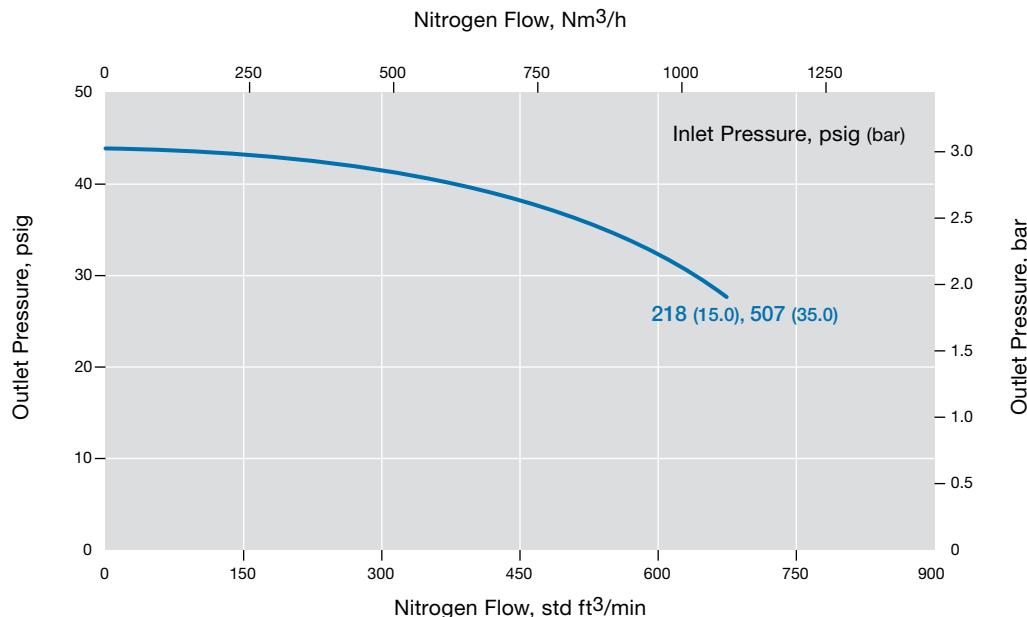
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD20 Series

#### **Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) and 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)**

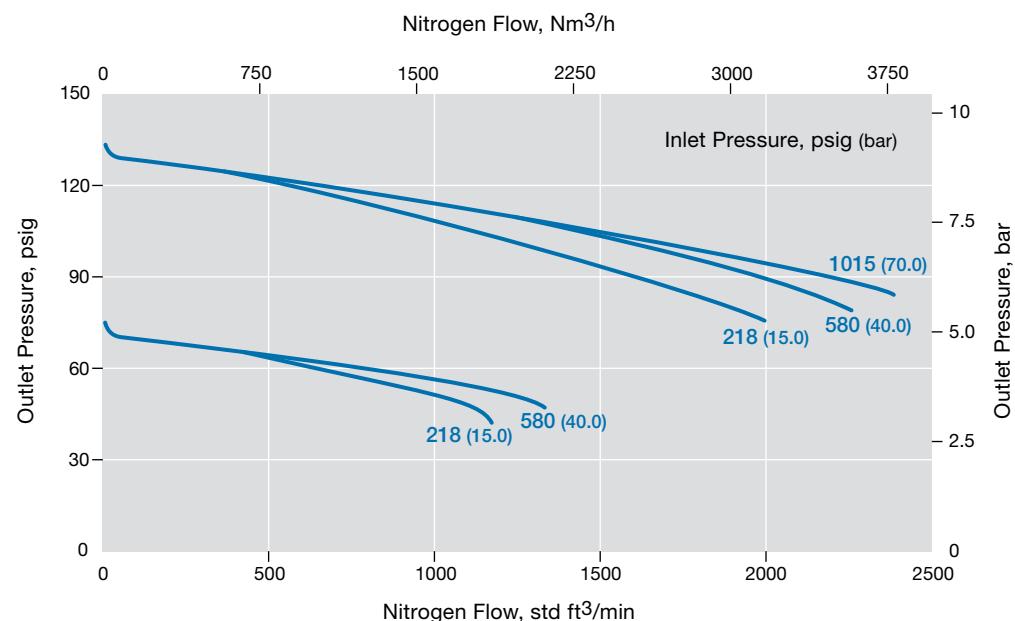
##### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



##### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)20 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

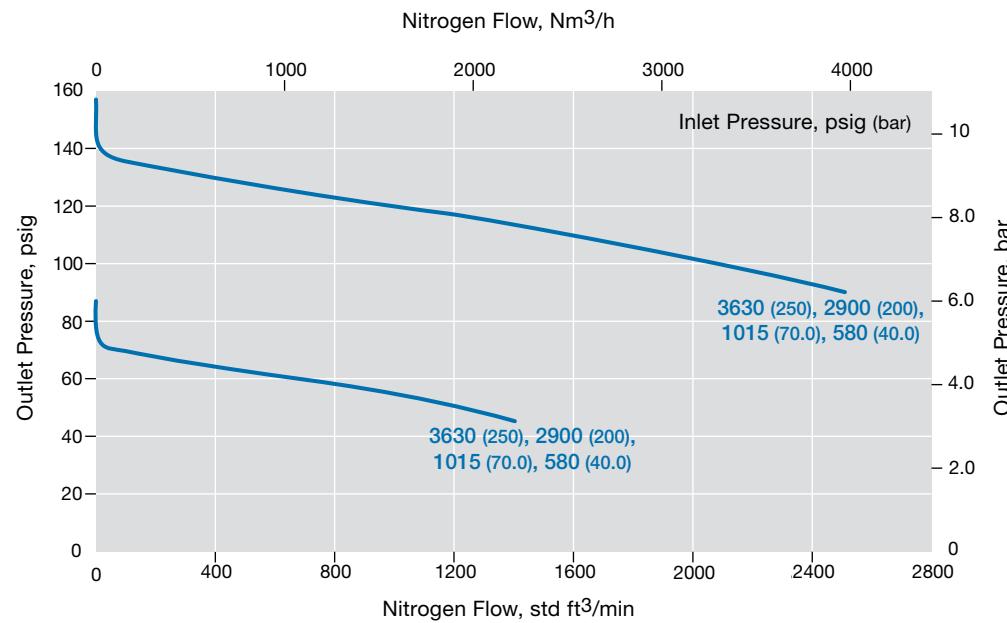
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD20 Series

#### **Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)**

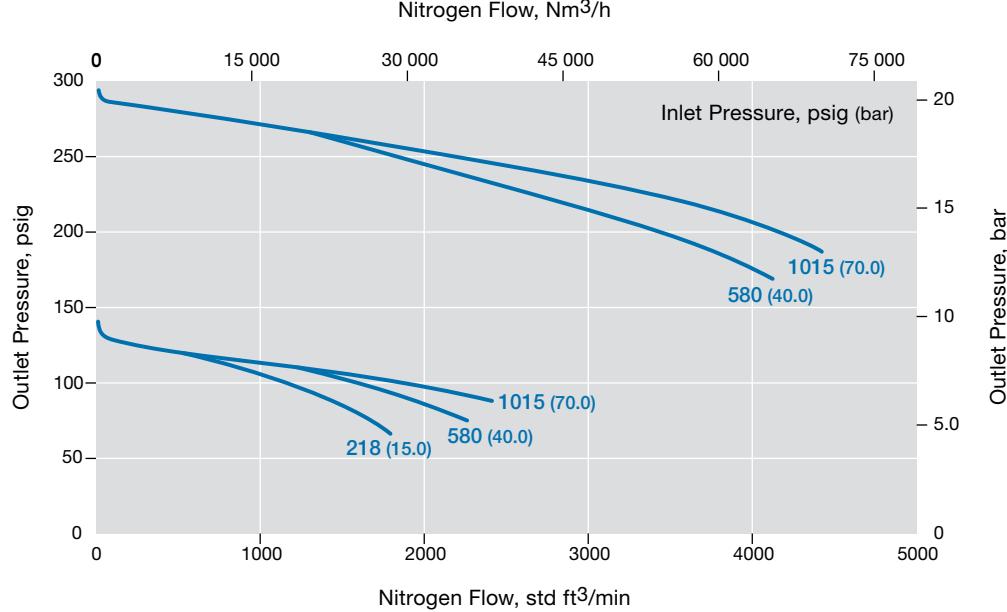
##### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)



##### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)20 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

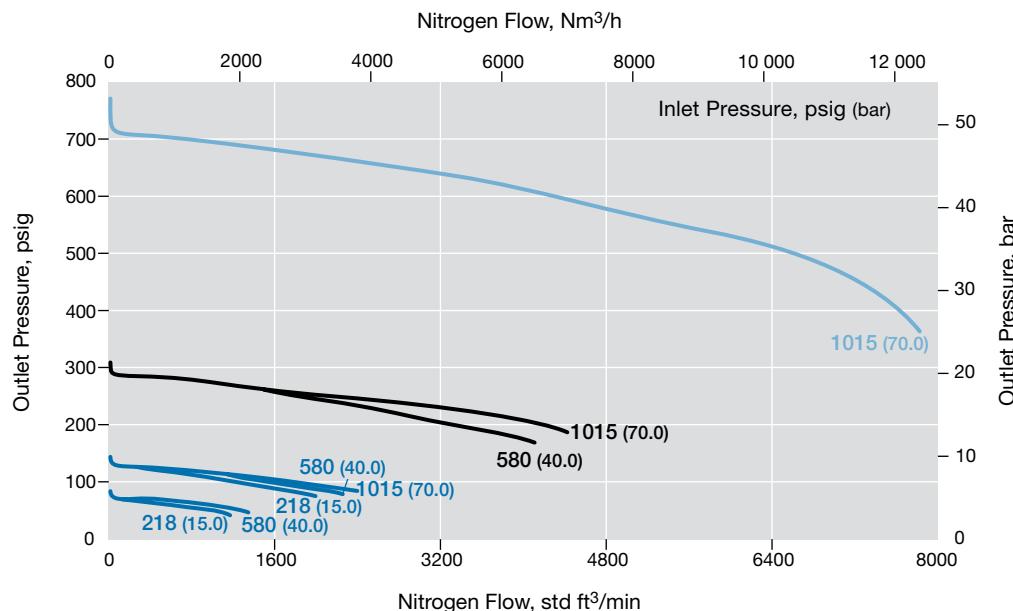
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD20 Series

**Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)**

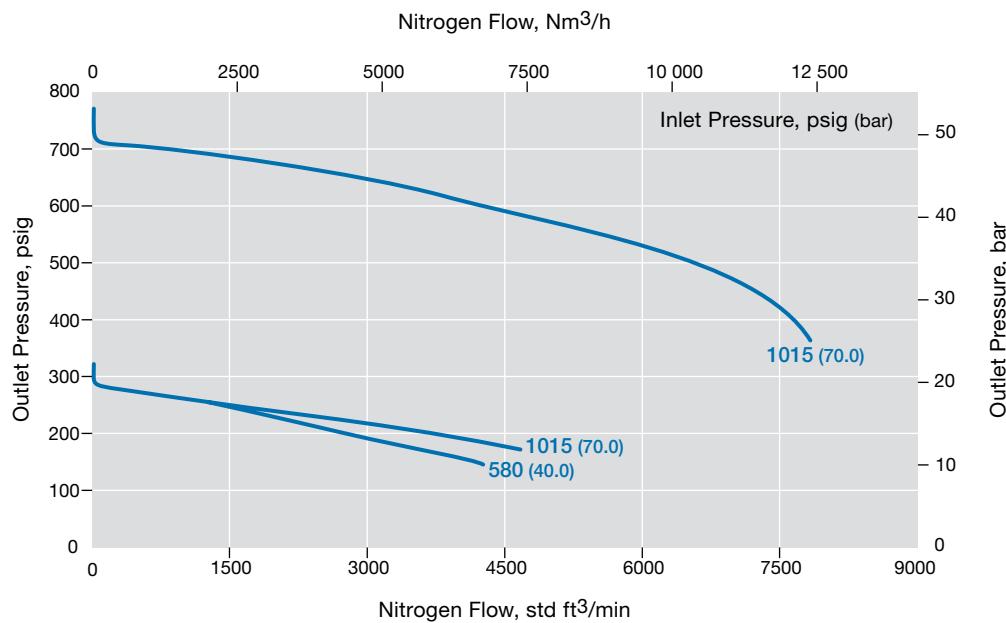
#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)20 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. Dashed line represents calculated values.

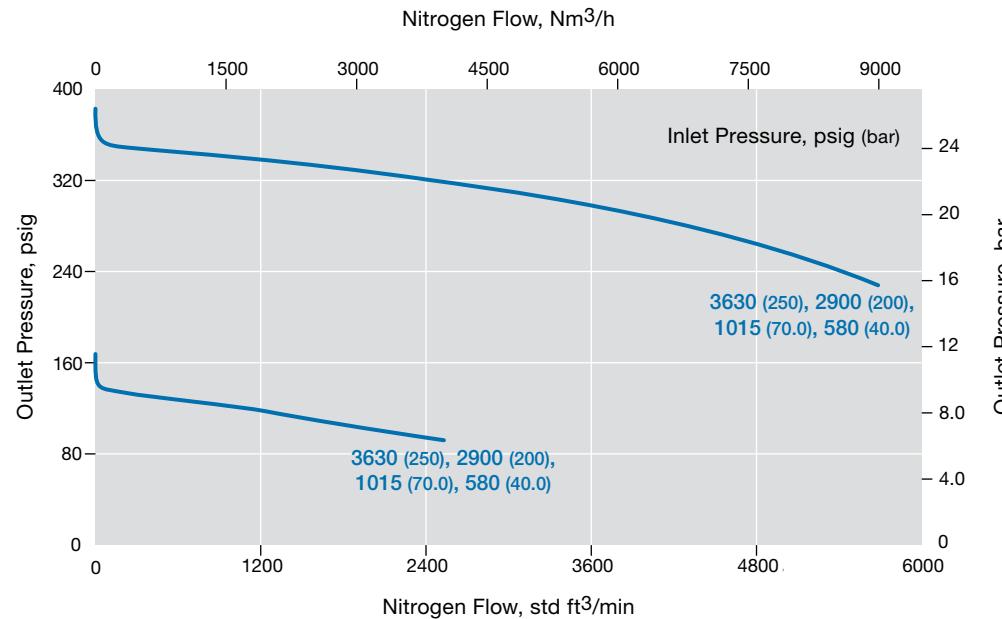
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH20 Series

#### **Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar) and 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)**

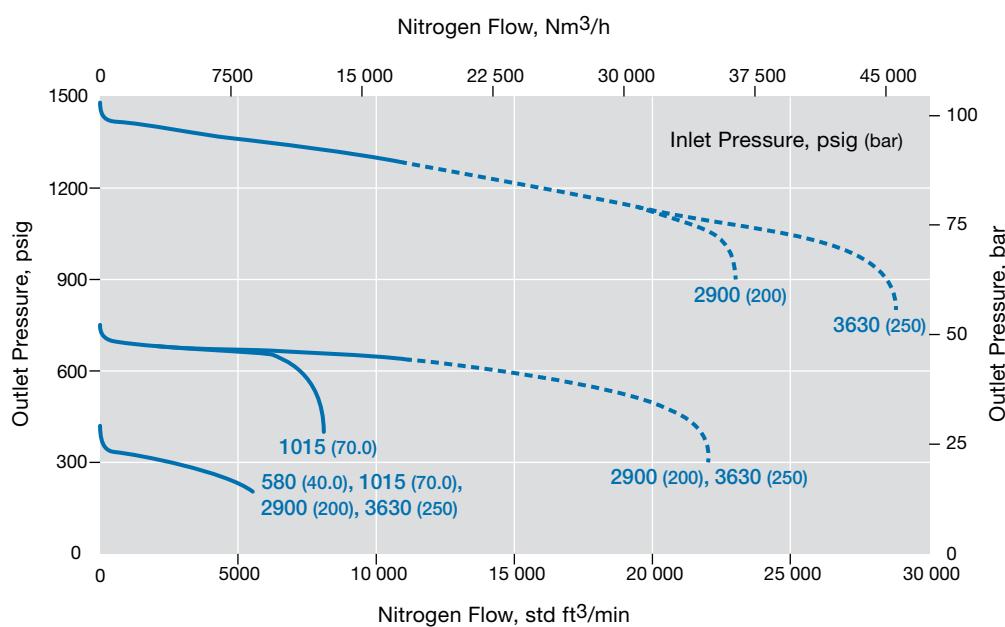
##### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)



##### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)20 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. Dashed line represents calculated values.

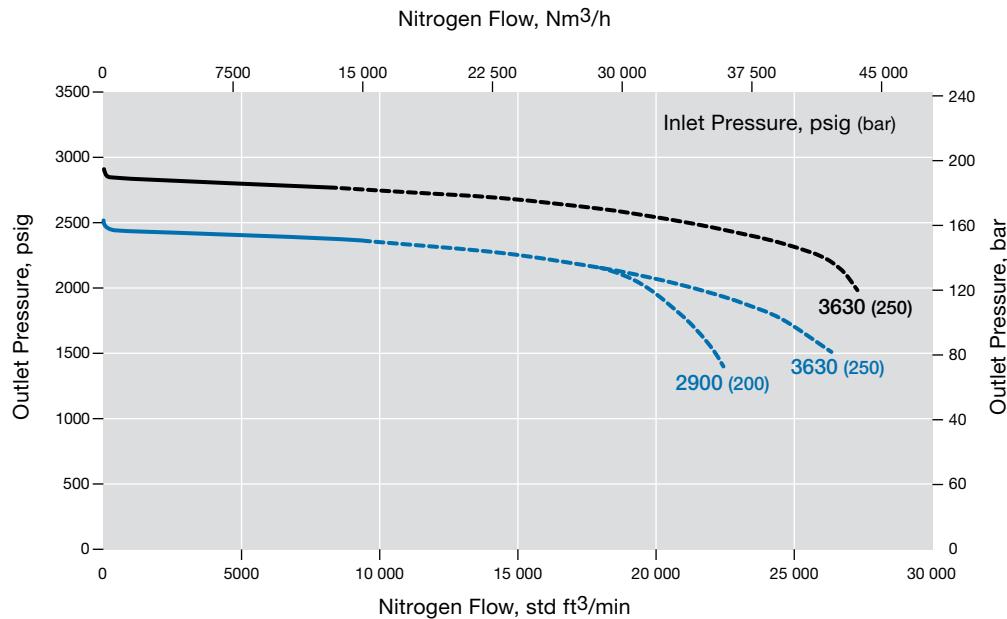
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH20 Series

**Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar) and 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)
- 0 to 2540 psig (0 to 175 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)20 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

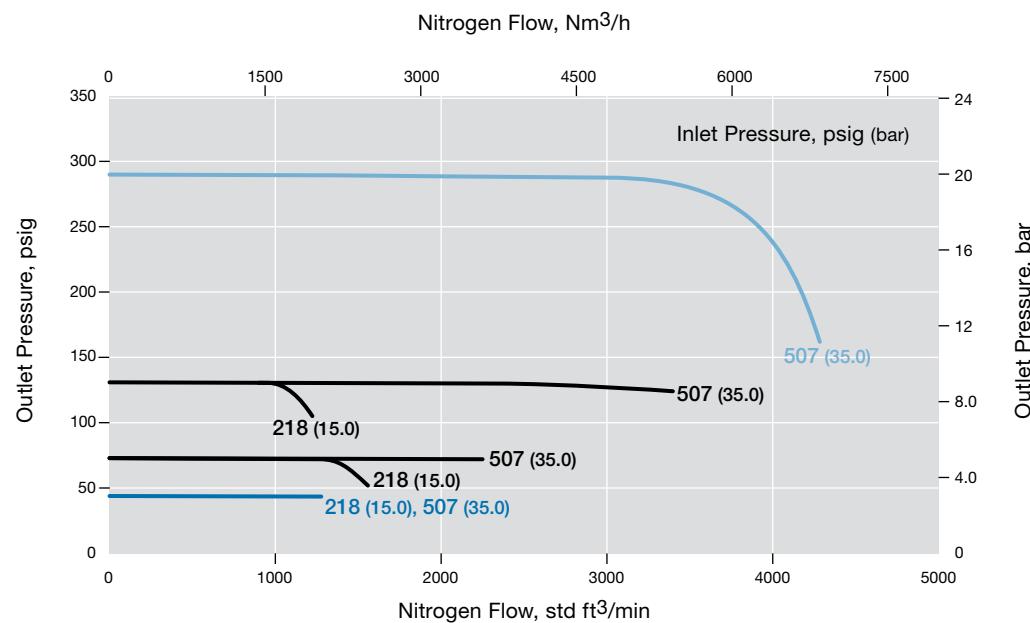
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD20-EF Series

**Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)**

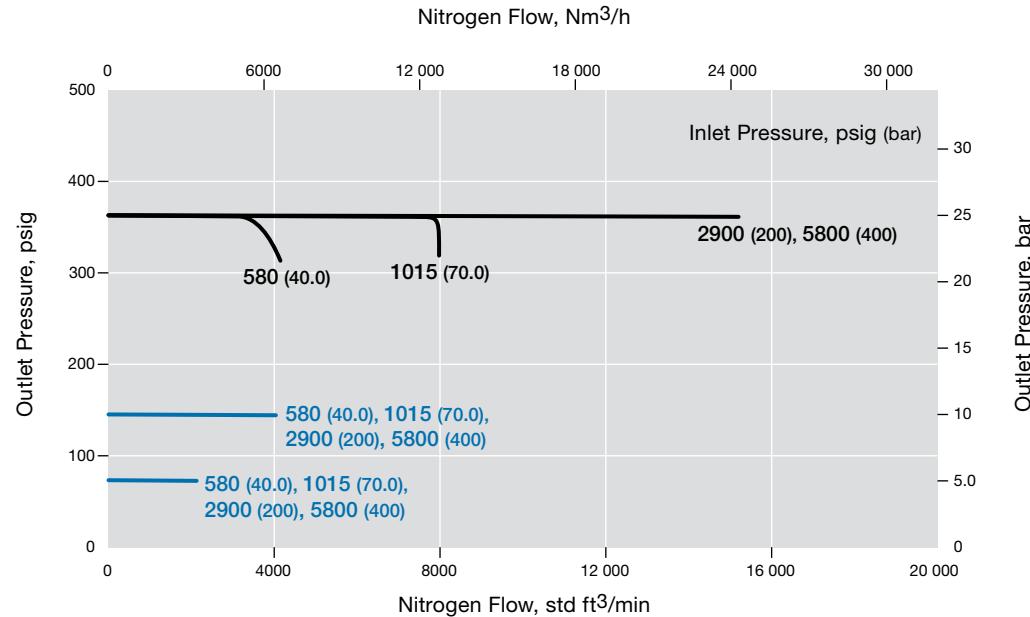
#### Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
- 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)20 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

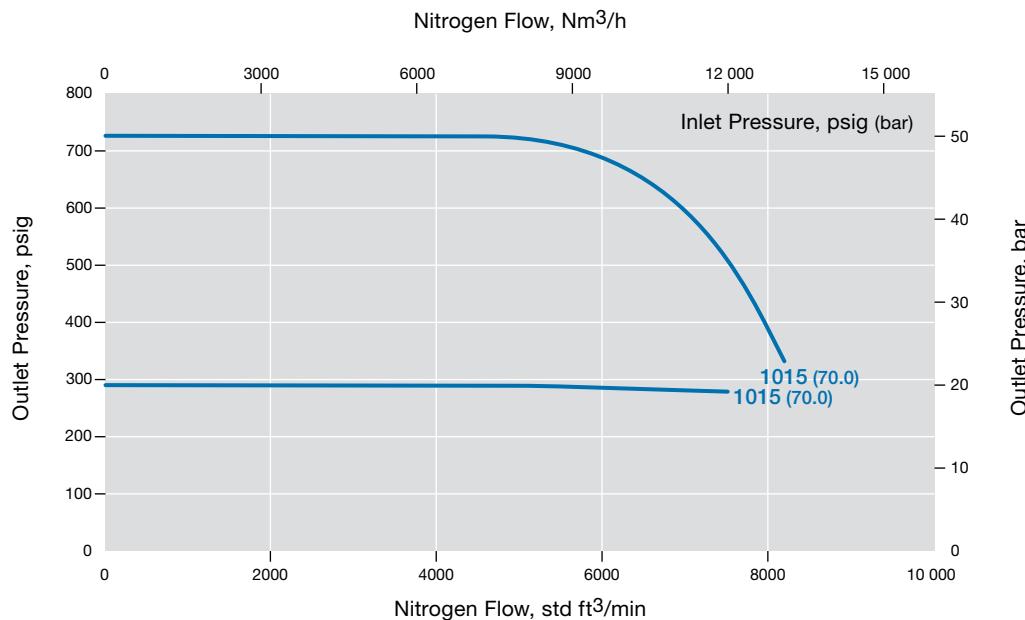
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH20-EF Series

**Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar) and 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)**

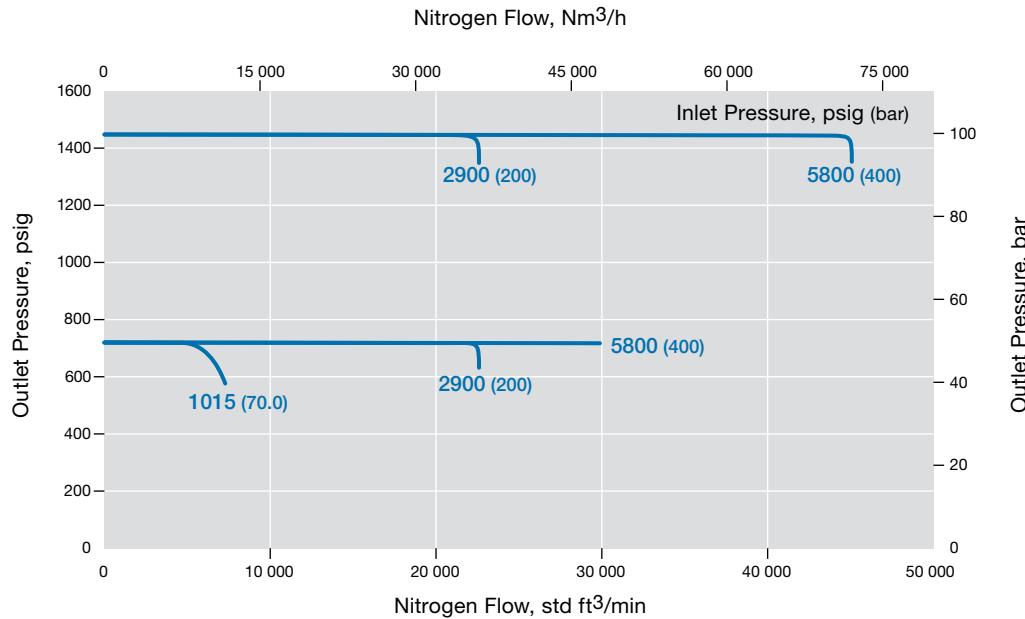
#### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)20 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

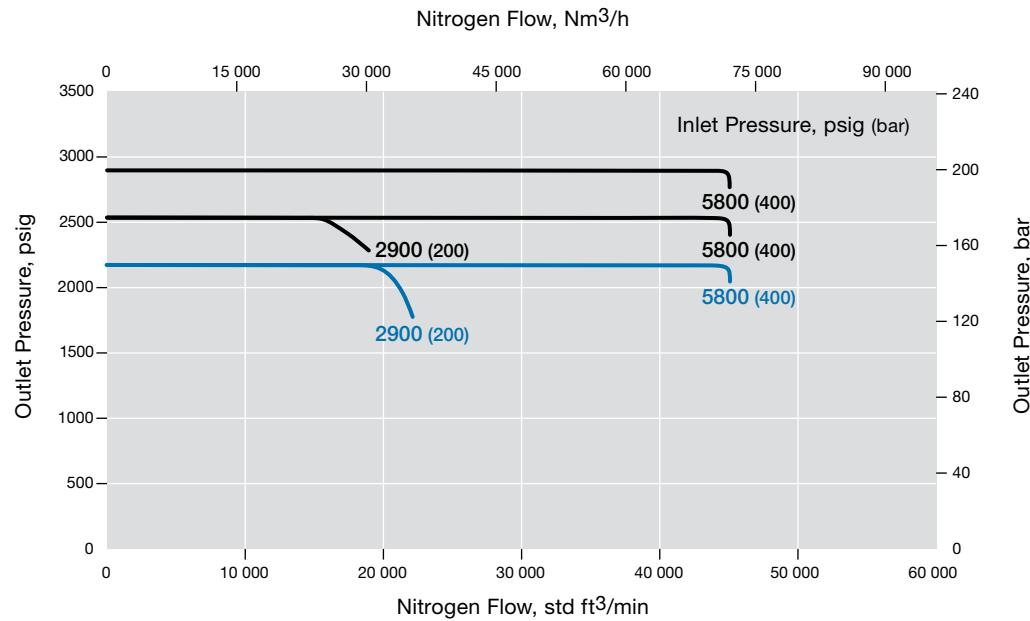
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH20-EF Series

#### Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar) and 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)
- 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)

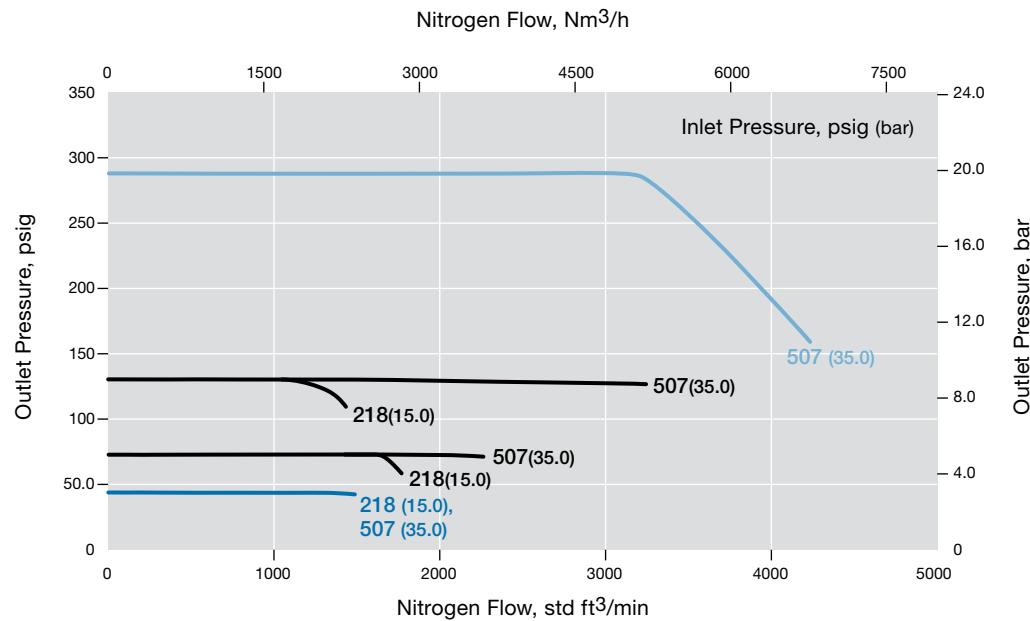


### RD20-EFP Series

#### Flow Coefficient 13, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
- 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)25 Series

### Features

- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Integral pilot regulator with dynamic regulation
- Dome-to-outlet pressure ratio approximately 1:1
- Large dome for improved stability

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

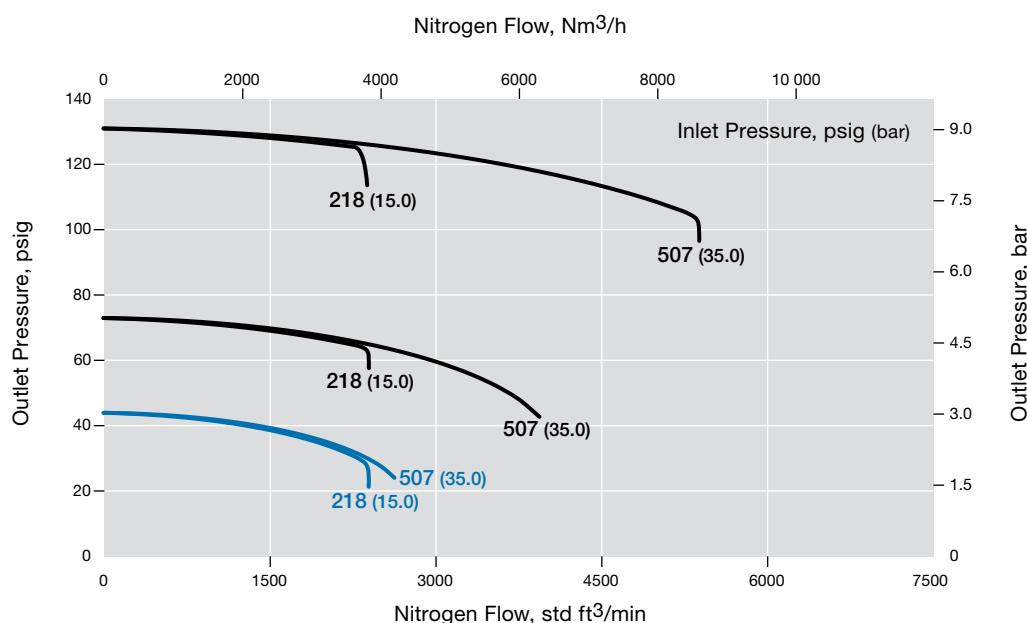
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD25 Series

**Flow Coefficient 21, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)**

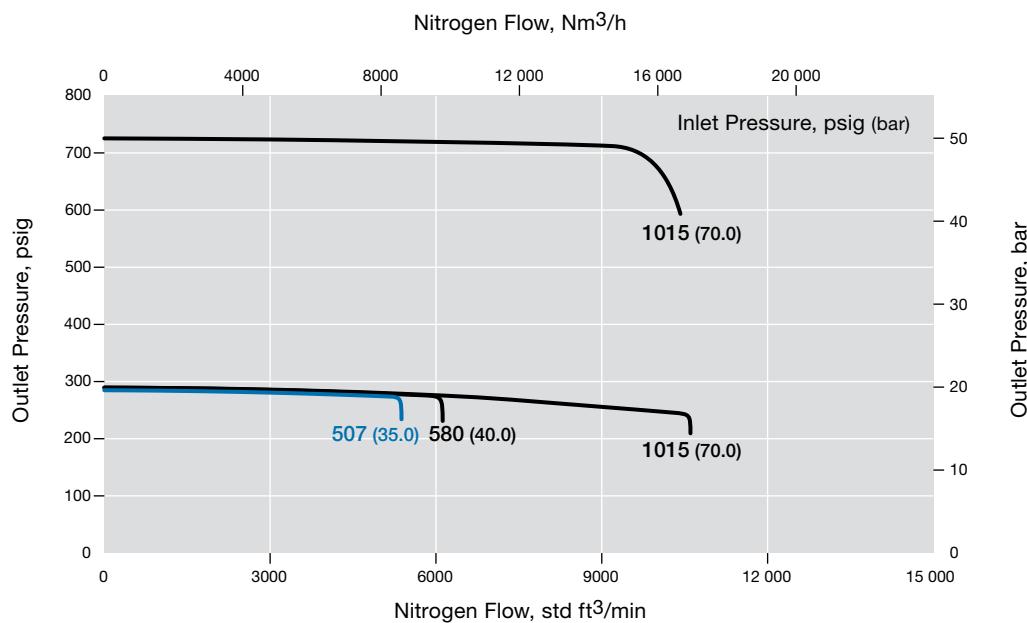
#### Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
- 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)25 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

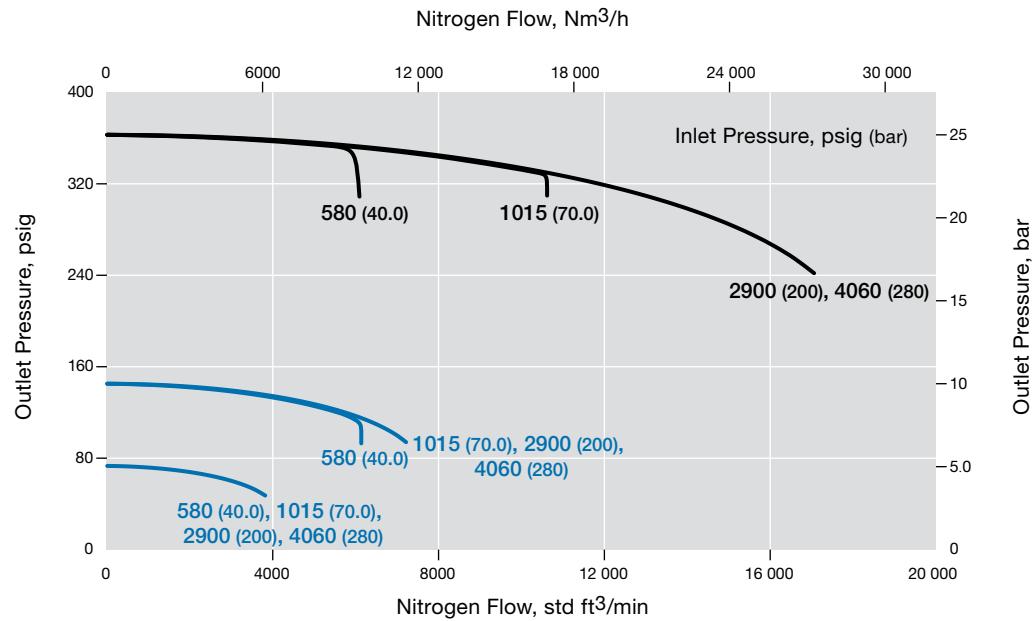
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH25 Series

**Flow Coefficient 21, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar), 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar), 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar), and 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)**

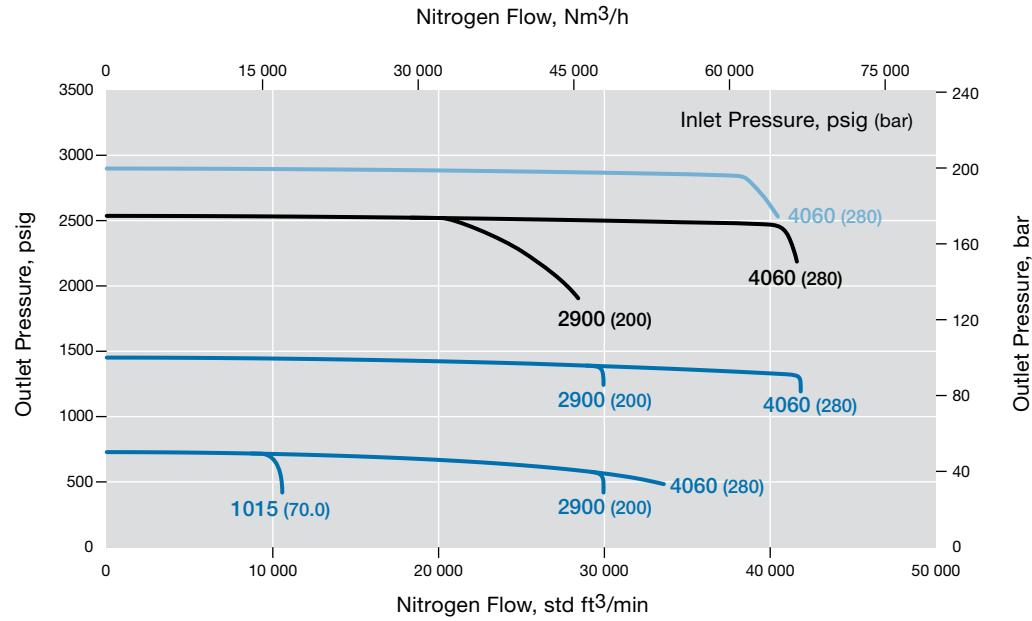
#### Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)
- 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)
- 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)25 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

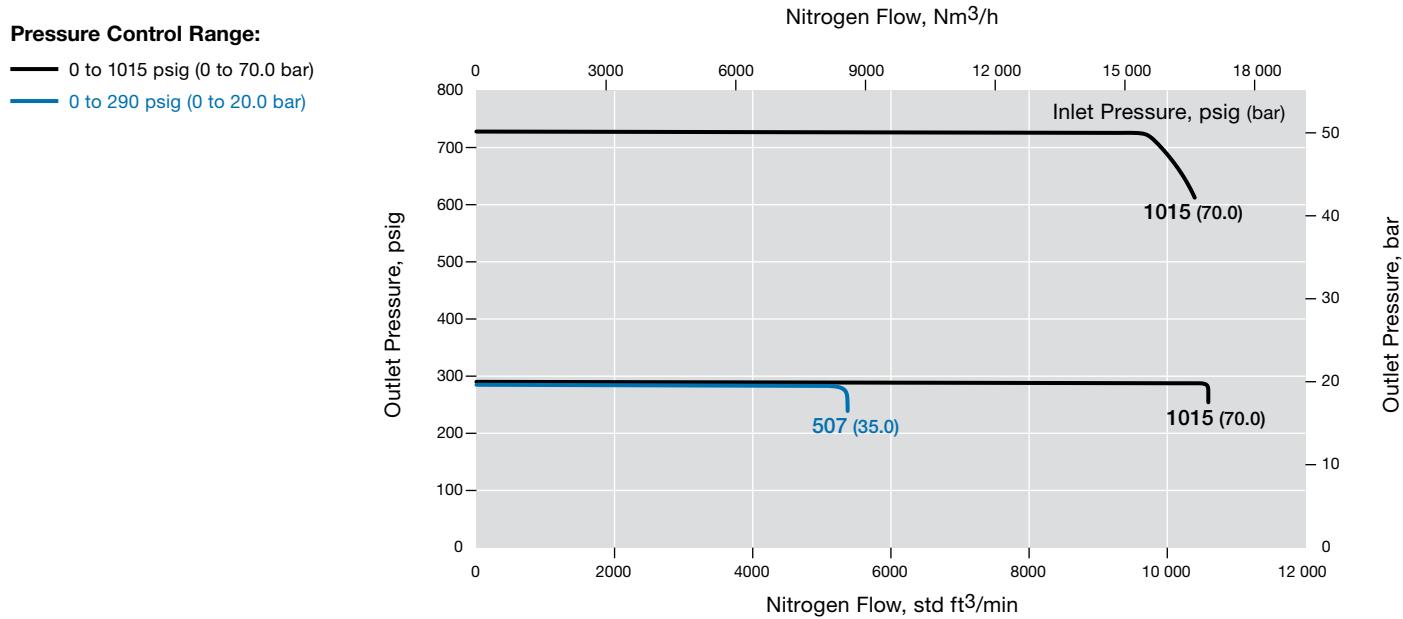
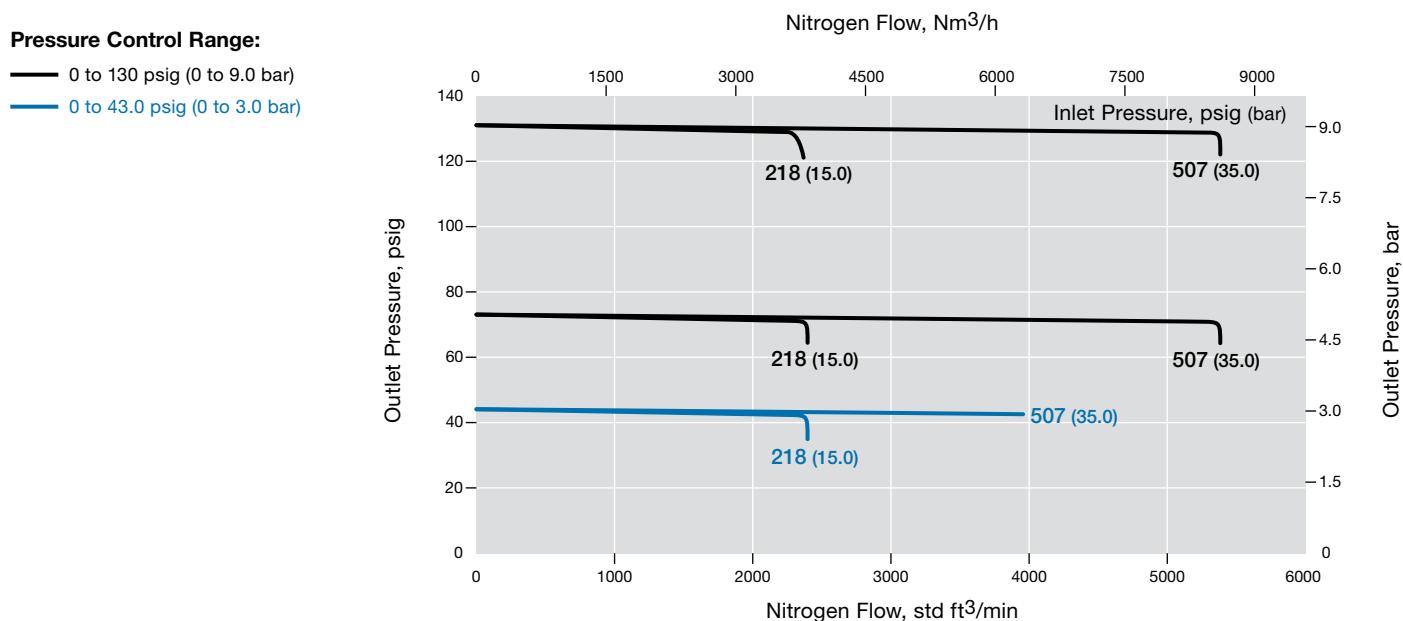
### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD25-EF Series

**Flow Coefficient 21, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)**



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)25 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

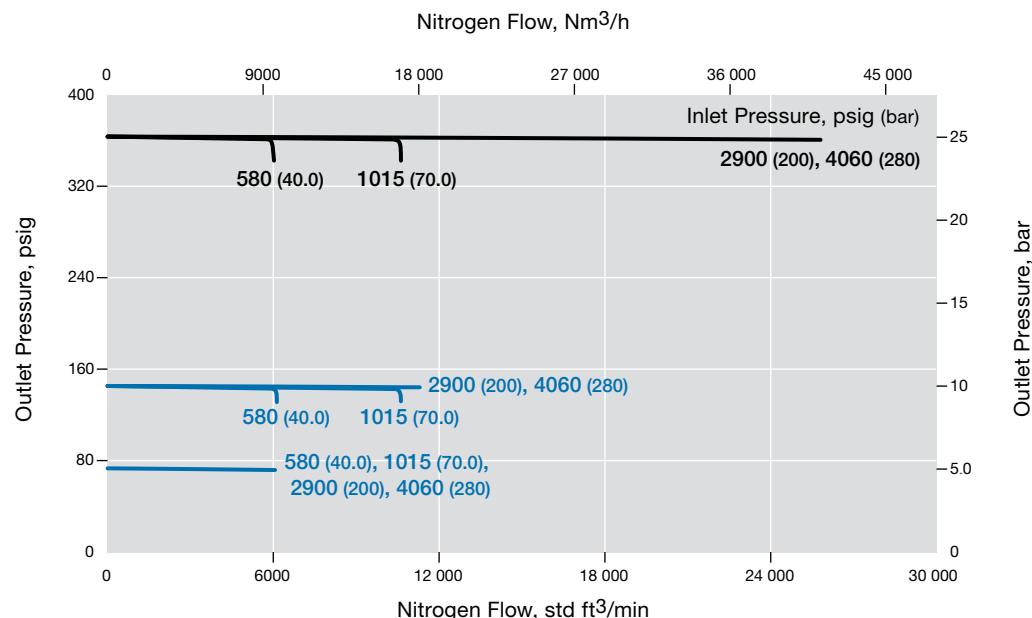
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH25-EF Series

**Flow Coefficient 21, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar), 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar), 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar), and 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)**

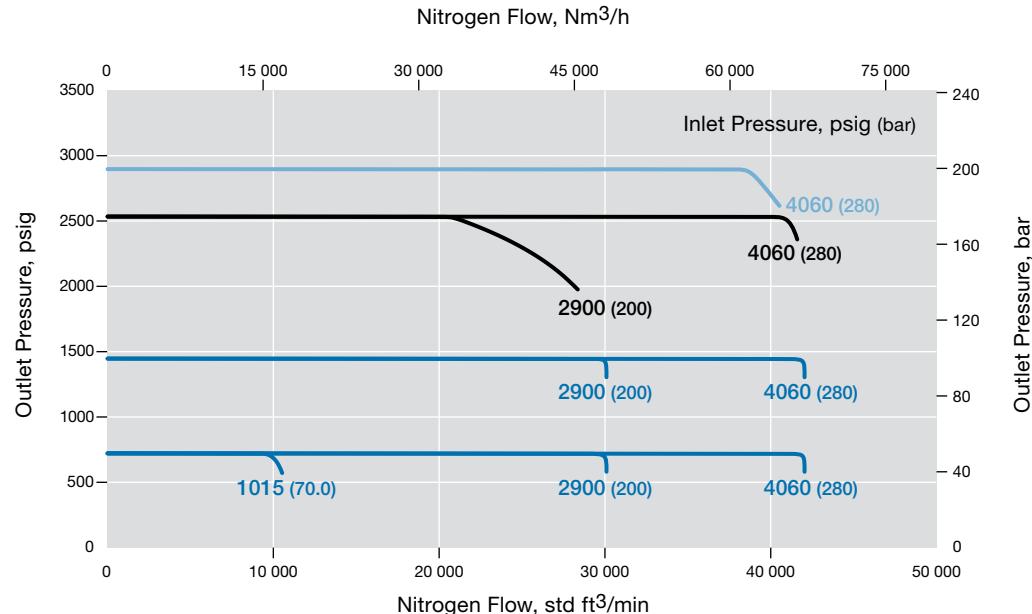
#### Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)
- 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)
- 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators RD(H)25 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

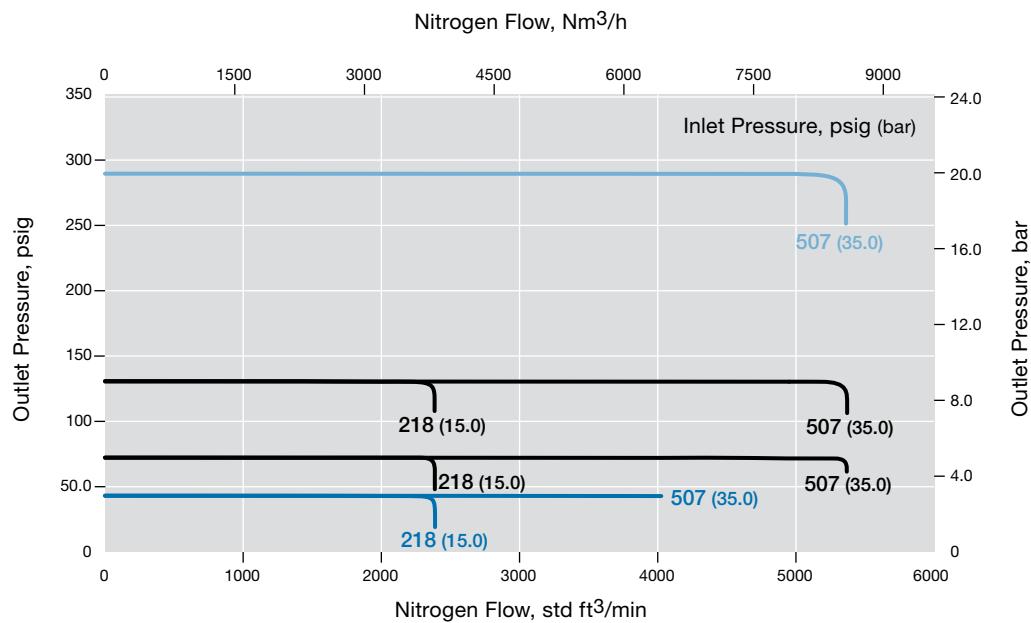
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD25-EFP Series

**Flow Coefficient 21, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range:

- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
- 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)30 and RD(H)40 Series

### Features

- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Integral pilot regulator with dynamic regulation
- Dome-to-outlet pressure ratio approximately 1:1
- Large dome for stability

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

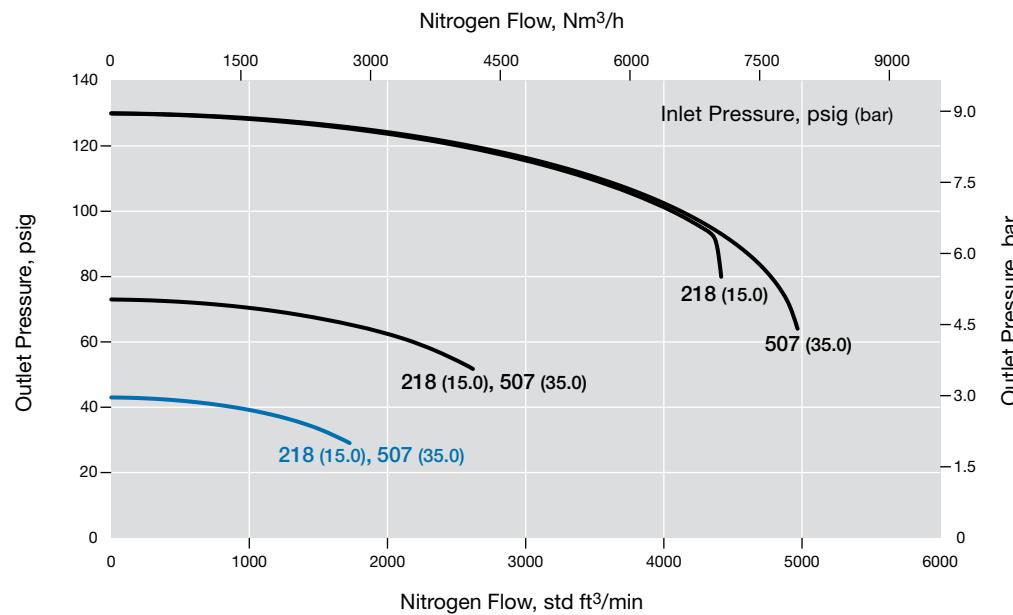
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD30 Series

**Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)**

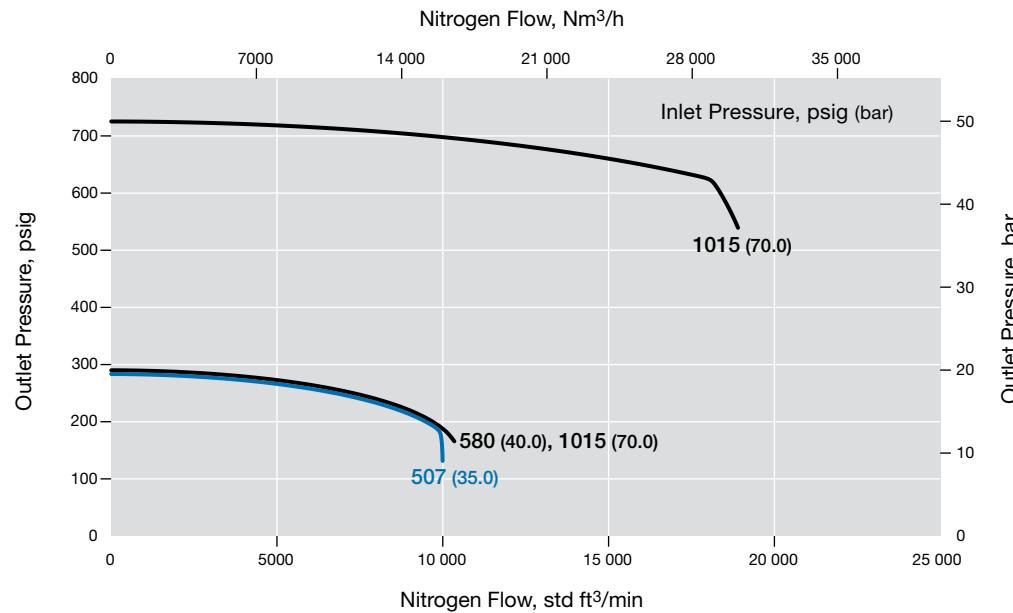
#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
- 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)30 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

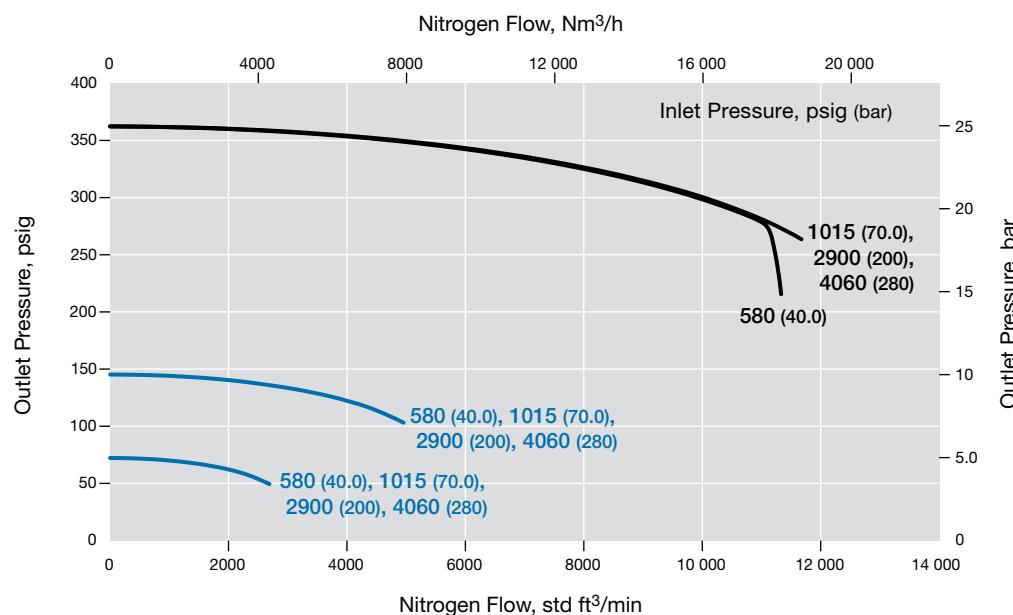
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH30 Series

**Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar), and 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)**

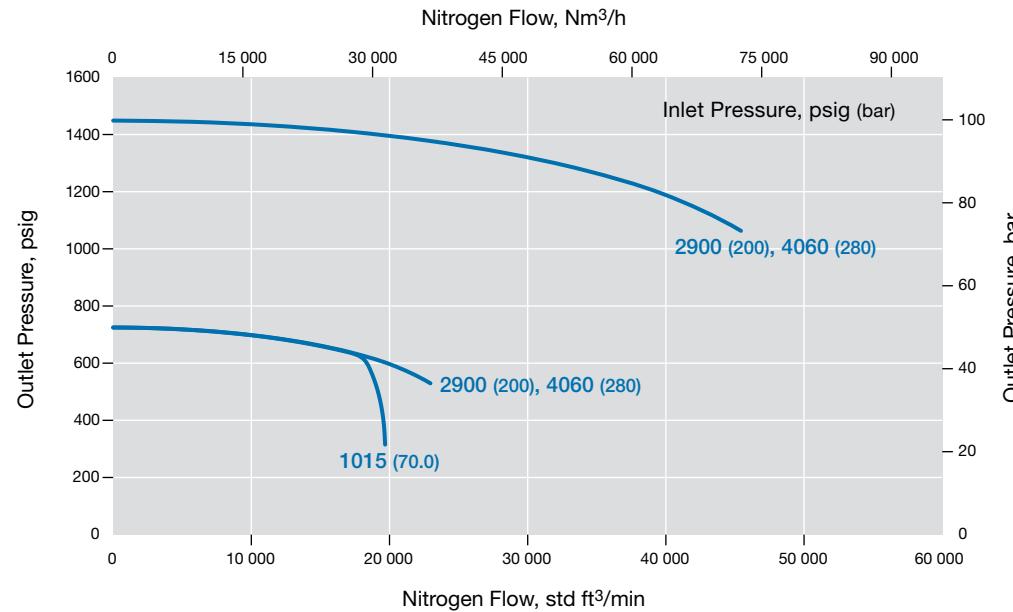
#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)30 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

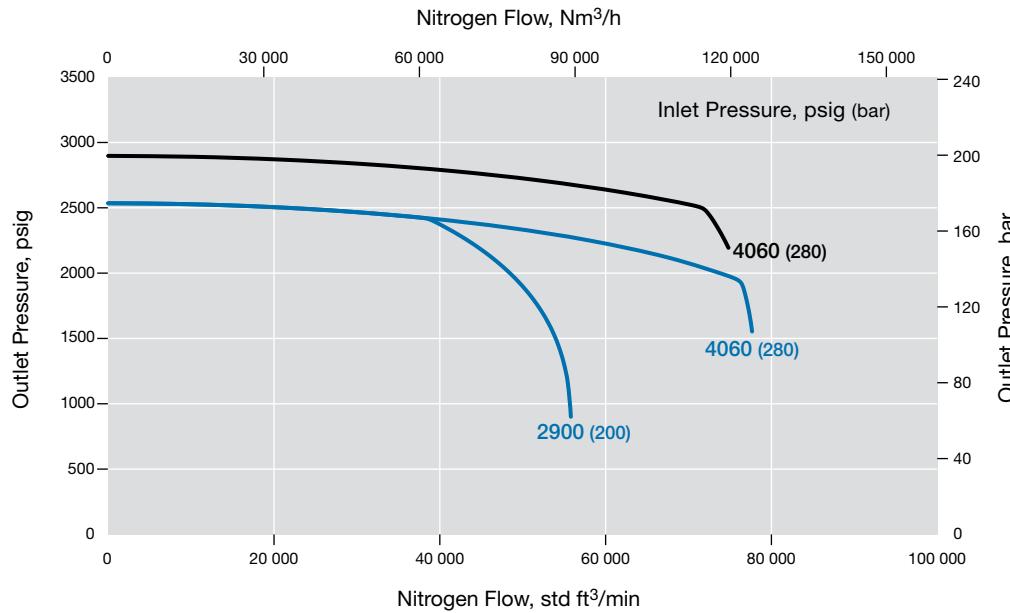
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH30 Series

#### **Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar) and 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)**

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)
- 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)30 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

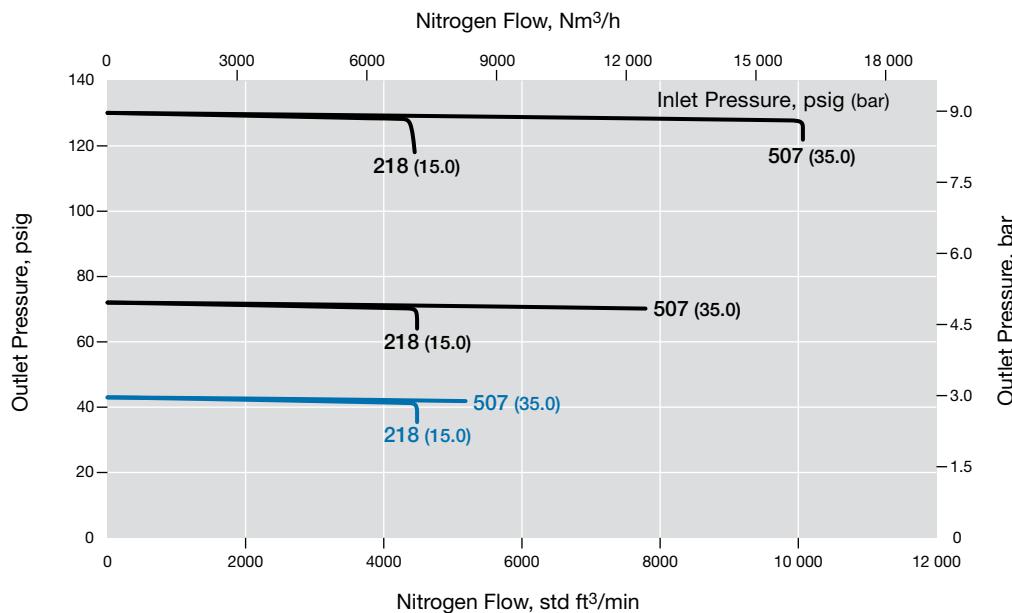
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD30-EF Series

**Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar, 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)**

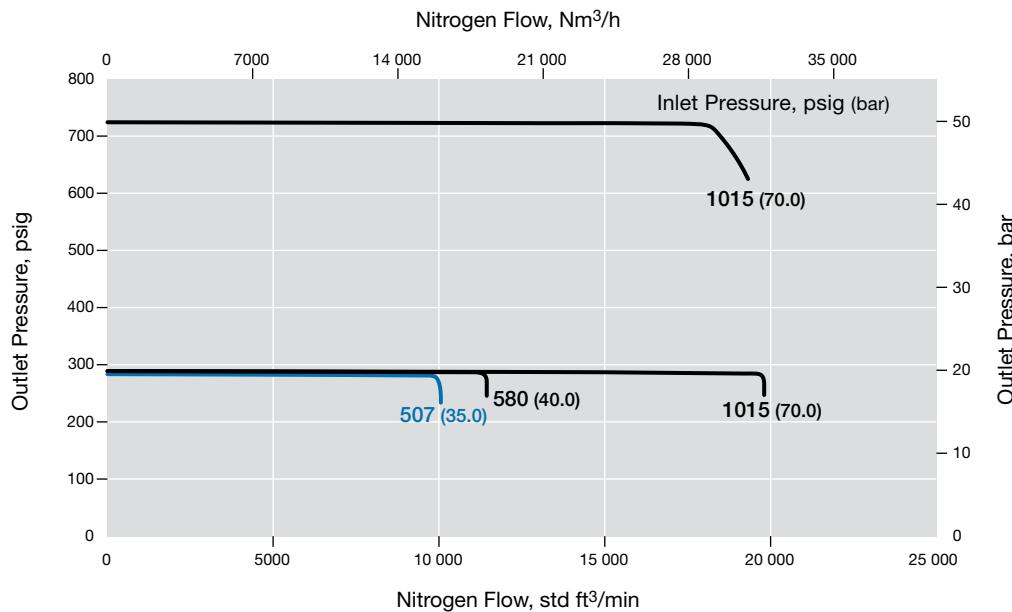
#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
- 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)30 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

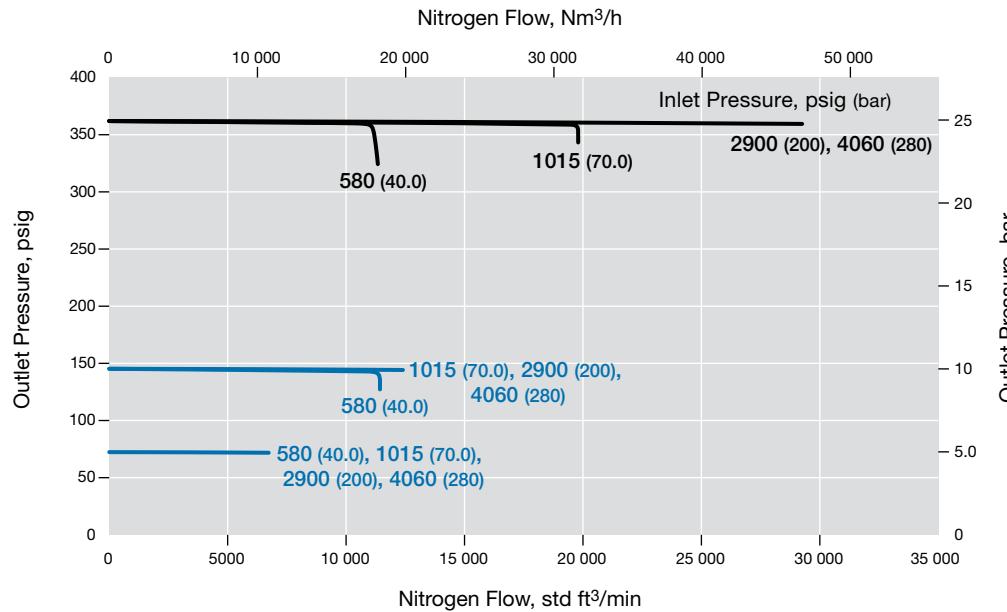
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH30-EF Series

**Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar, and 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)**

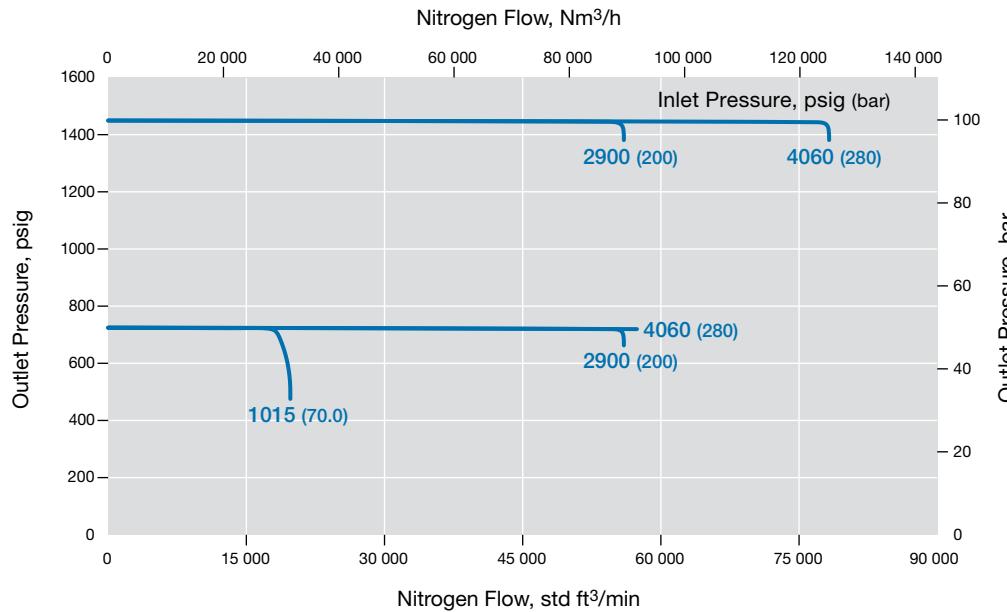
#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)30 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

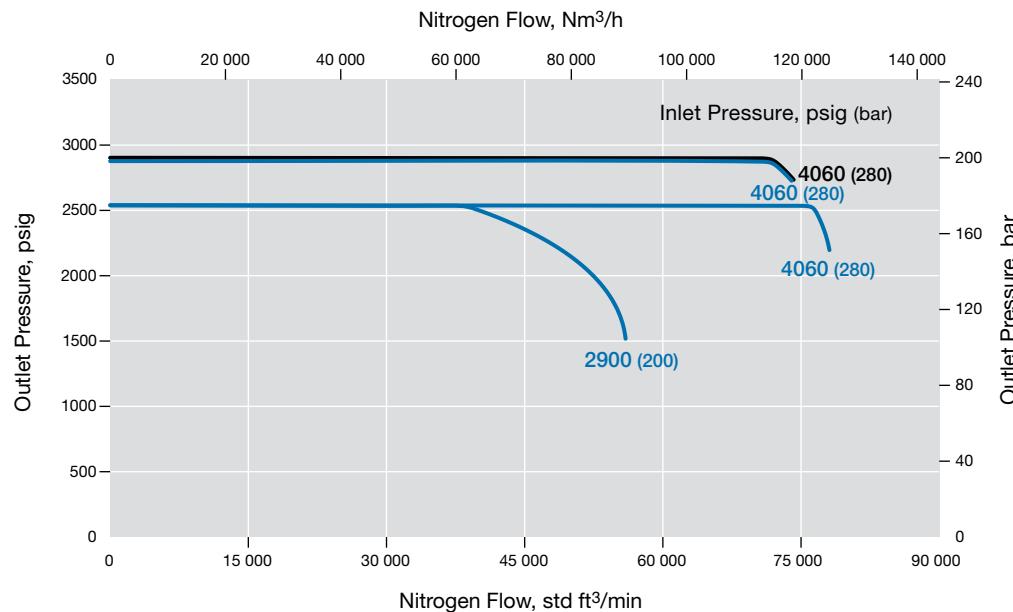
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH30-EF Series

**Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar) and 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)
- 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)30 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

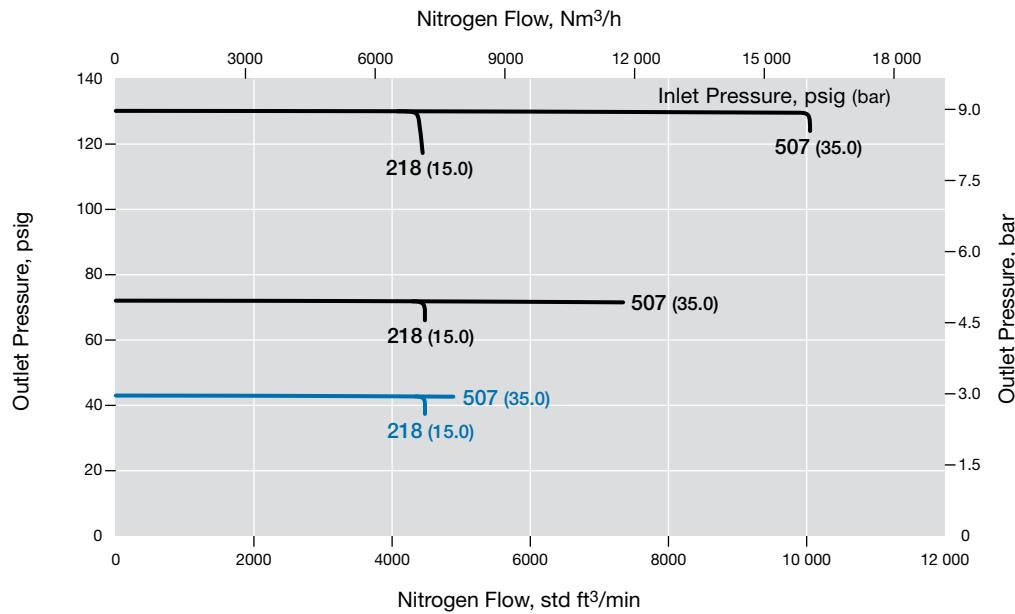
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD30-EFP Series

**Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)**

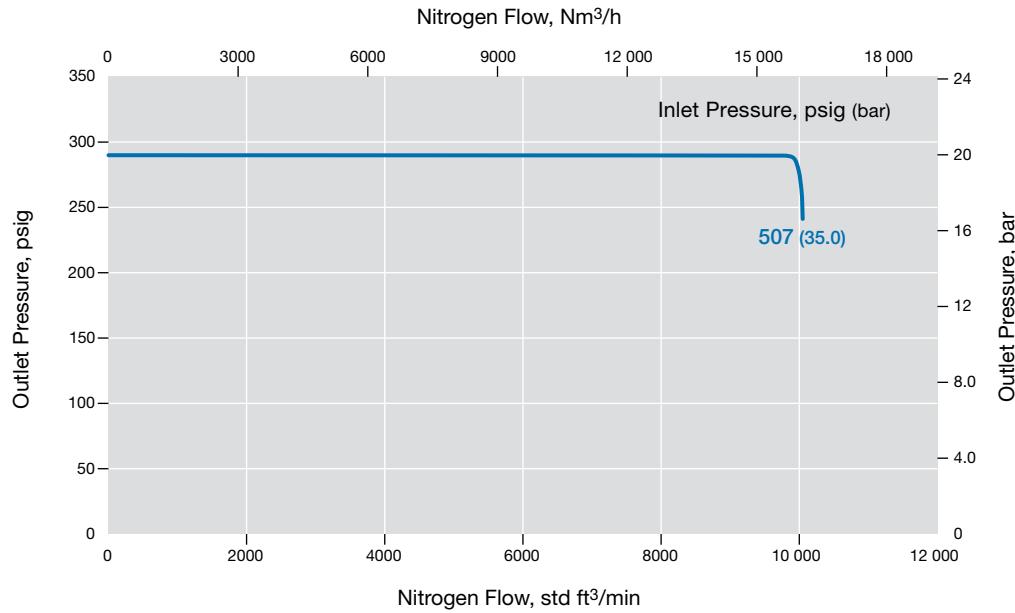
#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
- 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)40 Series

### Features

- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Integral pilot regulator with dynamic regulation
- Dome-to-outlet pressure ratio approximately 1:1
- Large dome for stability

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

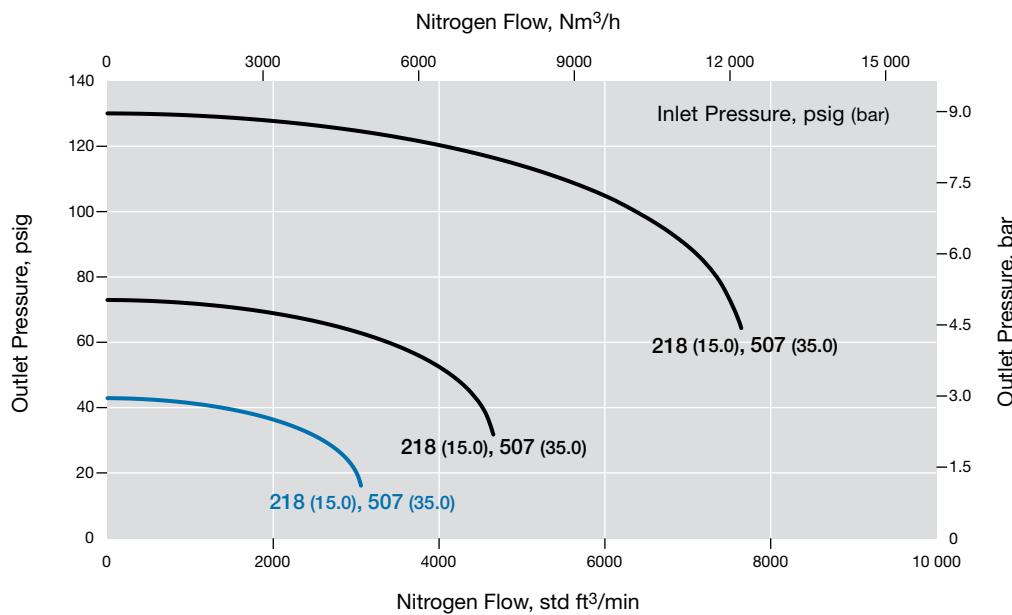
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD40 Series

**Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar), 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar), and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)**

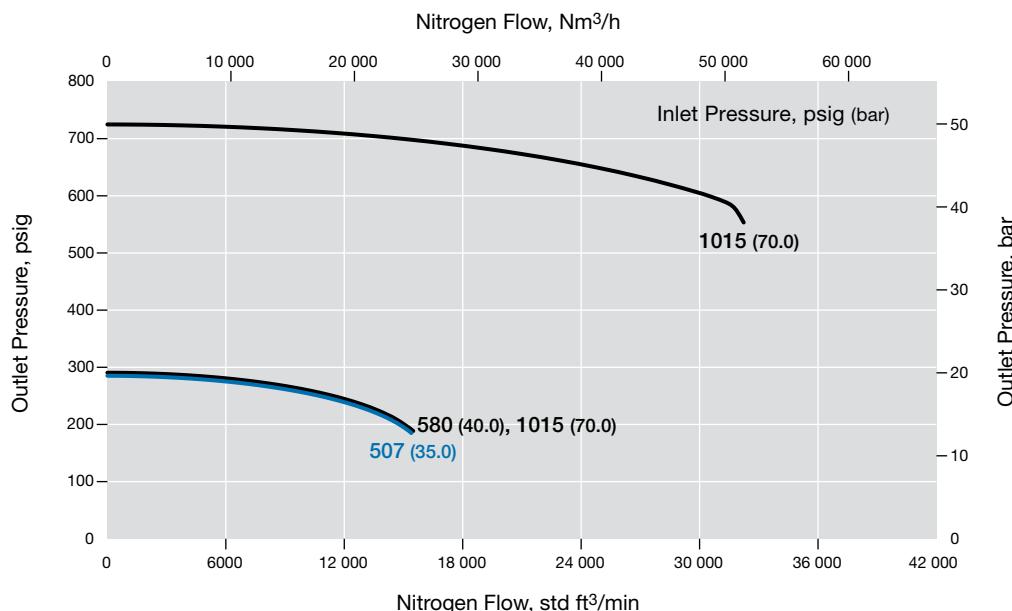
#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
- 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.5 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)40 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

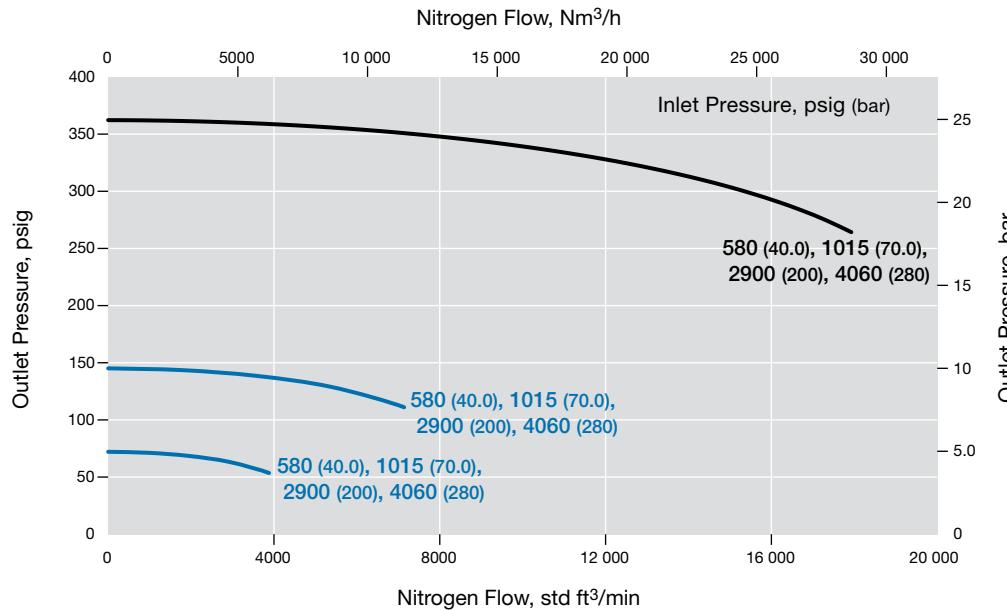
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH40 Series

**Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar), and 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)**

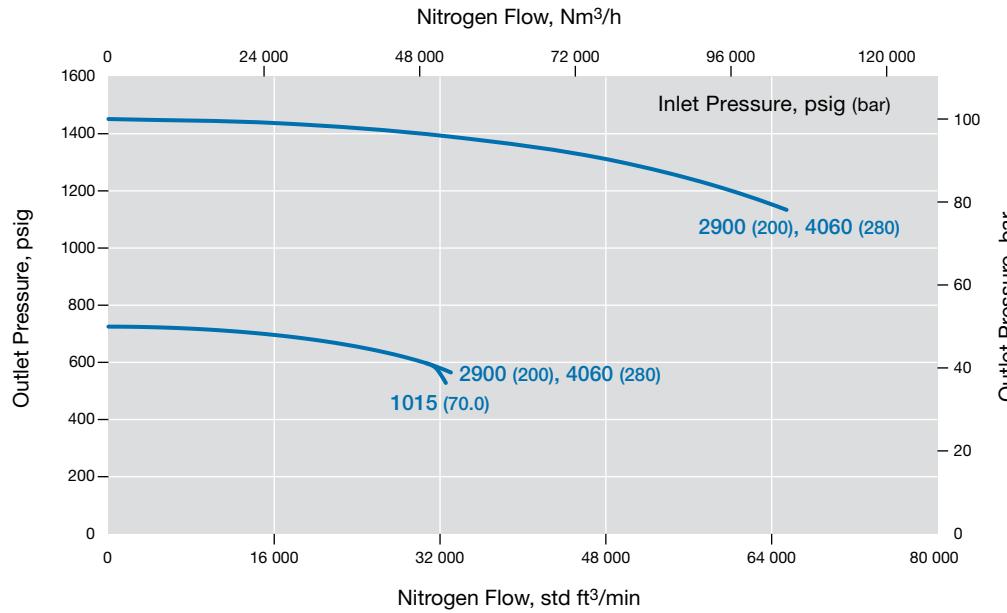
#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)40 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

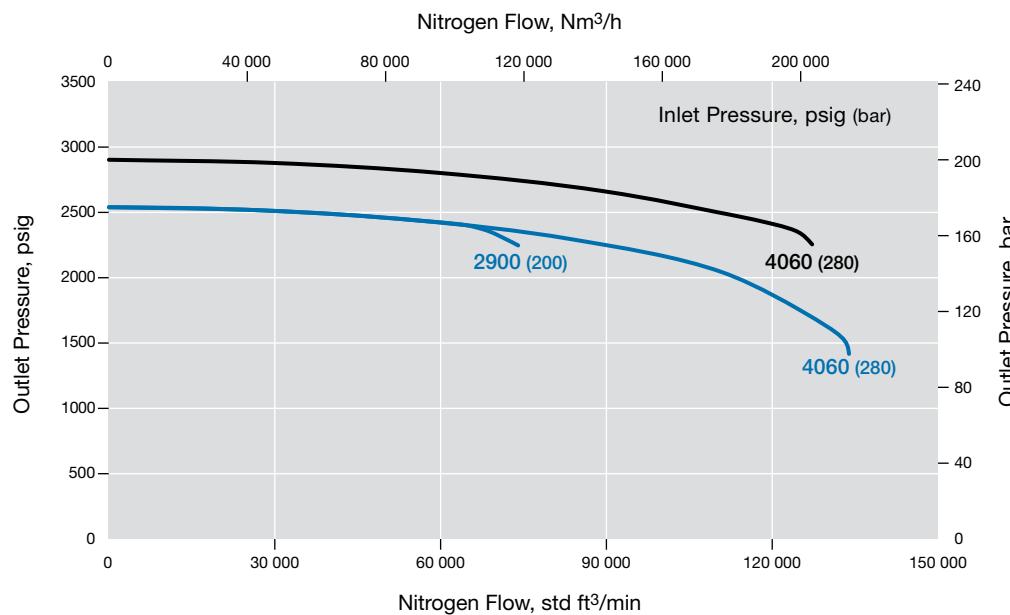
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH40 Series

#### Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar) and 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)
- 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)

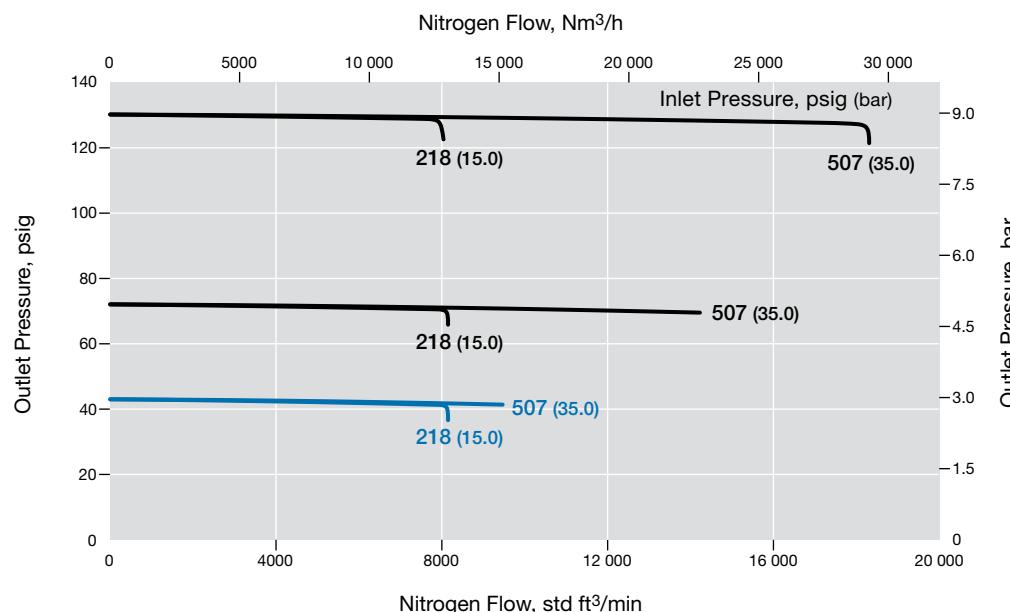


### RD40-EF Series

#### Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) and 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)
- 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)40 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

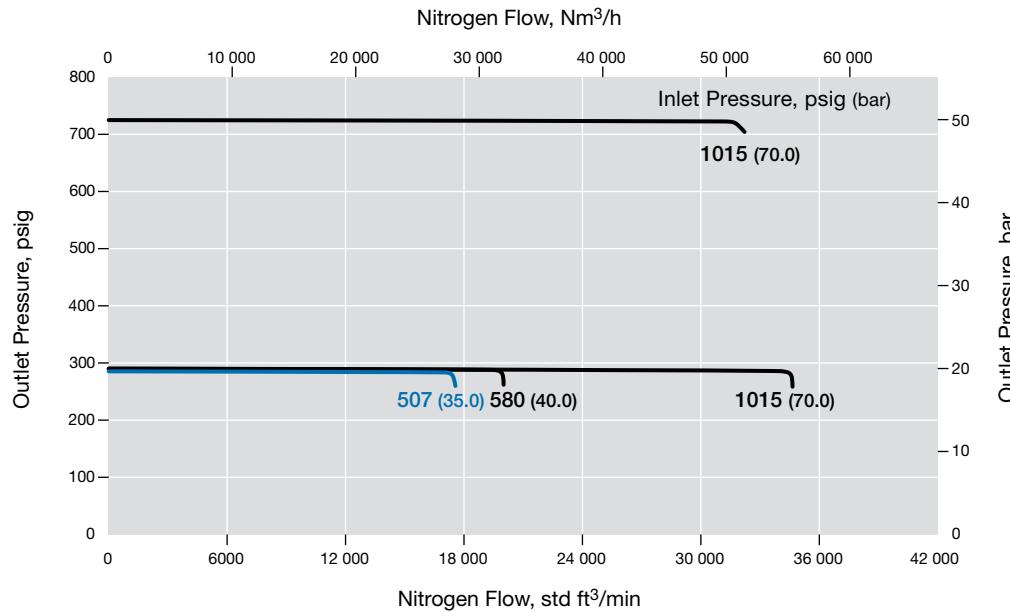
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RD40-EF Series

#### Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar) and 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1015 psig (0 to 70.0 bar)
- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)

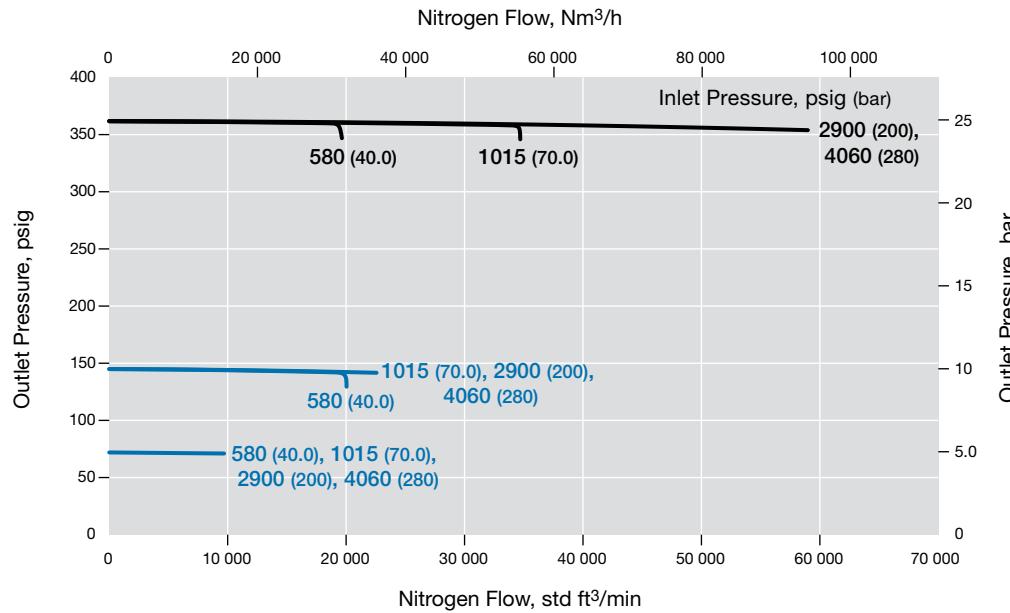


### RDH40-EF Series

#### Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) and 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)40 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

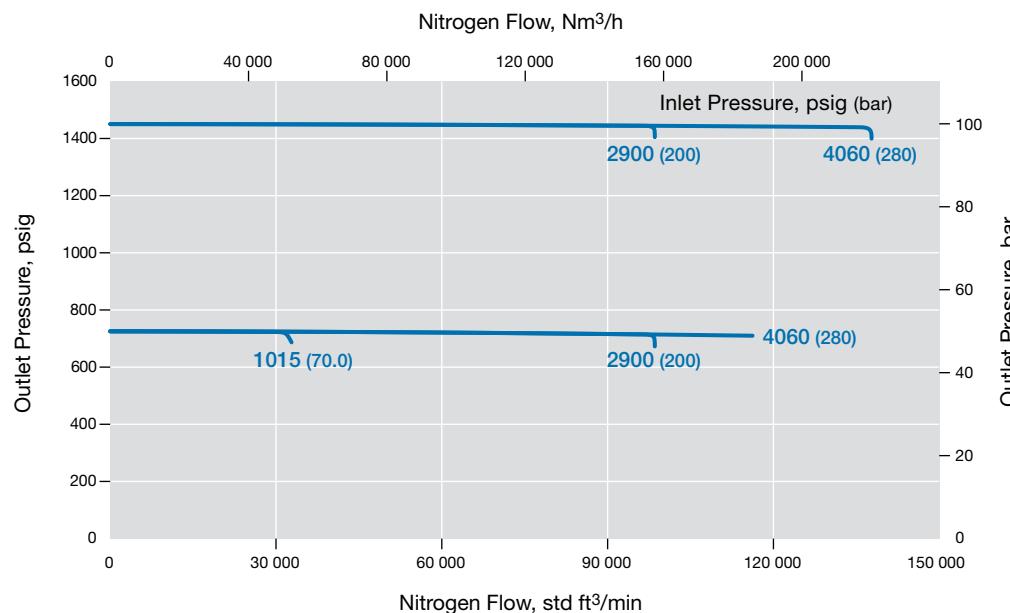
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RDH40-EF Series

#### Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Range 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)

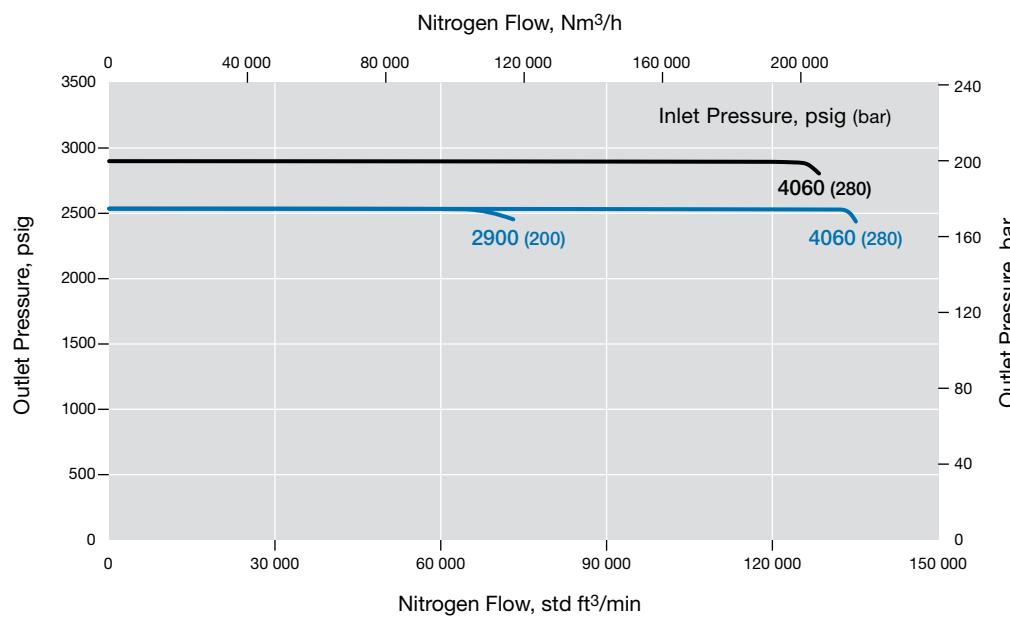


### RDH40-EF Series

#### Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar) and 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 2900 psig (0 to 200 bar)  
— 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)



## Integral Pilot-Operated, Dome-Loaded Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RD(H)40 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

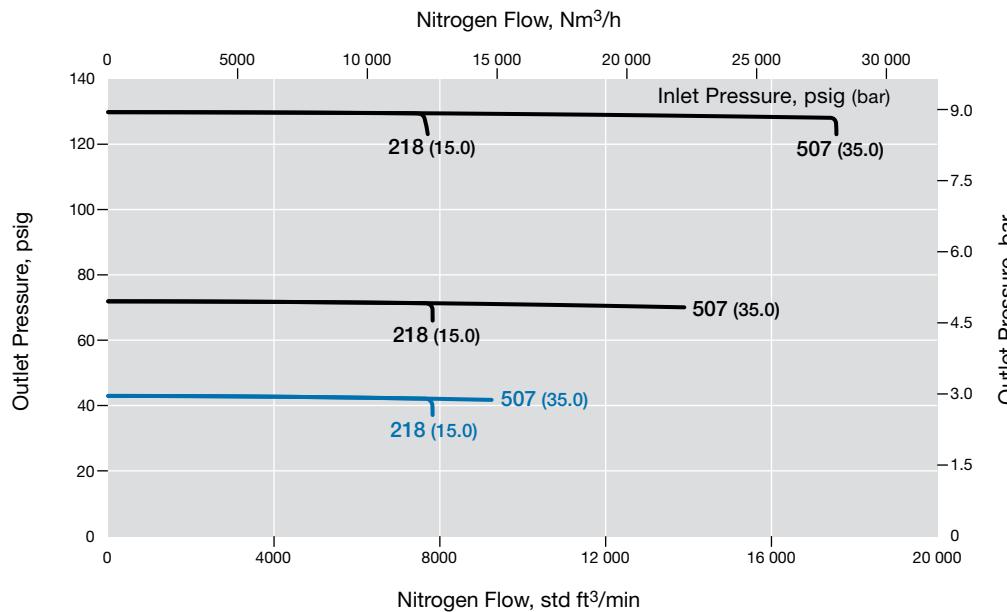
### RD40-EFP Series

#### Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar) and 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)

0 to 43.0 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)

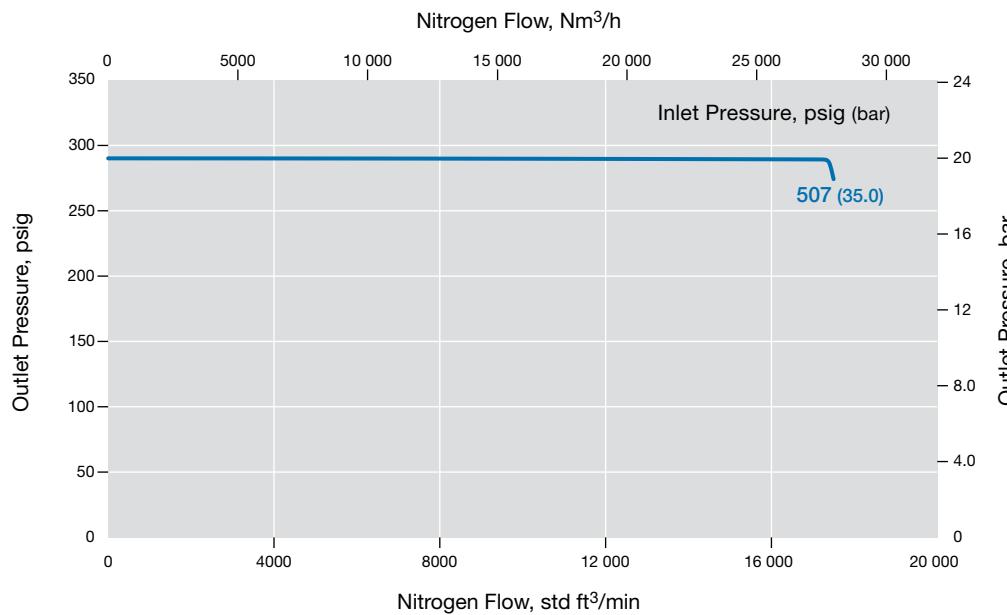


### RD40-EFP Series

#### Flow Coefficient 36, Pressure Control Range 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)



## Air-Loaded, Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RA Series

### Features

- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing
- Air-loaded pressure control with a choice of pilot-to-outlet pressure ratios.
- Remote control
- Captured self-vent
- Choice of dome-to outlet pressure ratios: 1:15, 1:40, or 1:70
- Pneumatic actuation by spring-loaded regulator or proportional regulator

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

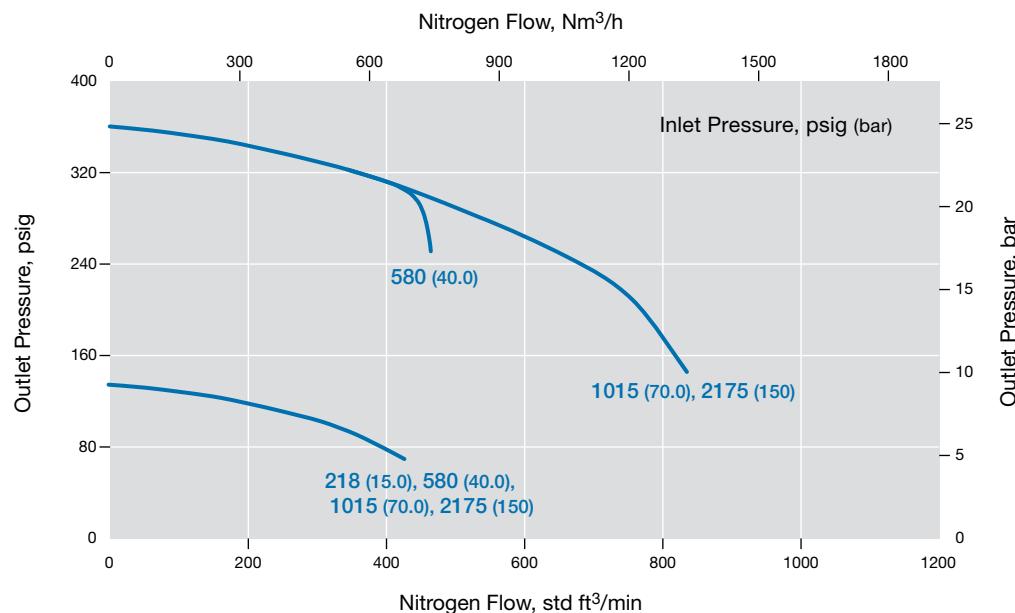
### RA4 Series

#### Flow Coefficient 1.84

#### Pressure Ratio 1:15, 1:40, 1:70

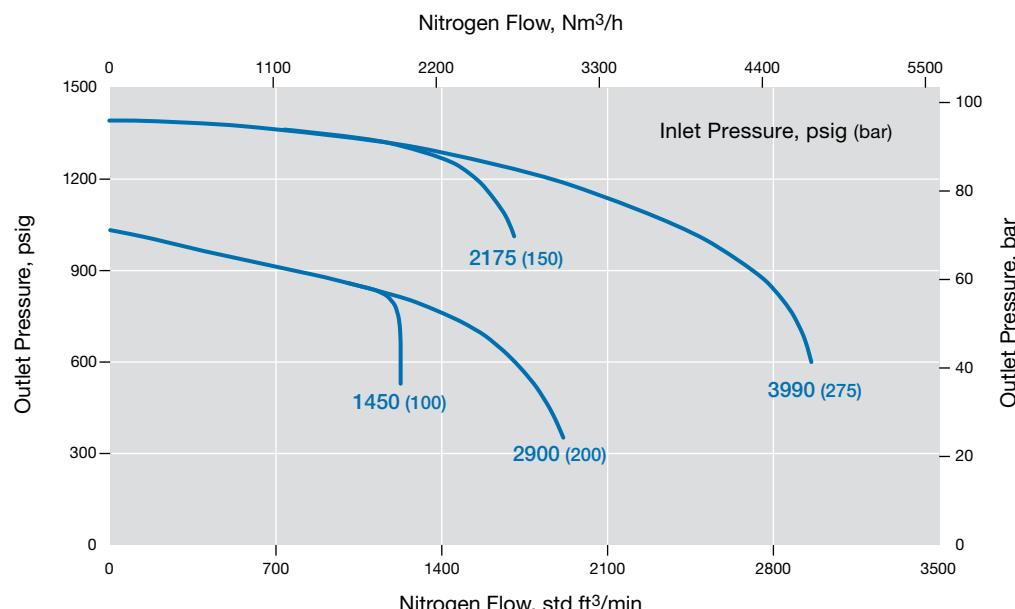
##### Pressure Ratio

— 1:15, 1:40, 1:70



##### Pressure Ratio

— 1:15, 1:40, 1:70



## Air-Loaded, Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RA Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

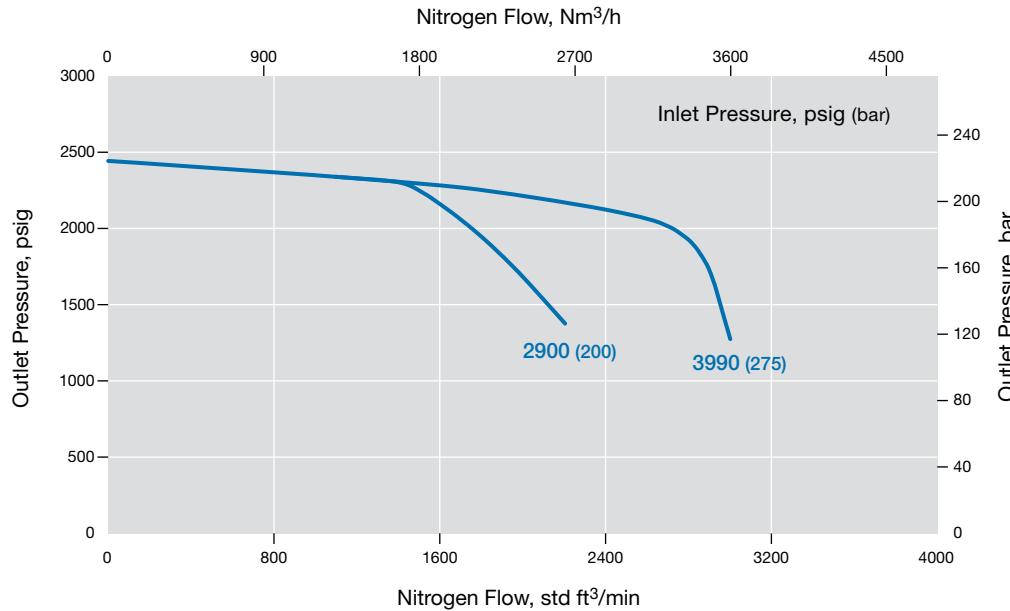
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### RA4 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.84**  
**Pressure Ratio 1:40, 1:70**

**Pressure Ratio**

— 1:40, 1:70

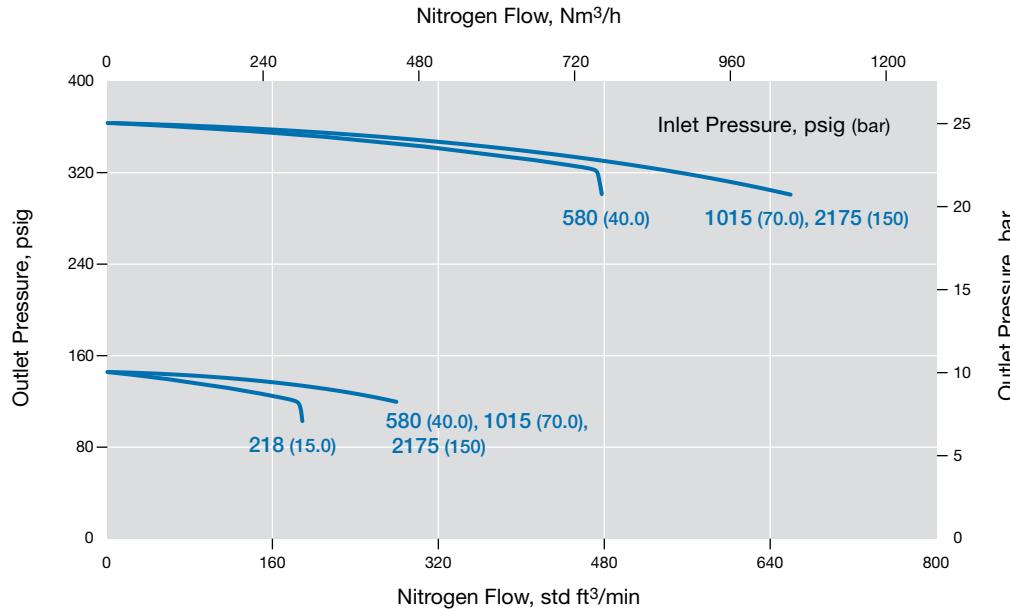


### RA6 and RA8 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.84**  
**Pressure Ratio 1:15, 1:40, 1:70**

**Pressure Ratio**

— 1:15, 1:40, 1:70



## Air-Loaded, Pressure-Reducing Regulators— RA Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

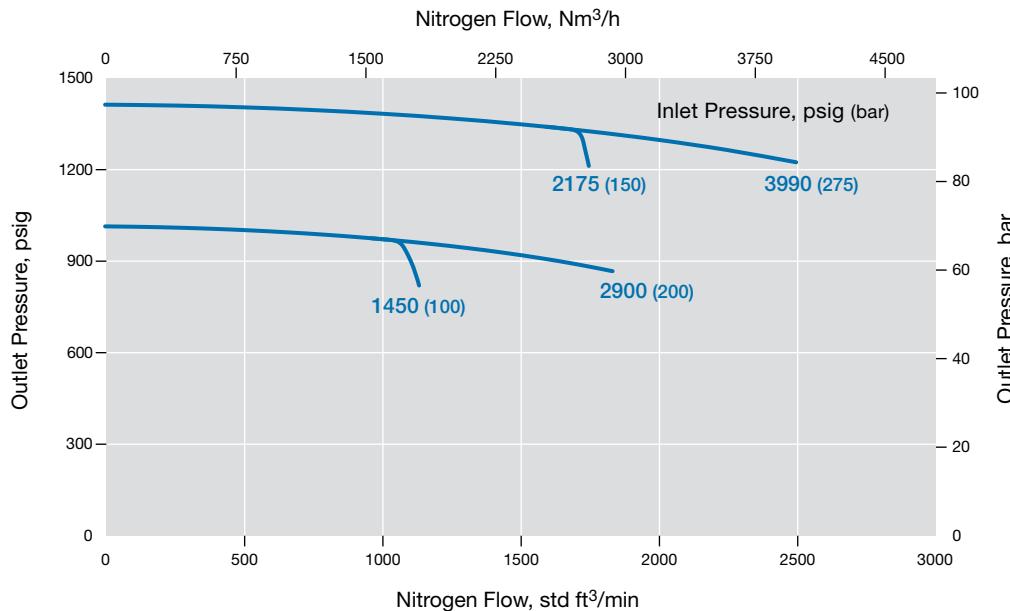
### RA6 and RA8 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.84**

**Pressure Ratio 1:15, 1:40, 1:70**

#### Pressure Ratio

— 1:15, 1:40, 1:70



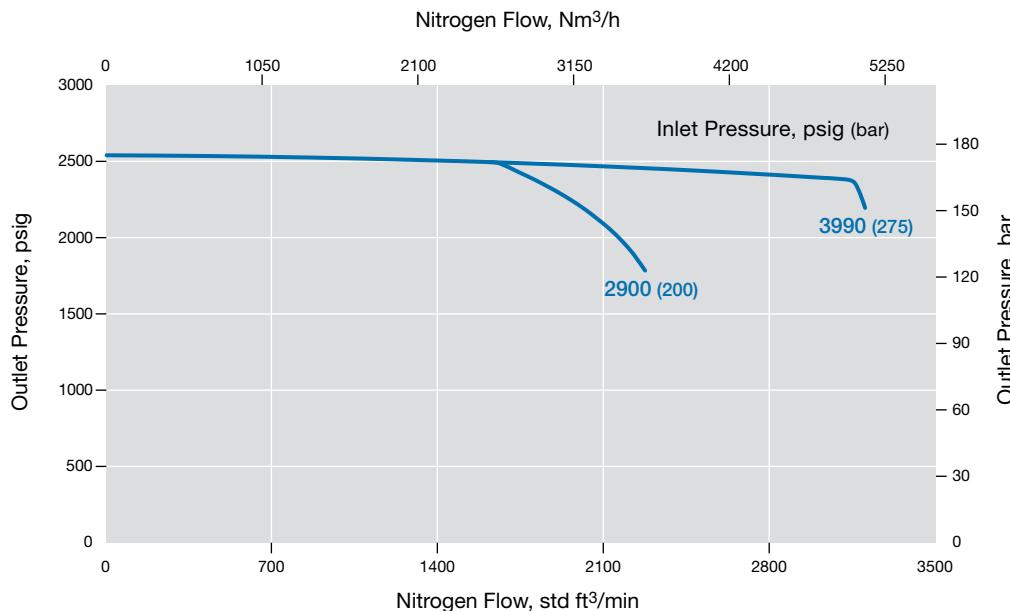
### RA6 and RA8 Series

**Flow Coefficient 1.84**

**Pressure Ratio 1:40, 1:70**

#### Pressure Ratio

— 1:40, 1:70



## Compact, General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators BS(H)2 Series

### Features

- Piston sensing
- Bottom mounting
- Low-friction piston for better control

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series catalog*, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

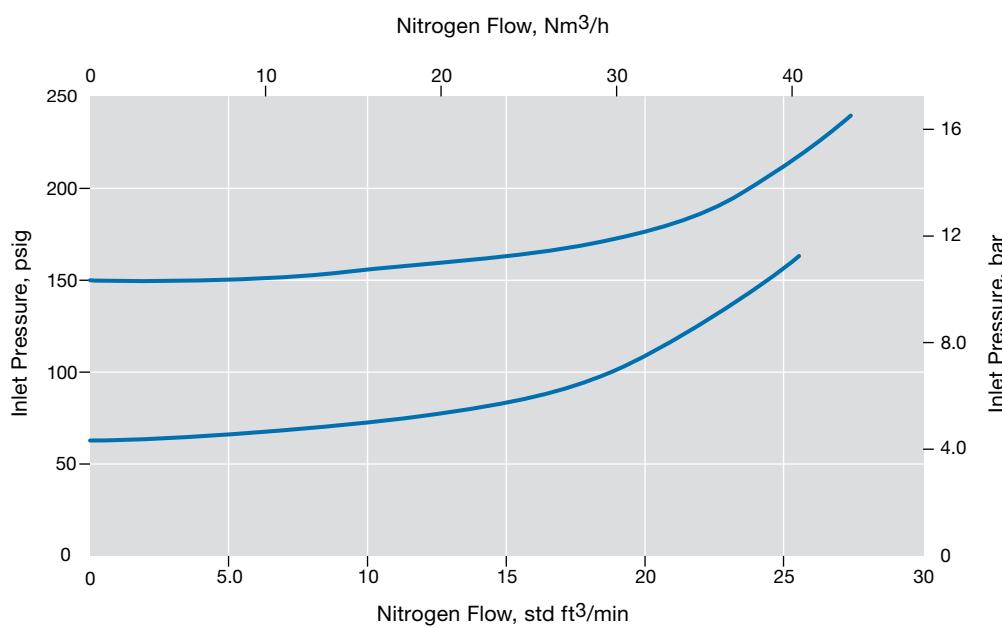
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### **Flow Coefficient 0.10 Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar) and 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)**

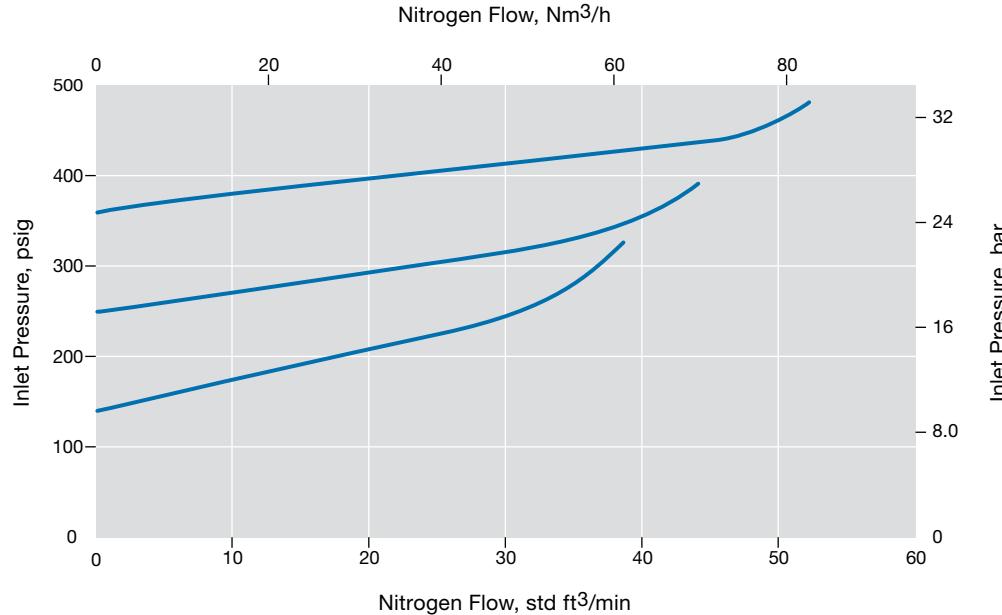
#### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 362 psig (0 to 25.0 bar)



## Compact, General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators BS(H)2 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

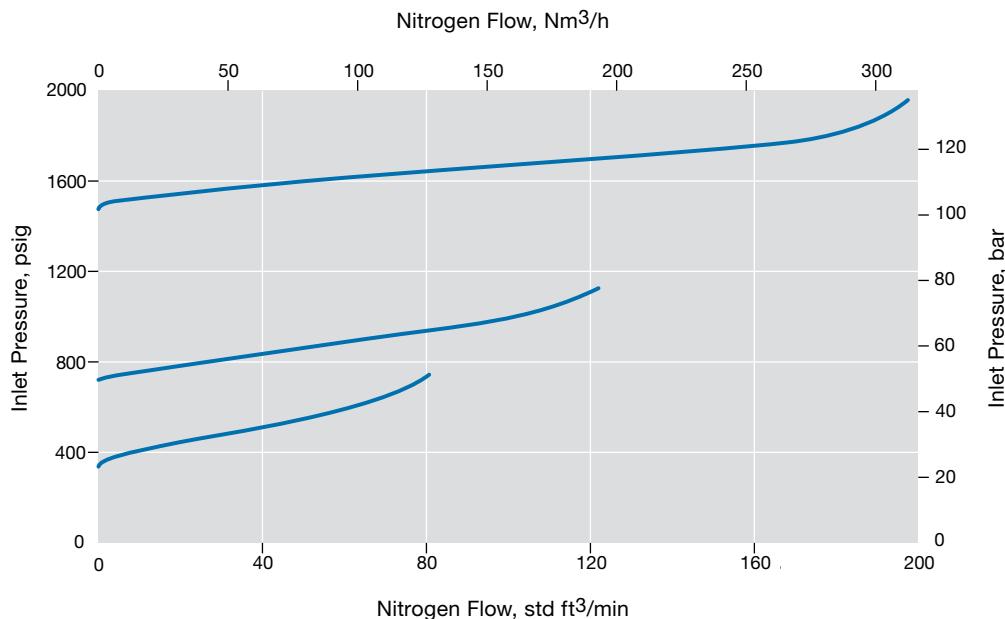
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### **Flow Coefficient 0.10, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar) and 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)**

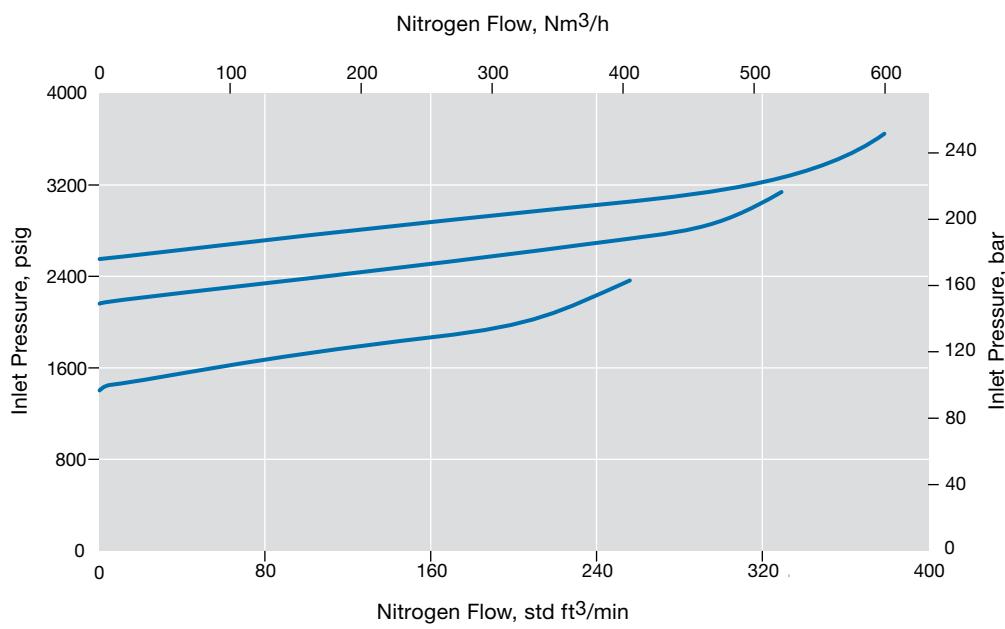
#### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 2537 psig (0 to 175 bar)



## Compact, General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators BS(H)2 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHP Series catalog*, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. Dashed line represents calculated values.

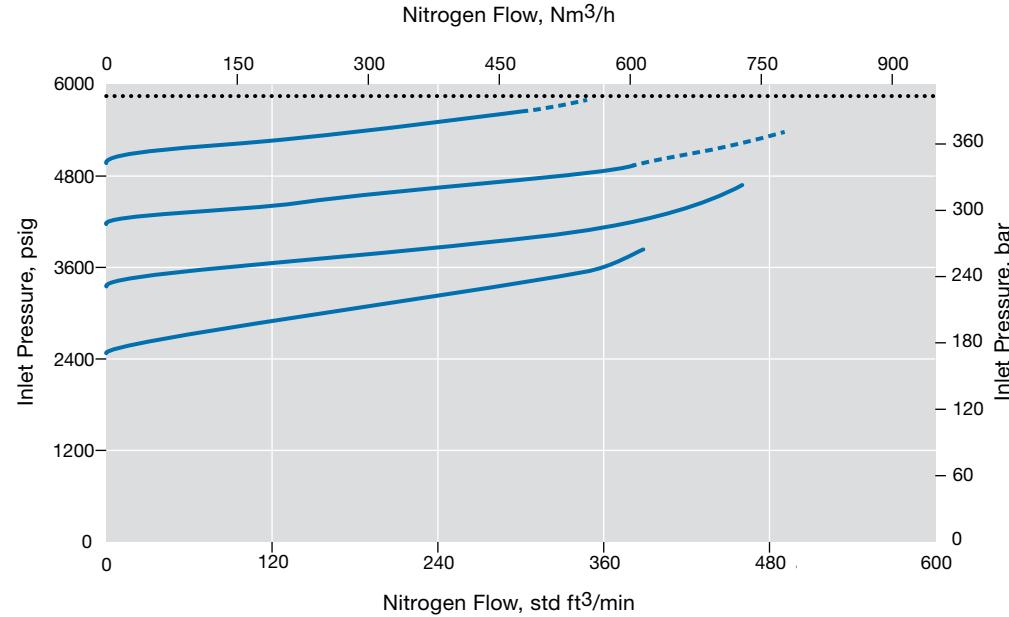
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

#### **Flow Coefficient 0.10, Pressure Control Range 0 to 5075 psig (0 to 350 bar)**

##### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 5075 psig (0 to 350 bar)

····· Pressure Limit

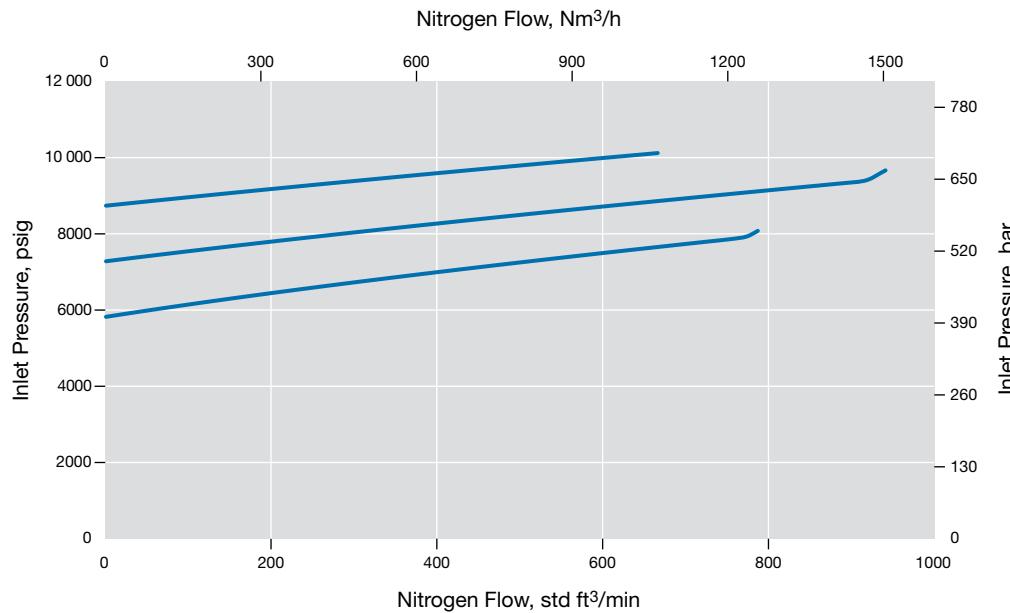


### BSH2 Series

#### **Flow Coefficient 0.10, Pressure Control Range 0 to 10 150 psig (0 to 700 bar)**

##### Pressure Control Range:

— 0 to 10 150 psig (0 to 700 bar)



## General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators— BS(H)4, BS(H)6, and BS(H)8 Series

### Features

- Diaphragm sensing: 0 to 406 psig (0 to 28.0 bar)
- Piston sensing: 0 to 5220 psig (0 to 360 bar)
- Threaded vent to monitor seal integrity

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

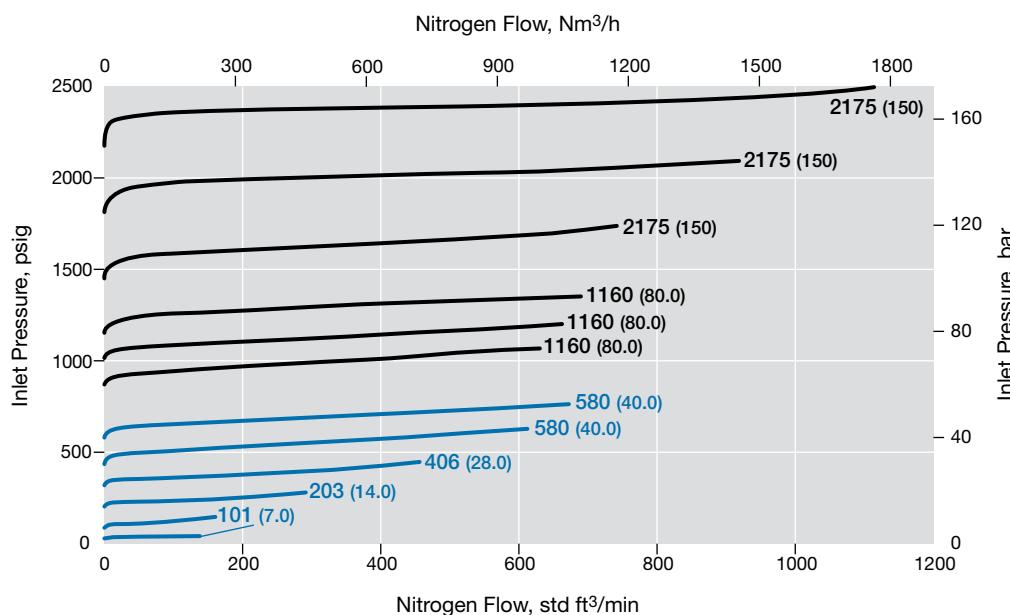
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### BS(H)4 Series

#### Flow Coefficient 1.84

##### Regulator Series

- BSH4 only
- BS4 and BSH4

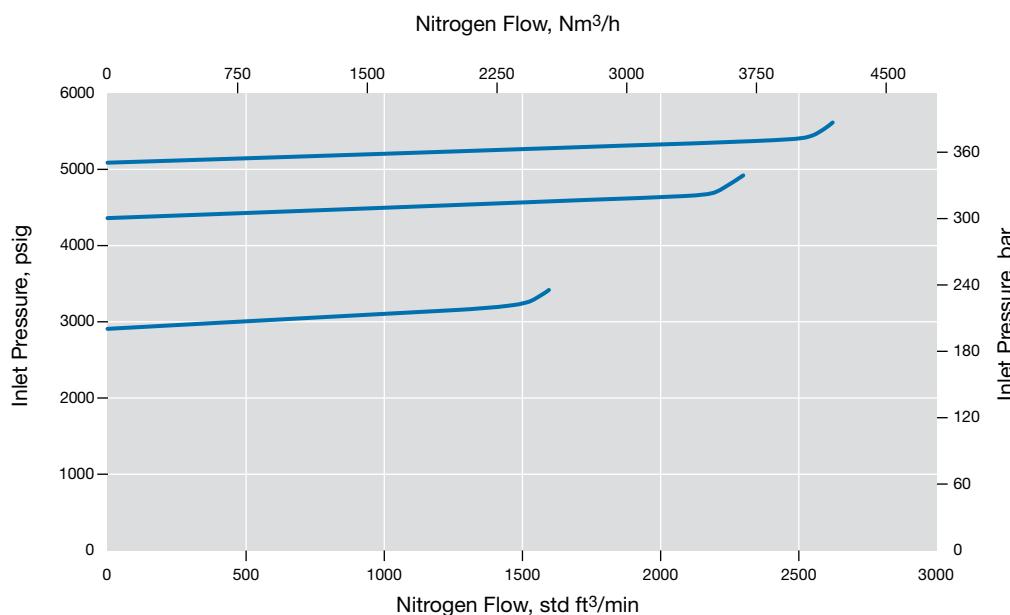


### BSH4 Series

#### Flow Coefficient 1.84, Pressure Control Range 0 to 5220 psig (0 to 360 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 5220 psig (360 bar)



## Compact, General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators BS(H)4, BS(H)6, and BS(H)8 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

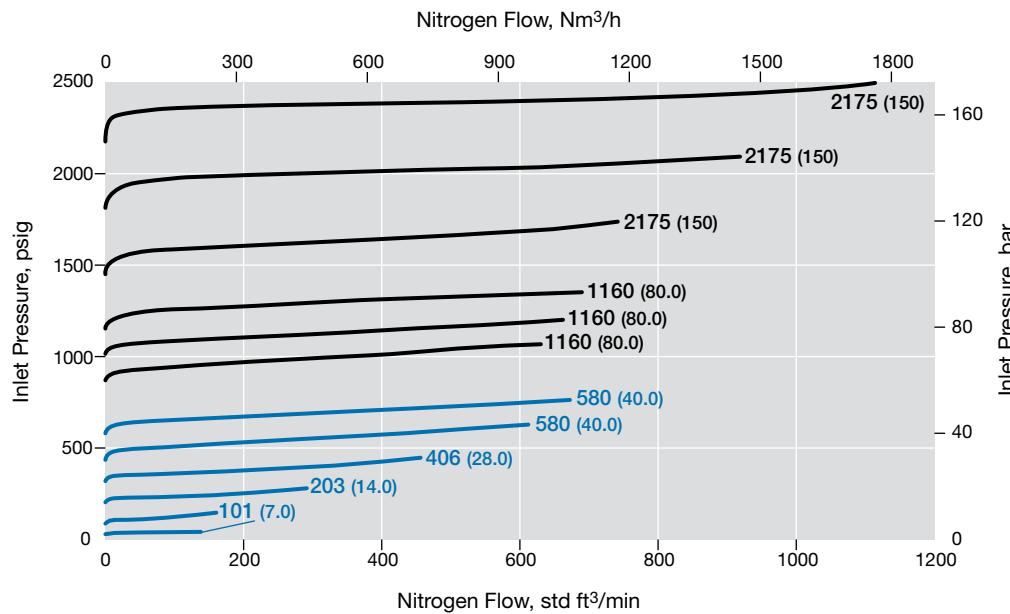
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### BS(H)6 Series

#### Flow Coefficient 1.84

##### Regulator Series

- BSH6 only
- BS6 and BSH6

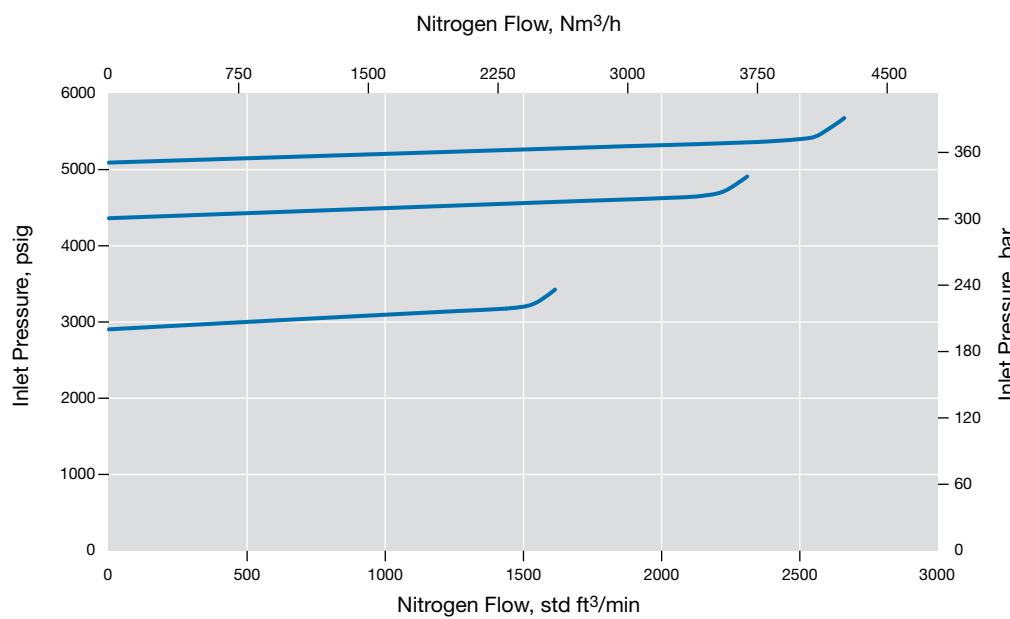


### BSH6 Series

#### Flow Coefficient 1.84, Pressure Control Range 0 to 5220 psig (0 to 360 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 5220 psig (360 bar)



## Compact, General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators BS(H)4, BS(H)6, and BS(H)8 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

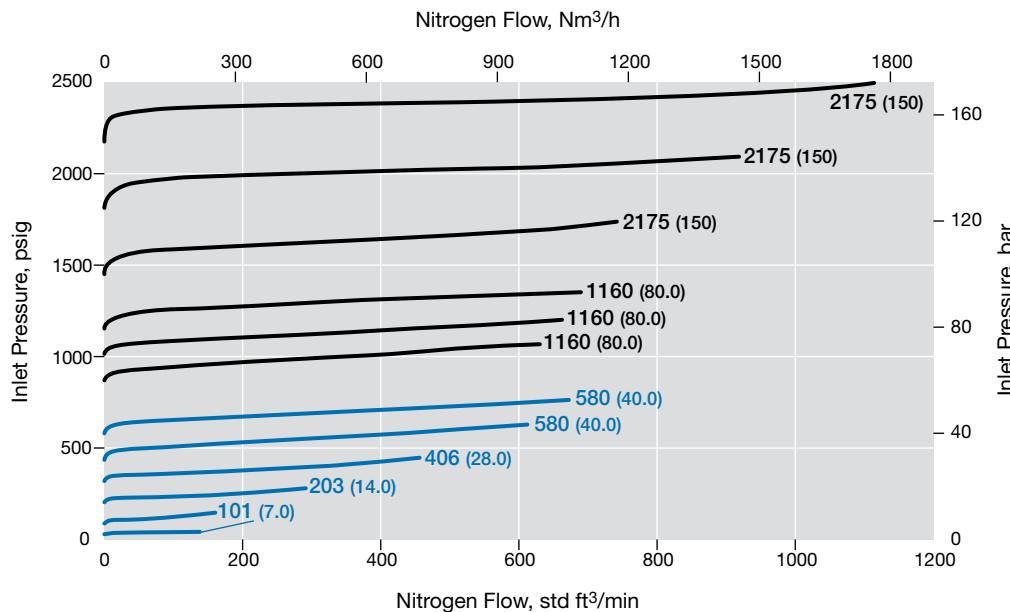
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### BS(H)8 Series

#### Flow Coefficient 1.84

##### Regulator Series

- BSH8 only
- BS8 and BSH8

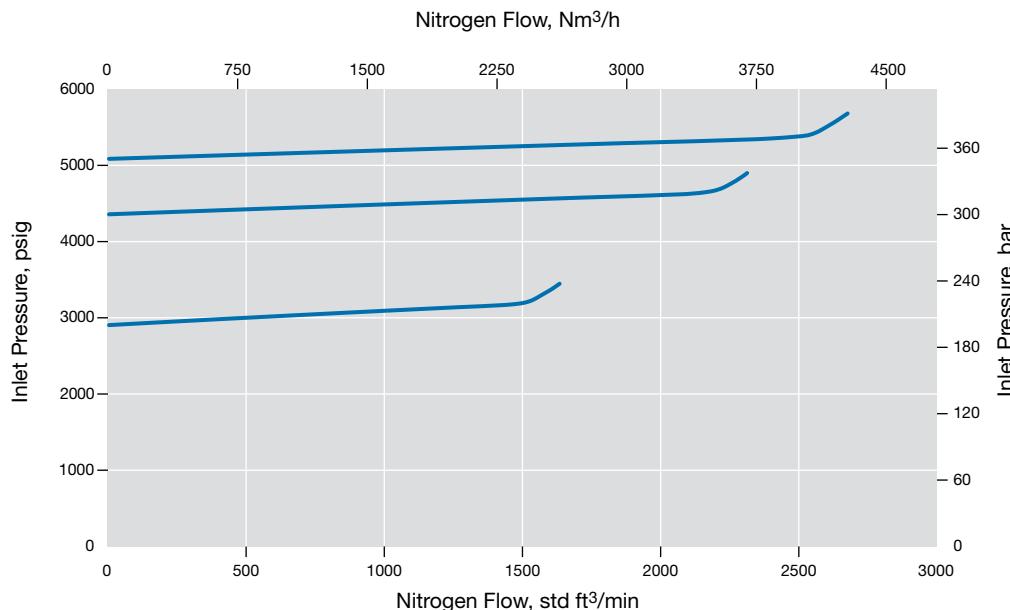


### BSH8 Series

#### Flow Coefficient 1.84, Pressure Control Range 0 to 5220 psig (0 to 360 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 5220 psig (360 bar)



## General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators— BS(H)10 and BS(H)15 Series

### Features

- Balanced poppet design
- Diaphragm sensing: 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- Piston sensing: 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)
- High flow capacity

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

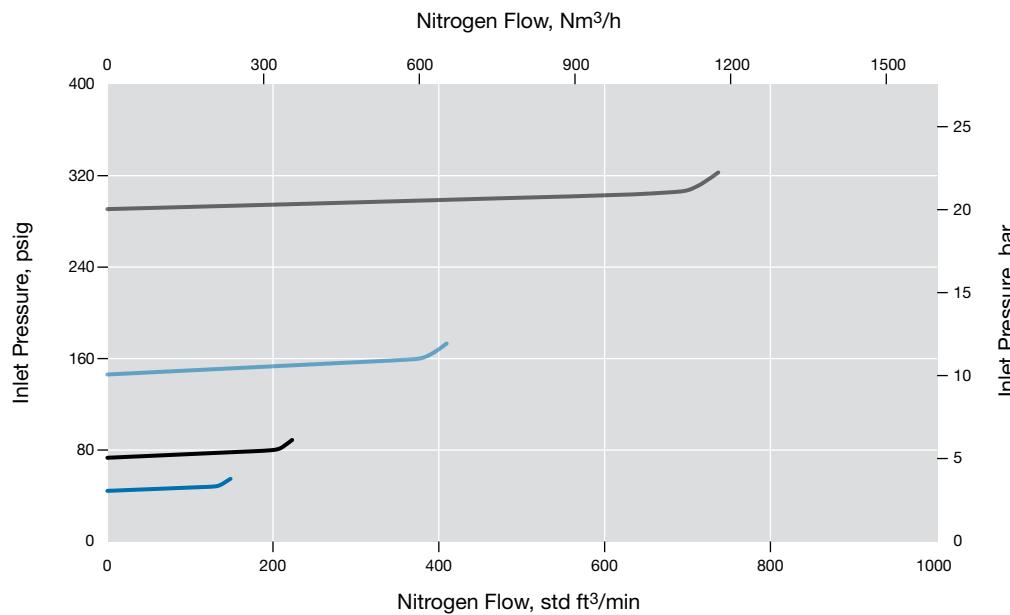
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### BS10 Series

**Flow Coefficient 3.84, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 72 psig (0 to 5.0 bar), 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)
- 0 to 72 psig (0 to 5.0 bar)
- 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



## General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators— BS(H)10 and BS(H)15 Series

### Flow Data

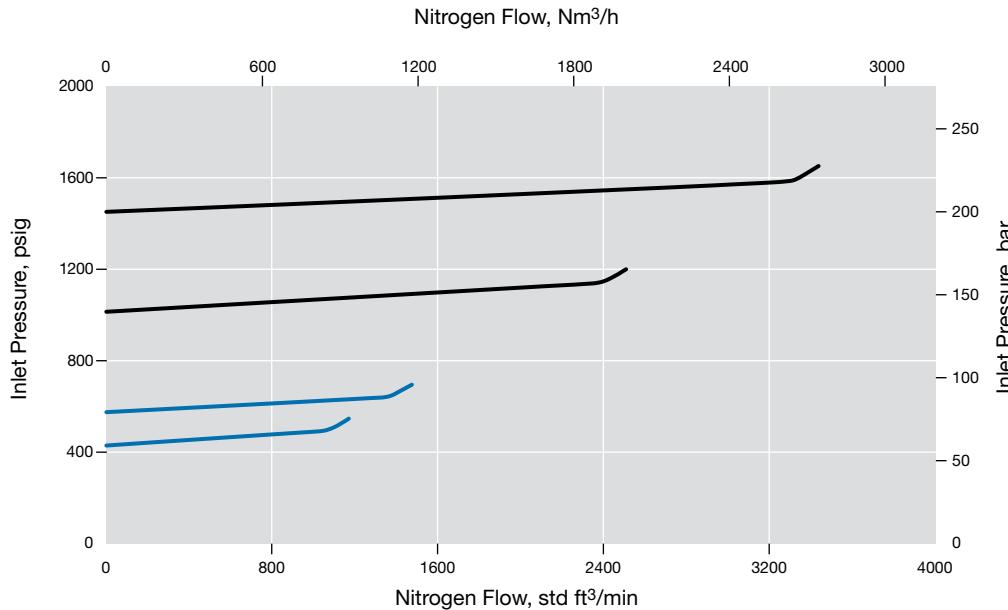
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### BSH10 Series

**Flow Coefficient 3.84, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar), 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar), 0 to 2610 psig (0 to 180 bar), and 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)**

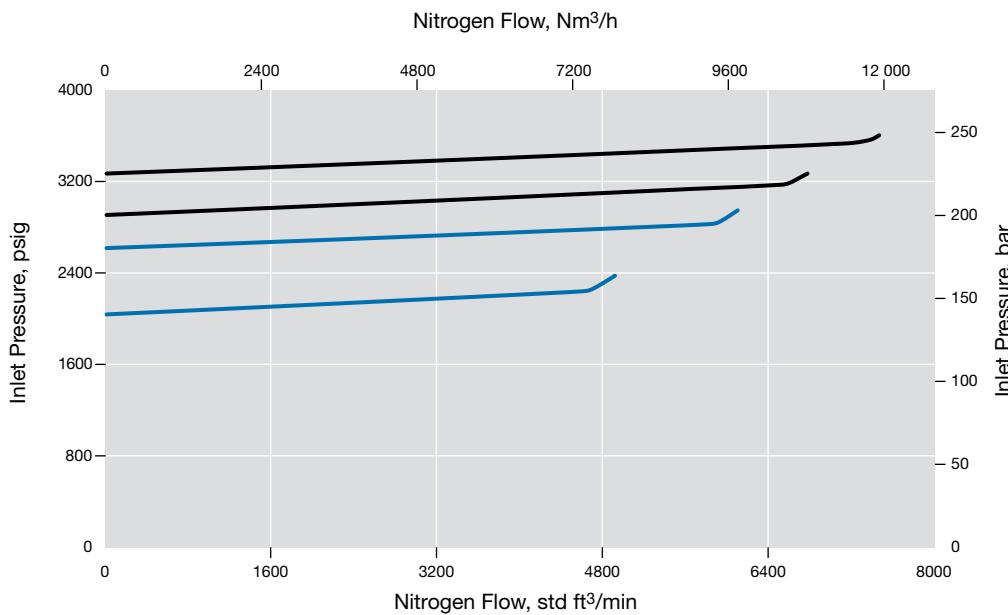
#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)
- 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)
- 0 to 2610 psig (0 to 180 bar)



## General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators— BS(H)10 and BS(H)15 Series

### Flow Data

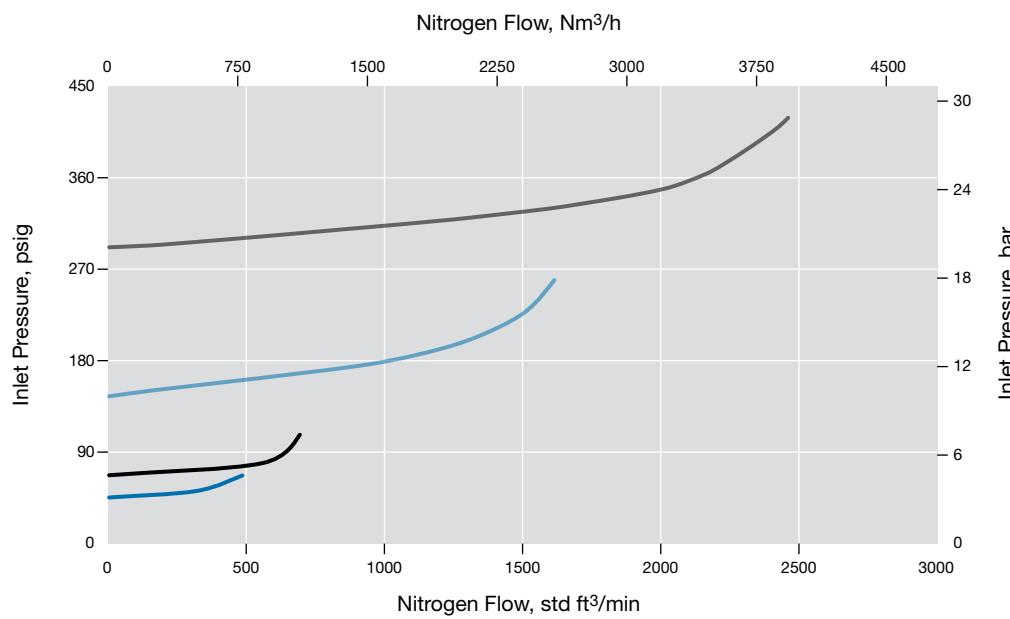
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.  
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### BS15 Series

**Flow Coefficient 7.3, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar), 0 to 72 psig (0 to 5.0 bar),  
0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar), and 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)**

#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)
- 0 to 145 psig (0 to 10.0 bar)
- 0 to 72 psig (0 to 5.0 bar)
- 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



## General-Purpose, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators— BS(H)10 and BS(H)15 Series

### Flow Data

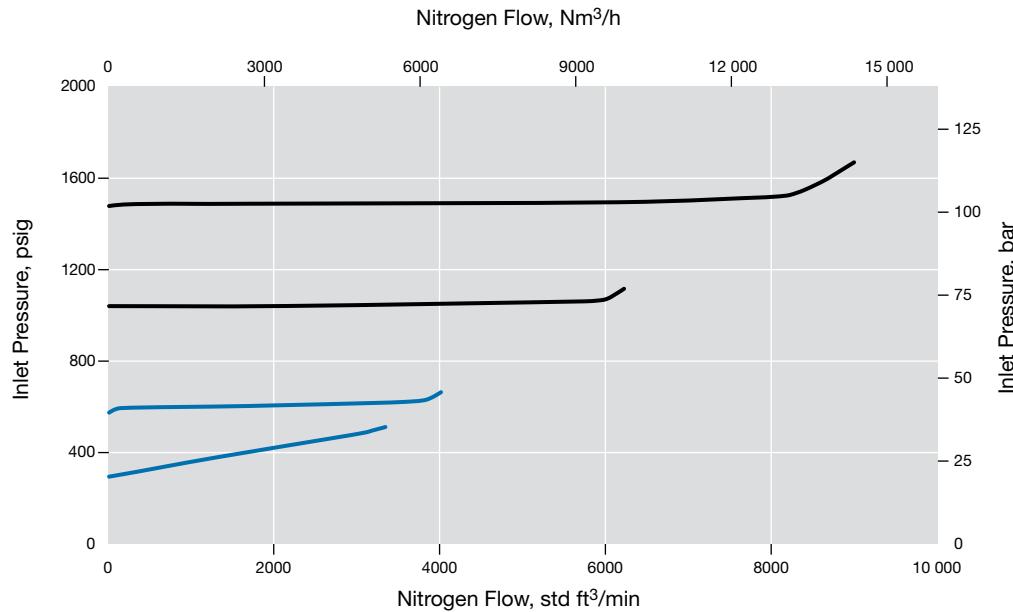
The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases. For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### BSH15 Series

**Flow Coefficient 7.3, Pressure Control Ranges 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar), 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar), 0 to 2610 psig (0 to 180 bar), and 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)**

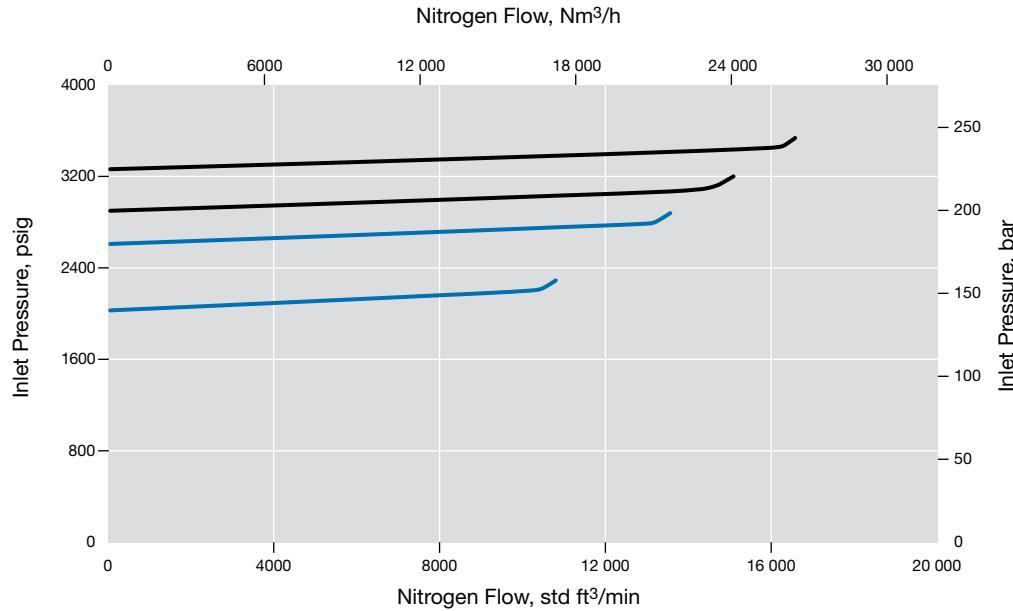
#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 1450 psig (0 to 100 bar)
- 0 to 580 psig (0 to 40.0 bar)



#### Pressure Control Range

- 0 to 3625 psig (0 to 250 bar)
- 0 to 2610 psig (0 to 180 bar)



## High-Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators— LBS4 Series

### Features

- Diaphragm sensing
- Bottom mounting and panel mounting

For options, additional technical data, material  
Regulators, RHPS Series catalog, [MS-02-430](#)

**⚠ WARNING**  
**Do not mix/interchange Swagelok products or components not governed by industrial design standards, including Swagelok tube fitting end connections, with those of other manufacturers.**

Pressure

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

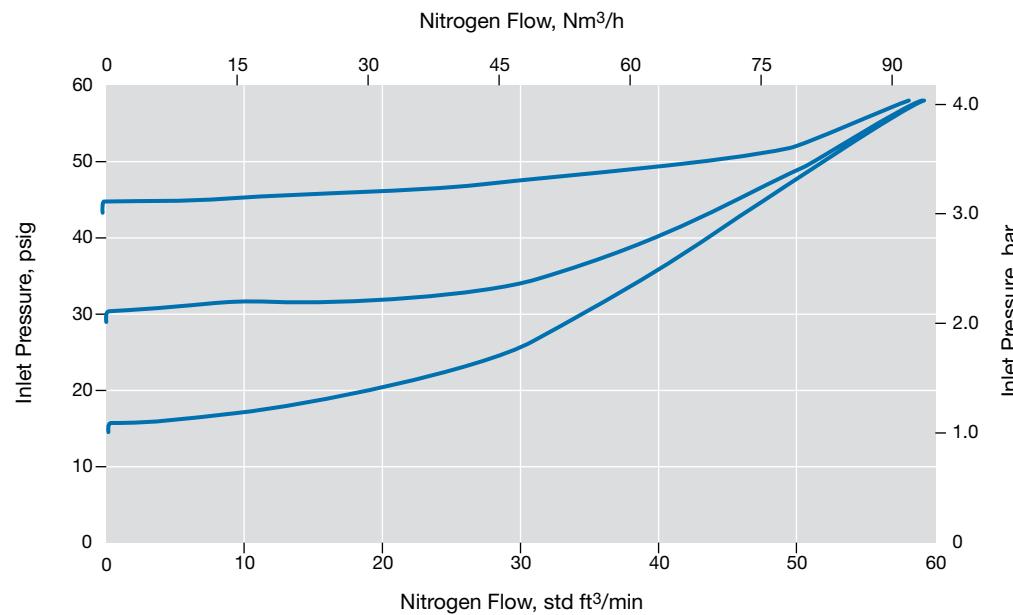
For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

### LBS4 Series

#### Flow Coefficient: 1.3, Pressure Control Range 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)



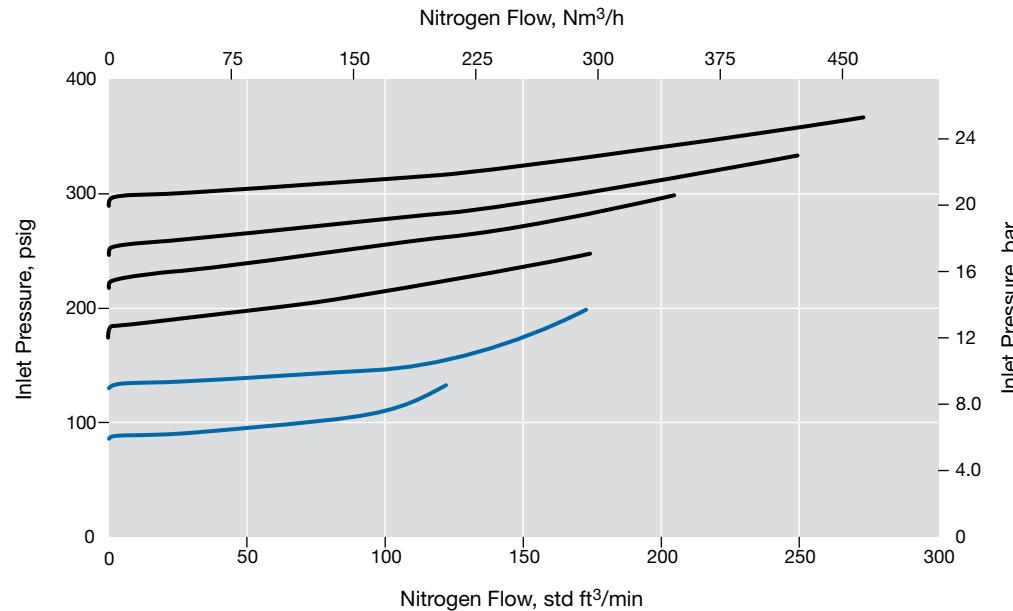
### LBS4 Series

#### Flow Coefficient: 1.3, Pressure Control Range 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)

— 0 to 290 psig (0 to 20.0 bar)



## High-Sensitivity, Spring-Loaded Back-Pressure Regulators— LBS4 Series

For options, additional technical data, materials of construction, and ordering information, see the Swagelok *Pressure Regulators, RHPS Series* catalog, [MS-02-430](#).

### Flow Data

The graphs illustrate the change or “droop” in outlet pressures as the flow rate increases.

For more flow curve information, contact your authorized Swagelok representative.

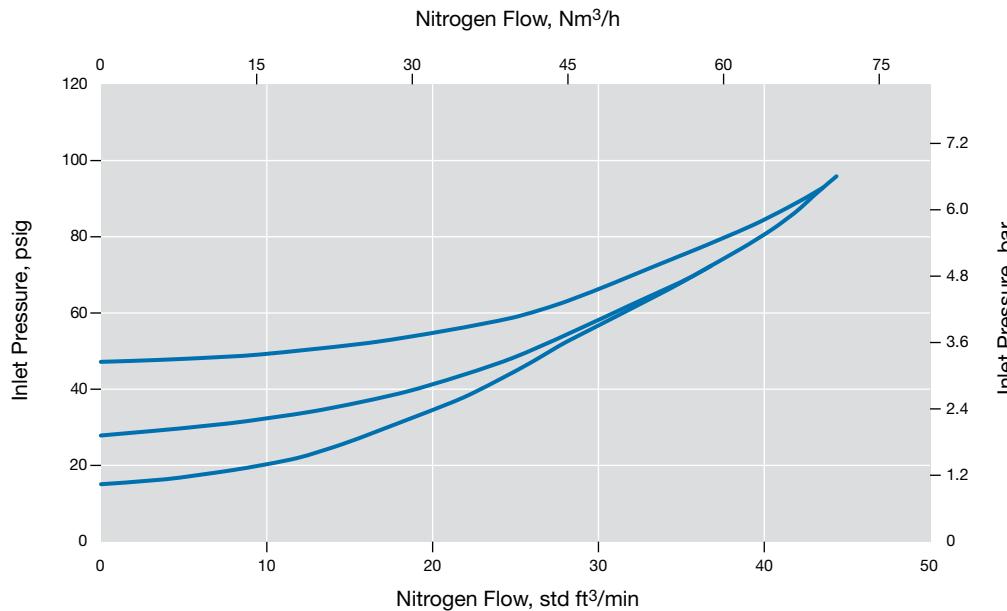
### LBS4 Series

#### **Flow Coefficient: 1.3, Pressure Control Range 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)**

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 43 psig (0 to 3.0 bar)

Optional 316L SS Diaphragm



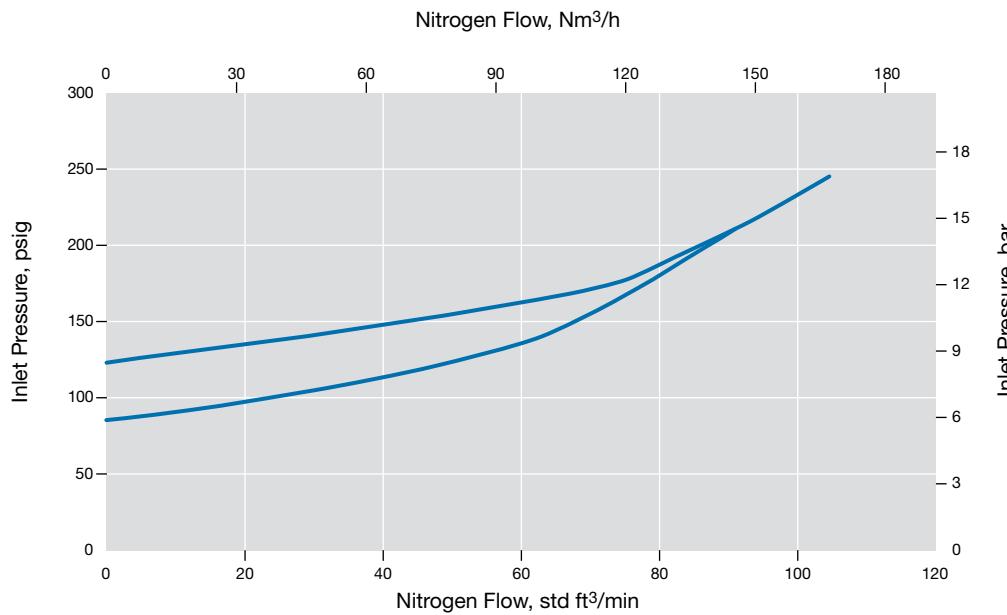
### LBS4 Series

#### **Flow Coefficient: 1.3, Pressure Control Range 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)**

##### Pressure Control Range

— 0 to 130 psig (0 to 9.0 bar)

Optional 316L SS Diaphragm



#### **Safe Product Selection**

**When selecting a product, the total system design must be considered to ensure safe, trouble-free performance. Function, material compatibility, adequate ratings, proper installation, operation, and maintenance are the responsibilities of the system designer and user.**

#### **⚠️ WARNING**

**Do not mix/interchange Swagelok products or components not governed by industrial design standards, including Swagelok tube fitting end connections, with those of other manufacturers.**

#### **Warranty Information**

Swagelok products are backed by The Swagelok Limited Lifetime Warranty. For a copy, visit [swagelok.com](http://swagelok.com) or contact your authorized Swagelok representative.